THE OBSERVER.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

SATURDAY, JUNE 13, 1896

E. J. HALE, Editor and Proprietor.

E. J. HALE, Jr., Business Manager.

THE TRUE PLAN.

Every day brings evidence that the drift of circumstances is forcing the Democratic party in the counties to adopt the identical plan for recovery of power which the OBSERVER so persistently urged upon the party in the State at large a year ago. That is, to invite the Populists back with the simple requirement that they vote the State and county tickets, and be free to act as circumstances required in respect to the national ticket if we should fail to give them a silver candidate for President on a silver platform. The plan was adopted by the New Hanover executive committee the other day and is being largely followed in the other counties.

The OBSERVER proposed that plan as the substitute as well as the antidote to fusion, (to which the OBSERVER was radically opposed.) It seems, as we look back now, incredible that sane men should have objected to our proposition. We were in the minority because of the desertion of the Populists. A minority, so long as it remains a minority, is valueless. How could a minority be changed—that was the problem that has confronted us ever since '92, certainly ever since '94-how could a minority be changed back to a majority! Plainly, by securing recruits from the majority. What recruits? There was no other field than that of our late brethren and co-workers, the Populists. A Republican, of course, could not become a Democrat, because they differ radically.

If these things be so, by what means could we secure a union with our former brethren? Manifestly in one of but two ways: Either we must fuse, or we must induce a sufficient number of Populists to return to our own party. The OBSERVER was opposed to fusion, in toto, because it necessitated (1) a sacrifice of principle to some degree, and (2) it tended to perpetuate the very system which has been defeating the Democratic party, viz: the trading between factions of the party for the spoils of office.

Events have drifted, and here we are in the midst of the campaign with no plan agreed upon for a State policy.

If wisdom rules the hour, it is not too late yet to recover the lost opportunity. Fortune has greatly favored us in the nomination of Russell and in the probability that Chicago will declare for silver. Let the convention at Raleigh that meets on the 25th inst, address itself to measures for recovering the rank and file of the Populists and bringing out the kicking Democrats. This may necessitate a radical change in the management of the party; but it remains certain that a minority cannot win an election, and the management should be willing to sacrifice itself in order to save the party and the State.

"To Disorganize the Regular Democratic Party."

Charlotte Observer.

We have received from some unknown friend a copy of a silver circular, printed on the letter head of the "American Silver Organization," Mr. J. J. Mott, chairman, Corcoran building, Washington. The date of the circular is not given, nor is it signed, so that we do not know who issues it. nor is it exactly clear to whom it is issued: but the following paragraph, bearing upon the silver convention to be held at St. Louis on the 21nd of July, has more that a passing interest:

different States of the South especially, it | the Democratic nominee.

will tend to disorganize the regular Democratic party in those States, and will force the conviction upon the politicans that they must act independently for silver or go out of politics."

There is nothing particularly new in this but it has its value as cumulative evidence. We have long ago discerned in many of the free corners what we conceive to be a greater desire to disrupt the Democratic party in the Southern States than to promote the cause of free coinage. In the quotation, above, from this circular, nothing, it will be observed, is said about using the silver wedge to split the Republican party in the West. The confessed consideration is to "disorganize the regular Democratic party" in the South.

Free coinage men who are still sincerely Democrats would do well to keep their eyes on some of their allies.

The Cause of Heavy Declines in Bank Clearings.

New York Financial News

A business man can at any time easily ascertain for himself by referring to the Manual of Statistics if the bank clearings of, say, five years back were greater or less than in 1895. What most always a merchant, a banker, or speculator desires to know is the real cause or causes that have effected any important changes in bank clearings. Referring to this subject The Journal of Commerce says: "The year 1891 was without any national election, and it was immediately after the enactment of a tariff law that was to keep foreign goods out of the country and usher in prosperity; but it was a bad year for business, and the bank clearings dropped off nearly four billions." Then came (in 1893) the panic and a heavy fall for two years. Referring to the first part of the above quotation, it is generally admitted by those familiar with the laws that govern commerce, finance and exchange that we had reached the culminating point of active trade and high prices in 1891, which commenced in 1889, and was greatly benefited by the enactment of the Sherman bill, by slightly increasing the volume of money -real money-accelerated trade to quite some extent; in fact, some of our prom inent financiers claim that the only thing that saved this country from this panic which was sweeping over Europe in 1891 was the knowledge that the volume of money was increasing at the rate of \$4,-

500,000 a month. Reading between the lines of the article from The Journal of Commerce it will be observed that it desires to give the impression that the tariff was the cause of the heavy declines in bank clearings, that it was due to the change of the tariff. As to the heavy fall in clearings for two years (1894 and 1895), they were due to the inconceivable and monstrous crime of contracting the currency when a brave and energetic people were going through a period of liquidation, struggling against fate, and from which they have not yet recovered. The great masses of our people to-day, however, are determined that henceforth there shall be no more contraction of the volume of money, but an expansion, which means civilization and prosperity to all.

How Cleveland Is Eliminated

Baltimore Sun.l

For a year, at least among Democrats, the main interest centered around Mr. Cleveland, and the query in the mouth of every one was, What will he do? Newspapers in various sections, of prominence and influence, were calling upon Mr. Cleveland day by day to enunciate his position. Senators and members on the Democratic side were intensely anxious to catch some sound from him as to his intentions, for it seemed to be an accepted fact that the question of the Presidential nomination must hinge to a great degree upon Mr. Cleveland's wishes and intentions. Frequent efforts were made by persons who visited the White House to draw some expression from Mr. Cleveland which would indicate the position he proposed to occupy. All this interest has vanished. The present situation renders, so it is said, the attitude of Mr. Cleveland altogether inconsequential. The control of the Chicago convention, which, it is now conceded, will rest in the hands of men who are largely his personal enemies and who are diametrically opposed to him on the issues which the country will be called to pass upon in November, makes this certain. Therefore the name of Mr. Cleveland will be eliminated absolutely "If this convention is so organized in the from all calculations or speculations as to

MONUMENTS

-AND-

TOMBSTONES

BUILT, CLEANED AND POLISHED

IN MOST ARTISTIC STYLE.

PRETTIEST - DESIGNS.

Old or Most Discolored Monument or Tombstone restored to its original color and purity.

Best of References given to leading men of the Southern States.

Parties desiring anything in the line of Monuments, Tombstones, Copings, or any other Cemetery Work, will do well to call on the undersigned, who can be found at the La-Fayette Hotel from 8 to 10 o'clock A. M., and from 5 to 7 o'lock P. M., on all business days.

S. E. BROWN.

COMMISSIONERS' SALE

Valuable Store and Lot.

By virtue of an order of the Superior Court of Cumberland County in a cause entitled "R. M. Nimocks vs. J. W. Sellars and J. T. Sellars, &c.," the undersigned will sell at public auction the Store-House No. 43 on the North-side of Person Street, in Fayetteville, and the lot on which same is located, bounded on East by J. W. McRae lot, on West by C. F. McRae lot, on the North by Old Street, and on South by Person Street.

Time of sale, Monday, July 6th, 1896, at 12

Place of sale, Court House door of Cumber-

land County. Terms of sale, One-fourth cash, balance in three months with approved security. Title reserved.

GEO. M. ROSE,) Commis-H. McD. ROBINSON, sioners. d99-wmay28-ts

PUBLIC NOTICE.

NORTH CAROLINA, \ \ Treasurer's CUMBERLAND COUNTY. Office.

At the June meeting of the Board of County Commissioners it was ordered:

That the Treasurer of said County be directed to call in of the outstanding indebtedness of Cumberland County Two Thousand dollars (\$2,000) of the debt known as the "Bridge Bond" debt, and that no interest thereon will be allowed or paid by said County

from and after July 4th, 1896. In accordance with said order the holders of "Bridge Bonds" Nos. 48, 44 and 49 of the denomination of Five Hundred dollars (\$500) each and Nos. 82, 83, 37, 4 and 27 of the denomination of One Hundred dollars (\$100) each are hereby notified that the same have been drawn by lot, and are called in for redemption and payment, and they will present the same to the undersigned at his office, either in person or by attorney on or before the 4th day of July, 1896, for redemption and payment, and if they fail to do so no interest

J. B. TROY, June 2, 1896. County Treasurer.

will be paid on same after above date.

Notice of Sale Under Mortgage.

By virtue of the power and authority given by a certain Deed of Mortgage, executed by Daniel L. Murphy to J. B. Broadfoot, now held by G. W. Kidder, which is recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for Cumberland County, in Book R., No. 4, Page 561, the following property will be exposed to sale by public auction, viz: Beginning at a stake in the western margin of Orange street, 57 feet from Chauncey street and running thence west—parallel with Chauncey street 137 feet to a stake in Mary Nelson's line; thence N. 57 feet to the corner; thence east, parallel with the first line and Chauncey street 137 feet to Orange street; thence with Orange street south 57 feet to the beginning.

Place of sale: Court House, Fayetteville,

Time of sale: Monday, June 29, 1896, at 11 o'clock.

Terms of sale: Cash.

GEO. W. KIDDER, per N. W. RAY, Att'y.

WANTED-AN IDEA Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your ideas; they may bring you wealth. Write JOHN WEDDER-BURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, O. C., for their \$1,800 prize offer. ICE! ICE !

FAYETTEVILLE

Are now prepared to furnish Ice at their new quarters, Welsh Building, Franklin Street.

DELIVERED AT ALL HOURS.

In almost every line of merchandise there is an acknowledged standard of excellence Let pianos be mentioned, or sewing machines, or bicycles, or baking powder, and instantly some one pre-eminent name presents itself to the mind. If flour is spoken of you think at

Send Your Orders to

E. RANKIN CO.

NORTH CAROLINA, Superior Court, CUMBERLAND COUNTY. | May Term, 1896

Maggie Baxley,) Publication in Lieu of Summons, for non-resident Elias Baxley. defendant.

Action for Divorce.

It appearing to the Court that the defendant Elias Baxley is a non-resident, and that service of summons cannot be had upon him in this county or State, under and by virtue of an order made at this term of the Court, the said Elias Baxley is hereby notified to appear at the next term of the Superior Court of Cumberland County, N. C., beginning on the 6th Monday before the 1st Monday in September, 1896, (the same being the 27th day of July next) and answer the complaint of the plaintiff which is deposited in the Clerk's office of said Court, or demur or plead to the same, or judgment will be demanded for the plaintiff according to the prayer of the com-

This 1st day of June, 1896. CYRUS MURPHY, 105-oaw-6w] Clerk of said Court.

President Isaac Lewis of Sabina. Ohio, is highly respected all through that section. He has lived in Clinton Co. 75 years, and has been president of the Sabina Bank 20 years. The gradly testifies to the merit of Hood's Sarsaparilla, and what he says is worthy attention. All brain workers find Hood's Sarsaparilla peculiarly adapted to their needs. It makes pure, rich, red blood, and from this comes nerve, mental, bodily and digestive strength.

"I am glad to say that Hood's Sarsaparilla is a very good medicine, especially as a blood purifier. It has done me good many times. For several years I suffered greatly with pains of

Neuralgia

in one eye and about my temples, especially at night when I had been having a hard day of physical and mental labor. I took many remedies, but found help only in Hood's Sarsaparilla which cured me of rheumatism, neuralgia and headache. Hood's Sarsaparilla has proved itself a true friend. I also take Hood's Pills to keep my bowels regular, and like the pill very much." ISAAC LEWIS, Sabina, Ohio.

Hoods Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All drug ista, \$1. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

are prompt, efficient and Hood's Pills easy in offect wo cents.