

State Librarian

MADISON COUNTY RECORD, Established June 28, 1901. FRENCH BROAD NEWS, Established May 16, 1907. Consolidated, Nov. 2nd, 1911

THE NEWS-RECORD.

The Medium Through which you reach the people of Madison County. Advertising Rates on Application

VOL. XIV. MARSHALL, MADISON COUNTY, N. C., FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 2, 1912. NO. 5.

Directory.

Madison County. Established by the Legislature Session 1850-51. Population, 20,122. County Seat, Marshall. 1846 feet above sea level. New and modern Court House, cost \$22,000.00. New and modern Jail, cost \$15,000.00. New and modern County Home, cost \$10,000.00. Officers: Hon. Jas. L. Hyatt, Senator, 32 District, Burnsville, N. C. Hon. J. C. Ramsey, Representative, Marshall, N. C. W. H. Henderson, Clerk Superior Court, Marshall, N. C. W. M. Buckner, Sheriff, Marshall, N. C. James Smart, Register of Deeds, Marshall, N. C. C. F. Runkin, Treasurer, Marshall, N. C. R. L. Tweed, Surveyor, White Rock, N. C. Dr. J. H. Baird, Coroner, Mars Hill, N. C. Mrs. Eliza Henderson, Jailer, Marshall, N. C. John Honeycutt, Janitor, Marshall, N. C. Dr. C. N. Sprinkle, County Physician, Marshall, N. C. James Haynie, Supt. County Home, Marshall, N. C. Home located about two miles southwest of Marshall. Courts: Criminal and Civil, First Monday before First Monday in March, commencing Feb. 28th, 1912. Civil 11th, Monday after First Monday in March, commences May 20, 1912. Criminal and Civil, First Monday after First Monday in Sept. Commences Sept. 9th, 1912. Civil 6th Monday after First Monday in September. Commences October 14, 1912. BOARDS: County Commissioners: W. C. Sprinkle, Chairman, Marshall, N. C. C. F. Cassada, Member, Marshall, N. C. R. F. D. No. 1. Reubin A. Tweed, Member, Big Laurel, N. C. C. B. Mashburn, Atty., Marshall, N. C. Board meets first Monday in every month. Road Commissioners: A. E. Bryan, Chairman, Marshall, N. C. R. F. D. 2. C. A. Ramsey, Secretary, Mars Hill, N. C. R. F. D. 2. Sam Cox, Member, Mars Hill, N. C. R. F. D. No. 2. G. W. Wild, Big Pine, N. C. Dudley Chipley, Road Engineer, Marshall, N. C. George M. Pritchard, Atty., Marshall, N. C. Board meets first Monday in January, April, July and October each year. Board of Education: Jasper Ebbs, Chairman, Spring Creek, N. C. Thos. J. Murray, Member, Marshall, N. C. R. F. D. No. 3. W. R. Sams, Marshall, N. C. R. F. D. No. 2. Prof. M. C. Buckner, Supt. of Schools, Mars Hill, N. C. R. F. D. No. 2. Board Meets first Monday in January, April, July and October each year. Colleges and High Schools: Mars Hill College, Prof. R. L. Moore, President, Mars Hill, N. C. Fall Term begins August 17, 1911. Spring Term begins January 2, 1912. Spring Creek High School, Prof. G. C. Brown, Principal, Spring Creek, N. C. 8 Mo. School opened August 1, 1911. Madison Seminary High School, Prof. J. M. Weatherly, Principal, Marshall, N. C. R. F. D. No. 2. 7 Mo. School began October 2, 1911. Bell Institute, Miss Margaret E. Griffith, Principal, Walnut, N. C. 8 Mo. School began September 9, 1911. Marshall Academy, Prof. R. G. Anders, Principal, Marshall, N. C. 8 Mo. School began Sept. 4, 1911. Notary Publics: J. C. Ramsey, Marshall, N. C. Term expires Jan. 11, 1912. A. J. Roberts, Marshall, N. C. R. F. D. No. 5. Term expires May 30, 1912. Jasper Ebbs, Spring Creek, N. C. Term expires August 10, 1912. C. C. Brown, Bluff, N. C. Term expires December 6, 1912. J. A. Leck, Reverse, N. C. Term expires January 10, 1913. W. T. Davis, Hot Springs, N. C. Term expires January 10, 1913. J. H. Southworth, Stackhouse, N. C. Term expires January 15, 1913. M. W. Anderson, Palat Fork, N. C. Term expires February 6, 1913. J. H. Hunter, Marshall, N. C. R. F. D. No. 3. Term expires April 1, 1913. J. F. Tison, Marshall, N. C. R. F. D. No. 2. Term expires April 3, 1913. C. J. Ebbs, Marshall, N. C. Term expires April 21, 1913. J. W. Nelson, Marshall, N. C. Term expires April 25, 1913. Roy L. Gudgear, Marshall, N. C. Term expires May 3, 1913. Geo. M. Pritchard, Marshall, N. C. Term expires May 25, 1913. Dudley Chipley, Marshall, N. C. Term expires July 29, 1913. W. O. Connor, Mars Hill, N. C. Term expires November 27, 1913. POST: George W. Gahagan Post, No. 28 C. A. R. S. M. Davis, Commander. J. H. Ballard, Adjutant. Meets at the Court House Saturday before the second Sunday in each month at 11 A. M.

THE TWO STATIONS UNITED IN WORK

WORK OF A. AND M. COLLEGE AND DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE COMBINED.

MADE GREAT FORWARD STEP

Committee of Board of Agriculture and of A. and M. College Agree on Important Change and Combine Experiment Work. Raleigh.—Action, important in the highest degree to the progress and best interest of agricultural education in North Carolina, was taken at a joint meeting of committees of the Board of Agriculture and the A. & M. College. This was for the amalgamation of the work of the North Carolina Experiment Station of the A. & M. College and the Experiment Station of the North Carolina Department of Agriculture. The action taken is a great step towards the final complete union of the experimental work of the A. and M. College and the Department of Agriculture. By reason of the action in the last General Assembly there was appointed a committee to act upon the matter of the co-operation of the A. & M. College and the Department of Agriculture. At recent meetings of the trustees of the college and the Board of Agriculture it was agreed to leave the matter of details and actual combinations for co-operation to committees of both boards, with plenty of power. The report of a sub-committee was made at a session held several days ago. This was that the Experiment Station of the Agricultural Department will be combined with the North Carolina Experiment station of the A. & M. College, this to be located in the buildings and farm now devoted to the use of the North Carolina Experiment Station near the college. All work along experimental and investigational lines formerly carried on by the Department of Agriculture and by the North Carolina Experiment station will be transferred to the new station. This will make available about \$30,000 now provided by the United States government for North Carolina. Board Scores Another Victory. The board of school commissioners of Charlotte scored another victory over the board of aldermen when Judge C. C. Lyon signed an order in mandamus proceedings heard before him, requiring the parent body to turn over into the hands of the school board for expenditure the entire issue of bonds to the extent of \$100,000. This is the second step in the victory claimed by the board of school commissioners, Judge Adams having formerly signed an order which upheld the contentions of this board that it had the power, under the charter, to select school sites and erect school buildings with the funds made possible by the bond issue. To Make Report On Vance Status. Governor Kitchin and Col. J. Bryan Grimes, back from Washington, say that they accomplished very satisfactory results in their investigation of the situation at the national capitol in the matter of looking into the question of the requirements in the installation of a statue for Senator Vance in Statuary Hall. They will make their report to the Council of State in a few days and some definite steps in the matter of the selection of the artist and awarding the contract for the installation of the statue will be taken. May Close Port of New Bern. During the past week or two there has been a rumor afloat in New Bern that the Department of War at Washington is contemplating abolishing New Bern as a port of entry and combining it with Elizabeth City, Wilmington and Beaufort, and making Beaufort the port of entry for all these places. Craven County Fair Association. Although but little has been said during the past few weeks in regard to Craven county's fair association, the committees in charge of the various departments have been busily engaged in securing subscriptions. The directors met at the office of Mr. J. Leon Williams, secretary of the chamber of commerce, and drew up the necessary papers for the incorporation of the association, which they will send to Raleigh to have incorporated. The authorized capital of the association will be \$50,000. To Discuss Strawberry Growing. A meeting of importance and great interest to the agriculturists of Pasquotank and Camden counties will be held in Elizabeth City February 1st, when the subject of strawberry growing will be discussed. The meeting will be held in the county court house and all farmers and others interested in agriculture are urged to attend. It is a great opportunity for the Pasquotank and Camden farmers and they should attend and post themselves upon the advantages of planting strawberries.

LOOKING FOR GOOD LOCATION

Farmers' Union Committee Visiting Cities Best Located For Central Warehouse.

Wilmington.—The committee of the Farmers' Union, named to locate the central or general warehouse to be established by the organization, spent a day and night in Wilmington, looking over the advantages this city has to offer. The committee goes to Greensboro from here, and will make another trip to Charlotte and Raleigh before finally deciding upon the location of the warehouse. Wilmington, it is thought, stands a good show of getting the warehouse. At a meeting of the chamber of commerce Mr. Hugh MacRae, speaking for a number of business men, said that Wilmington will give a free site for the warehouse, and will take 25 per cent. of the capital stock necessary to finance the undertaking, which is the limit of the amount that will be offered outside the organization. This offer was made after Dr. H. Q. Alexander of Charlotte, state president of the Farmers' Union and chairman of the committee, had pledged the committee to give this city the opportunity of amending its proposition if some other city in the state made a better one. The committee from the Farmers' Union is composed of Dr. H. Q. Alexander, Mr. J. Z. Green, of Union, state organizer; Mr. J. R. Rives of Sanford, state business agent; Mr. W. H. Moore, of Pitt, a member of the executive committee.

Declared Bond Election Void.

A great deal of interest and general approval attaches to the action of the Forsyth county commissioners in declaring void the recent election in Broadway township, when the issue of bonds in the amount of \$30,000 to be applied to subscription to stock in the Randolph & Cumberland Railroad. The board heard witnesses and attorneys for both sides, the point at issue being whether the use of a single ballot box was sufficient. United States District Attorney A. E. Holton, who is an energetic friend of the road, believing that it will result in untold good to this section, states as his opinion that the election was nullified by the use of only one box. Hall & Benbow, county attorneys were of a similar opinion. A petition was presented for another election, and the commissioners will consider this later.

Corn Liquor Cause of It All.

Another strong argument for the temperance advocates and especially as relates to the use of corn whiskey comes from the mountains of western North Carolina, according to a well informed Buncombe county citizen in Greensboro. While it has been contended by members of the medical profession for some time that corn bread, or the use of corn meal in other forms where the corn was not thoroughly ripened, produced pellagra it has only recently been discovered that the use of corn whiskey likewise produces the dread disease.

Supreme Court Soon to Convene.

The spring session of the North Carolina Supreme Court will convene Monday, February 6, the first day to be, as usual, devoted to the examination of applicants for license to practice law. While there is no really definite information as yet as to just how many candidates there will be for law licenses, the indications are very strong that the class will be nothing like as large as that which undertook the examination at the opening of the last fall term, when all records were broken.

Surveying of Proposed Road.

A corps of surveyors began at Durham the preliminary survey of the proposed Durham & Danville Railroad. The route of the new road is to extend from Durham to Danville a distance of about 76 miles. Durham, Orange and Chatham counties will be traversed in North Carolina.

Raleigh.—The special committee consisting of Col. J. Bryan Grimes, Gen. J. S. Carr, president, F. P. Venable, Dr. Hery and Colonel Beneath Cameron has awarded the contract for splendid new dormitories at the University of North Carolina to J. G. Lawrence & Sons of Durham.

Has Approved Exchange of Courts.

Governor Kitchin approved exchange of courts between Judge Ferguson and Judge O. H. Allen, so that Judge Allen will hold New Hanover court, January 29; Sampson court, February 6; Duplin court, February 19; and Onslow court, March 4, each for two weeks, except Onslow, which is one week; and Judge Ferguson will hold Iredell court, January 29; Rowan court, February 12; and Davidson court, February 23, each for two weeks. The exchange is for the convenience of the two judges interested.

Main Line Will Be From Troy.

The fact that engineers have been at Troy for the past several days surveying a route for the main line of the Norfolk Southern has convinced a great number of the Troy citizens that the main line of this railroad will be extended from here and not from Mount Gleed, and that the Mount Gleed-Troy line will only be a branch line of the great system. It seems now that main line will go direct from here to Albemarle. There is much speculation here as to where the depot will be placed.

NO BASIS IS YET FOUND FOR PEACE

ITALY AND TURKEY REFUSE THE SUGGESTIONS OF DIPLOMATS TO SETTLE DIFFERENCES.

MAY TAKE CONSTANTINOPLE

Turkish Government Says It Cannot Accept Spoilation Suffered Without Redress. Rome, Italy.—Although the work of the European diplomatic chancelleries has been prosecuted actively in Constantinople and Rome during the past few days in an attempt to find a way to peace between Italy and Turkey, no basis has yet been found. In reply to suggestions from various embassies, Turkey answers that the powers, if they want peace, should induce Italy to make concessions, as Turkey cannot accept the spoliation she has suffered without redress. Rome, on the other hand, responds to the hints of the foreign chancelleries that the only remedy for the present situation is that pressure should be put by the powers on the ports. The representatives of the powers declare that if pressure were brought to bear on the ports through the ambassadors and the ports should resist—as everything appears to indicate would be the case—either the powers would have to withdraw and suffer humiliation or have recourse to coercion. This would mean making a collective naval demonstration in Turkish waters, which would ultimately end in a landing in Constantinople, and would raise the general European conflagration, which all hope to avoid. Giovanni Giolitti, the Italian premier, still hopes that Italy will be able to force Turkey to ask for peace. For this reason the convocation of parliament, instead of occurring at the end of January, has been postponed until February, and it even may be delayed until March. In the meantime, the commander-in-chief of the expedition force in Tripoli has arranged to make a general advance into the interior and hopes during February to take the first decisive step in this direction.

Taft Beats Roosevelt

FIRST DELEGATES TO REPUBLICAN NATIONAL CONVENTION INSTRUCTED FOR TAFT.

First Campaign Fight Occurred in Fourth District Convention of Oklahoma. Coal Gate, Okla.—William Howard Taft was endorsed for re-nomination by the Republican party for president, 118 to 32, at the fourth congressional district Republican convention, after Roosevelt supporters had made a determined effort to stampede the convention for the Sage of Oyster Bay. Defeat came only after a hard struggle, and during which spectacular methods were used to impress the delegates with the boom which the supporters of the colonel had set in motion. Edward Perry, district chairman, led the fight for Roosevelt, while James A. Harris of Wagoner held the lines for the administration. Incidentally, C. W. Miller of Hugo, and G. A. Ramsey of Ardmore, were elected delegates to the Republican national convention, and James A. Harris was endorsed for national committeeman. Topeka, Kan.—Governor Stubbs made public a telegram sent to Theodore Roosevelt urging him to make a statement at once as to whether he would be a candidate for president, or permit his name to go before the Republican national convention. The governor has not received a reply. Jefferson City, Mo.—Governor Hadley in a statement said he favored the nomination of Theodore Roosevelt as the Republican presidential candidate. "From information that has recently come to me from all parts of the state," says Governor Hadley, "I am convinced a large majority are in favor of the nomination of Theodore Roosevelt as our candidate for president."

WATTERSON TALKS AGAIN

Editor Says Ryan Was Not Responsible for Harvey-Wilson Break. Washington.—Absolving Colonel Harvey from all blame in connection with the suggestion that Thomas F. Ryan, the New York financier, might be induced to finance Governor Wilson's campaign, Col. Henry Watterson made public the correspondence that has recently passed between himself and Senator Tillman. It will be recalled that recently Colonel Watterson stated he would not notice the suggestion that Mr. Ryan's name was at the bottom of the Harvey-Wilson break until it was put forward by some responsible person. Senator Tillman took up the cudgels and charged that Colonel Watterson had concealed material facts in connection with the incident. In discussing the assertion that Colonel Harvey had sought to bring Wilson and Thomas F. Ryan together, he said: "Now, senator, I know of my own knowledge that that story is a lie, made out of the whole cloth. "If any person ventures to question that assertion I have in my possession proof conclusive which I hold myself ready to place before your honest and truth-seeking man."

Chinese Rebels Using Aeroplanes.

San Francisco.—Six American-built biplanes are carried by the revolutionary army advancing on Peking, according to a cablegram received by the Chinese Free Press here. The aeroplanes will be manned by Chinese aviators. The revolutionary troops, in command of Gen. Lum Shoo Hing, were massed at Nanking and the march was begun. Revolutionary authorities regard the attack on Peking as unavoidable.

French-Italian Dispute Settled.

Paris.—The Franco-Italian incident arising from the seizure of the French steamers Manouba and Carthage by Italian war vessels was settled satisfactorily to both nations. This announcement was made at the close of a meeting of the cabinet, which, after examination, approved the terms of the note agreed upon by Camille Barrere, the French ambassador at Rome, and the Marquis Di San Giuliano. The note will be published in Rome by the Italian government.

Another Aviator Killed.

Los Angeles, Cal.—Rutherford Page, 24 years old, a Yale graduate, registered from New York and flying as one of the Curtiss aviators, was instantly killed when he fell 150 feet on Dominguez field. Page was endeavoring to "turn on a pivot," when a swirl of air over the hangars caught his planes. He made an effort to regain his balance, but evidently fear of the aeroplanes was beyond control, gave up, and when about sixty feet in the air jumped clear of the machine and fell flat.

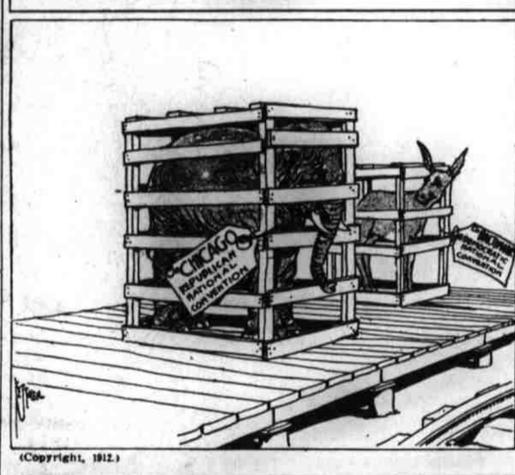
Appendicitis Danger Reduced.

Cleveland, Ohio.—Operations for appendicitis, thought to have been perfected several years ago, when one and a half inch incisions were found to be adequate, have been still further simplified according to an announcement made to surgeons of the Cleveland Academy of Medicine. This sets forth that an incision of but three-fourths of an inch is necessary, permitting the patient to leave the bed within 24 hours after the operation. Description of the operation is given.

Foreign Cotton Buyers Modify Plans

New York.—Willingness of foreign bankers and cotton buyers to modify the plans for safeguarding export cotton bills of lading to meet objections of the Southern cotton shippers is expressed in a statement given out by H. Kern, chairman of the Liverpool cotton bill of lading committee. Mr. Kern and J. H. Simpson, representing the European bankers, recently returned from a conference on the subject by representatives of the Southern cotton exchanges.

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TAFT BEATS ROOSEVELT

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FARMERS USING TELEPHONES

Practically Every Section of the South is Now Covered With Rural Telephone Lines.

Atlanta, Ga.—The farmers of the South made gratifying progress in developing rural telephone systems during the past year, according to reports of the Southern Bell Telephone company covering the seven states in which it operates. On December 31, 1911, there were 29,537 farmers' telephones connected with exchanges and toll stations of the Bell system in these states as follows: Alabama ..... 7,246 Georgia ..... 7,243 South Carolina ..... 2,722 North Carolina ..... 3,460 Virginia ..... 2,171 West Virginia ..... 6,507 Florida ..... 188 Of these telephones 7,775 were added during the year 1911, an increase of 30 per cent. over the year 1910. A feature of particular value to the farmers was instituted during the past year through the co-operation of the United States weather bureau and the telephone company. The daily weather reports are furnished to the telephone company every day, and at a given hour in the morning the report is read to the subscribers on every rural line. Farmers who cannot respond to the signal may call the operator at any time and secure the report. Practically every section of the South is covered with rural telephone line, and it is possible for farmers in remote places to communicate quickly with the nearest market. The growth has been rapid, but telephone experts declare that rural telephone development in the South is in its infancy and a greater growth is anticipated during the year 1912.

Four Negroes Lynched.

Hamilton, Ga.—A mob of 100 men broke into the Harris county jail here, overpowered Jailer E. M. Rabbitson and took four negroes—three men and one woman—out and hung them to trees one mile from town. Then they riddled the bodies with bullets. It is estimated that 300 shots were fired. Sunday afternoon, a week ago, while Norman Hadley, a well-to-do unmarried farmer, was sitting in his home, a shot was fired through the window, and he fell dead. That afternoon four negro tenants—Belle Hathaway, John Moore, Eugene Haming and "Dusty" Crutchfield—were arrested, charged with the murder.

State Banks Depositories.

Washington.—For the first time in history, the way has been opened, it has developed, for state banks and trust companies to become known as "United States depositories." Owing to the view of the treasury department, any financial institution in America—national or state bank or trust company—holding postal savings deposits or other government funds, may assume that title without legal impediment, even though the designation is not officially conferred by the secretary of the treasury.

Hitchcock Says He is Loyal.

Washington.—"I am for Taft as strong as a man can be," declared Postmaster General Hitchcock at the white house. "I did not realize until a day or two ago how far these stories about my alleged differences with the president had gone. I probably shall have something to say on the subject." Mr. Hitchcock manifested indignation that his loyalty had been questioned. "It is an insult for anyone to think that I have been disloyal to the president," said the postmaster general.

Attack on Telephone Combine.

New York.—A petition to dissolve the American Telephone and Telegraph company on the ground that it is a monopoly in violation of the provisions of the Sherman law was made public here. According to the petition the American Telephone and Telegraph company, which controls the Western Union Telegraph company and eight subsidiary telephone companies, is one of the largest financial concerns in the world, and it now dominates the telephone business of the country.

HE QUILTS TAFT TO AID COMMINS

SENATOR KENYON OF IOWA ENDORS THE CANDIDACY OF HIS COLLEAGUE.

ALL CANDIDATES ENDORSED

Supporters of Every Man in the Presidential Race Found Through-out the Country.

Washington.—Senator Kenyon, of Iowa, issued a statement announcing his indorsement of the presidential candidacy of his colleague, Senator Albert B. Cummings. He said he had been earnestly for President Taft and would continue to support him if a suitable candidate had not appeared from his own state. Senator Kenyon declared he had been earnestly for the re-nomination of President Taft, especially because of the attack of men connected with "big business" who, the senator said, sought to destroy the effort to "because of his courageous efforts to enforce the Sherman act."

Mr. Kenyon closed with a warm tribute to the public career of Senator Cummings. Before Mr. Kenyon was elected to the senate he was one of the "trust busters" of the Taft administration. Washington—Friends of the administration were surprised at the announcement that Governor Hadley, of Missouri, had come out in support of the nomination of Colonel Roosevelt. Governor Hadley's support had been counted upon by political advisers of President Taft. When Hadley was in Washington several weeks ago it was announced that he had practically pledged himself to support Taft.

New York.—The silence which Colonel Roosevelt has maintained regarding discussion of his possible re-nomination was unbroken. To all questions Mr. Roosevelt replied that he had nothing to say. When asked to comment upon the declaration of Governor Hadley of Missouri, he declared he had not read what the governor said.

Trenton, N. J.—Edward Grosscup, chairman of the state Democratic committee, issued a statement declaring that Governor Wilson would have a majority of the New Jersey delegates to the Democratic national convention and practically a solid vote in the delegation.

Kansas City.—R. A. Long of Kansas City, a wealthy lumberman, in an address at the convention of the Southwestern Lumbermen's association, said that Gov. Judson Harmon of Ohio was the only man who, as president, could bring about a settled condition of finances in this country, Mr. Long urged the delegates to use their influence toward making the Ohio executive the next president of the nation.

New Haven, Conn.—President William H. Taft was re-elected president of the United States by a straw vote taken among the students at Yale university. His majority over his Democratic opponent, Gov. Woodrow Wilson of New Jersey, was 259. The total vote cast was Taft 470, Wilson 211.

Columbia, S. C.—The so-called "regular" Republican state committee adopted resolutions endorsing the administration of President Taft and denouncing John G. Capers, national committeeman, who is the leader of the "illy white" Republican movement of South Carolina. The committee issued a call for the meeting of a state convention in Columbia, February 29. The committee especially recommended Mr. Taft's stand on arbitration, the tariff board and the Sherman law, and urged his re-election.

Mr. Capers was denounced as a traitor the party who had been seeking to undermine the regular Republican organization.

Baltimore, Md.—Former Congressman William P. Jackson, Republican national committeeman from Maryland, Republican State Chairman J. B. Hanna and Congressman Thomas Parran went to Washington and pledged to President Taft the support of Maryland's delegation to the Republican national convention.

Brown, Governor of Georgia.

Atlanta.—Joseph M. Brown was inaugurated governor of Georgia for the second time. For the first time in almost a quarter of a century the general assembly met in special session for the purpose of canvassing returns from an election for governor and to inaugurate this official. Consolidation of the recent election returns showed that Governor Brown received 28,832 votes for governor, as against 300 for A. M. Castberry, the Socialist candidate.

Jail for Millionaire Politicians.

May's Landing, N. J.—Louis Kuehnle, Republican leader of Atlantic City, who was recently convicted of unlawfully participating in the award of a contract to a company in which he was interested while he was a member of the Atlantic City water commission, was sentenced to one year's imprisonment at hard labor and to pay a fine of \$1,000. Thomas McDevitt and George Amole were sentenced to six months and three months in jail, respectively.