

VOL. XI.

MARSHALL, N. C., FRIDAY, AUGUST 6, 1909.

NORTH STATE NEWS NOTES Items of State Interest Gathered from Here and There and

Told Briefly for Busy Readers. -----

Exhibits Wireless 'Phone.

Rejoicing at Albemarle.

Charlotte, Special .-- Mr. I. W. Gregory, representing the Collins tablished offices in the Reality building and will make Charlotte his headquarters for the district of North and South Carolina. Mr. Gregory has been giving interested spectators demonstrations in this new device which has just recently reached such a state of perfection that it Carolinas. Without any wire couclosed, Mr. Gregory has been demonstrating the effectiveness of his system by talking from one room to 4 person across the hall in another room. Every word that he uttered could be heard perfectly and all the advantages of the ordinary telephone system can be commanded with the new device.

Mr. Gregory will be glad to give demonstrations to any who are in any way interested in such a system.

Jennings, a prosperous farmer of this tice N. R. Parker placed under a the charge of having carnal knowan orphan of the Streater Home of authorities have announced that they will help to prosecute the case. Solicitor Ward is taking considerable interest in the case. He was represented at the hearing by Attorney Grimes, his law partner. The Marshall girl is now an inmate of the County Home, where it is said she he acquires license rights for the use took refuge on account of bad treat-

Albemarle, Special.-The streets teemed with people here Tuesday Wireless Telephone System, has es- night until near midnight celebrating the success in the bond election. Albemarle's two excellent cornet bands played their best. The citizens, both young and old, seemed to be elated over the victory. And the triumphant feeling was not confined to the citizens who voted for bonds only, but the leaders of the defeated opposers were out with "the boys," is rapidly growing into popular favor seemingly enjoying the occasion. Mr. and usage. Mr. Gregory will also E. M. Asbury, who owns one-half interest in the present water-works, tion to acting as sales agent for the speaking to the writer, said that he was now ready to push the town's interest with all his might and use nection and with doors completely every effort to make the bond issue a success, just as though he had voted for the bonds. With the opposers of the bond issue taking this stand and pulling with the same energy as those who were for bonds, unruffled by defeat, in the language of Rev. George H. Atkinson, at the recent mass meeting, "Watch Albemarle Advance."

Boys Fire Into Train.

High Point, Special .- Miss Alice Shaw, a High Point lady, had a nar-Charged With Awful Crime. Elizabeth City, Special.—Scipio pistol handled by several careless boys whizzed through the car window only a few inches from her head. Miss county, was Wednesday afternoon in Shaw was on her way to Aberdeen a preliminary hearing before Jus- and just as the train reached the water tank, about a mile from the bond of \$1,750 for his appearance at station, the shooting took place. Sevthe next term of Superior Court upon eral boys between the ages of 10 and 15 years were loafing about the tank and one of this number fired the reledge of a girl under fourteen years volver. As the train passed a single of age. The girl is Ruth Marshall, report was heard, accompanied by a crash of glass and several screams. Greensboro. She has been an inmate The bullet struck the window just of Jennings' mother's home for the where Miss Shaw's head would have past four years Jennings is about been had she been leaning forward a 35 years old and is unmarried. The little. As it was she was reclining a case is exciting the liveliest interest little in the seat and the ball passed and much comment. The point of only a few inches from her forehead. contention is the age of the girl. It The police were notified at once and is claimed by the prosecution that a rush squad was sent, which arrestshe is under fourteen. The asylum ed five boys and marched them back to town.

Gold Mining.

New York, Special.—Maj. John F. Jones, of Blacksburg, S. C., Wednes-day signed contracts with the Payne Electric Dredge Company whereby took refuge on account of bad treat- of their system of dredges on some ment at Jennings' home, after her 2,000 acres of gold and monaziteis 300 bearing lands in Golden Valley, Rutherford County, North Carolina. The plant will be established immediately. Major Jones has tested the new system and finds the yield \$30 in gold to the cubic foot. The monazite, garnets and sircon yielded amounts up to several dollars to each yard. Engineers estimate there are 20,000,000 cubic yards to be dredged, all of which will yield a like amount. The plant to be installed will handle 2,000 yards daily.

Senate Amendments Practi-

THE NEW TARIFF BILI

cally Stand.

THE HOUSE ADOPTS REPORT

Bates Compared With Paine Bill and Also With Dingley Bill-Rates Raised Where Protection Was Insufficient and Lowered Where Prohibitive.

Washington, Special .-- Practically all the administrative features of the tariff bill which were adopted in the Senate were accepted by the conferees. They include a new maximum and minimum feature, a corporation tax law, instead of the inheritance tax adopted by the House, authorization for a bond issue to raise money to build the Panama Canal, and numerous other matters.

Maximum and Minimum.

The maximum and minimum provision prescribes duties in accordance with the rates named in the dutiable list until March 31, 1910, when 25 per cent. ad valorem is to be added automatically, as the maximum duty. The President is authorized to apply the minimum rates, however, to imports from a country which gives its best rates to the products of the United States, and is made the judge as to whether a foreign country accords to the United States treatment which is reciprocal and equivalent. When he finds that this condition exists he is to issue a proclamation putting in effect the minimum rates, and until the time of th proclamation the maximum rates will apply.

Abrogation of Treaties. The President is empowered to abrogate those reciprocity treaties which can be terminated by diplomatic action. It is made his duty to give ten days' notice after the bill becomes a law of his intention to bring those treaties to an end.

Trade With Philippines.

The Philippine free trade provision, which was considerably elaborated by the Senate, provides for the free importation of all articles "the growth or product of or manufactured in the Philippine Islands from material the growth or product of the Philippine Islands or the United States, or both, or which do not contain foreign materials to the value of more than 20 per cent. of their total value." Rice is the only excep-tion to the free provisions, but restrictions are placed upon sugar and tobacco. The free importation of sugar is limited to 300,000 tons a year. On wrapper and filler tobacco when mixed, the annual limitation

increase on razors, nippers and pliers, and on such new metals as tungsten. Lumber and Cotton. order, he gave, first, the increases Rough lumber goes down, from \$2 and then the decreases. The figures, to \$1.25 per 1,000 feet, with a corre-

sponding reduction in the differential on dressed lumber The entire cotton schedule was reconstructed, and the phraseology changed in the hope of preventing reductions through decisions by the

courts, such as have characterized the administration of the Dingley law during latter days.

In many instances the rates in-tended to be imposed by the Dingley law were cut by these decisions, the reductions in some instances being from 60 per cent, to 8 per cent., ad valorem. It is estimated that the rates fixed by the bill are about 3 per cent, higher upon an average than those collected on cottons last year. The rates on cotton hosiery are generally increased.

In the much-contested matter of the rate on gloves, the high protectionists fail to score.

Wines and Liquors. Sugar and tobacco duties remain

substantially as they are under the Dingley law. There is a uniform increase on

spirits, wines and liquors of 15 per. cent. There is an increase in lemons.

figs, almonds and pineapples. Common window glass of the

lower sizes, in which the imports are heavy, is given a reduction, and where changes were made in the chemical schedule there was a general decrease except upon such artieles as fancy soaps and perfumes, which were increased.

Wood Pulp and Print Paper. The publishers win their fight for lower wood pulp and print paper, the rate on the ordinary new print paper being fixed at \$3.75 per ton instead of \$6, as under the Dingley law, and on the higher grades of print paper at \$3.75 instead of \$8. Mechanically ground wood pulp is to come in free of duty instead of paying 1-12 of a cent a pound as under the Dingley law, but provision is made for a countervailing duty in case it becomes necessary to protect this country against Canada's inhibitations upon

the exportations of woods to the United States. Hides and Leather Goods.

Hides of cattle come in free, and there is a corresponding reduction on leather and leather goods. The House rates are practically retained on sole leather, leather for uppers, boots and shoes and harness, but the free hide provision is based on the condition that on and after October 1, 1909, sole leather from the hides that are to be admitted free will pay a duty of 5 per cent.; grain, buff and split made from such hides, 10 per cent., hooks is made." harness and saddlery. 20 per

in all cases, were comparisons with the Dingley law. In Schedule A, relating to chemicals, he gave the increase as follows: Liquid anhydrous ammonia from 25 per cent. ad valorem to 5 cents per pound.

Relating to Chemicals.

Taking up the schedules in their

Manufactures of collodion incresed 5 per cent. Coca leaves increased 5 cents per

pound. Fancy soaps increased from 15

cents pound to 50 per cent, ad valorem.

The list of decreases in this schedule was much longer, the principal items being as follows:

Boracic acid from 5 to 2 cents per pound. Chromic acid and lactic acid from

3 to 2 cents per pound.

Salicylic asid from 10 to 5 cents per pound.

Tannic acid or tannin from 50 to 35 cents per pound. Sulphate of ammonia from 3-10

cent per pound to the free list.

Borax from 5 to 2 cents per pound. Borate of lime and other borate material from 4 to 2 cents per pound. Chloroform from 20 to 10 cents per pound.

Copperas from 1-4 cent to 15-100 of 1 cent per pound.

Iodoform from \$1 to 75 cents per pound.

Licorice from 41-2 to 21-2 cents per pound.

Cottonseed oil and cotton oil from the dutiable to the free list.

Flaxseed, linseed and poppyseed oil from 20 to 15 cents per gallon. Peppermint oil from 50 to25 cents per gallon.

Ocher and ochery earths, sienna unber earths, and umber and umber earths, if ground in oil, or water, from 1 1-2 to 1 cent per pound.

Varnishes from 35 per cent, to 25 per cent. ad valorem.

Methylated and spirit varnishes from \$1.32 per gallon and 35 per cent, ad valorem to 35 cents per gallon and 35 per cent. ad valorem.

. G. A. Kimball Short \$15,000. ...

Southern Pines, Special.-Saturday morning the officers of the Citizens' Bank and Trust Company posted the following notice on the front of the bank building, and soon after the doors opened to receive depositors who brought their pass books for settlement:

"There appears to be a shortage of about \$15,000 in the accounts of George A. Kimball, cashier, and the bank examiners are here. We cannot leather, 71-2 per cent.; boots and give accurate information or details shoes, the upper leather of which is until a complete auditing of the

Items Gathered and Told While You Hold Your Breath.

SNAPPY AND BRIE

NO. 31.

SOME EVERY DAY HAPPENINGS

Lively and Crisp as They Are Garnered From the Fields of Action at Home and Abroad.

The railroad commissioners of Kansas are notifying the railroads that they must enforce the antidrinking act of the legislature, making it unlawful to drink on trains.

Lewis Einback, at Newport News, set his grapophone to going last Sunday morning while his wife was anxious to steep some more. When he refused to stop it she shet him with a number 22 rifle through the arm. He repeated his crime in the afternoon and she sent a pistol ball into his leg.

Just as John P. Rodel, 67 years old, had put a noose over his neck to hang himself at Philadelphia last Sunday he fell dead.

A club of eight girls in Cleveland, Ohio, have formed a compact, it seems, to commit suicide. One 17-year-old, Rebecca Bonshek, has kept the compact and Esther Stromberg, who revealed the fact strongly intimates that she will be the next. Reading abnormal literature is at the bottom of it.

Jeremiah Hunter and Solomon Lancaster, of Cumberland, Md., recently saved the life of a cow by amputating her injured leg and made her a wooden leg on which she gets about measurably well.

Senator Stone, of Missouri, feeling himself insulted by a negro waiter on the train, struck him. Magistrate Grannon, in Baltimore, exonerated him from blame when he heard the evidence Wednesday and dismissed the case.

At Atlanta, Ga., a dog is kept in prison as an important witness to form a link in the chain of identity of its owner, charged with grave crime. It seems the identity of the dog is unquestionable while that of its owner has an element of doubt.

Women missionaries find it not practical to do missionary work in Chinatown, New York, the wroughtup condition probably being the outgrowth of the Elsie Sigel tragedy.

Expert alienists pronounce Harry Thaw sane.

In the late Gulf storm a fishing vessel was caught. An enormous wave swept five men off but another wave landed two back on deck, leaving three to drown. Mrs. Elizabeth Taylor Dandridge,

unfortunate condition was learned.

Team Struck by Train.

Charlotte, Special .- Two sons of Mr. J. A. Berryhill and a young negro driver narrowly escaping instant death when a team which they were driving was struck by the Southern's fast northbound train No. 36, at the Dowd crossing west of the city. The little negro was doing the driving and when he pulled up on the track and observed that the train was bearing down upon him, an effort was made to pull the team from the track. One mule could not be taken from the path of the train and it was knocked about 30 feet, being almost instantly killed. The other mule ceeded in escaping without injury.

The 'railroad track passes through the driver of the wagon could discern the extremely hazardous predicament.

Two Fires in Lincoln County.

Lincolnton, Special .- This section was visited by two disastrous fires Saturday night. At Ore Bank, about 9 miles east of Lincolnton, Mr. George Mullan's barn was burned, together with three horses and a lot of machinery and a quantity of grain. Another fire the same night de-stroyed the dwelling house of Mr. John Hull, near Ramseur's Mill.

Lineman Electrocuted.

Durham, Special .-- Emmet R. Rigsbee, a lineman of the Durham Traework on a pole on the corner of Peabody and Queen streets in the southeastern part of the city. Rigshee was 28 years old and had

been married about four years.

Traction Company workers can assign no reason for the seeming boughtlessness that led Rigsbee to bring himself in contract with the when when it was so far above his

Will Build Cotton Seed Oil Mill at Mount Olive.

Mount Olive, Special.-Arrangements have been completed for the erection of a cotton seed oil mill in Mount Olive which is expected to be was practically unhurt. The sons of in operation for this season's crush. Mr. Berryhill leaped from the rear of It will be a modern two-press mill the wagon and the negro driver suc- costing about \$40,000 and will be built by the Southern States Cotton Oil and Refining Company, Wilminga deep cut just as it approaches this ton. This is one of the chain of crossing and neither the engineer nor mills which this company expects to erect to furnish crude oil to its refinery at Wilmington and we predict success for this mill from the start.

New Industry For Mount Olive.

Mount Olive, Special.—The Mount Olive Manufacturing Company has just been organized here with a capital of \$20,000 for the purpose of manufacturing fruit an dtruck packagés on an extensive scale. The stockholders are J. R. Bell and L. A. Bird, of the Bell Lumber Company; H. C. Hatcher and Capt. J. H. Pierce, They expect to begin operations about August 15.

Girls Drowned in Wilson's Creek.

Lenoir, Special .-- One of the saddest accidents that has occurred in bee, a lineman of the Durham Trac-tion Company, was instantly killed the Misses Mabel Getz and Nannie here Monday afternoon while at Bailey, which occurred late Thursday afternoon at Mortimer.

A number of girls were in the stream bathing while several elderly ladies were on the banks. The un-fortunate girls got strangled in ter about, waist deep and were carried by the swift current into water over their heads . Efforts to rescue them came near adding to the fatality. Till men arrived and secured the bodies it was too late, life was extinct.

000 pounds; on filler tobacc 1,000,000 pounds, and on cigars, 150,-000,000.

Tax on Tobacco.

The internal revenue tax on tobacco is amended, making the rates on chewing and smoking tobacco 8 cents a pound. No change was made in the tax on cigars, except those increased from 54 to 75 cents per 1.000. The rates on cigarettes were increased to \$1.25 per 1,000. A prohibition against the use of coupons or special gift pledges is incorporated in the new law.

The provision granting farmers the free sale of leaf-tobacco places a restriction on the retail dealer which requires him to record every sale amounting to two pounds or more to one person in one day. A number of other ironelad requirements included in the redraft of this section, as adopted by the conference committee, are intended to prevent any frauds upon the internal revenues and at the same time give as much of a local market as possible to the tobacco grower.

Corporation Tax.

Every corporation, joint stock company, or association organized for profit, and every insurance company is required to pay annually an excise tax of 1 per cent. upon its net income over and above \$5,000. This feature was put into the bill to raise additional revenues to apply on the Treasury deficit.

It is estimated that \$20,000,000 to \$30,000,000 a year will be collected under this new form of Federal taxation.

The Metal Schedule.

Probably the most marked reductions throughout any schedule in the bill as a result of the action of the two houses and of the conference committees, are found in the metal schedule. Beginning with a decrease in the rate of iron ore of 40 to 15 cents per ton, there is a general reduction throughout that portion of the bill, pig iron going down from \$4 to \$2.50 per ton, and scrap iron from \$4 to \$1. The reduction on many of the items in this schedule amounts to about 50 per cent., and this reduction includes steel rails. There is an increase on structural ficient for protection and tations were very great."

cent.

This schedule of rates will result in a reduction of 15 per cent. on boots and shoes, 20 per cent. on harness and saddlery, 15 per cent. on sole leather and 121-2 per cent. on leather for uppers, if made of the hides that are put on the free list by the provision.

Bituminous coal is reduced from 67 cents to 45 cents a ton.

Daniel Wins Fight.

Binding twine is retained on the free list. Cotton ties are made dutiable at three-tenths of a cent per pound and cotton bagging at sixtenths of a cent per square yard. On quebracho, the tanning extract for a stiff dut yon which Senator Daniel made such a strenuous fight, the House rates of one-half and threequarters of a cent per pound are retained, which is almost all that the Virginia Senator asked.

Payne's Analysis.

Mr. Payne's statement in the House included an analysis of the bill, showing both the increase and the decreases, but this detailed presentation was preceded by a general summary, in which he undertook to show the extent of revenue increases and decreases by schedules. According to this showing, the total increases were on consumption value of importations of \$852,512,525, and the total decreases in consumption value . amounting to \$4,978,122,124. In this preliminary statement Mr. Payne said that he had made an investigation based on the census returns of 1905, showing the amount of domestic consumption of articles upon which duties have been raised, and also the articles upon which duties have been lowered by the bill as finally reported from the confer-ence committee. This had been done because comparisons have been made

tions, he said. "Dutles," he continued, "hace been lowered where they were too high under the present law, some times prohibitive in character, and for that reason the importations were comparatively small. On the other hand, they have been raised in some instances where the tariff was insuf-ficient for protection and the impor-

Two Towns Were Destroyed.

Mexico City, Special .- The recent series of earthquakes in the valley of Mexico and along the Pacific coast were the worst experienced in many years. It is now certain that the towns of Acapulco and Chilpaneingo have been practically destroyed. What the carthquake of Friday failed to do was accomplished by the stronger one of Saturday, which either leveled or rendered uninhabitable every building in these places. In

addition to the rain caused by the earthquake, Acapulco faces famine.

House of Commons Bulls.

The House of Commons, as might have been expected, has contributed a fair share to a very amusing collection of "bulls." It was in one of the debates of that body that the late Col. Saunderson described eastern Roumelia as "man enough to take her stand" in defence of a certain threatened right.

An Irish M. P. once declared that of the outrages reported from Ireland three-quarters were exaggerated and half had no foundation in facta statistical computation that remind one of another Irish M. P., who declared excitedly to a group of fellow members: "I want to convince you that there isn't any truth in half the lies they are telling about Ireland."

The biography of Dean Hook recalls a certain minor canon, who used to preach at the Cathedral when Hook was a boy at Winchester school. In one of his sermons there occurred the striking reflection that "what is impossible can never be and very seldom comes to pass.'

Another discourse was long remembered for its pathetic lamentation on the degeneracy of the age: "O tempora! O mores! What times we live in! Little boys and girls run about the streets cursing and swearing before they can either walk or talk!" But the Church of England has no monopoly of these violent contrasts, for it was at a City Temple meeting not many years ago that a speaker exclaimed: "I find my time is already gone. Therefore I will keep within it."-Windsor Magazine.

About 60 per cent of the gold product of the world is handled by Great American minister. Britain.

the third daughter of President Zachary Taylor, and sister of Mrs. Jefferson, Davis, died at her home at. Winchester, Va., last Sunday.

Washington News.

The statues of Robert E. Lee and George Washington, to be presented by Virginia, have arrived at the Capitol.

The Senate and House conferees are said to have reached a practical agreement on all the points at issue: Orville Wright, with Lieutenant Labm as a passenger, broke the world's two-man record for aeroplanes, at Fort Myer, Va., dying at 40 miles an hour for 1 hour 12 minutes 40 seconds Tuesday.

Secretary MacVeagh has begun the work of cleaning out the "dead wood" in the force of the Treasury Department.

The special naval board meeting at Boston is to suggest reforms in firearms and navy yards.

About 15,000 children were given an ice cream treat in Carroll Park by Mr. A. Stanley Brager Tuesday.

President Taft has fixed October 18 as the date of his meeting with President Diaz at El Paso.

Parcels from naval vessels arc hereafter to be carefully examined so as to prevent smuggling of dutiable articles.

A joint monument is to be erected at Washington to commemorate peace after the Civil War by sons veterans, U. S. A. and United Sons of Confederate Veterans.

Foreign Affairs.

Forty thousand workers in paper, woolen, cotton and allied industries in Stockholm, Monday quit their jobs and went on strike.

The British government has decided to build four more battleships this year of a type called paper-Dreadnaughts.

Louis Bleriot, who astonished the world by flying across the English channel in his mono-plane now finds the here worship a worse problem than his plucky but dangerous feat.

The Bolivian archives at Buenos Ayres will be turned over to the

based upon the amount of importa-