

Directory.

Madison County. Established by the Legislature Session 1850-'51. Population, 26,123. County Seat, Marshall. 1644 feet above sea level. New and modern Court House, cost \$33,000.00. New and modern jail, cost \$15,000.00. New and modern County Home, cost \$10,000.00. Officers. Hon. Jas. L. Hyatt, Senator, '33 District, Burnsville, N. C. Hon. J. C. Ramsey, Representative, Marshall, N. C. W. H. Henderson, Clerk Superior Court, Marshall, N. C. W. M. Buckner, Sheriff, Marshall, N. C. James Smart, Register of Deeds, Marshall, N. C. C. F. Ruanian, Treasurer, Marshall, N. C., R. F. D. No. 2. R. L. Tweed, Surveyor, White Rock, N. C. Dr. J. H. Baird, Coroner, Mars Hill, N. C. Mrs. Eliza Henderson, Jailor, Marshall, N. C. John Honeycutt, Janitor, Marshall, N. C. Dr. C. N. Sprinkle, County Physician, Marshall, N. C. James Haynie, Supt. County Home, Marshall, N. C. Home located about two miles southwest of Marshall. Courts. Criminal and Civil, First Monday before First Monday in March. Commencing Feb. 26th, 1912. Civil 11th Monday after First Monday in March, commences May 20, 1912. Criminal and Civil, First Monday after First Monday in Sept. Commences Sept. 9th, 1912. Civil 6th Monday after First Monday in September. Commences October 14, 1912. BOARDS. County Commissioners. W. C. Sprinkle, Chairman, Marshall, N. C. C. F. Casada, Member, Marshall, N. C., R. F. D. No. 1. Reubin A. Tweed, Member, Big Laurel, N. C. C. B. Mashburn, Atty., Marshall, N. C. Board meets first Monday in every month. Road Commissioners. A. E. Bryan, Chairman, Marshall, N. C., R. F. D. 2. J. A. Ramsey, Secretary, Mars Hill, N. C., R. F. D. 2. Sam Cox, Member, Mars Hill, N. C., R. F. D. No. 2. O. W. Wild, Big Pine, N. C. Dudley Chipley, Road Engineer, Marshall, N. C. George M. Pritchard, Atty., Marshall, N. C. Board meets first Monday in January, April, July and October each year. Colleges and High Schools. Mars Hill College, Prof. R. L. Moore, President, Mars Hill, N. C. Fall Term begins August 17, 1911. Spring Term begins January 2, 1912. Spring Creek High School, Prof. C. C. Brewer, Principal, Spring Creek, N. C. 8 Mo. School opened August 1, 1911. Madison Seminary High School, Prof. J. M. Weatherly, Principal, Marshall, N. C., R. F. D. No. 2. 7 Mo. School began October 2, 1911. Bell Institute, Miss Margaret E. Griffith, Principal, Walnut, N. C. 8 Mo. School began September 8, 1911. Marshall Academy, Prof. R. G. Anders, Principal, Marshall, N. C., 7 Mo. School began Sept. 4, 1911. Notary Publics. J. C. Ramsey, Marshall, N. C. Term expires Jan. 11, 1913. A. J. Roberts, Marshall, N. C., R. F. D. No. 5, Term expires May 30, 1912. Jasper Ebbs, Spring Creek, N. C. Term expires August 10, 1912. G. C. Brown, Bluff, N. C. Term expires December 6, 1912. J. A. Lusk, Revere, N. C. Term expires January 10, 1913. W. T. Davis, Hot Springs, N. C. Term expires January 10, 1913. J. H. Southworth, Stackhouse, N. C. Term expires January 18, 1913. N. W. Anderson, Paint Fork, N. C. Term expires February 6, 1913. J. H. Hunter, Marshall, N. C., R. F. D. No. 3. Term expires April 1, 1912. J. P. Tilton, Marshall, N. C., R. F. D. No. 2. Term expires April 3, 1912. C. J. Ebbs, Marshall, N. C. Term expires April 21, 1913. J. W. Nelson, Marshall, N. C. Term expires April 25, 1913. Roy L. Gudge, Marshall, N. C. Term expires May 3, 1913. Geo. M. Pritchard, Marshall, N. C. Term expires May 25, 1913. Dudley Chipley, Marshall, N. C. Term expires July 25, 1913. W. G. Connor, Mars Hill, N. C. Term expires November 27, 1913. POST. George W. Cahagan Post, No. 34 G. A. R. S. E. Davis, Commandant. J. E. Hallard, Adjutant. Meets at the Court House Saturday before the second Sunday in each month at 11 A. M.

CLARA BARTON PASSES AWAY

CAUSE OF DEATH WAS CHRONIC PNEUMONIA—WHOLE NATION MOURNS LOSS.

FOUNDED THE RED CROSS

Miss Barton's Services to Humanity Were Recognized by Foreign Countries.

Washington.—Clara Barton, founder of the American Red Cross Society, died at her home in Glen Echo, Md. The cause of her death was chronic pneumonia, with which she was stricken about a year ago. Her brother, Stephen Barton of Boston, was with her when she died.

Miss Barton was born at Oxford, Mass., in 1821. Miss Barton had been confined to her home, "Red Cross," at Glen Echo since last fall, when she returned from a visit to New England. It was thought her trip was beneficial, but soon afterward she was taken severely ill.

She celebrated her 90th birthday anniversary December 25, when she received many messages of congratulation from all parts of the world. Clara Barton might probably be called the Florence Nightingale of America. Like her British prototype her works of mercy were not confined to her native land, but were carried even into the eastern hemisphere. She will be written down in history as the founder of the Red Cross in America, but her powerful personality also made an indelible impression upon the international organization itself through her active participation in the periodical conferences at Geneva, Rome, Vienna and St. Petersburg.

GENERAL FRED GRANT DEAD

Son of Famous Civil War Leader Passes Away in New York City.

New York.—Gen. Frederick D. Grant, commander of the department of the east and son of the famous Civil War general, died suddenly at the Hotel Buckingham, where he had been secretly taken by his physicians. Although there had been rumors of General Grant's illness and reports that he would never again take up his duties on Governor's Island, news came as a distinct shock to the public. According to Dr. Robert Abbe and Dr. Edward B. Dench, his physicians, the death of the general was caused by heart failure. He had been suffering for some time, they asserted in an official statement, from "diabetes and attendant digestive disturbances."

General Grant's death vacates the post which, next to that of chief of staff, is regarded as the most important in the army—commander-in-chief of the eastern division. This position is of such importance that it cannot long be permitted to remain vacant, hence it is probable that very soon after the funeral it will be necessary to detail an officer of high rank to the position, probably Maj. Gen. William A. Carter, now assistant chief of staff.

Electoral Fuss Decided by Law. Washington.—Again a controversy has arisen as to the size of the electoral college which will choose the next president. By some, it is contended that the size of the present house, rather than the new house to be elected in November, is the determining factor, and the suggestion is made that the department of justice be asked for an opinion. In 1812 there were 218 electors, though the congress expiring March 4, 1812, contained only 178 members. A similar situation existed in 1822, again in 1872 and again in 1892, and the same precedents were followed. There is no room for doubt that the electoral college of this year will consist of 531 members.

Drastic Measure Against Futures. Washington.—Another anti-option bill is being framed by the house committee on agriculture, of which Representative John Lamb of Virginia is chairman and will be reported to the house at an early date. No difficulty is anticipated in passing the measure through the house, but its fate in the senate is giving the friends of the measure cause for concern. At the last session a drastic anti-option bill was sent over to the senate, and never came out of committee.

Soldiers Quiet G. O. P. Rioters. Bay City, Mich.—Taft and Roosevelt men in Michigan politics, refusing any basis of compromise after twenty-four hours of conferences, at the state Republican convention, attempted to put a quart of delegates into a plan measure, and in so doing precipitated one of the most bitter conventions in the history of the state. Two sets of leaders and delegates, Taft and Roosevelt, fought out their issues to the point where the state militia were needed to maintain a semblance of orderly procedure.

SOLDIERS MOURN HER.



MISS CLARA BARTON, Founder and First President of the American National Red Cross Society.

DIXIE PROBLEMS DISCUSSED

THE SOUTHERN COMMERCIAL CONGRESS IS IN SESSION AT NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE.

Minister Egan One of the Speakers. Harvey Jordan Speaks on Cotton Handling.

Nashville, Tenn.—Maurice Francis Egan, United States minister to Denmark; Senator Francis G. Newlands of Nevada; J. O. Wright, chief drainage engineer for Florida, and Herbert Myrick of Springfield, Mass., were the speakers at a general meeting of the Southern Commercial Congress.

Launching the conference on cotton handling and financing, Harvie Jordan of Atlanta declared the bad manner in which American cotton was handled a national and international disgrace, estimating that one hundred million dollars was lost to growers by antiquated methods—the credit system with annual interest charges fifty to one hundred per cent, unmerchantable bales, freight rates 300 per cent, higher than on other staple products and poor warehouse facilities.

TELEPHONE CANNOT TRANSMIT DISEASE

Scientists Prove Telephones Do Not Spread Disease.

It is reassuring to learn on what appears to be excellent authority that the danger of acquiring tuberculosis through the use of telephones is practically inconsiderable. Some time ago an inquiry into the condition of public telephones in this country produced only negative results. A further inquiry of a more elaborate kind has since been made in England and the conclusions are equally encouraging. The experiments were planned by Doctor Spitta, bacteriologist to the king, at the instance of the postmaster general. First he picked various telephones which had been in use for various periods, and having prepared washings from the mouthpieces inoculated a number of guinea pigs to determine the presence of tubercle bacilli. The results were in every case negative. The telephones in this series of experiments were chosen at random from railway stations, meat markets, post-offices and other public places. But Doctor Spitta was not fully satisfied and advised the postmaster general to allow him to undertake further experiments with telephones used exclusively by consumptive patients. Accordingly telephones were fitted in the wards of a sanatorium and used by patients in various stages of pulmonary tuberculosis. They were neither sterilized nor even wiped while in use and at various intervals the mouthpieces were removed and handed over to Doctor Spitta for investigation. The experiments were carried on during the year 1911 and final report has now been published showing that the results were uniformly negative. Doctor Spitta's conclusion is "that the transmission of tuberculosis through the medium of the telephone mouthpiece is practically impossible."—New York Evening Sun, March 27, 1912.

Murdered Girl and Killed Self. Statesville, N. C.—J. Columbus Schoemaker shot and killed a 15-year-old sweetheart and then blew out his own brains, his victim being Miss Jeanette Templeton, both residents of Ireddell county. Schoemaker fled after the murder of the girl and the searching party soon found his body a short distance away. He had removed the coat and placed the muzzle of the gun used in murdering Miss Templeton to his forehead and pulled the trigger. His attentions had been repelled by the young woman.

Caterpillars Killing Crops. Washington.—In the midst of the hubbub over seacharis and the Everglades, Secretary Wilson of the department of agriculture has given out a statement to the effect that he is greatly worried over the peanut crop. Caterpillars, according to the "father of the cabinet," are doing \$3,000,000 a year damage to a \$15,000,000 peanut crop, and it is high time the ravages of this worm cease. The blight is killing the chestnuts, black walnuts are almost extinct and hickory nuts are growing scarce.

VOLCANO POURS OUT DESTRUCTION

APPALLING ERUPTION REPORTED NEAR BOCAS DEL TORO IN HONDURAS.

WHOLE VILLAGES RUINED

Captain Olsvik, Who Saw the Eruption, Says Flames Shot High, Then Lava Followed.

Mobile, Ala.—Thousands of persons have been killed and whole Indian villages swept away by the eruption of Chiriqui Peak, near Bocas del Toro, in Honduras, according to the story of Captain Olsvik of the United Fruit steamer, Fort Morgan, which arrived here.

The eruption occurred on April 5, about four o'clock in the morning. "At this hour," said Captain Olsvik, "the eastern sky blazed forth and a great rumbling was heard. Looking in that direction, I saw great volumes of fire shooting high, it seemed. The natives who had been loading the ship all night were terror-stricken. Some of the men fell on their knees and prayed. All work was suspended for several hours as the people watched the volcano.

"I learned before leaving that the third of a row of mountain peaks, situated about a mile from us, had burst into flame or had turned into a volcano. "The base of the mountain and its slopes are inhabited by a number of Indian villages. It is supposed that these have been totally destroyed by the lava.

"Soon after the volcano was seen the Fort Morgan was caught by a great current and tore at her moorings. When we got out into the open sea great rocks and shoals were sticking out of the water in places where before we had navigated the vessel. Small islands could be seen all around the shore.

"I can't say how high the flames burst from the mountain, but it seemed like three or four miles. I never saw such a sight in my life."

TRADE CONGRESS ENDS

Senator Fletcher of Florida Chosen to Head Southern Commercial Congress.

Nashville, Tenn.—The Southern Commercial Congress elected its officers, as follows: President, Senator Duncan U. Fletcher of Florida.

HEADS COMMERCIAL CONGRESS.



DUNCAN U. FLETCHER, United States Senator from Florida.

First vice president, David R. Francis of St. Louis. Second vice president, Thomas S. Southgate, Norfolk, Va. Resident director, William H. Saunders, Washington. Managing director, S. Grosvenor Dawe, Washington. Secretary-treasurer, Clarence J. Owens, Riverside, Md.

In addition to resolutions heretofore adopted, the waterways conference adopted one approving the National Rivers and Harbors Congress' advocacy of an annual appropriation of \$50,000,000 for waterway improvement.

New York Backs President Taft. Rochester, N. Y.—After nearly three hours of speechmaking the Republican state convention adopted a platform urging New York's delegation to the Chicago national convention to favor the re-nomination of President Taft, elected four delegates at large and alternates to that convention and adjourned sine die. The one protest against the platform was made by William A. Prendergast, city comptroller of New York, who favors the nomination of Theodore Roosevelt.

Vain for Roosevelt; Vermont Split. Bangor, Maine.—The candidacy of Colonel Roosevelt will be supported by Maine's twelve delegates to the Republican national convention. Ten were chosen at the state convention, and at three of the district conventions. The other two were elected a week ago in the first district.

Montpelier, Vt.—Of the eight Vermont delegates to the Republican convention at Chicago, two district delegates will go instructed for Taft and two for Roosevelt. The four delegates-at-large are unpledged.

HE DIED SUDDENLY.



MAJ. GEN. FREDERICK D. GRANT.

ILLINOIS HOLDS PRIMARY

ROOSEVELT AND CLARK ARE RETURNED WINNERS IN ILLINOIS PRIMARY ELECTION.

J. Hamilton Lewis Nominated by the Democrats for the United States Senate.

Chicago.—Winners in the Illinois preferential, advisory and direct primary elections are as follows: For president, Champ Clark, Democrat; Theodore Roosevelt, Republican.

For United States senator, L. Y. Sherman, Republican; J. H. Lewis, Democrat (uncontested). For governor, Charles S. Deneen, Republican; Edward F. Dunne, Democrat.

Colonel Roosevelt's state managers claimed his majority over President Taft was from 100,000 to 150,000. Returns indicate his vote was nearly five to two of that for Taft.

Presidential delegates were not named on the ballots, and will be elected by congressional districts and at large, the effect of the vote being only to serve as a guide to party officials as indicating party feeling. Sherman's lead over Cullom for the advisory vote for United States senator was small, and complete returns from out in the state might overthrow the apparent result.

Governor Deneen's chief fight was against Sub-Treasurer Len Small, referred to in the campaign as a candidate of Senator Lorimer. Governor Deneen won from Small about 5 to 3 in the state. Deneen's indicated majority in Cook county was 23,900.

Roosevelt carried the home ward of Congressman William B. McKinley, Taft's campaign manager, in Campaign; he was successful in the Seventeenth congressional district, where Col. Frank L. Smith, the Taft state manager, lives, and in Former speaker Joseph G. Cannon's home city of Danville. Roosevelt polled 1,544 to Taft's 1,227.

Senator LaFollette polled a small vote. In Cook county, where it appeared heaviest, the Wisconsin senator had an apparent vote of 14,440, where Roosevelt's apparent vote was \$8,144 and that of Taft 52,064.

While Colonel Roosevelt's lead in Cook county was on a basis of approximately 8 to 5 over Taft, returns from out in the state indicate he ran stronger there, in places as high as 5 to 1, bringing the estimated average to 5 to 2.

Champ Clark's candidacy met just the opposite results. In Chicago his apparent majority, based on more than three-fourths of the total number of precincts, was above 90,000 or on a proportion of about 4 to 1 over Wilson. In the state precincts his lead was in a proportion of about 8 to 5, making the general proportion about 2 to 1.

\$20,000,000 a Year for Good Roads. Washington.—Senator Robert L. Owen of Oklahoma addressed the senate advocating Senator Swanson's bill to appropriate \$20,000,000 annually for five years to aid the states and local committees in the improvement of public roads. The bill provides for the construction, maintenance and improvement of post roads and rural delivery routes through the co-operation and joint action of the national government and the several states in which such roads may be established.

Congressmen Called Crooks. New York.—Henry W. A. Pake, a well-to-do commission merchant and importer of linens and cottons, was arrested here on a Federal warrant from the District of Columbia, charging him with libeling Representative Henry D. Clayton of Alabama, chairman of the house committee on judiciary, and other members of congress. In the indictment, which contains three counts, Pake is charged with having circulated alleged libellous matter in a pamphlet.

Taft Condemns Lynching. Washington.—President Taft condemned lynching in vigorous terms in an address before the alumni of Howard university, the largest negro institution of higher learning in this country. In defending law and order as again mob rule Mr. Taft said, with emphasis: "The man that pulls the rope should hang by the rope." President Taft later attended a dinner given by the New Jersey congressional delegation in compliment to Mr. Justice Pitney of New Jersey.

FALLING BUILDING KILLS WORKMEN

FATAL RESULTS FROM COLLAPSE OF OLD TOBACCO WAREHOUSE AT GOLDSBORO.

IT WAS BEING TORN DOWN

Framework of Old Banner Tobacco Warehouse Suddenly Fall Crushing The Life Out of Two and Injuring Three Including Contractor.

Raleigh.—A special from Goldsboro states that two men are dead and three others seriously injured as the result of the falling of the framework of the old Banner Tobacco Warehouse on John Street, near the post office. The building was being torn down, all of it having been removed except the heavy timbers on the sides and roof, when, falling with a crash, the timbers caught the men, with the fatal result stated.

The dead: Alfred Hall, a white mechanic, who came with his family to this city from Sampson county, about two years ago. He was crushed beneath the timbers, and died in a few minutes. George Faison (negro), crushed; died a few minutes after the accident.

The injured are: Willie Brown, injured in back, but not thought to be serious. Isaac Sampson, back hurt, arm broken, and dislocated; taken to the Goldsboro hospital, where, at the last report, he is doing well and is thought to be on the way to recovery.

J. C. McCullen, contractor in charge of the work, injured in the head and chest, but now doing well and hopeful of recovery. To Publish Book on Life of Aycock. At a meeting of the friends of the late Governor Aycock held in Raleigh it was decided to proceed immediately with the publication of his life and most notable public addresses. The committee selected as editors Mr. R. D. W. Connor and Mr. Clarence Poe, with the hope that they will have the especial assistance of Dr. George T. Winston. The biographical part of the book will not be exhaustive, but will give in the opening a running account of his career, with many stories about him, after which the volume will contain the best of his most notable addresses—the cream of all his public utterances—and perhaps some of his letters.

To Start Work in Drainage District. Engineer Wetmore, who has charge of the Cold Water drainage district, arrived at Concord to resume his work on the creek. Mr. Wetmore will locate the route, estimate the cost and submit his report to the drainage commissioners. After it is passed upon a contract for the work will be let. This will be done by the creek commissioners to be appointed as soon as the report of the engineer has been received and approved. The drainage district is only nine miles in length and it will take only a short time to complete the work after it is under way. This is the first drainage district in Cabarrus and much depends upon the outcome.

Country Bankers' Association. The Country Bankers' Association of North Carolina has accepted an invitation to hold the annual meeting this year at Wrightsville Beach, where the session last year was held. The meeting will be held June 6 and 7 and it is expected that about 150 bankers, their wives and daughters and friends will be in attendance.

Democratic Convention on May 25. At a meeting of the Lenoir County Democratic executive committee it was decided to hold precinct primaries for the election of delegates to the county convention on May 18. At these primaries an expression of choice for state, congressional, judicial and state senatorial candidates will be taken. The county convention will be held on May 25.

To Build A New Court House. The Richmond county board of commissioners at a special meeting unanimously decided to build a new court house. They will build one commensurate with the needs of the county. It will be modern in every respect. The action of the board in this matter will be generally approved by the citizens of the county as several grand juries have recommended the building of a new court house, but the present board of commissioners, who are H. B. Allen, E. E. McCrae and E. P. Liles are the first to take action.

Mill Property Sold at Auction. By decree of the Federal bankruptcy courts at Greensboro the mill properties of the Rhode Island cotton mills, the Spray woolen mills and the American Warehouse Company, all of Spray, were sold at public auction, the three properties bring a total of \$432,000. The German-American cotton mills and the Lilly cotton mills, formerly owned and controlled by the same corporation and sold recently under court decree, brought \$485,000, bring the total for the five properties to \$917,000.

North Carolina New Enterprises. Queen City Company of Wilmington, was chartered with \$25,000 capital authorized and \$12,100 subscribed by E. R. and J. D. Pickard and others for dealing in bicycles, motorcycles and other machines. Another notable new corporation is the Rockingham Bedding Company of Rockingham, Richmond county, capital \$25,000 authorized and \$2,500 subscribed by J. T. West, Claude Gera, A. G. Corpe and others for the manufacture of all kinds of bedding. There is a shortage for the Theatrical Club of Salisbury.

GOVERNOR PARDONS TWO

Alley Watson Was Given Clemency on Account of Serious Operation.—Another Convict Also Freed.

Raleigh.—Two convicts, one of these a woman, has been pardoned by Governor Kitchen. The woman, Alley Watson, received clemency on account of the fact that she will have to undergo a serious operation.

She was convicted at the March term of court, 1911, of Johnstone county for the crime of larceny and house-breaking and sentenced to 18 months in state's prison. The reasons for pardon are as follows: "On the recommendation of the prison physician who thinks it necessary for her to be sent to the hospital to undergo a serious operation, which cannot safely be longer delayed I pardon prisoner on condition that she remain law-abiding and of good behavior."

The other convict pardoned is W. H. Russell, of Sampson county, who was convicted at the February term 1912, of selling liquor and sentenced to three months in jail. The reasons for pardon are as follows: "On the recommendation of the county physician, who certifies as to the declining condition of the prisoner's health and the bad effect of confinement on him, which is concurred in by another physician and on the recommendation of numerous officials and other prominent citizens, I pardon the prisoner on condition that he pay a fine of \$200 and the cost and give bond for \$500 to be approved by the clerk of the superior court to appear at each fall and spring term of said court at which criminal cases are triable for the next two years to appear before the judge of said court and show that he has been law-abiding and of good behavior."

Teachers Held Last Meeting. The last meeting of the Wake county teachers was held a few days ago at the Raleigh High School. Some of the schools have closed and the teachers returned to their homes in other parts of the state. Many of the schools are approaching their close and teachers found themselves unable to be present. Owing to these conditions only about seventy teachers were present. Several of the Raleigh teachers were also in attendance. Instead of the usual section conference, the work of the schools was viewed as a whole in a general meeting. First, the final year's thought was given to the primary grades. Miss Royster made a short talk emphasizing the importance of properly grading the pupils in grades one, two and three, in preparation for next year's work, and urging that the full grade's work be covered before a child is promoted. Other matters relating to putting the work in the primary grade on a better basis next year were considered.

Interesting Comparative Statement. The death of Governor Aycock and the association of his name with the public schools makes especially interesting the comparative statement of conditions in Oxford and Granville county now and in 1900, the year he began his campaign for education in the state. This comparison refers only to the white schools of the county. The increase in enrollment for the county is from 2,021 to 3,025; average attendance from 1,108 to 1,353, 77 per cent; total school fund from \$10,378 to \$41,106, about 300 per cent; amount paid white teachers from \$5,292 to \$25,400, 400 per cent; value of property from \$4,396 to \$23,000, about 1,400 per cent.

Heroic Deed of Small Boy. Exhibiting presence of mind seldom seen in children of his age, the four-year-old son of S. W. Langley, who lives about a mile from Rocky Mount saved his 15-months' old sister from a watery grave. The facts as learned were that the little boy was playing in a branch near his home, which was about waist deep. The little girl waded in after her brother, but in entering the branch she started from a point different from him and walked directly into a deep hole and sank. The little fellow ran to the spot where she had disappeared and after a hard struggle succeeded in rescuing her from the water.

The Farmers Are Now Very Busy. The farmers of Mecklenburg county have been busy for the past few days as they have not been before in many months. With the clear sunshiny weather of the past week the ground has become dry enough to plow and wherever a mule and a plow are in close proximity throughout the county they have been combined into a means of turning the soil that has not been turned since last November. It has been many years since there was no mid-winter period in which at least a little plowing could be done.