DAVIS AND BRYAN LEAD DEMOCRATS

Ticket Selected by National Convention at New York.

RESULT OF 103 BALLOTS

Most Remarkable Political Gathering in History of the Nation-Contest Continued Through Sixteen Days and Nights.

THE TICKET FOR PRESIDENT John W.Davis, of West Virginia FOR VICE PRESIDENT Chas. W. Bryan, of Nebraska

By WRIGHT A. PATTERSON Convention Hall, New York .- "Alabama rasts t-w-e-n-t-y--f-o-u-r votes for Oscar W. U-n-d-e-r-w-o-o-d1" For hundred and three times the great hall had rung with that shout. Sev enty-seven times up to Saturday night, and it started again on Monday morning, for the committee that had been named on Saturday for the purpose of effecting some sort of a compromise between the contending candidates had been unsuccessful, and there ned to be no hope for a solution of the difficulties in which the Democ racy of the nation found itself.

But the break came at last, and on the one hundred and third ballot John W. Davis of West Virginia was named as the standard-bearer of the party. His selection marked the conclusion of the greatest fight in American political history. It was followed by the selection of Gov. Charles W. Bryan, of Nebraska, for second place on the ticket, and the history-making gathering was at an end, after being in session for 16 days.

Monday, July 7, was a day of false At the close of the eightyond build a resolution was adopted releasing the delegates from any instructions, and that was expected to bring about a break. It did, but it did not result in a nomination. It brought the McAdoo vote tumbling from 511 to 333 when the convention adjourned at night.

Tuesday brought no ray of hope In the afternoon Governor. Smith and Mr. McAdoo got together, but Mr. McAdoo refused at that time to release his delegates, and Governor Smith would not withdraw so long as Mr. McAdoo remained in the race. The fruitless balloting continued through the day session, and up to the ninetyninth, completed at 2:15 Wednesday orning. At that time Mr. McAdoo d his delegates, and on the one hundredth ballot his vote dropped to 180. After that ballot the convention adjourned until noon on Wednesday in an effort to get together on some

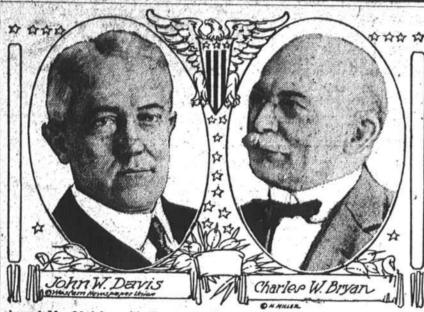
The one hundred and first, and the one hundred and second ballots did not indicate anything more than the elimination of both Smith and McAdoo from the race. Alabama, leading the roll call of states, continued to cast its 24 votes for Underwood, but there drift in both ballots to Davis On the one hundred and third ballot Alabama again started off with "24 totes for Underwood," but it was soon demonstrated that Davis was going strong. Before the ballot was completed he had more than a majority, and then the delegations began chang-ing their votes in order to get into the hand wagon. Before the result of the ballot was announced it was moved to make the nomination by acclamation, and it went through with a whoop, to be followed by a demonstration lasting several minutes.

The night session of Wednesday, following the nomination of a candidate for the Presidency, was in the nature of a Democratic lovefeast. It was addressed by Governor Smith, Sovernor Cox. the Democratic nominee, Mr. Davis, and several others. At midnight the convention recessed for one hour, at the end of the recess one ballot was taken for the vice presidential nomination, and the convention adjourned shortly before three o'clock Thursday morning.

The contest in the Democratic convention broke all records and all precedents. The greatest number of ballots that had ever been cast in a political convention before was that of the Democratic party in 1860 at Charleston, when 57 ballots were cast in that city, and the convention was then adjourned to Baltimore where two additional ballots were taken, resulting in the nomination of Stephen A. Douglas. The recent convention sets a record that is not likely to be equaled, at least not in the present

generation. It broke all precedents in that the campaign of the leading candidates were conducted by principals and not by managers: Mr. McAdoo and Mr. Smith were both on the ground; they were within 100 feet of the entrance to the convention hall, and within 50 feet of each other, and from these points of vantage they directed their own campaigns and were their own

political stategists. Back of it all, lay the shadow of the Klan. The fight over the Klan plank in the platform had engendered an intense feeling on the part of the two contending factions, the one led by Governor Smith and the other by McAdoo, When on Monday, June 30, the first ballot was taken, it



showed Mr. McAdoo with the greater | number of votes, but with Governor Smith controlling directly or indirectly at least a good third of the delegates. Neither of the two leaders could be nominated unless the other gave way, or unless one could break the seemingly solid phalanxes of the other. It was under such conditions that both took personal command of their forces instead of leaving the direction of the campaign in the hands of their managers.

Others in Limelight

Aside from the two leaders there ere, as serious contenders for the nomination, Senator Raiston, backed by the solid Indiana delegation; Senator Glass, backed by Virginia; John W. Davis, backed by West Virginia; Ex-Governor Cox, backed by Ohio; Senator Saulsbury, backed by the six votes of Delaware; Governor Ritchie, backed by Maryland; Senator Underwood, backed by Alabama, Other favorite sons that had been entered in the big race dropped by the wayside, but those named above stuck for ballot after ballot, with their managers expecting that some one of them would eventually be picked as the compro-mise candidte. They realized the intense feeling that had arisen between the opposing camps of the leaders, and did not believe it good political strategy to side with either, each one hoping that in the end their candidate might draw from both sides when the break came.

On the part of the two leaders every plan known in political campaigning was used to influence delegates. There was an abundance of the usual demonstrations, long and noisy. There were dire threats and earnest pleadings to attract support. Those delegations that were not directly instructed, or not definitely committed to some one candidate, would occasionally switch to or from one or the other of the leaders. This was especially true as it applied to Mr. McAdoo, and because of this his vote fluctuated from a little over 400 to as high as 530. Governor Smith's vote remained more nearly stationary at between 315 and 368, but that and others that would go to him on a break, was enough to prevent a nomination of any other candidate.

On Wednesday afternoon Mr.

Bryan, asking for consent to explain his vote as a member of the Florida delegation, attempted to stampede the convention for McAdoo, but it did not succeed, and the monotonous round of ballots continued without material change. On Friday afternoon, after 86 ballots had been taken, an effort was made to suspend the rules and permit the leading candidates to appear in person before the convention. It was opposed largely by the McAdoo delegates and failed of the needed two-thirds vote. Then Franklin D. Roosevelt asked that the convention extend an invitation to the Democratic governor of New York to address the delegates. Again it meant a suspension of the rules, and while the move was cleverly made, and refusal would put the convention in the position of being discourteous to its Democratic host, it too, was voted down. Without such an invitation no candidate could get a personal hearing. Friday evening Mr. McAdoo sent a letter to the convention asking that the delegates give unanimous consent for Governor Smith to address them. Several objections were made, and the consent was not given. Again a clever political move had falled.

Outside of the convention hall the leaders of the party, those not immediately connected with the candidacy of the two leading candidates. were making istrenuous efforts to break the deadlock and patch up the differences the fight had aroused. They pleaded, they commanded, they tried to get the other candidates to withdraw that the leaders might soon determine just where they stood in a final analysis, but without success. And then on Friday afternoon Senator Ralston wired a withdrawal of his name, and his delegation split 20 for McAdoo and 10 for Cox. A little later ex-Governor Cox' did the same thing, and the Ohio delegation switched over to ex-Secretary Baker. A solution had not been found. On Saturday the Ohio delegation dropped Baker and split between various candidates, giving Governor Smith 21 votes, the others going to

those in the "also ran" class Gave Credit to Democrats

It was very evident that the keynote speaker, Senator Pat Harrison of Mississippi, was not favorably impressed with the Republicans and what they hate the roll of the states was called had been doing during the past three and the vote resulted in 539 for the years, and he did not hesitate to say minority report and 543 against it. so in plainly understandable terms. By the close margin of four votes De-In the main he centered on the vari- mocracy failed to mention the Klan

were the results achieved. For those acts of congress to which he could give approval he claimed full credit for the Democratic party and what he referred to as the progressive element in the Republican party. For the majority element in the Republican party he had no single word of commendation. But no one was very much surprised at all of that, as no one had expected him to commend the enemy. That was not what he was there to do. Even Congressman Theodore Burton, the Republican keynoter at Cleveland, who attended the Democratic show as a guest, did not seem to take any serious offense at what was said about himself and his Republican colleagues.

It did not seem that Senator Harrison had overlooked anything that could be said in opposition to the Republicans, but along came the permanent chairman, Senator Walsh, on Wednesday, June 25, with a new list of charges, or at least a new vocabulary. While he spoke the sun streamed down upon the glass roof of the convention hall and turned it into a bake oven, but his denunciation of the political enemy caused the delegates to forget, for the time, their differences over platform planks and favored candidates. They shed coats and, in many cases, collars as well; the displayed black and green and blue "galluses," and despite the heat enjoyed to the full everything the leader of the oil investigations gave them as first-hand information. For it all they paid him to the full in convention coin—a long, loud, a terrific demonstration.

When the delegates assembled on Saturday morning, June 28, it was with the expectation that they would receive the report of the resolutions committee. But that was not to be For 80 long and almost continuous hours the committee, headed by Homer S. Cummings, had labored over its task, and the stumbling blocks it had struck were Klan and League of Nations. On the latter subject Ex-Secretary of War Baker was leading the fight to a straight-away declaration in-favor of the League, and would be satisfied with nothing less, but he was in the minority. That did not repre-sent a serious situation for the party, but the other subject, that of the Klan, did. There seemed to be no grounds upon which to compromise, and at the end of 80 hours of labor the venerable leader, William J. Bryan, room and asked the members of the committee to foin with him in asking Divine guidance in their hour of diffi-

The resolution Mr. Bryan favored, and for which he had worked through the long hours, contained a plank on the subject of religious liberty, and condemning secret orders that were opposed to the provisions of the Constitution, but it did not name the Klan. That was the plank that was written into the majority report of the committee. But it was not satisfactory to a large element in the party. Governor Smith announced that he would withdraw from the contest for the nomination if the party attempted to straddle the subject. William R. Pattangall, Democratic candidate for governor of Maine; Bainbridge Colby of New Jersey, former secretary of stage; Joseph A. Kellogg of New York, were among other leaders that were backing Governor Smith and his fol-

Fight Over, Platform

The committee did not report until after three o'clock Saturday afternoon, and then they gave to the convention both a majority and minority report on these two planks. The threatened dissension in the party had been carried from the committee into the convention to be fought out on the floor. The League plank was the first point disposed of. Ex-Secretary Baker made an impassioned appeal for the minority report, and for two hours the subject was debafed, but in the end the convention voted 353 to 742 in favor of he majority.

The same people who had fought for definite denunciation of the Klan in the resolutions committee led the fight for that when it was taken to the floor of the convention. William Jennings Bryan, and Senator Owen of Oklahoma made the appeal for the deption of the majority report. Mr. Bryon, in pleading for such a plank as would, in his belief, insure party unity, said: "The Catholic church does not need the defense of any political party, and the Ku Klux Klan does not deserve the advertising." At the close of two hours of Intense deous investigations and what, he said, by name in its platform.

*** * NEWS BRIEFLY TOLD

DISPATCHES OF IMPORTANT HAP. PENINGS GATHERED FROM OVER THE WORLD.

FOR THE BUSY

The Occurrences Of Seven Days Given In An Epitomized Form For Quick Reading

Foreign-

The city of Messina, Sicily, which still bears the marks of the devastating earthquake which centered world attention upon it. is being swept by terrific fire, according to Central News dispatches from Rome,

Twenty-three alleged leaders of a secret clique formed among the Philippine scouts to advance demands for allowances and pay equal to those given white soldiers were arrested at Fort McKinley. Eight were arrested previously.

The situation in Morocco is improvng but warrant careful surveillance because of the vigorous offensive tendencies of the native tribesmen, according to an official communique, which confirms the relief of the Spanish garrison at Kobadarsa where it is stated 19 of the garrison of 37 were injured.

The decision of the council of minsters to put into immediate execution the rules relating to the press which Premier Mussolini drew up in July, 1923, is commented upon by the Rome newspapers and 'all of them except the fascist press protest against what they consider a violation of the liberty of the press.

Adolf, Hitler's resignation of the leadership of the national socialists marks a definite break between the Hitler and Ludendorff wings of the

Breeker, chairman of the Leningrad state clothing trust, Rittenberg, a director, and Shoulgrin, a salesman of the same organization, were condemned to death on charges of having defrauded the state in the purchase and sale of manufactured goods.

An attempt was made recently to blow up the Lemberg arsenal. An infernal machine, planted by a workman, vas discovered by an other employee who put it out of action in the nick of time and seized the men, turning him over to the police.

Followers of both presidential candidates in the Mexican national election, General Calles and General Flores, resorted to trickery in the elections, according to the Mexican ministry of the interior.

King Alfonso will return to Madrid for a conference at which it will be decided whether General Primo General Primo Rivera, military dictator, will go to Morrocco to take charge of the operations against the native tribesmen.

The insurrection which started at Sao Paulo, Brazil, recently, and which threatened for a time to swamp the country, has been virtually suppress-Buenos Aires, Argentina, from the Brazilian administration. The Luz bardropped to his knees in the committee racks, held by the rebels, are declared to have been taken by the government forces after an intense bombardment.

> An army of 13,000 men, composed of Sao Paulo state forces, together with some federal troops, are marching toward Rio Janerio, according to reports gathered by a correspondent of La Nacion who has returned to the Argentine border after a trip in south-

Washington-

abatement in the District of Columbia supreme court, attacking the validity of the indictment charging him with conspiracy with Albert B. Fall. former secretary of the interior, to defraud the United States in connection with naval oil reserve leases.

President and Mrs. Coolidge took their boy. Calvin. back to Vermont to be buried in the family plot of the little cemetery at Plymouth. A simple but impressive funeral was held in the east room of the white house, attended by government officials, ranking military officers, members of the diplomatic corps and intimate friends of the family

In the absence of official word on the suggestion that an American on the reparations commission might serve as an arbitrator in determining questions relating to a German default, there was speculation on whethor any representative of the United States could take over such a task. even if it were deemed desirable by this covernment under the provisions of the treaty with Germany prohibit. 20 miles from Atlanta, and his 17-yearing the linited States from associating old son, Herman, were shot to death ticelf with the general subject of allied near their home by Homer Smith, 28,

The first payments of refunds under the 25 per cent reduction provision in about 60 years old, was shot and killthe new tax bill were mailed out by ed instantly at Dawsonville, Ga., by H. the freesury department to 2100 per. E. Parks, local garage owner, and he sone who paid their entire income tax entered the garage to search for a in one installment Payments sent out man by the name of Painter. perregated \$46 000

good-bre and present Isabura Toshida

Congressman W. D. Upshaw, returning from the National Democratic convention, declared that he is "highly pleased with the splendid statement of John W. Davis, and believes that Governor Charles W. Bryan makes his strongest possible running mate to save the west from Coolidge and La Follette.

Justice Bailey, presiding, declined to change his ruling that John Is. Philips, of Georgia; his brother, Charles Philips, Jr., of Atlanta; Frank T. Sullivan, lumber dealer of Buffalo, N. Y., and Charles S. Shotwell, of Indianapolis, former chief of the disposal section of the army air service, must explain to a jury their version of the alleged lumber fraud conspiracy by which it is claimed the government lost \$1,500,000 in the disposal of lumber from army cantonments.

Domestic-

The First National bank, Cheyenne, Wyo., failed to open recently. It was stated that the ban was closed and was in the hands of the examiners. According to its statement of June 30, the bank's liabilities and resources each were \$6,986,209,14 and its deposits totaled appproximately \$4,750,-

The Rev. E. R. Overby, southern Methodist pastor at Huntington, Tenn., suffered a stroke recently in the midst of his sermon to the Lexington district conference in session at Camden, Tenn., and had not regained consciousness. A farge crowd was in attendance on the services

Senile dementia is believed by the authorities to have caused Charles N. Wilcoxen, 68, former president of the Chicago, Lake Shore and South Bend Railway company, operating between Chicago and South Bend, Ind., to kill his wife, 70, with an ax, a razor and potato masher, and then hang himself at their Long Beach, Ind., home.

Ruth Burdy, 33, who for seven years has masqueraded in men's clothing, and posed as a man known as Walter Bundy, is in the county jail following her arrest at Rhodes, Iowa, charged with threatening to commit a public offense.

A counter suit for \$10,000,000 has been brought by the Structural Steel Workers union from which members of the Iron league, an organization of employers, have asked \$5,000,000 damages on the ground that a strike called last May in New York was illegal.

James Nitti, who testified against his mother, Mrs. Sabelle Nitti Crudelle, once sentenced to be hanged with her second husband for the murder of her first, but who obtained a new trial was arrested, at Chicago charged with extortion.

Harold Bradley, head of a large Chicago real estate firm, who disappeared June 25 from his home and office, and had not been heard from since, was in Chicago two days after that, Percy Johnstone, an architect, said

Fourteen Chinese; and twelve Hungarians, passengers on the schooner Abeona, which was captured by a coast guard cutter after a six-hour chase from Barataria Bay to LaFitte, on the lower Louisiana coast, were ed, according to advices received at being held at the immigration station in Algiers for deportation.

John W. Davis, the Democratic presidential nominee, declared in 'a statement recently. principles must and will prevail. This predicted by those working on new deis the mandate of the house and I signs. shall obey it."

The home town of John W. Davis, Clarksburg, W. Va., nominated , as Democratic candidate for president, received the news of the honor bestowed upon its citizen with a burst of excitement and cheering that was as genuine as it was spontaneous. .

Welling up through all the bitterness of the days and nights that have Harry F. Sinclair filed a plea in gone, a mighty, formless, roaring shout, like a great sigh of relief blasted its way through the dingy trappings of Madison Square Garden to tell that a nomination had come; that a decision had been reached, and that John W. Davis, of West Virginia, had been named by acclamation to carry the democratic standard for 1924.

Charles N. Wilcoxen, 68, former president of the Chicago, Lake Shore and South Bend railway company, operating between South Bend and Chicago, killed his wife, 7 years old, with an ax, a razor and a potato masher and then hung himself at their home at Long Beach, Ind., some time the other night, their bodies being discovered the next morning.

Delegates to the Engravers' Graphia in session at Milwaukee, Wis., say that engraved cards stating that the send er "takes pleasure" in announcing divorce from a recent husband or wife is the latest innovation of the engrav-

W. C. Trammell, 38, farmer, residing two miles west of Rex. Ga., and about tenant on an adjoining farm.

Sheriff F. J. Orr, of Dawson county

More than twenty thousand opera-Masanao Hanihara retiring Japa, tives m the Connecticut valley have re ness ambassador to the United States sumed work in textile and other mancalled at the state department to say ufacturing plants after shutdowns varying from two to six weeks. Mills The will be charge d'affaires of the that have resumed operations include fenomese embassy at Washington those in Holyoke, Spring, Northamp sending the selection of a new am ton, Ludlow, Mass., and Thompsonville,

MOTHER!

Watch Child's Bowels

"California Fig Syrup" is Children's Harmless Laxative



Children love the pleasant taste of 'California Fig Syrup" and gladly take it even when billous, feverish, sick, or constipated. No other laxative regulates the tender little bowels so nicely. It sweetens the stomach and starts the liver and bowels without cramping or overacting. Contains no narcotics or soothing drugs.

Tell your druggist you want only the genuine "California Fig Syrup" which has directions for bables and children of all ages printed on bottle. Mother! You must say "California" or you may get an imitation fig syrup.

Hurt by Bobbed Hair

The future commercial prosperity of Chefoo, China, a city of 100,000 population, depends largely on whether American women will continue to bob their hair. Chefoo's chief industry is making hair nets and they sell \$5,000,000 worth to this country each year, in addition to exporting \$3,060,-000 worth to France and other countries. In China the price for the netsruns from \$1 to \$2 a gross and for making them factory workers are paid cents a day.

Cuticura Soothes Itching Scalp. On retiring gently rub spots of dandruff and itching with Cuticura Ointment. Next morning shampoo with Cuticura Soap and hot water. Makethem your everyday toilet preparations and have a clear skin and soft, whitehands.—Advertisement.

Opening Up Brazil

A new railway line which will open up country in the eastern part of the state of Plauhy, Brazil, which has hitherto been accessible only by primitive means of transportation, is soon to be constructed. This line will connect the town of Petrolina, in Pernambuco, with Therezina, the capital of the state of Plauhy, and when completed will enable travelers to go by rail from Bahia to San Luiz de Maranhao, a distance of more than 500 miles

Improvement in Engines

That automobile engines of the near no compromise with reaction. Liberal obtained from a gallon of gasoline is future will double the number of miles



Stops Eczema Relieves the inflammation, itching and irritations soothes and softens the skin and leaves it smooth and spotless.

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main line Southern R. R. in Virginia. Writo
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