

# The Franklin Press

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Obituary notices, cards of thanks, tributes of respect, by individuals, lodges, churches, organizations or societies, will be regarded as advertising and inserted at regular classified advertising rates. Such notices will be marked "adv." in compliance with the postal regulations.

The Press invites its readers to express their opinions through its columns and each week it plans to carry Letters to the Editor on its editorial page. This newspaper is independent in its policies and is glad to print both sides of any question. Letters to the Editor should be written legibly on only one side of the paper and should be of reasonable length. Of course, the editor reserves the right to reject letters which are too long or violate one's better sensibilities.

## Weekly Bible Thought:

Open thou mine eyes that I may behold wondrous things out of thy law. Psalm 119:18.

## A Classic Worth Clipping

MANY of America's finest literary gems have come from the mouths of her orators, rather than from the pens of her writers. Patrick Henry's "Give me liberty or give me death" is of as much literary significance as historical importance. It has moulded the style of many a speech since Revolutionary days. What school boy has not repeated its ringing words over and over, imagining himself holding the commencement crowds spellbound? What lawyer or lawmaker has not copied its style?

Patrick Henry's classic is only one of many that have come from the lips of American speakers. Not all of them are traceable to men of great reputation. Take, for instance, that memorable tribute to "man's best friend,"—his dog.

Most of us have heard or read this gem of Americana. It is known more widely, perhaps, than "Change the name of Arkansas", because the latter, though reputed to have been printed in the Congressional Record, won't stand the scrutiny of postal inspectors.

But how many people know the origin of "A Man's Best Friend," otherwise known as the "houn' dog speech"? Now the history of it has been traced and related by Prof. William Lyon Phelps, columnist of the New York Evening Post. It seems that for several years the speech was merely handed down by word of mouth. According to Prof. Phelps' account, it was delivered in 1870 by Senator Vest in Johnson county, Missouri. A feud had developed between two farmers over the killing of some sheep, leading to the slaying of a houn' dog highly prized by his master. Even the dog's name—Old Drum—has been remembered.

Senator Vest's plea was so forceful and picturesque that it impressed a Kansas City judge who heard the case. He later repeated it to Col. W. H. Blodgett, general counsel for the Washash railroad, who, in turn, told it to Walter Wellman, a Chicago newspaper man. It was Mr. Wellman who recognized the speech as an American classic and put it in to print.

The Franklin Press quotes this famous tribute to a dog from the Hickory Record, which recently reprinted it. If you have ever had a faithful dog, you'll cut this out and keep it:

"Gentlemen of the Jury: The best friend a man has in this world may turn against him and become his enemy. His son or daughter that he has reared with loving care may prove ungrateful. Those who are nearest and dearest to us, those whom we trust with our happiness and our good name, may become traitors to their faith. The money that a man has he may lose. It flies away from him, perhaps when he needs it most. A man's reputation may be sacrificed in a moment of ill considered action. The people who are prone to fall on their knees to do us honor when success is with us may be the first to throw the stone of malice when failure settles its cloud upon our heads. The one absolutely unselfish friend that a man can have in this selfish world, the one that never deserts him, the one that never proves ungrateful or treacherous, is his dog. Gentlemen of the jury, a man's dog stands by him in prosperity and poverty, in health and in sickness. He will sleep on the cold ground, where the wintry winds blow and the snow drives fiercely, if only he may be near his master's side. He will kiss the hand that has no food to offer; he will lick the wounds and sores that come in encounter with the roughness of the world. He guards the sleep of his pauper master as if he were a prince. When all other friends desert he remains. When riches take wings and reputation falls to pieces he is as constant in his love as the sun in its journey through the heavens. If fortune drives the master forth an outcast in the world, friendless and homeless, the faithful dog asks no higher privilege than that of accompanying him to guard against danger, to fight against

his enemies, and when the last scene of all comes, and death takes the master in its embrace and his body is laid away in the cold ground, no matter if all other friends pursue their way, there by his graveside will the noble dog be found, his head between his paws, his eyes sad, but open in alert watchfulness, faithful and true even to death."

## A Young Man's Future

JOSEPHUS DANIELS, in a recent address in Franklin before the Rotary club, made a very significant comment on the situation in which most of the young men of today find themselves.

"I used to be," the former secretary of the navy said, "that a young man, thinking of his future, would ask of himself, 'What do I want to do; what shall I be—doctor, lawyer, minister, farmer, business man, public official?' But now the question confronting a young man is not 'What do I want to be?' but 'What can I do to earn a living?'"

If, indeed, is a difficult problem in times like these, which "try men's souls," when men already established in professions or businesses find it hard to keep their heads above the waves of competition. Our colleges and universities have geared themselves to turn out lawyers, physicians and industrial executives in wholesale volume; but many of the graduates find they never have an opportunity to practice their chosen profession. There are too many lawyers, too many engineers. Men trained as accountants find it difficult to get jobs as bookkeepers. Graduates who specialized in business administration learn they are fortunate to get \$15 or \$20 a week as time-keepers.

Many a college man has found himself with out a job while the boy who went to work on leaving high school is earning a good living. It is discouraging, to say the least, especially for the A. B. or B. S. who finds himself indebted to friends, relatives or college loan funds for a thousand or so dollars he borrowed to see his way through. It is even more discouraging for a young man to discover, after four or more years of specialized study that he does not like the profession or business for which he has prepared himself.

Perhaps the elder generation is too prone to urge high school graduates further to pursue their formal education. A youth aspiring to become a doctor should be informed as to how much time and how much money will be required before he receives his M. D., and what avenues for a livelihood are open to him after he has obtained his degree.

Many a would-be lawyer probably would seek some other path for his endeavors if he knew how crowded the bar is, what recompense might be expected and how much painstaking study would be required of him even after admittance to the bar. And, perhaps, we would have better lawyers.

Many a good farmer is now a failure in some profession. It would be wise for every young man contemplating a college-acquired profession to have a definite knowledge of that profession before plunging headlong into it. A very interesting series of informative bulletins dealing with the professions has been prepared for this very purpose by authorities in the office of education, United States Department of the Interior.

These bulletins, though brief, are comprehensive. They tell where education along certain lines may be obtained, what the costs will be, how much training will be required, what fields of employment are open in the various professions and what compensation might be expected.

Bulletins issued thus far deal with the professions of law, medicine, dentistry, journalism, librarianship, architecture, civil engineering, electrical engineering, mechanical engineering, pharmacy and nursing. Self-help advice to college students is also offered to college students in another brochure. Copies of any of these publications may be obtained for nominal sums from the government printing office at Washington, D. C.

## Editorial Clippings

### WHO PAYS FOR THE ADVERTISING?

There are several grocery stores in our town and one of them has difficulty in meeting its expenses. It is only a question of time until it will cease to exist.

Just two doors away, is another store which does a very profitable business. When talking with the proprietor of this store, he said: "The weakest argument I know is for some merchant to tell the people that he doesn't advertise because it costs him too much money. I spent \$180 a year in advertising. But I don't figure that it comes out of my cash drawer. I think it is paid by my competitors who do not advertise. I'm getting new customers right along through my advertising and some of them are coming to me from stores within a block of here that brag about the fact that they don't need to advertise because everybody knows them.—Meredith's Merchandising Advertising.

### EXPLANATION WANTED!

Recently, in the mail fraud case x x x in United States District Court, Mr. D. M. Darden, state bank examiner, testified that in July, 1930, after making an examination of the Central Bank and Trust Company, he had reported that institution as insolvent, to the State Corporation Commission. If that be true, why did not Mr. Mitchell take action? And since Mr. Mitchell did not take the proper action regarding said bank, was that not a flagrant violation of the law governing the course that "the state corporation commission, through the chief state bank examiner, or any duly authorized agent" should take regarding a bank found in an unsafe and unsound condition?

Information has come that the only legal action that the state can take in this regard must come from our district solicitor. Why hasn't this been done?—WEST ASHEVILLE NEWS.

By PERCY CROSBY

Back o' the Flats



## Legal Notices

### NOTICE OF SALE

North Carolina, Macon County.

Whereas power of sale was vested in the undersigned trustee by deed of trust from John T. Siler, Eliza Siler and Fannie Siler, to Lucille Pattillo, Trustee for Jones Brothers, dated 16th of November, 1929, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for Macon County in Mortgage Book No. 31, page 362, to secure the payment of Three hundred thirty dollars, and whereas default has been made in the payment of the above amount, and the holders of said note having requested the undersigned trustee to exercise the power of sale vested in her by said deed of trust;

I will, therefore, by virtue of the power of sale by said deed of trust in me vested on Monday the 14th day of October, 1931 at twelve o'clock noon, sell at the court house door in Franklin, North Carolina, at public auction to the highest bidder for cash the following described property:

Situate in Cartoogechaye Township, Macon County, State of North Carolina, and described as follows: All the land described in a deed from W. C. Siler and Rose Siler Thomas H. Siler and Linnie Siler and G. G. Phillips and wife, Louis Phillips, to J. T. Siler and Eliza Siler, dated Sept. 7, 1922, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for Macon County, North Carolina, in Book of Deeds J 4 page 14.

This 15th day of September, 1931  
LUCILLE PATTILLO, Trustee  
S24-4tc-J&J-015

### NOTICE OF SALE

By virtue of power of sale contained in a deed of trust from James Henry Fox and wife, L. L. Fox to the undersigned trustee, to secure the sum of \$350.00 to John E. Rickman, Trustee, dated the 27th day of January, 1930, and recorded the 8th day of April, 1930, in Book No. 31 of Mortgages and Deeds of Trust, page 312, Office Register Deeds for Macon County, and default having been made in the payment of the second and third notes secured by said deed of trust and the said John E. Rickman, Trustee, under the authority given in said deed of trust having declared all of the said notes now due and payable, and on demand of the holder of said notes, I will on Saturday the 7th day of November, 1931, at 12 o'clock noon at the Court house door in the town of Franklin and County of Macon, sell at public auction for cash the following described lands:

In Sugarfork Township, Macon County, North Carolina, BEGINNING at a large white oak, and old corner now down, and runs North 10 East 28 poles to a hickory, Hedden's corner; Then North 34 East with Stiwinter's line 60 poles to a lynn; Then South 50 East 65 poles with Stiwinter's line to a large double spanish oak, James' corner; Then N 80 East

with James' line 62 poles to a white oak; Then South 47 poles to a hickory; South 29 1-2 West 27 poles to a small ash; South 9 West 28 poles to a hickory; South 45 East 14 poles to a chestnut in an old line; South 45 West 70 poles to a locust; Then West 80 poles to a chestnut; Then North 16 poles to a stake; Then West 20 poles to a stake; Then North 23 poles to a stake; Then West 16 poles to a stake; Then North 41 West 11 poles to a hickory; Then North 26 poles to a chestnut, Hedden's corner; Then East with Hedden's line 26 poles to a stake; Then North 58 poles to the beginning. Containing 85 acres, more or less.

Said sale made to satisfy the notes secured by said deed of trust. This the 6th day of October, 1931.  
R. D. SISK, Trustee.  
08-4tc-JER-029

### NOTICE OF SALE

North Carolina, Macon County.

Whereas power of sale was vested in the undersigned trustee by deed of trust executed by Walter Potts and wife, Sarah Potts, dated September 1, 1928, and registered in the office of the Register of Deeds for Macon County in Book No. 1 of B & L records, page 70, to secure the payment of \$1,000, payable to the Macon County Building and Loan Association at the maturity of the eleventh series of the capital stock of said Macon County Building and Loan Association, said deed of trust stipulating that the makers of said deed of trust would on Saturday of each week pay to the Macon County Building & Loan Association the weekly interest on the said sum of \$1,000 at the rate of six per cent per annum until the eleventh series of stock of the Macon County Building and Loan Association should become due, and also stipulating that the makers of said note would on Saturday of each week pay to said Association the weekly installment of \$2.50 on ten shares of the capital stock of the Association until the same should reach the par value of \$1,000, and that in the event of default being made on said weekly interest and on the weekly dues on ten shares of the capital stock of said Association, as aforesaid, that all sums due by the makers of said note to said Association would at once become due and payable whatever the date of maturity expressed therein, and the makers of said deed of trust now being due the said Association the sum of \$51.34 on account of the above mentioned deed of trust, and the said Association having declared the full sum of \$1,000.00 in addition thereto due and payable;

I will, therefore, by virtue of the power of sale by said deed of trust in me vested on Monday, the 2nd day of November, 1931 at twelve o'clock noon sell at the Court house door in Franklin, N. C., at public auction to the highest bidder for cash the following described property:

Lot No. 4 in Block No. 4 of a subdivision in the Town of Franklin, N. C., known as Bonny Crest, as per survey and may made by D. Conger in the month of August, 1908, which said map was duly recorded in the Register's office for Macon County, N. C., in Book B-3, pages 70 and 71, to which map reference is hereby made for a more particular and fuller description of the lot hereby conveyed.

Also ten shares of the eleventh series of the capital stock of Macon County B & L Association, in the name of Walter Potts.

This 2nd day of October, 1931.  
R. S. JONES, Trustee.  
08-4tc-J&J-029

### NOTICE OF SALE

North Carolina, Macon County.

By virtue of the power of sale vested in the undersigned trustee by Deed of Trust bearing date of the 8th day of April, 1920, and registered in the office of the Register of Deeds for Macon County in Book 24 of Mortgages and Deeds of Trust, page 594, said Deed of Trust being given to secure the payment of four bonds of even date thereof, each in the sum of \$4,000.00 and default having been made in the payment of the debt by which said deed of trust secured, and the holder of one of said bonds having demanded that the undersigned exercise the power of sale in said Deed of Trust above set forth;

I will, therefore, on Monday, the 2nd day of November, 1931, at twelve o'clock noon, at the Court House door in Franklin, North Carolina, sell to the highest bidder for cash, the following described property:

All that tract, piece or lot of land situate, lying and being in the Town of Franklin, in Macon County, North Carolina, and known as the Hotel Jarrett lot and bounded on the North by Main Street and the lot of W. H. Higgins, and on the East by the lots of W. H. Higgins and of Joseph Ashear, and on the South by Palmer Street and on the West by the lots formerly owned by Porter and Higdon, and by Porter, Higdon and Horn, the same being all that portion of the lands described in a deed from R. H. Jarrett and N. C. Jarrett his wife, and R. F. Jarrett and Sarah C. Jarrett, his wife, to H. H. Jarrett, dated July 16th, 1906, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Macon County, in Book "WV" page 521, of which the said H. H. Jarrett died seized and possessed, said lot being the one on which the said Hotel Jarrett stands, and more fully bounded and described in certain deeds, one from the heirs at law of said H. H. Jarrett to said W. L. McCoy, and one from Minnie B. Jarrett, Gdn. of Annie Jarrett, to said McCoy.

This 1st day of October, 1931.  
HENRY G. ROBERTSON, Trustee.  
08-4tc-BoF-029