

Directory.

Madison County.

Established by the Legislature Session 1890-'91. Population, 20,132. County Seat, Marshall. 1646 feet above sea level. New and modern Court House, cost \$12,000.00. New and modern Jail, cost \$15,000.00. New and modern County Home, cost \$10,000.00.

Officers. Hon. Jas. L. Hyatt, Senator, 33 District, Burnsville, N. C. Hon. J. C. Ramsey, Representative, Marshall, N. C. W. H. Henderson, Clerk Superior Court, Marshall, N. C. W. M. Buckner, Sheriff, Marshall, N. C. James Smart, Register of Deeds, Marshall, N. C. C. F. Runnion, Treasurer, Marshall, N. C. R. F. D. No. 2. R. L. Tweed, Surveyor, White Rock, N. C. Dr. J. H. Baird, Coroner, Mars Hill, N. C. Mrs. Eliza Henderson, Jailor, Marshall, N. C. John Honeycutt, Janitor, Marshall, N. C. Dr. C. N. Sprinkle, County Physician, Marshall, N. C. James Haynie, Supt. County Home, Marshall, N. C. Home located about two miles southwest of Marshall.

Courts. Criminal and Civil, First Monday before First Monday in March, Commencing Feb. 26th, 1912. Civil 11th, Monday after First Monday in March, commencing May 20, 1912. Criminal and Civil, First Monday after First Monday in Sept. Commencing Sept. 9th, 1912. Civil 5th, Monday after First Monday in September, commencing October 14, 1912.

BOARDS.

County Commissioners. W. C. Sprinkle, Chairman, Marshall, N. C. J. E. Passada, Member, Marshall, N. C. R. F. D. No. 1. Reubin A. Tweed, Member, Big Laurel, N. C. C. B. Blackburn, Atty., Marshall, N. C. Board meets first Monday in every month.

Road Commissioners. A. B. Bryan, Chairman, Marshall, N. C. R. F. D. 2. J. A. Ramsey, Secretary, Mars Hill, N. C. R. F. D. 2. Sam Cox, Member, Mars Hill, N. C. R. F. D. No. 2. G. W. Wild, Big Pine, N. C. Dudley Chipley, Road Engineer, Marshall, N. C. George M. Pritchard, Atty., Marshall, N. C. Board meets first Monday in January, April, July and October each year.

Board of Education. Jasper Ebbs, Chairman, Spring Creek, N. C. Thos. J. Murray, Member, Marshall, N. C. R. F. D. No. 3. W. R. Sims, Marshall, N. C. R. F. D. No. 2. Prof. M. C. Buckner, Supt. of Schools, Mars Hill, N. C. R. F. D. No. 2. Board Meets first Monday in January, April, July and October each year.

Colleges and High Schools. Mars Hill College, Prof. R. L. Moore, President, Mars Hill, N. C. Fall Term begins August 17, 1911. Spring Term begins January 2, 1912. Spring Creek High School, Prof. G. C. Brown, Principal, Spring Creek, N. C. 8 Mo. School opened August 1, 1911. Madison Seminary High School, Prof. J. M. Weatherly, Principal, Marshall, N. C. R. F. D. No. 2. 7 Mo. School began October 2, 1911.

Benefit Societies. Miss Margaret Griffith, Principal, Walnut, N. C. 8 Mo. School began September 3, 1911. Marshall Academy, Prof. R. G. Anderson, Principal, Marshall, N. C. 8 Mo. School began Sept. 4, 1911.

Notary Publics. J. C. Ramsey, Marshall, N. C. Term expires Jan. 11, 1913. A. J. Roberts, Marshall, N. C. R. F. D. No. 5. Term expires May 30, 1912. Jasper Ebbs, Spring Creek, N. C. Term expires August 10, 1912. C. C. Brown, Bluff, N. C. Term expires December 6, 1912. J. A. Leak, Revere, N. C. Term expires January 10, 1913. W. T. Davis, Hot Springs, N. C. Term expires January 10, 1913. J. H. Southworth, Stackhouse, N. C. Term expires January 15, 1913. W. W. Anderson, Paint Fork, N. C. Term expires February 6, 1913. J. H. Hunter, Marshall, N. C. R. F. D. No. 3. Term expires April 1, 1912. J. F. Thies, Marshall, N. C. R. F. D. No. 2. Term expires April 3, 1913. C. J. Ebbs, Marshall, N. C. Term expires April 21, 1913. T. W. Nelson, Marshall, N. C. Term expires April 25, 1913. Roy L. Gudgey, Marshall, N. C. Term expires May 3, 1913. Geo. M. Pritchard, Marshall, N. C. Term expires May 25, 1913. Dudley Chipley, Marshall, N. C. Term expires July 29, 1913. W. O. Connor, Mars Hill, N. C. Term expires November 27, 1913.

FOOT. George W. Gahagan Post, No. 28 G. A. R. S. M. Davis, Commander. J. H. Ballard, Adjutant. Meets at the Court House Saturday before the second Sunday in each month at 11 A. M.

NATIONAL GUARD ELECTS OFFICERS

CAPT. BLACK WHO WAS SECRETARY WAS MADE SECOND VICE PRESIDENT.

NEXT MEETING AT RALEIGH

The Administration of Adjutant General Leinster Was Endorsed.—A Number of Important Resolutions Were Adopted at Business Meeting

Raleigh.—A special from Charlotte states that the sessions of the National Guard Association of North Carolina came to an end after two days of interesting and profitable sittings. The chief business transacted was the election of officers which resulted in the choice of Capt. S. C. Chambers of Durham as president, Col. H. D. Harper of Kinston first vice-president, Capt. F. L. Black of Charlotte, second vice-president, Lieutenant Yorkie Coleman of Rutherfordton secretary and treasurer and Capt. Dodamod assistant secretary. The association voted its appreciation of the prence at the meetings of Capt. A. J. Dougherty, Thirtieth United States Infantry, Capt. W. G. Pace, coast artillery corps, United States army, and Capt. John G. Ewing of the Delaware national guard. All these officials attended the sessions, and delivered excellent and helpful addresses on subjects of peculiarly vital interest to the work of the association.

At the session Raleigh was selected as the place for the next annual meeting. It will be held in January, the selection of Raleigh being made primarily because of the fact that at this time the Legislature will be in session and the association will be able to present its claims for needed legislation more directly and more satisfactorily. Washington asked for the next convention as well as Durham but on motion of Captain Moody the executive committee was requested to name Raleigh for the reasons set out.

City Beautiful Club Begin Crusade.

Since the organization of a City Beautiful Club in New Bern, the members of that organization have begun a crusade to save the many historic trees located at different points of the city. Many of these trees were more than a hundred years of age, and naturally the weather has had its effect upon them. In a number of cases the trunks have become decayed so badly that the trees were in danger of being blown down at any time. After a careful inquiry in regards to the best tree experts that are in this county, the club finally secured the services of a noted tree surgeon and he is now in the city making investigations and pursuing the work for which he came to do.

Fire Destroys Waynesville Plant.

Fire was discovered in the large factory of the Waynesville Wood Manufacturing Company, on the outskirts of town. When first discovered the flames were bursting through the roof of the machinery room and seemed in a fair way to destroy the entire plant. The fire company responded quickly, but could do little except to assist in saving the buildings in the immediate neighborhood, for the nearest hydrant was more than two thousand feet away.

Land Value Not Diminished.

Despite the distressingly low price of cotton during the present season, it is a significant fact and a significant tribute to the tone of business in this community that the value of Mecklenburg farm lands has not diminished and there is no indication of any expected decline from the fields either by white or colored tenants. Those who own farming properties that are on the market have maintained their prices, believing that the value is in the soil because the soil is in Mecklenburg county and Mecklenburg county has Charlotte as its seat of operations.

Fired Without Provocation.

News is received at Raleigh of the killing of Weston Freeman, colored, by Willie Brown, colored, at James Duke's store in St. Matthews township, 12 miles from the city. A crowd of men were grouped in the store, when Brown, it is said, entered and fired the fatal shot without any provocation. It is said that the shot seems to have been fired into the crowd with special intention of killing Freeman. Sheriff Sears has sent deputies into the section to search for Brown and gather evidence.

To Award National Guard Medals.

The bronze, silver and gold medals to be awarded to the members of the North Carolina National Guard for periods of service ranging from five to thirty years have been received by Adjutant General Leinster and will be distributed at once. Two who receive thirty-year gold medals are Col. J. C. Bennett of Winston-Salem and Col. James Matts of Wilmington. Among the twenty-five-year medalists are Gen. W. R. Robertson of Raleigh and Gen. B. S. Royster of Oxford.

WILL MOVE RUTHERFORD

Board of Education of Western North Carolina Conference Prospecting For Site For Institution.

Charlotte.—The fact that Rutherford College will almost certainly be moved within the next eighteen months to a city of some size opens up an interesting and attractive opportunity for educational institutions which would be a distinct contribution to the city's life. It is at present situated a mile and a half from Connelly Springs, half-way between Hickory and Morganton. It is half a century old, has a record of extremely useful service and in other ways took exceptionally high rank among the state's institutions.

This is one of three colleges under the exclusive control of the Western North Carolina Methodist Conference. The other two are Davenport, for girls, at Lenoir, and Weaverville, eight miles from Asheville across the Blue Ridge, Trinity and Greensboro Female Colleges are under the joint control of the Western North Carolina and the North Carolina Conferences. At the annual meeting of the conference board of education held at Statesville in November it was decided to move Rutherford College to the town or city making the most attractive offer and which, together with this, seemed in all points fittest for the school. The chief reason for this is the lack of local patronage, there being but slight source on which to draw as things now are.

Rev. Gilbert T. Rowe, pastor of Tryon Street Methodist church, of Charlotte, is president of the board of education. There are twenty-four members, each district being represented by a minister and a layman.

Raleigh The Next Meeting Place.

The executive committee of the North Carolina Master Printers' Association held its first meeting since the organization here last November at the Young Men's Christian Association with the founting chairman, Raleigh; Joseph J. Stone and C. G. Harrison, Greensboro; and E. R. Cates, Charlotte. The committee formulated plans for dividing the state into six districts, with the following cities as district centers and with vice-presidents named for each district: Asheville; A. E. Swayne; Charlotte; A. M. Gray; Greensboro; Joseph J. Stone; Raleigh; J. W. Weaver; Greenville; D. J. Whickard; Wilmington; J. B. Freeman of Lumberton.

In Violation of Agreement.

H. Mack Godwin, one of the most prominent of the fifty-nine defendants who entered pleas of nolo contendere when called in superior court to answer charge of selling whiskey, was taken into custody under an instant capias issued at the instance of Solicitor Shaw, based upon the allegation that whiskey was sold at Godwin's place, which was in direct violation of the agreement entered into by the defendant.

Valentines Win Out in Hearing.

The Valentines of Richmond, Va., proprietors of the famous Valentine meat juices, won out in a hearing before the Corporation Commission, in which they demanded a reduction of the tax assessment on one hundred and sixty acres of land they own in the town of Murphy, Cherokee county. The local board of assessors and county commissioners had assessed it at \$50,000.

Southern To Build New Road.

It is rumored here that the Southern Railroad will build a road from Hamilton via Scotland Neck, to Litleton, to join the road to Atlanta, if the people in the towns through which the roads will run will supply the blue print of the route. It is understood here that the Atlantic Coast Line is contemplating building a new passenger and express depot here, and will use the old depot for freight exclusively.

Picot Elected Superintendent.

Dr. L. J. Picot is the new superintendent of the Central State Hospital for Insane at Raleigh to succeed the late Dr. McKee. He was elected by the board of directors in competition with four other applicants, Dr. C. L. Jenkins, for fifteen years first assistant physician in the hospital; Dr. J. W. McNeill, Fayetteville, member of the recent state hospital commission; Dr. W. H. Hunter of Weaverville and Dr. Collier of Baltimore. Dr. Picot has been second assistant physician for four years.

Last Scene of Drama Enacted.

The last scene of a sensational drama was enacted at Rockingham, when Clyde Chilton and pretty Beulah Stone were married in the county jail. Justice of the Peace Geo. Warburton officiating at the nuptials. Chilton leaves here to begin a 12-months sentence on the roads of Columbus county to which he was recently sentenced by Judge Whedbee for carrying a pistol, after he had been tried and acquitted by a jury of a charge of murdering Sank Morse in September, 1911.

THOUSANDS TAKEN IN OVER-CHARGES

COMMERCE COMMISSION THROWING LIGHT ON METHODS OF EXPRESS COMPANIES.

\$67,000 IN ONE WEEK

Agents of Express Companies Do Not Understand Tariff and Regulations of Companies.

Washington.—Prosecution of express companies for overcharging shippers was indicated by Commissioner Lane, at the express rate hearing, to be the intention of the interstate commerce commission.

W. A. Ryan, one of the investigators for the commission, presented the examination of one month's business of the Adams Express company, showing that \$67,000 in overcharges had been turned into the company's treasury.

T. B. Harrison, counsel for the company, explained what are known as "over-payments," and asserted that he would be able to show that not more than twenty per cent. of the \$67,000 actually remained in the company's treasury. He added that positive instructions were given by the company to all its representatives to make refunds on all discoverable overcharges.

"Well," said Commissioner Lane, "it is conclusively established that the agents of the companies themselves do not understand the tariffs and regulations of the companies. By an examination of the business of the companies for one day, we find more than 3,000 overcharges. Now, then, we propose to prosecute the companies for making these overcharges. They are clearly violations of the law."

Mr. Ryan presented comparative tables of the operations of express companies in Great Britain, France and Germany, and those of the United States. They showed, generally, that for similar service, weights and distances, the foreign rates were considerably lower than those in this country.

The testimony and figures thus far presented by the commission's investigators tend to indicate a belief on their part that the companies should adopt a flat rate applicable to various zones to be established either voluntarily by the companies or by order of the interstate commerce commission.

TWO DISASTERS ON OCEAN

Steamer Alleghany Goes to Bottom; English Submarine Boat Sinks.

New York.—The Hamburg-American Line steamer Alleghany, which left here for Central America and the West Indies, sank 75 miles east-northeast of Cape Henry, of the Virginia coast, after a collision with the British steamer Pomaron, according to wireless dispatches received here.

The Pomaron, with the passengers and crew of the Alleghany on board, and convoyed by the revenue cutter Onondaga, is making slowly for port, the messages said.

The Pomaron's bow was badly stove in, but the wireless advices were that she was apparently holding well through a moderate sea with a strong northeasterly breeze blowing.

Portsmouth, England.—Another unfortunate class A submarine of the British navy, two of which had sunk previously, and on board two others of which various members of their crew had been killed or injured in explosions, went to the bottom of the sea at the entrance to Spithead, with a loss of fourteen lives—four lieutenants and ten members of the crew. Not one of the ship's company escaped. The catastrophe was the result of a collision with the British gunboat Hazard, which rent a hole in the side of the submarine A-3. The submarine was engaged with a flotilla of sister ships in practicing evolutions, and was just coming to the surface after a dive when the Hazard, proceeding at a good rate of speed, struck her.

The submarine filled and sank instantly.

Germany Wants Joint Agreement.

Berlin, Germany.—According to authoritative views expressed here, the moment has arrived in the Chinese situation when a joint agreement by all the interested powers, including Japan and the United States, pledging themselves to take no step in China, except in common, is desirable and even necessary. Russia, Japan and the other powers, to whom intentions of fishing in the troubled Chinese waters for their own advantage have been attributed, have promptly declared the insinuation.

Leopard Bites Off Man's Hand.

Macon, Ga.—Edward Schweitzer, a demonstrator for a fire apparatus company, went down to Central City Park on business, and while there he sought to feed peanuts to a leopard that is a part of a circus wintering here. Before he could withdraw his hand from between the bars, the leopard had seized upon it, like a piece of meat, and bit it off at the wrist. The injury was a severe one, and caused Mr. Schweitzer much suffering and loss of blood. Mr. Schweitzer is from St. Louis.

LEAP YEAR INDUCEMENTS



ATTORNEY DARROW INDICTED

COUNSEL FOR McNAMARA BROTHERS IS CHARGED WITH BRIBING A JUROR IN THE CASE.

Grand Jury Bills Allege He Furnished Money Out of Defense Fund. Los Angeles, Cal.—Two indictments, each containing count of bribery and attempted corruption, were returned by the county grand jury against Clarence S. Darrow of Chicago, formerly chief counsel for the McNamara brothers. The bills allege that he furnished the money out of the McNamara defense fund and bribed Robert Bain, a juror sworn to try James B. McNamara, the confessed dynamiter and murderer, and George N. Lockwood, a fireman.

Bert Franklin, a detective, who is alleged actually to have passed the bribe money to Bain and Lockwood, is accused of the same offense in information filed some time ago in the superior court. Franklin's trial has been set for February 27.

The maximum penalty that could be imposed on Darrow for conviction on all counts is thirty years' imprisonment and fines aggregating \$10,000. He is under \$20,000 bail, but the former chief defense of the McNamara said he was glad the suspense was over and that he would face his arraignment in the superior court with an equanimity born of innocence.

Tampa, Fla.—"There was no chance for Darrow to escape," remarked District Attorney J. D. Fredericks of Los Angeles, who is spending several weeks here, when showing Associated Press dispatches announcing the indictment of Clarence Darrow.

"We knew that when Juror Bain took his seat that he had been bribed, and we knew who did it. I anticipated that the indictment would come."

That Darrow will be vigorously prosecuted was intimated by Mr. Fredericks. "This is but the beginning," he laughed, when asked if he thought it possible that the indictment of Darrow in any way involved high officials of the American Federation of Labor.

WOLTER IS ELECTROCUTED

Murderer of Ruth Wheeler Put to Death.

Ossining, N. Y.—Albert Wolter was put to death in the electric chair at Sing Sing prison for the murder of 15-year-old Ruth Wheeler nearly two years ago.

The girl came to Wolter's flat in New York in search of employment, and he killed her after she had been mistreated. Wolter left a statement with Warden Kennedy denying that he had committed the crime.

Although Wolter was convicted on circumstantial evidence, the court of appeals, reviewing the case after a series of legal delays, declared he was fairly tried and justly convicted.

Ruth Wheeler met her death on March 24, 1910, in Wolter's apartment on the fourth floor of a house on East Seventy-sixth street, New York City, where she had gone to seek employment as a stenographer.

No Battleship, Say Democrats. Washington.—There will be no appropriations for battleships or public buildings at this session of congress. This was the decision of the Democrats of the house after a spirited caucus. Elimination of a battleship appropriation was a surprise, the caucus having been called to consider a \$16,000,000 public building bill. Representative Burnett of Alabama, however, offered an amendment to a resolution to dispense with the public buildings bill, that no battleship appropriation be reported to the house.

Taft's Alaska Message. Washington.—President Taft sent to congress his promised message on Alaska and the public domain in general. In urging the construction of a government railroad, a commission of government and other needed legislation for the far-away territory, President Taft declared there was nothing in the history of the United States which afforded such just reason for criticism as the failure of the Federal government to extend the benefit of its fostering care to Alaska.

BUREAU CREATED FOR THE CHILDREN

BORAH CHILD LABOR BILL IS FINALLY PASSED BY UNITED STATES SENATE.

WILL STUDY CHILD LIFE

Measure Was So Amended as to Prevent the Invasion of Private Residences.

Washington.—After amending the child labor bill so as to prohibit the invasion of private residences in quest of information that measure was passed by the senate, 54 to 20. The negative vote was cast by Senators Bailey, Bryan, Chilton, Culberson, O'Gorman, Overman, Paynter, Smith (Md.), Stone, Thornton, Tillman and Watson, Democrats, and by Senators Burnham, Clark (Wyo.), Gallinger, Heyburn, Nixon, Oliver, Wetmore and Works, Republicans.

The bill authorizes the creation of a bureau in the department of commerce and labor for the collection of information pertaining to the welfare of children and child life. Special authority is given to investigate questions of infant mortality, the birth rate, orphanages, juvenile courts, desertion, diseases, accidents, occupations, legislation and kindred subjects.

The provision expressly forbidding the invasion of domestic privacy by agents of the bureau furnished the principal subject of contention. The Culberson amendment prevailed, 39 to 34. It reads: "No official or agent or representative of said bureau shall, over the objection of the head of the family, enter any house used exclusively as a family residence."

Senator Gallinger offered an amendment to investigate the birth rate among classes of people. "If we have race suicide it does not apply to the poor classes to which past investigations have been confined," said the senator.

Senator Root declared there were no classes in the United States and protested against legislative recognition of any. The Gallinger amendment was lost.

REVOLT AGAINST MADERO

Garrison at Juarez Arrests Officers and Loots the Town.

El Paso, Texas.—An Italian surgeon holding a commission in the Mexican army, who arrived in El Paso from Juarez, said he had counted fifteen dead, including two Americans—a man and a boy 12 years old. The boy was lying in the street. He had been shot through the breast. Most of the dead, he said, were near the custom house.

El Paso, Texas.—The garrison of Juarez, across the river from here, rose in revolt and in half an hour the mutineers were in possession of the city. Looting and promiscuous shooting prevailed for hours. The commander of the garrison was thrown into prison with the chief of police, while other prisoners were released.

As news can now be ascertained the uprising was due to a report printed in a Chihuahua newspaper, which arrived here, stating that Gen. Pascual Orozco, one of the leaders of the Madero revolution, had resigned his military position at Chihuahua, and to the discharge of 400 men of the Juarez garrison. The dismissal of these troops was taken as confirmation of the Orozco report.

The revolt at Juarez is regarded as the most serious episode which has occurred since Madero was inaugurated president.

Four troops of United States cavalry from Fort Bliss were rushed to the American bank of the Rio Grande to protect citizens and preserve neutrality. Guards were stationed at the street and the railroad bridges and at the two bridges at the smelter a mile west of El Paso.

Americans who were caught in the uprising, also were sent back to El Paso, Captain Martin explaining that this was done to prevent their being injured by flying bullets.

Prison for White-Cappers.

Bloomington, Ind.—J. B. Snoddy, one of eight persons charged with whitecapping Harvey McFarland, a farmer, was found guilty here. The penalty is a term of from two to ten years in prison. This is the first conviction on a whitecapping charge, although midnight foggings have been common in the hill country of southern Indiana. It was apparent that a whitecap organization existed in Monroe county that Governor Marshall detailed attorneys to assist in the prosecution.

Steel Magnates Answer Government. Trenton, N. J.—Absolute denial of alleged violations of the anti-trust law is made by the United States Steel Corporation, its subsidiaries and directors, in their answers which were filed in the United States district court here to the government's discontinuation suit. The effect of its organization, the corporation declares, has been to cheapen production, effect economies and increase foreign trade from \$2,000,000 to \$80,000,000 annually within ten years.