

WRIGLEYS

After every meal

A pleasant and agreeable sweet and a refreshing benefit as well.

Good for teeth, breath and digestion.

Makes the next cigar taste better.

Sealed in its Purity Package



WRIGLEYS SPEARMINT

MINT LEAF FLAVOR

SELF-FILLING WELL BUCKETS

THEY SINK AND FILL AND DON'T MUDDY THE WATER.

BRIGGS SHAFNER CO.

WINSTON-SALEM, N.C.

SOLD BY HARDWARE STORES

A windshield wiper, operated by a small piston and compressed air, for use on trolley cars, has appeared in Cleveland.

Sure Relief FOR INDIGESTION

BELLANS

6 BELLANS Hot water Sure Relief

BELLANS

25¢ AND 75¢ PACKAGES EVERYWHERE

ASSUREAS DOWN BENS ANEW DAY

CASCARA QUININE

It's the Best Tasting and Most Effective Laxative

W. N. U. CHARLOTTE, N. C.

For that skin eruption
You can have relief
within an hour

PERHAPS you have given up hope of getting relief from that irritating itching and burning, but Resinol does bring comfort when many other remedies have failed. One who has used this healing ointment writes: "Resinol Ointment is so soothing it stopped my itching at once and I got the first night's sleep I had had in weeks. Now my skin is well." What it has done for one it can do for others.



Resinol Soap

contains the same soothing ingredients which enable it to thoroughly cleanse the skin yet leave it free from sensitiveness and smarting.

RESINOL



Are You One of the 80%?

EIGHTY people out of a hundred are handicapping themselves in life. Eight of every ten are victims of Anemia—blood starvation—and don't know it.

Rich, successful, complete lives need rich, red blood—vitalizing, energy building blood. Try the test pictured above; unless the inner eyelid shows a rich scarlet color, it means that your lack of energy may also be due to Anemia.

Gude's Pepto-Mangan for thirty-two years has been the choice of thousands of physicians. It is the sure way to add energy-building iron and manganese to your blood.

Your druggist has Gude's Pepto-Mangan in liquid or tablet form.

Gude's Pepto-Mangan

Tonic and Blood Enricher

W. N. U., CHARLOTTE, NO. 46-1924



1.—Tomb in the Cathedral of St. John now been placed. 2.—Building and sinking to protect the shore line from erosion. 3.—Illinois

NEWS REVIEW OF CURRENT EVENTS

Some Causes and Results of the Great Victory of the Republican Party.

By EDWARD W. PICKARD

REASONS for the tremendous Republican victory in the national election are not far to seek. First among them come confidence in Calvin Coolidge and faith in his wise devotion to the public welfare, and the repugnance of a vast majority of the American people for extreme radicalism. Mr. Davis was not a radical, nor was his platform, but the "LaFollette menace" was an actuality, threatening a deadlock in the electoral college and throwing of the election into congress with the possibility of the choice of Charles Bryan as chief executive, and about 18,000,000 voters decided that this should not be. LaFollette, of course, never had a chance of being elected, but he did have a chance of carrying several of the northwestern states in addition to Wisconsin, which was conceded to him. His popular vote in some places, especially in Iowa and several of the larger cities, was heavy, but in the main the farmers, upon whose discontent he had counted, failed him. Furthermore, it was demonstrated again that the vote of organized labor cannot be delivered, for instead of going to LaFollette in a body, as Gompers recommended, it split along normal party lines. One thing LaFollette and his "menace" did was to bring out the largest vote ever cast in an American election, and this only helped pile up the Coolidge plurality of about 10,000,000.

PRESIDENT COOLIDGE on March 4 next will take fresh hold on the helm of the ship of state with the pleasant knowledge that the new congress is safely Republican and that the little radical group has lost the balance of power, even in the senate. In the house there will be probably approximately 250 Republicans, only 12 of whom cannot be counted upon to support the President's policies. Without this dozen the administration seems assured of a margin of about twenty above a majority. The Democrats will number about 185. One Socialist, and two Farmer-Labor members were elected.

The situation in the senate will be better for the Republicans than they had anticipated. At this writing the result in several states is still in doubt, but it is likely that the new upper house will contain 54 Republicans, only four of whom are definitely in the LaFollette group; 41 Democrats, and one Farmer-Laborite. Forty-nine constitutes a majority in the senate. There are six Republican senators; who have occasionally voted with the LaFollette bloc, but they can be counted on to join with their party colleagues in the organization of the body. Especially gratifying to Republicans and to the more conservative citizens generally was the defeat of Senator Magnus Johnson of Minnesota, Farmer-Labor, by Thomas D. Schall, the Republican blind congressman. It was thought for several days that Senator Brookhart of Iowa also had been beaten by Daniel F. Steck, Democrat, but when the returns were checked the man who ran as a Republican and at the same time supported LaFollette for the Presidency was slightly ahead.

AMONG the interesting results of the election was the selection of two women governors—the first to be so honored. Mrs. Nellie T. Ross was elected by the Democrats of Wyoming to succeed to the office of her husband, the late Governor Ross, and under the law will take office as soon as she qualifies. In Texas Mrs. Miriam Ferguson, Democrat, set out to vindicate the honor of her husband, who had been impeached and removed from the governorship, and she succeeded in defeating her Republican opponent on the face of the returns, although he has demanded an official tabulation of the vote before he will concede her victory.



and in which his body has been placed. 2.—Building and sinking to protect the shore line from erosion. 3.—Illinois

At the same time the government has seized the oil palace, evicting the former owner and his wife and servants; occupied all of the Forbidden City has even taken the horses and car of the deposed president, Sun. A bolshevist rump cabinet led by him has abolished forever the office of emperor and all other titles has confiscated the palace in the name of the state. A further mandate was issued to pay the former emperor 100 million annually as a private citizen and to appropriate \$2,000,000 for the relief of the poor attendants of the household.

Karakhan, soviet envoy to China, has been most influential in the case of Feng, and Dr. Sun Yat-sen, of the southern China group, has been invited to Peking. Meanwhile General Fu, who fled to a warlord, is waiting for a chance to consolidate the non-bolshevist faction.

It will be interesting to see how the course General Chang, the Manchurian, will pursue, for it looks as if he were not proceeding according to Chang's plans and wishes. The advance guard of Chang's troops arrived at Tien-tsin.

THE movement to deprive President Kemal of Turkey of his power is growing stronger daily and since the grand national assembly has just opened at Angora the crisis may be expected soon. Raouf Bey, former premier and a great naval hero, is the leader of the opposition to Kemal and is supported by such powerful and popular men as Gen. Ali Fuad Pasha, Gen. Kiazim Kara Bekir Pasha, Refet Pasha and Djambolat Bey. The ostensible object of their attacks is Premier Ismet Pasha.

M. RAKOVSKY went to Paris and met Premier Herriot, cementing the Franco-Russian accord. It was announced that Leonid Krassin would be the first soviet ambassador to France, and that Jean Herbert would be sent as ambassador to Moscow.

PREMIER MUSSOLINI is confident that the crisis which threatened him and the Fascists has passed and that his organization will be stronger than ever. The minister of the interior, Sig. Federzoni, who is regarded as one of the biggest members of the cabinet, and who has won the confidence of the country for his impartiality, intimated that the Fascists are clearing their own house and are taking energetic means to stop the excesses which were complained of by the Italians.

FROM London comes the interesting information that contracts for construction of an airship twice the size of the Los Angeles, formerly the ZR-3, and capable of crossing the Atlantic from London to New York in two days, have been placed by the British government. Vickers, Ltd., the company which makes all sorts of war materials and other things, will build the huge ship.

HENRY CABOT LODGE, senior senator from Massachusetts, was stricken in a Cambridge hospital where he had undergone several operations, and at the time of writing the physicians have little hope for his recovery. He has been in the senate continuously for thirty-one years, is chairman of the foreign relations committee and has been the leader of those who opposed entry of the United States into the League of Nations.

Ferdinand W. Peck, a pioneer Chicagoan and for many years one of the most influential citizens of that city, is dead at an advanced age. He was prominent in the creation and direction of the World's Columbian exposition, was commissioner general of the United States to the Paris exposition of 1900 and was a grand officer of the French Legion of Honor.

Cornelius Cole, who was elected senator from California way back in 1876 and who had been an intimate friend of Abraham Lincoln, passed away in Los Angeles at the age of one hundred and two years. He was born the year after Napoleon's death.

BRAZIL'S revolution, which is centered in the state of Rio Grande do Sul, is spreading seriously. The crew of the battleship Sao Paulo, the biggest vessel in the navy, mutinied, and the garrisons of several towns have revolted.

IMPORTANT NEWS THE WORLD OVER

IMPORTANT HAPPENINGS OF THIS AND OTHER NATIONS FOR SEVEN DAYS GIVEN

THE NEWS OF THE SOUTH

What is Taking Place in The South-land Will Be Found in Brief Paragraphs

Foreign—

A cabinet meeting to discuss the appointment of an ambassador to the United States will be called as soon as Premier King returns to Ottawa, it was announced. If Canada sends an envoy to Washington it would be in line with the action of the Irish Free state which, with the consent of England, is represented at Washington by a minister.

In the interest of modesty and female health, the Polish parliament will be asked to make law and not fashion the arbiter of women's clothes. A bill has been drafted which would limit the display of ankles and shoulders.

The protocol for the pacific settlement of international disputes, drafted by the assembly of the League of Nations at its last session has been signed by Paraguay, it was announced at league headquarters. More than a dozen states have now signed the protocol, but thus far it has been officially ratified only by Czechoslovakia.

The Emir of Katsina, who governs a district of Nigeria; many times larger than England, attended a moving picture show the other night in London for the first time in his life.

An internal loan of 1,200,000,000 pesetas was floated at Madrid in the form of treasury bonds. The loan was oversubscribed as soon as it was offered.

The cavalry of General Feng Yu-Hsiang, "Christian general" now in control of Peking, entered Tientsin recently after quelling slight resistance.

The Swedish government telegraph department has announced that the first tests of direct radio communication with America have just been carried out between Sweden's new high-power radio station at Varberg, on the west coast, and wireless commercial stations in America.

Warfare between the Wahabis and King All of the Nedjaz is expected to be resumed in the next few days around Jeddah, according to advices from the Red Sea port.

Sir Charles Oman and Lord Hugh Cecil, conservatives, were re-elected to the house of commons from Oxford university, according to the returns from the elections there, which were announced.

The Brazilian embassy at Buenos Aires confirmed reports that the crew of the Brazilian battleship Sao Paulo had mutinied, seized the vessel and sailed outside of Rio de Janeiro harbor.

Washington—

Manual Herrick, former representative from Oklahoma, was awarded damages of one cent by a jury in circuit court in his suit for \$50,000 damages against Miss Ethelyn Crane, his former stenographer, for alleged breach of promise to marry him.

"Remember 1916," declared a statement given out at national Democratic headquarters at Washington, refusing to follow the lead of New York Democratic papers in conceding the election of President Coolidge.

A scale of minimum and maximum fees for almost every ill that a physician or surgeon is ever called upon to treat has been fixed by the Medical Society of the District of Columbia. Minimum fees range from \$2 for a minor office consultation or a word of advice over the telephone, to \$300 for certain major operations. Maximum fees for similar service range from \$10 to \$5,000.

On the same tide which swept President Coolidge back into office, the Republicans have come into actual as well as nominal control of the next house of representatives. Whether they also will have the whip hand in the senate still depends on the outcome of contests in several states.

Secretary Mellon forwarded to the navy department for distribution three treasury silver life saving medals which had been awarded to as many navy men for rescues from drowning. The recipients are: Patrick Flaherty, Brooklyn, N. Y., ex-chief boatswain's mate; Joseph P. Feeley, Pittsfield, Mass., boatswain's mate, and Archie B. Sanford, Minneapolis, Minn., seaman, first class.

It will be felt to the courts to decide whether secret files of the navy department are to be produced in the suit to determine the legality of the Pan-American Petroleum company's title to land in the government oil reserves.

The Rev. J. J. Himmel, S. J., former president of Georgetown university, died suddenly at the university after an attack of acute indigestion. He was 68 years old and had been a member of the Jesuit order for more than 50 years. He was born in Annapolis, Maryland.

Domestic—

The famous Cascade distillery, at Normandy, Tenn., founded a half century ago by Victor E. Schwab, who died a few days ago at Nashville, was burned. It was ignited by forest fires.

John W. Davis, defeated candidate for the presidency, will again resume the practice of law in New York City, which he gave up when he accepted the Democratic nomination.

A referendum on ratification of the child labor amendment to the federal constitution was defeated in the election by a wide margin, as was the proposition for a state gasoline tax.

Detroit started its first ship to a foreign port when the Onondaga, of the Henry Ford fleet left its docks in the River Rouge bound for Buenos Aires, Argentina. It carried a 1,500-ton cargo of automobile parts. Additional tonnage will be shipped at Montreal after the vessel, passes the 14-foot channel in the St. Lawrence river.

"The progressives will not be dismayed by this result. We have just begun to fight." That was Senator Robert M. La Follette's first comment on the election in a statement at Madison, Wis., in which he called on members of the progressive party to "close ranks and gird themselves for the next battle."

Three New York nuns prevented a stabbing affray between two male employees in the Madonna home when they wrested a 12-inch knife from one of the men and held him until the police arrived.

Cornelius Cole, of Los Angeles, Calif., former United States senator, 102 years and two months of age, died recently at his residence in that city. He had been in frail health for several months.

The volume of new state and municipal financing will be swelled from two hundred and three hundred million by the approval of various bond issues which were passed upon by voters.

Governor Donahay recently signed a proclamation lifting qualified martial law at Niles. The military had been in control of the city for several days after riots followed attempted parades by klan and anti-klan forces.

The Associated Press sends out a telegram from Evanston, Ill., in which it is stated that Charles G. Dawes made over one hundred speeches in his vice presidential campaign without a single "Hell Maria."

Frank O. Lowden, in replying to farm organizations seeking to recommend him to President Coolidge for the post of secretary of agriculture, said that because he felt he could be of more assistance to the farmers outside the department, he would, if the position were offered him, feel it his duty to decline.

Henry Agate, vice president and traveling representative of a New York jewelry concern, reported to New Orleans police that gems valued at approximately \$200,000 had been stolen from his room in a hotel.

To federal convicts in prison garb were taken from a Union Pacific train at St. Mary's, Kans., after the expressman had found them cutting themselves out of a box five by four by two feet, which was being shipped to Washington billed as a box of shipping tags.

The recent announcement at Schenectady, N. Y., of the development in the General Electric laboratories of a portable x-ray machine has been the source of inquiries from a Central American government concerning the possibility of obtaining 1,200 for use of customs inspectors at ports of entry.

Six heavily armed bandits held up employees and six patrons of the First National bank, Bunker Hill, Ill., and escaped with \$3,500.

Naval academy airplanes, several steam cutters and a tug searched the waters of Chesapeake bay near Annapolis for Miss Harriet Green and Lieut. William S. B. Claude, who, it is feared, were drowned. They were out in a canoe and were caught in a heavy gale.

The conviction of former Congressman Benjamin F. Welby of Lima, Ohio, on a charge of having overcharged a war veterans in a claim against the veterans' bureau, has been reversed by the United States circuit court of appeals.