

PHI CHAMU

TALKS TO REPUBLICANS

The State Convention in Session at Raleigh.

WALSER GETS AHEAD OF COL. LUSK AND NAMES 'LIBERTY' AS THE SLOGAN.

Raleigh, N. C., May 2.—It was after noon before the Republican state convention assembled in Metropolitan hall. The interior was well decorated, by Dr. Warren Vines Hall, entirely in the national colors, while a monster portrait of President McKinley was displayed over the center of the stage. In the seats were all the old white Republican wire pullers. There were not many new faces. The negro delegates dropped in rather slowly. There was a demonstration when Senator Pritchard appeared and took a seat in the rear of the stage. There was equal applause when James E. Boyd entered, bowing right and left.

At 12:30 the convention was called to order by State Chairman A. E. Holton and Rev. Dr. D. A. Long of Graham prayed. He recited the Lord's prayer and called on the delegates to join, but only a few joined. W. S. Hyams read the call. Chairman Holton said he was very glad to salute the finest convention ever assembled in this hall. Holton plunged at once into an eulogy of President McKinley, as great in peace and war, and of the prosperity of the country. The convention applauded loudly as Holton read the speech. McKinley's name was one to conjure with. Holton dwelt on what he termed "Democratic blight." He said that if the senate were not safely Republican for the next six years the candidacy of Bryan "would hang like a pall over the country." Holton then took up state politics, of course dwelling on the franchise amendment and the election law.

Holton called Z. V. Walsler to preside as temporary chairman. The latter said when he looked at the delegates he knew that Democracy was doomed in North Carolina. He said that 100,000 people were going to rise up and put the Democratic party in its grave; that this was a time for grim work. He said the "hot breath of the people" would a little later scorch the Democrats, and that the Republicans were going to save the Democrats from themselves. The slogan in the campaign, he shouted, will be "Liberty." He declared that there were 60,000 white Republicans, 30,000 or more Populists, and estimated that 30,000 Democrats would vote with them against the amendment, making an army 100,000 strong.

The committee on credentials was named as follows: J. C. Meekins, Jr., J. H. Hannan, R. L. Hancock, L. L. Renn, J. A. Hoskins, D. A. Husted, H. C. Cowles, D. A. Davis, J. C. Cooper. It was announced that there were only three counties unrepresented, and only one contest—from Wayne.

There was a call by Nat. Boyden of Surry for Pritchard and after applause the latter spoke. He said the greatest emergency the Republican party had ever faced was ahead of it in North Carolina. He said the object was the overthrow of the rights of the common people and that the amendment was but the beginning of the end. He said he proposed to reply to some of the points in the speech of his friend, C. B. Aycock, who, he said, it was an honor to have Aycock as a friend, but that he would never be elected governor. He asserted that there was no danger of negro domination in North Carolina. He declared that an anti-Democratic legislature had enacted laws which would prevent negro domination. He asserted that no white Republican wanted such domination and that no negro advocated it unless some Democrat had furnished money to influence him. He demanded to know in what county in the east any investors had lost money. (At this stage a Vance negro delegate said: "I want you to tell why you would not appoint a negro postmaster in Vance county. The senator ignored the question.) He declared that the management of finances by fusionists was in all respects far superior to the Democratic—both in the state and in the counties. The Supreme court had decided that there may be different systems of county government, and declared this was the best way to settle a vexed question. He said the guns bought at Wilmington were purchased by the Democratic manipulators of Wilmington, to prevent persons from voting. He declared that Wilmington's municipal government was practically in the hands of the Democrats. He went on to say that the Democrats who bought the guns did so "to run the negroes away from the polls after the election, to intimidate the city government and to put in a 'revolutionary government.'" Pritchard said he had been told two years ago by Democrats that if he went to Wilmington to speak violence would be done him; that he did not believe it, but that it was so; it was only the result of the Democratic efforts to suppress free speech. He discussed the amendment, saying it was an avowed attempt to disfranchise the negro and a violation of the XV amendment; that the Supreme court of the United States would be compelled to say that the discriminating section (5) was unconstitutional; that the remainder would stand; that this would disfranchise the illiterate whites and that this was the real aim and plan of the Democrats in North Carolina; to stop the poor whites from voting. (At this point Sheriff Smith of

Vance raised quite a disturbance, being half intoxicated, and there were cries of "Put him out!" The chairman rapped for order. A policeman came to take Smith out, but other delegates promised Smith should be quiet.)

Senator Pritchard went on to say that 25 per cent. of the people of North Carolina were illiterate, and that therefore that per cent. would be disfranchised. Then he made the equally absurd assertion that during the time the Democrats were in power they had added 1000 illiterates each year. He got some applause by saying that the great "error" to which Aycock had referred was the failure of the Democrats to vote for Republicans. The senator elicited great cheers for McKinley by speaking of him as "the advance agent of prosperity." He declared that the legislature of 1889 had enacted more unconstitutional legislation than any on record. He said he proposed to go into as many counties as possible and discuss this question. He had been in Richmond county and found the white people there opposed to the amendment. He told the negroes that this question was one for the white people to settle; that they would settle it and deprive no man of his vote. He assured the convention that its nominee for governor would certainly be elected.

There were shouts for Boyd as soon as the Pritchard applause had died away, and the band played the "Star Spangled Banner." Boyd got an ovation. He expressed his pleasure at being here with the loyal and patriotic people of the state and then eulogized his party, saying it had never deprived a citizen of his liberty or stuffed a ballot box.

The delegates wore little national flags on their coat lapels. Towering tall among the delegates was editor Norton of the Asheville Gazette, who was very much in evidence.

Revenue Collector Duncan had tremendous responsibilities on him. The word had been passed that officeholders, like the "nigger," must keep in the rear; but they swarmed and a big percentage of the outfit was composed of them. The collector's office nearly divided honors with the Yarboro as a gathering place.

George Hunt, the man who took A. D. Baker's wife away from Harnett county, is in jail here, alongside of Baker. The latter is held on the charge of trying to murder his wife by shooting her. She is in the hospital. It is an epitome of a domestic tragedy.

This morning at the home of ex-U. S. Marshal O. J. Carroll here, his daughter, Miss Jessie, was quietly married to Mr. Louis A. Carr of Durham. Miss Cornelia Carroll, a sister of the bride, was her maid of honor, and Mr. Robert Carr of Durham was best man.

SOME FACTS ABOUT ISLAND OF ST. HELENA

WHERE THE BOER PRISONERS ARE BEING TAKEN.

St. Helena is distant 1140 miles from Africa and 1800 miles from America.

The only inhabited place in St. Helena is Jamestown, which has a population of about 2500.

Diana's Peak, the highest point in the island, near the center, is 2700 feet above the sea.

The island is eight miles long and 10 miles across, with an area of 47 square miles.

The coast of the island forms a perpendicular wall or cliff, averaging from 600 feet to 2000 feet all round.

On February 7, 1800, at the end of the Zulu war, Dinisulu and Undabuko, two Zulu chieftains, were transported to St. Helena.

Ladder Hill, on which government house is situated, is so called because of the almost perpendicular ladder-like stairs by which its acclivity of 500 feet has to be scaled.

St. Helena is a great place for caves and hills. Geologically speaking, the island is largely, if not wholly, volcanic, and a lot of extinct craters are apparent. Some of the pinnacles have queer names, such as Lot's Wife, the Man and the Horse, the Asses' Ears, and Holdfast Tom.

Nearly four miles inland from Jamestown, the capital, is an isolated farm house, on an elevated plateau about 2000 feet above the level of the sea. This is Longwood, where Napoleon lived from 1818 until he died there in 1821. The house is a long, low, whitewashed, trim building.

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TOM MURRAY FOR THE STATE SENATORSHIP

Suggestion That Buncombe County Name Him.

JACK CAMPBELL GIVES HIS REASONS FOR NOMINATING THE MADISON MAN.

Editor The Citizen:—The time has come when the people of the senatorial district should be looking for a man or men to represent them in the next state senate. It has been a custom for Madison and Haywood to alternate in the selection of a candidate for the senate, and for Buncombe to select one each term. This is only a custom, not a law. It is generally understood and acquiesced in by the people that if a representative of a county or district does his duty and represents his people acceptably he should be returned as an endorsement by his constituents of his legislative course.

Now, who is the most available man to represent us? Who is the best man? Who can undoubtedly be elected? Who can poll more votes than any other man in the district? Who has had experience? And who has been tried and found all right? It is needless to name him. Everyone knows who he is. There is not a Democrat in the district but will answer, Tom Murray. He ran ahead of the legislative and congressional ticket in every county in the district in 1889, getting about 300 more votes than Crawford. He carried Pritchard's township in 1893 by 13 votes, though the senator was on the ground doing all in his power to defeat him, and that township is known to be over 100 Republican.

There is no question that Tom Murray's nomination would strengthen the whole ticket, especially in Madison county. His nomination or endorsement by Buncombe for renomination would gladden the heart of every Democrat in Madison, and would discourage and make sick every partisan radical in the county. He made the canvass in his county for sheriff when no other Democrat was willing to be sacrificed and was defeated by less than 300 votes.

If nominated he will certainly be elected, and will carry with him experience as a senator that will be valuable to his constituents. He was one of the hardest workers and one of the most popular and influential senators in the last state senate. He was a member of some of the most important committees, such as education, agriculture, etc., and performed his duties faithfully and well.

It seems to me that a man who has done so much for his party, and whose election is beyond question, especially when this district is so close and when this fight is going to be made by the fusionists for the legislative ticket, that Buncombe county should name Tom Murray as her candidate for the next state senate. There are many other reasons why Buncombe should name him to represent her. His selection would be good common sense and good politics. He has no enemies, and no faction would knife him on election day; and I urge upon the voters of Buncombe county to be generous, and let all aspirants for the place, if there are any in Buncombe, smother their aspirations for the good of the party, not only in this district, but for the good of the amendment, and nominate Madison county's sure winner, for all the powers of darkness, and all the radicalism in the state, which includes the world, the flesh and the devil himself cannot defeat him.

Let Haywood give him a good running mate, and their election is assured, thereby insuring two senators from the west in the next senate. Tom Murray stands with every foot on the Democratic platform and for the amendment. He believes in the people, is of the people, is loved by the people, and is the choice of the people. JACK CAMPBELL.

In North Carolina.

News of the State Gathered From the Tar Heel Press.

Shelby Aurora: The southern part of this town and adjoining vicinity was visited by a terrific hail storm Wednesday night and considerable damage resulted. Between here and Earls the storm was most severe. The hail literally stripped the trees of all fruit and foliage, and on Thursday morning hail drifts were seen three and four feet in depth. A tenement house belonging to the Shelby cotton mills was twisted around and partly demolished. The blinds to Mr. C. S. Cavney's house were blown from the hinges and hurled violently through the fence. The tower for the transmission of water to the Belmont mills was blown down, involving a loss of \$300. The velocity of the wind was alarming, almost amounting to a cyclone.

Winston Journal: The sales of leaf tobacco for the month of April were 2,336,283 pounds; for the same month last year, 1,157,171 pounds, making an increase of 1,179,112 pounds for the last month over the same month in 1889. The sales since October, 1889, amount to 15,967,102 pounds, the same month last year was 14,399,716, making an increase for this year of 1,567,386 pounds.

Mount Olive special to Wilmington Star: The body of Mr. Tobie Sutton, a well known citizen of Duplin county, and a son of Mr. O. W. Sutton, was found near here this morning, and the cause of his death appears to be enveloped in mystery. Mr. Sutton was at

Advertisement for Chase & Sanborn's Coffees. Includes an illustration of a man drinking coffee and text: 'Some people say that Coffee is injurious. That is because they don't know what good Coffee is. I have used Coffee for 75 years, and I believe the right kind wont even hurt children. Chase & Sanborn's Coffees are absolutely pure, therefore produce no injurious effects, and are the highest grade money can buy.'

Wm. Kroger, Distributor, 31 S. Main St.

Mount Olive about 9 o'clock Monday night, and told some friends who were with him that he was going to Faison on the freight train, as it was nearer to his home from the latter place than from Mount Olive. He was last seen alive in one of the express cars attached to this freight. Marshall McCaleb, who found his body this morning, reported the matter to the town authorities and the coroner had been summoned to investigate the circumstances of the death.

Wilmington Dispatch: Mr. Joe Jacob, traveling salesman for the N. J. Jacob Hardware company, unearthed at Swainboro the other day an old day book that is extremely valuable and interesting as a relic of former days. It shows accounts from 1815 to 1816, and was kept by W. P. Ferrand of Swainboro. Some of the entries show how prices then and prices now differ. One entry on December 17, 1815, showed that three yards of cloth sold for \$12.50. Another entry was seven yards of ribbon at 75 cents a yard; coffee pot, 45; five yards of calico, \$3.75.

Charlotte News: At 12:15 o'clock today a railroad accident occurred in the yards of the Charlotte and Salisbury mills, which resulted in the killing of one man and slight injury to two others. The man killed was Chas. Mickie, fireman on the Southern engine No. 1001. Those injured are: A. R. Syfan, engineer of No. 1001, ankle sprained; G. M. Isaacs, baggage master on extra passenger train, ankle and leg injured. The accident was caused by an extra passenger train running into a open switch and colliding with a switch engine.

Yadkin Ripple: An egg shell containing besides the usual white and yellow, a broken glass bottle top about an inch deep and an inch across, was brought to this office last week by Mr. Duber Langly. Mr. Langly says the egg with the glass inside was laid by a hen belonging to Mr. J. D. Hamlin of this place and was broken by him when the glass was discovered inside.

Winston Sentinel: A fire caused by throwing a cigarette into an oil cup, completely destroyed the old portion of the plant of the Tar River Lumber company at Tarboro, causing \$10,000 loss with \$2500 insurance.

Shelby Star: Mr. E. W. T. Lebetter of No. 2 township carried his son and two daughters to the madstone in Rutherford county last week. They were bitten by Mr. Lebetter's dog, and it was thought the dog was

rabid. The madstone adhered to the little boy's wound about five hours, and to the bite of the little girl's arm for several hours. The children are doing nicely, and it is hoped that they will continue to improve.

Greensboro Telegram: News was received here today that Prof. L. Johnson died at his home at Trinity Sunday night of grip. Professor Johnson was a member of the faculty of Trinity college for many years, and has since devoted much time to map surveying, at one time making a map of Guilford county.

Shelby Star: Lauraglen cotton mills closed down about 10 days ago on account of a portion of the dam being washed away. About 35 or 40 feet of the dam was destroyed, but it has been rebuilt and the mill began work Monday as usual.

Murphy Scout: In many sections we hear of trees being loaded with peaches, and if they do not drop off and the weather remains mild the prospect for a good peach crop in the mountains is exceedingly flattering.

LaGrange Sentinel: Noah Radford, the oldest man in Greene county, died a few days ago at his home near Bull Head. Mr. Radford was 99 years old and up to a few days of his death was as spry and active as a man of 50.

ELOPED.

LOVE HAS ITS WAY.

New York, April 25.—[Special to The Citizen]—Miss Sallie Jones and Mr. Edward Smith, prominent New Yorkers, went over to Jersey City and were secretly married by a justice of the peace last Wednesday morning. The parents of Miss Jones objected to the young man on account of his youthfulness and having no means of support. The 'squire questioned the young man and found him very fond of the young miss, and unusually bright, as was also the young lady. When questioned as to what was sticking out of his pocket, he produced a can of Rufford Baking Powder. As he and Sallie intended to keep house, knowing that Rufford was pure, wholesome and an economical Baking Powder, he invested 20 cents and bought a pound can from his grocer; said he was determined to start life right. The justice smiled and said any man that had such foresight was worthy of any woman. The couple left the office happy as two peas in a pod.

Imported and Domestic Cigars Sold by the Box at Factory Prices at the

Berkeley Cigar Stand.

Tate Springs, Tenn., Improvements at the Carlsbad of America

The most delightful health and pleasure resort in the South, 164 miles east of Chattanooga, in the loveliest valley of the East Tennessee Mountains. Two hotels, 25 cottages, 40 acres lawn, walks and shade trees; complete system water works with modern baths; splendid orchestra, spacious ballroom, telegraph and long distance telephone. Buildings and grounds lighted with electricity; in fact all the amusements and comforts, Best German and American cooks. The water cures indigestion, dyspepsia, and all troubles of liver, stomach, bladder, bowels and kidneys. Shipped anytime, anywhere. Write for 40 page book free. THOS. TOMLINSON, Prop.

Biltmore Dairy Summer Prices.

Commencing May 1st, and for six months from date, the following prices will be in force:

- MILK, in one quart bottles 7 cts.
" in one pint bottles 4 cts.
CREAM, in one quart bottles 25 cts.
" in one pint bottles 15 cts.
" per gallon \$1.00

ASHEVILLE MAILED.

Schedule Showing Arrival and Closing at the City Postoffice.

The following is the schedule of the arrival and closing of mails at the Asheville postoffice:

Table with columns: Tr. From, Ar., and Clos. Lists arrival and closing times for various routes like Salisbury, Knoxville, etc.

STAR ROUTES.

Table with columns: From, Ar., and Clos. Lists star routes like Burnsville, Rutherfordton, etc.

Charleston & Western Carolina

Augusta and Asheville Short Line Schedule in Effect January 1, 1890.

Table with columns: From, Ar., and Clos. Lists routes like Asheville, Spartanburg, etc.

Close connections at Greenwood for all points on B. A. L. and C. & G. railway and at Spartanburg with Southern Railway.

For information relative to tickets, rates, schedules, etc., address W. J. CRAIG, Gen. Pass. Agt., W. J. Augustus, Ga. T. M. Emerson, Traffic Manager.

TRANSYLVANIA RAILROAD CO

Formerly Hendersonville and Broad River Railway. General office: Broad Street, N. C. Winter schedule, in effect October 23, 1889.

Table with columns: No. 2, mixed; P.M. STATIONS; Ar. and P.M. Lists stations like Brevard, Davidson River, etc.

Flag stations, xx Passenger only on Sunday. Connects with Southern railway at Hendersonville for all points north and south.

J. F. HAYS, General Manager. T. S. MOSWELL, Superintendent.

YOU CAN PATENT

ANYTHING YOU INVENT OR IMPROVE; also PATENT TRADE-MARKS, COPYRIGHTS OR DESIGN PROTECTION. Send model, sketch, or photograph for free examination and advice. BOOK ON PATENTS FREE. No Atty's fee before patent. Write to C. A. SNOW & CO., Patent Lawyers, WASHINGTON, D. C.