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Quick Service
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Brevard, N. C.

Real estate law and abstract of titles specialty.

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WELCH GALLOWAY

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Practice in all the Courts
Brevard, N. C.

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Office Cooper Block

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CONNESTEE LODGE

NO. 237 I. O. O. F.

Meets every Monday night.
Visitors welcome.



DUNN'S ROCK

LODGE NO. 267
A. F. & A. M.



Inexpensive Floors that Look as Well as Hardwood

When a floor is bare and polished, it is often referred to as a "hardwood" floor, when such is not the case. The reference has come to apply more to the style than to the wood itself. There are today other woods on the market which cost far less than hardwood, are just as beautiful, and wear practically as well. We can show you these stained in beautiful colors.

MILLER SUPPLY CO.

BREVARD, N. C.
Machine Shop and Office
Near Station.

Note—Among the woods mentioned above, one of the most conspicuous for its beauty, quality and reasonable price is North Carolina Pine—for floor and trim.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

All persons take notice that J. C. Galloway, the undersigned, has this day duly qualified and bonded as administrator of the estate of L. T. Galloway, deceased, of Transylvania county, N. C., and all persons indebted to the estate are requested to make immediate settlement to the undersigned, and all creditors of the estate named above are requested to present their claims before the expiration of twelve months from the date hereof or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery.

J. C. GALLOWAY,
Administrator of the estate of L. T. Galloway, deceased.

SPOTS BEFORE THE EYES

Many Curious Ideas Have Arisen From the Prevalence of Condition Easily Overcome.

The prevalence of this condition has given rise to a great many curious ideas. Almost everyone either sees fixed or floating spots at times, or hears some friend complain of these conditions, so that it is not strange that many popular misconceptions have arisen. The commonest form of floating spots are those which are known by the name of muscae volitantes, an old name which indicates how long the condition has been observed. These are tiny transparent chains, or strings, which are seen especially on a white or brightly illuminated field as in smoke or steam. They persistently float in the line of vision, and though a shake of the head may carry them out of the way, they at once float back again and are never stationary for a single moment. These spots are sometimes the forerunner of serious approaching physical ills, of organs remote from the eyes, but are more frequently caused by prolonged eyestrain which saps the energy and lowers the physical tone.

EFFECTS OF EYESTRAIN

Laziness And Grouchiness Often Due To Eyestrain and Defects.

Competent Optometrist Should Be Consulted When Head Tires, and Nerves Become Upset.—Should Guard Against Any Eyestrain.

The parents of a small boy were greatly disturbed by a teacher's report to the effect that their son was the laziest boy in school. "He is so lazy," the teacher declared, "that whenever he has to read, he becomes sleepy in a very few minutes."

Scoldings and whippings proving of no avail, the boy was taken to the family physician. The latter, to the parent's surprise, passed him on to an optometrist, who found him much in need of glasses. As soon as he began to wear these he kept up easily with his class.

This boy's case is that of many other children, and of many adults also.

They have no obvious symptoms of eyestrain, but they find it hard to concentrate their attention. Their heads throb quickly when they try to think. They are nervous and irritable. All this impairs their efficiency, sending their earning power far below what it ought to be. They become difficult persons to get along with at home and in their business dealings. When, as sometimes happens, their unsuspected eyestrain makes them so overwrought that they cannot sleep, their plight is miserable indeed. If then you suspect that your eyesight is not what it ought to be; if, no matter how good it seems, you suffer from the physical and mental trouble mentioned above, play safe by consulting a competent optometrist. And, to help you guard against eyestrain, here are a few "don'ts":

Don't read shiny paper.

Don't read any kind of paper in a poor light.

Don't read in street cars, railway trains, or other moving vehicles.

Don't sit with a strong light on your book, while the rest of the room is dark.

Don't face the light.

COSMETIC EFFECTS OF GLASSES.

The old masters depicted the oval form of the highest type of the female face beautiful. Today the successful artist shows many types, each as handsome as the other. There is one point, however, that all judges of the human face agree upon, and that is the balancing up of its deficiencies. If a face is too wide or too concave, too much "A" shaped or too much "V" shaped, it needs to have hats, hair, neckwear and glasses, so shaped as to accentuate certain contours in some cases and to tone them down in others.

In glasses the skilled optometrist can build up a flat face or low bridged nose so that it is almost worth while for one to wear glasses for appearance only.

So many persons make the mistake, when being fitted for glasses, in insisting upon some certain style of frame of size of lens, simply because of the comely appearance of some friend to whom this style is becoming.

Go to a good optometrist and be governed by his advice, for he not alone knows all about the optometric needs of an eye, but he studies how to give his patients the maximum of benefit with the minimum of trouble.

HERE'S ANOTHER POINT.

Seeing things with your own eyes is not always conclusive evidence that you see correctly.

You see through a window, but the glass may be imperfect or unclear.

You see with your eyes, but the refractive power may be faulty; thus you see much less than you might see.

Optometry's province is to remedy eye defects, which if neglected, may prove serious.

HOME GROWN SEED WHEAT IS BEST



By R. Y. Winters, Division of Agronomy, N. C. Experiment Station, West Raleigh, N. C.

It is a custom among some wheat growers to secure new seed from States further north every few years. It is claimed by these growers that wheat deteriorates when grown here several years in succession. Some even believe that a part of the wheat turns to chaff. The seed gotten from further north is said to yield better than the home-grown seed when planted here.

Home-Grown and Northern Grown Seed Wheat Compared.

In order to secure information on this point the Experiment Station and State Department of Agriculture have compared the yields from home-grown and northern grown seed wheat of the same varieties. Several varieties have been compared and in each case the home-grown seed was compared with the same variety of northern grown seed. The comparisons were made at the Mountain Branch Station near Asheville and at the Piedmont Branch Station near Statesville.

Results at the Mountain Station.

The comparisons of home-grown and northern grown seed wheat at the Mountain Branch Station were made for three successive years. In thirteen comparisons during three years the home-grown seed produced at the rate of 16.5 bushels per acre while the northern grown seed produced 12.72 bushels per acre or 3.78 bushels per acre less than the home-grown seed.

Yield from home-grown seed	16.5
Yield from northern grown seed	12.72
Increase due to use of home-grown seed	3.78

The results of the 1914 test were even more striking. In this comparison the home-grown seed produced 64 bushels per acre more than the northern grown.

Results at the Piedmont Branch Station.

Similar results were gotten at the Piedmont Branch Station. During three years (1914-1916) twenty-three comparisons were made between home-grown and northern grown seed of the same varieties. In these tests the home-grown seed produced at the rate of 15.91 bushels per acre while the northern grown seed produced 13.26 bushels. This gives an average of three bushels per acre in favor of the home-grown seed. The test of 1914 contained 13 comparisons in which the home-grown seed averaged 1.3 bushels per acre more than the northern grown.

Results from Another State.

Similar questions have arisen in other States. The following paragraph from Bulletin 137 of the Utah Experiment Station gives a summary of their results when home-grown and outside seed wheat were compared: "It is a common practice for big grain growers to send away annually for seed wheat. In this manner large quantities of seed wheat are annually imported into the intermountain region, under the mistaken impression that the home-grown seed is inferior in quality. The results of this investigation, therefore, are of utmost practical importance. The practice of shipping in seed wheat is entirely unnecessary and wasteful. The quality of the home-grown hard wheats is really superior to the original seed. Good pure wheat seed should be selected of the kind the grower desires to raise. He should then continue to raise his own seed and with proper selection he may rest assured that the quality of the seed will not become inferior, but he may have every confidence that his wheat is of superior quality."

Deterioration or "Running Out" of Seed Wheat.

The above results from three years comparison of home-grown and northern grown seed wheat clearly indicate that home-grown seed is preferable. If this be true what does cause deterioration in seed wheat? The condition known as deterioration or "running out" of seed wheat is usually due to poor care of the seed. Too often our wheat fields are infested with wild onions, cheat, mustard, and other weeds. Wheat containing seed of such weeds is unfit for seed purposes. Wheat that is damaged in the field, stored wet, or stored in damp bins will soon become unfit for seed purposes. Such conditions would cause deterioration of seed wheat in any section of the country.

How Can One Secure the Best Seed Wheat.

The best variety of wheat for a section is one that has been chosen on

account of its high yield and quality, and then further improved in the locality by selecting seed from the best plants. One can easily select sufficient good seed from a field to plant a seed patch. A small seed patch could be kept free from wild onions and mixtures of other grains. By this method one could be sure of producing the best seed for his section.

What Can Be Done Now.

The high price of wheat is likely to result in a shortage of home-grown seed for planting this fall. This may be avoided by saving the best seed now. Growers who have good seed should have the best for planting this fall. Seedsmen of the state who have not yet collected their supply should use every effort to secure the best North Carolina grown seed. Millers who have good seed wheat grown in the state may benefit themselves and the growers of their community by saving the best seed.

For further information write the Division of Agronomy, North Carolina Experiment Station, West Raleigh.

COTTON GRADING SERVICE IS NOW VERY IMPORTANT

ABNORMAL TIMES DEMAND THAT ALL COTTON IN NORTH CAROLINA BE GRADED.

By O. J. McConnell, Cotton Grading Division of Markets, Agricultural Extension Service, West Raleigh, N. C.

It will probably be surprising to the farmers in those counties not having the grading service last season to learn that more than one-half of the cotton raised in North Carolina last year was better than Middling. The mills bought this cotton as being better than middling and probably paid \$500,000 more for it than they would have paid for middling. Did the farmers in your county get better than the Middling price for more than one-half their cotton? On the answer to this question depends the answer to whether it will pay your county to secure the services of an official grader. The cost to the counties is very low, varying in amount with the number of bales produced. The actual grading is done by men in the joint employ of the State and Federal Agricultural authorities, but some assistance from counties is necessary and the following amounts will be required from each county served:

Alamance, \$10; Alexander, \$20; Anson, \$25; Beaufort, \$100; Bertie, \$100; Bladen, \$100; Brunswick, \$10; Cabarrus, \$100; Camden, \$20; Carteret, \$20; Catawba, \$75; Chatham, \$75; Chowan, \$50; Cleveland, \$200; Columbus, \$100; Craven, \$75; Cumberland, \$250; Currituck, \$10; Davidson, \$10; Davie, \$15; Duplin, \$100; Durham, \$10; Edgecombe, \$250; Franklin, \$100; Gaston, \$75; Gates, \$50; Granville, \$10; Greene, \$100; Halifax, \$250; Harnett, \$200; Hertford, \$100; Johnston, \$250; Jones, \$75; Lee, \$75; Lenoir, \$150; Lincoln, \$75; Martin, \$100; Mecklenburg, \$250; Montgomery, \$50; Moore, \$25; Nash, \$250; Northampton, \$175; Onslow, \$75; Orange, \$10; Pamlico, \$75; Pasquotank, \$50; Pender, \$25; Perquimans, \$75; Pitt, \$250; Polk, \$10; Randolph, \$10; Richmond, \$175; Robeson, \$250; Rowan, \$75; Rutherford, \$100; Sampson, \$250; Scotland, \$250; Stanly, \$75; Tyrrell, \$10; Union, \$250; Vance, \$25; Wake, \$210; Warren, \$100; Washington, \$25; Wayne, \$250; Wilson, \$250.

It now appears that owing to the growing freight congestion North Carolina mills will be compelled to use more cotton that is grown locally than has been the case heretofore. Farmers who have had their cotton officially graded will be in much better position to reap the benefits that this should bring about than those who are "Selling a Pig in a Poke" insofar as they are concerned.

The grading service gives the foundation for successful marketing, viz., standardization according to a universal standard. Standardization provided, only one prime requisite remains—Quantity—which can be obtained by pooling or selling together.

It cannot be too strongly impressed upon all concerned that the cotton grading service is merely applying one of the farmer's end of the proposition and that to get good service proper provision must be made in time to enable the Cotton Grading office to prepare to render it.

Inquiries relative to Cotton Grading and Marketing will receive prompt attention if directed to O. J. McConnell, Agricultural Extension Service.

BREVARD INSTITUTE NOTES

Mrs. Carrie Thomas of Spartanburg spent Sunday at the Institute, visiting her daughter, Miss Estelle Thomas.

Mrs. J. F. Bagwell of Greenville, S. C., is spending a few days with her daughters, Misses Ellen and Kathleen Bagwell and her son Harold, at the Institute.

Mrs. Y. D. Eiler of Asheville, N. C., spent a day with her daughter, Miss Beulah Eiler, last week.

An informal social was held last Saturday night in the girls' parlor at Taylor Hall.

There were two parties of our young people out picnicking Monday, one chaperoned by Mr. Poovey and the other by Mrs. Nichols.

There are a number of new students expected to enter this week.

The recent annual inventory of the Belle Bennett Library shows a total number of 1310 volumes accessioned. These books are classified as follows, viz:

Fiction, 282; Philosophy, 11; Religion, 210; Sociology, 74; Philology, 15; Science, 59; Useful Arts, 23; Fine Arts, 18; Literature, 124; History, 112; Biography, 90; Reference Books, 166.

In August, 1908, the library was catalogued according to the Dewey Decimal Card system in use in all modern libraries, and a small, though complete, card catalogue equipment was installed. By this means, not only can any book be readily located on the shelves in its proper class, but by consulting the card catalog it may be ascertained at a glance just what books belong to the library; by what authors and titles and upon what subjects. Some valuable additions have been made the last year, the most recent of which is the latest revised and enlarged edition of the Century Dictionary, 12 volumes in one, with a supplement of new words, phrases and definitions.

The reading room table is well supplied with current literature, which has the last year become much more valuable by the addition of the "Reader's Guide to Periodical Literature". This is a monthly publication, containing an author and subject index to all important articles in a great number of the current periodicals.

By this means, the librarian can refer to any article of note in any magazine listed in the library.

Number of periodicals subscribed for: Monthly, 20; Weekly, 12; Daily 1.

Nearly every newspaper carries the general news but the Brevard News is the only one carrying the most important Transylvania news.

ADVERTISEMENT OF ADMINISTRATOR

State of North Carolina County of Transylvania—Notice.

The undersigned having been appointed and duly qualified as administrator of the estate of T. C. Galloway, deceased, all persons having claims against the said estate are notified to exhibit them before him or his attorney, Chas. B. Deaver, at Brevard, N. C., on or before the 20th day of September, 1918, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery. All persons indebted to the said estate will please make immediate payment to me or my attorney above mentioned.

This the 20th day of September, 1917.

W. H. GALLOWAY,
Administrator of T. C. Galloway,
Chas. B. Deaver, Attorney. 9-21-17c

Auditorium

Thursday, Oct. 11

WILLIAM FOX presents
GEORGE WALSH in
"The Mediator"

The thrilling picturization of the famous book in five parts.

A western picture in which the hero, "The Mediator," spends his life in a battle for peace.

Wherever he goes he finds lawlessness, and he immediately proceeds to battle for peace.

Admission 10 and 15c



MITCHELL

The Grocer.

We Point With Pride to our Chase & Sanborn line of fine Teas and Coffees which we carry and on which we have built up such a splendid trade.

A Large Selection of honest goods at honest prices won us patronage of our best customers. Are you one of them?

Doctor Says Nuxated Iron Will Increase Strength of Delicate People 100% in Ten Days

In many instances—Persons have suffered untold agony for years doctoring for nervous weakness, stomach, liver or kidney disease or some other ailment which their real trouble was lack of iron in the blood—How to tell.

New York, N. Y.—In a recent discourse Dr. E. S. Fisher, a Boston physician who has studied widely both in this country and in great European medical institutions, said: "If you were to make an actual blood test on all people who are ill you would probably be greatly astonished at the exceedingly large number who lack iron and who are ill for no other reason than the lack of iron. The moment iron is supplied all their multitudes of dangerous symptoms disappear. Without the blood at once loses the power to change food into living tissue, and therefore, nothing else does you any good, you don't get the strength out of it. Your food merely passes through your system like corn through a mill with the rollers so wide apart that the mill can't grind. As a result of this continuous blood and nerve starvation, people become generally weakened, nervous and all run down and frequently develop all sorts of conditions. One is too thin; another is burdened with unhealthy fat; some are so weak they can hardly walk; some think they have dyspepsia, kidney or liver trouble; some can't sleep at night; others are sleepy and tired all day; some fussy and irritable; some skinny and bloodless, but all lack physical power and endurance. In such cases, it is worse than foolishness to take stimulating medicines or narcotic drugs, which only whip up your fading vital powers for the moment, maybe at the expense of your life later on. No matter what any one tells you, if you are not strong and well you owe it to yourself to make the following test: See how long you can work or how far you can walk without becoming tired. Next take two five-grain tablets of ordinary Nuxated Iron three times per day after meals for two weeks. Then test your strength again and see for yourself how much you have gained. I have seen dozens of nervous, run-down people who were ailing all the time double and even triple their strength and endurance and entirely get rid of their symptoms of dyspepsia, liver and other troubles in from ten to fourteen days' time simply by taking iron in the proper form, and this, after they had in some cases been doctoring for months without obtaining any benefit. You can talk as you please about all the wonders wrought by new remedies, but when you come down to hard facts there is nothing like good old iron to put color in your cheeks and good sound, healthy flesh on your bones. It is also a great nerve and stomach strengthener and the best blood builder in the world. The only trouble was that the old forms of inorganic iron, like tincture of iron, iron acetate, etc., often ruined people's teeth, upset their stomachs and were not assimilated, and for these reasons they frequently did more harm than good. But with the discovery of the newer forms of organic iron all this has been overcome. Nuxated Iron, for example, is pleasant to take, does not injure the teeth and is almost immediately beneficial.

NOTE: The manufacturers of Nuxated Iron have such unbounded confidence in its potency that they guarantee the amount that they will refund should you be dissatisfied. If you cannot take any iron or cannot stand any iron and increase their strength 100 per cent. or over in four weeks' time, provided they have no serious organic troubles. Also they will refund your money in any case in which Nuxated Iron does not at least double your strength in ten days' time. It is dispensed in this city by all good druggists.

Mattie-Brodie Drug Co., Duckworth Drug Co., Brevard; R. S. Morgan, Rosman, N. C.