

Directory.

Madison County. Established by the Legislature March 1897. Population, 30,123. County Seat, Marshall. 1848 feet above sea level. New and modern Court House, cost \$12,000.00. New and modern jail, cost \$15,000.00. New and modern County Home, cost \$10,000.00. Officers: Hon. Jas. L. Hyatt, Senator, 23 District, Burnsville, N. C. Hon. J. C. Ramsey, Representative, Marshall, N. C. W. H. Henderson, Clerk Superior Court, Marshall, N. C. W. M. Buckner, Sheriff, Marshall, N. C. James Smart, Register of Deeds, Marshall, N. C. C. F. Runyon, Treasurer, Marshall, N. C. R. F. D. No. 1. R. L. Tweed, Surveyor, White Rock, N. C. Dr. J. H. Baird, Coroner, Mars Hill, N. C. Mrs. Eliza Henderson, Jailor, Marshall, N. C. John Honeycutt, Janitor, Marshall, N. C. Dr. C. N. Sprinkle, County Physician, Marshall, N. C. James Haynie, Supt. County Home, Marshall, N. C. Home located about two miles southwest of Marshall. Courts: Criminal and Civil, First Monday before First Monday in March. Commencing Feb. 26th, 1912. Civil 11th, Monday after First Monday in March, commences May 20, 1912. Criminal and Civil, First Monday after First Monday in Sept. Commences Sept. 9th, 1912. Civil 6th, Monday after First Monday in September. Commences October 14, 1912. BOARDS: County Commissioners: W. C. Sprinkle, Chairman, Marshall, N. C. C. F. Casada, Member, Marshall, N. C. R. F. D. No. 1. Reubin A. Tweed, Member, Big Laurel, N. C. C. B. Masburn, Atty., Marshall, N. C. Board meets first Monday in every month. Road Commissioners: A. E. Bryan, Chairman, Marshall, N. C. R. F. D. 2. J. A. Ramsey, Secretary, Mars Hill, N. C. R. F. D. 2. Sam Cox, Member, Mars Hill, N. C. R. F. D. No. 2. G. W. Wild, Big Pine, N. C. Dudley Chipley, Road Engineer, Marshall, N. C. George M. Pritchard, Atty., Marshall, N. C. Board meets first Monday in January, April, July and October each year. Board of Education: Jasper Ebbs, Chairman, Spring Creek, N. C. Thos. J. Murray, Member, Marshall, N. C. R. F. D. No. 3. W. R. Sams, Marshall, N. C. R. F. D. No. 3. Prof. M. C. Buckner, Supt. of Schools, Mars Hill, N. C. R. F. D. No. 2. Board Meets first Monday in January, April, July and October each year. Colleges and High Schools: Mars Hill College, Prof. R. L. Moore, President, Mars Hill, N. C. Fall Term begins August 17, 1911. Spring Term begins January 2, 1912. Spring Creek High School, Prof. G. C. Brown, Principal, Spring Creek, N. C. 8 Mo. School opened August 1, 1911. Madison Seminary High School, Prof. J. M. Weatherly, Principal, Marshall, N. C. R. F. D. No. 3. 7 Mo. School began October 2, 1911. Bell Institute, Miss Margaret E. Griffith, Principal, Walnut, N. C. 8 Mo. School began September 9, 1911. Marshall Academy, Prof. R. G. Anders, Principal, Marshall, N. C. 1 Mo. School began Sept. 4, 1911. Notary Publics: J. C. Ramsey, Marshall, N. C. Term expires Jan. 11, 1912. A. J. Roberts, Marshall, N. C. R. F. D. No. 5. Term expires May 30, 1912. Jasper Ebbs, Spring Creek, N. C. Term expires August 10, 1912. C. C. Brown, Bluff, N. C. Term expires December 6, 1912. J. A. Leak, Revere, N. C. Term expires January 10, 1912. W. T. Davis, Hot Springs, N. C. Term expires January 10, 1912. J. H. Southworth, Stackhouse, N. C. Term expires January 15, 1912. M. W. Anderson, Falat Fork, N. C. Term expires February 6, 1912. J. H. Hunter, Marshall, N. C. R. F. D. No. 2. Term expires April 1, 1912. J. F. Tison, Marshall, N. C. R. F. D. No. 2. Term expires April 3, 1912. C. J. Ebbs, Marshall, N. C. Term expires April 21, 1912. J. W. Nelson, Marshall, N. C. Term expires April 25, 1912. Roy L. Gudge, Marshall, N. C. Term expires May 3, 1912. Geo. M. Pritchard, Marshall, N. C. Term expires May 25, 1912. Dudley Chipley, Marshall, N. C. Term expires July 29, 1912. W. G. Connor, Mars Hill, N. C. Term expires November 27, 1912. POST: George W. Gahagan Post, No. 28 G. A. R. S. M. Davis, Commander. J. H. Ballard, Adjutant. Meets at the Court House Saturday before the second Sunday in each month at 11 A. M.

SUFFRAGISTS TO HAVE BIG PARADE

BALTIMORE WOMEN PLAN DEMONSTRATION DURING DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION. LEADERS ARE WORKING. Chairman Mack Says the New York Delegation Will Look Over the Candidates Before Closing. Baltimore.—Baltimore's women suffragists are planning a big parade on Thursday evening of the Democratic presidential convention week as a demonstration to the delegates and leaders. Several thousand women are expected to be in the line of march. Some of the suffragists will be costumed in the heroic dress of women of history, while the parade will be led by mounted suffragists. Whether the suffragists will make an effort to secure the incorporation of a suffrage plank in the Democratic platform was not known. The Democratic national committee and Chairman Mack were interested in all news available regarding the suffragists. The national committee were visited by a delegation of women representing the Women's National Democratic League, who volunteered their services in the coming campaign. Chairman Mack told the committee which came over from Washington that he would try to arrange seats for a subcommittee of their number at the convention. The national committee spent the entire day arranging details of the convention and employing staffs of minor officials. An emergency hospital is to be established in the convention hall, and there will be a corps of forty to fifty physicians. The doctor have volunteered their services. Talking of the ninety votes which New York will cast in the convention, Chairman Mack, as a member of the delegation, said: "The delegation, as you know, is unopposed, and will vote as a unit, but just who will be the favorite, I must admit, I do not know. We in New York are conservative, and like to look the candidate over." Mr. Mack said he had not heard of the report that the New York, Illinois and Indiana delegations would join forces to make the nomination.

BRIG. GEN. W. P. HALL



After 45 years of honorable service, Brig. Gen. William P. Hall, who has been at the head of the adjutant general's department since the retirement of General Alsworth, has been placed on the retired list of the army on account of age. He is a native of Missouri, was graduated from West Point in 1868, and fought through a number of Indian wars.

AEROPLANE FALLS; 2 KILLED

LIEUTENANT HAZELHURST AND AVIATOR WELCH KILLED BY COLLAPSE OF AIRSHIP. Double Tragedy Occured on the Army Aviation Field Near the City of Washington.

Washington.—Another fearful toll was taken by aviation when the mutilated bodies of Lieutenant Leighton W. Hazelhurst, Jr., Seventh infantry, U. S. A., and Alfred E. Welch, a professional aviator in the employ of the Wright Brothers, were hauled from under the debris of a collapsed aeroplane. The accident occurred while they were attempting to make the tests required by the government in a machine contracted for by the war department. Although an army board was immediately appointed to determine the cause of the accident, it is probable the real cause of the machine's failure never will be known. The crash came so suddenly and unexpectedly that the two men met their death without being able to make a single move to arrest their fall. Seven army officers were among the score of spectators, but they cannot explain the accident. The accident occurred about one thousand feet from the hangars and when the first witness reached the wreck it was seen that of the men were dead. Welch was buried in the debris, but the body of Hazelhurst had been catapulted twenty feet away from the machine struck. Welch's clothes were practically all torn from his body, which was bruised and battered. Hazelhurst's skull was fractured and his head badly disfigured. Death to both of the men probably had been instantaneous.

TWJ KILLED IN FEUD FIGHT

Greenville, Georgia, Man Kills His Uncle and Cousin. Greenville, Ga.—Following a family feud of many years standing, O. C. Walton, a well-known planter, shot and killed his uncle, W. O. Evans, and his cousin, Oscar Evans, son of the latter. The killing occurred near Woodberry, 5 miles from here, and, according to witnesses, was in self-defense. Walton was not arrested and probably will not be. About a year ago there was trouble between the two families over straying hogs. Walton lived on the farm adjoining the Evans place, and it is understood that he has since been in fear of them. There was no attempt made to arrest Walton, and he was generally commended for his action. The elder Evans had the reputation of being a very dangerous man. He recently killed a negro. Walton is about 25 years of age, married and a prominent planter. The elder Evans was about 50 years of age, while his son was about the age of Walton. The Evanses are planters and are well-connected.

COL. ROOSEVELT PROTESTS

The Colonel Denounces the Work of Steam Roller. Oyster Bay, N. Y.—With an attack on his opponents in the Republican national committee and on President Taft, Colonel Roosevelt again protested against the course of affairs at Chicago. In a statement issued at Sagamore Hill he said Mr. Taft assumed "that the presidency is to be treated as a gift within the bestowal of the politicians in defiance of the duly expressed wish of the people." "Such conduct," Colonel Roosevelt wrote, "comes dangerously near being treason to the whole spirit of our institutions—the whole spirit of democratic free government." In all 101 delegates have been accorded President Taft since the committee opened its hearings. The one placed in the Roosevelt column was D. C. Edwards from the Eleventh district of Kentucky.

REPUBLICANS PAST BEING RECONCILED

G. O. P. SITUATION AT CHICAGO IS TAUT TO THE POINT OF SNAPPING. ANYTHING MAY HAPPEN. Charges of Corruption Are Being Made by Leaders of Both Sides. Chicago.—Apparently irreconcilability of differences between Taft and Roosevelt leaders in the Republican party, borne on a rising tide of charges of bribery, theft and other accusations, threatened to precipitate decisive developments. The charges of corruption were made in an open statement given to the press by Director McKinley of the Taft bureau, which directly accuses the Roosevelt managers of an effort to capture the convention by force. Prominent men on both sides admitted the situation was so acute that almost anything might happen. Among possibilities discussed in conference in rooms, hotel corridors and party headquarters were two that continued to come up again and again. The first of these was the possibility of a bolt by the Roosevelt forces and the organization of a "Progressive party" if President Taft is to be renominated. The bolt talk was ever present during the day, and once in a meeting of Roosevelt leaders arose to a point where William Flynn of Pittsburgh, who was presiding, refused to let it go further. The second possibility, and this seemed to hold the center of the stage was that of a compromise on a third candidate. A number of the leaders declared that now it was positively beyond question to expect either the Taft or Roosevelt people to abide by the nomination of the other's candidate. "The effort to corrupt Taft delegates to the convention," said the statement, "has been under way for several weeks. It is common knowledge that seven weeks ago money was sent to two Taft-instructed delegates in a certain Southern state by telegraph by a well-known Roosevelt leader now in Chicago. "Within the last week two men sent from New York to a Southern state have brazenly approached Taft delegates with offers of money in return for votes for Roosevelt. Other agents on a similar mission have made their appearance in several states recently. "That a well-defined effort is on foot to buy the presidential nomination for Theodore Roosevelt is beyond question." The statement then charges that a plan is on foot to influence the local police force with a view to packing the convention hall with non-ticket holders and to "perpetrate in the hall a system of intimidation and terrorization which might easily culminate in a full-fledged riot." "A plain campaign lie," was Mr. Dixon's retort to the McKinley statement, and he refused to discuss it further. Chicago.—President Taft gained 40 more votes in the Republican national convention through the settlement of contest cases by the national committee. It was a day of Taft victories exclusively. In the cases of the California, Arizona and Michigan contests the Roosevelt forces made a fight and voted their full strength against the Taft delegates. In the California case Taft secured a roll call, losing 16 to 37. In the Arizona contest they failed to get a roll call, and in the Michigan case none was asked, although they voted against seating the Taft delegates-at-large. The contests settled in favor of President Taft were: Arizona, delegates-at-large, 6; California, fourth district, 2; Louisiana, delegates-at-large, 6; first, second, third, fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh districts, 14; Michigan, delegates-at-large, 6; Mississippi, delegates-at-large, 4; first district, 2. Total, 40.

BISHOP THIRKIELD



Rev. Wilbur P. Thirkield, the retiring president of Howard university, was made a bishop of the Methodist church recently and assigned to a southern district.

NEW LAKES-TO-GULF ROAD

NEW ROAD FROM THE GREAT LAKES TO SOUTH ATLANTIC SEABOARD PROBABLE. Sale of Seaboard Means Entrance of Chesapeake and Ohio Into the South Atlantic Region. Richmond, Va.—The Carolina, Clinchfield and Ohio railroad has secured an amendment to its charter from the Virginia corporation commission authorizing the road to increase its capital stock from \$30,000,000 to \$40,000,000. This, it is declared, is for the purpose of further perfecting plans to get connection with the Chesapeake and Ohio system. In railway circles here it is believed that the sale of 210,000 shares of Seaboard Air Line stock by the Cumberland corporation and their acquisition by a new syndicate which has come into control of this road is nothing more than a plan on the part of the Chesapeake and Ohio to eventually take over the Carolina, Clinchfield and Ohio, which is owned by the Clinchfield corporation. By selling out its Seaboard holdings the Cumberland corporation can now carry out its extension plans, irrespective of Seaboard influence, it is believed. These plans call for an extension from Dante, the northern terminus of the C. C. and O., to Elk-horn, Ky., the southern terminus of the Big Sandy division of the Chesapeake and Ohio. Contract for this work was let several weeks ago. Behind this project lies the dream of Edwin Hawley for the C. C. and O. and its allied branches in the middle West to get a direct line from the Great Lakes to the South Atlantic seaboard, preliminary to the opening of the Panama canal in 1915.

TEDDY FAVORS WOMEN VOTING.

The Colonel Will Advocate Votes for Women in His Platform. Oyster Bay, N. Y.—Theodore Roosevelt announced, through Judge Ben B. Lindsey, of Denver, that he is in favor of woman suffrage in this country, and that the platform which he will submit to the Chicago convention will contain an unequivocal declaration to that effect. Judge Lindsey spent two hours with Colonel Roosevelt. The object of his visit was primarily to persuade the colonel to announce that he was in favor of woman suffrage. Heretofore Colonel Roosevelt has merely said that he believed the question of woman suffrage should be submitted to the women themselves for determination whether they wished the ballot. As the judge was leaving Sagamore Hill he said: "Colonel Roosevelt has come out decidedly for woman suffrage. He was induced to take this definite stand by what the women voters have done in Colorado." Striking Waiters Raid Banquet. New York.—A demonstration by striking waiters of the city outside the Waldorf-Astoria hotel during the dinner given by Mayor Gaynor to officers of the visiting German squadron resulted in scenes of violence and rioting. An army of policemen, including the "strong-arm squad," picketed the streets in the vicinity throughout the banquet to avert further trouble, and in two raids upon the mob the police carted away in patrol wagons 125 prisoners, many charged with disorderly conduct. House Stands for Reciprocity. Washington.—The house voted, 144 to 101, not to accept the senate amendment to the metal tariff revision bill, which would repeal the Canadian reciprocity pact and fix a universal duty of 25 a ton on print paper. The house accepted two senate amendments reducing the duty on pig iron and certain alloys. The bill again will go to conference. Majority Leader Underwood estimated the reduced duties on pig iron and alloys would result in a falling off of approximately \$300,000 in revenue.

CRANBERRY IRON MINES ARE FAMOUS

ORE UTILIZED FOR THE FINEST GRADE OF STEEL AND IS IN GREAT DEMAND. IS ON THE LINVILLE RIVER. The Nursery Industry is Growing Very Rapidly in the Blowing Rock-Linville Country—More Railroads Are Needed Badly in This Section. Charlotte.—The Cranberry iron mines, which are located at Cranberry in the new county of Avery on the line of the East Tennessee and Western North Carolina road, are reputed to be among the richest in this country and they are certainly among the oldest. They were in operation long before the great war between the states and now are being worked to their full capacity. The narrow-gauge E. T. & W. Y. C. road was constructed from Johnson City to this point, a distance of 34 miles, in order to afford an outlet to market and the daily ore tonnage transported from these mines to the smelters aggregated 225 tons. The beloved General R. F. Hoke of Lincoln, who was a large stockholder in the property, had charge of these mines for years but they only recently disposed of his interest to Pennsylvania capitalists who now operate the mines. The ore mines from these Cranberry deposits is of such grade that the finest razor and highly tempered knife may be manufactured from the steel. The Kelsey nurseries, which are located near Montezuma river narrow-gauge road, which is an extension of the East Tennessee and Western North Carolina line, shipped during the past season more than 200 solid car loads of trees and shrubs, not only to all parts of the United States but into a number of foreign countries as well. These trees and shrubs are native to western North Carolina and reach their highest degree of development in this immediate section. There are many varieties but the principal ones are rhododendron, mountain laurel, hemlock, balsam, spruce, to say nothing of the more pretentious trees, as the oak, chestnut, beech, maple, etc. The plants are gathered as shoots in the mountains, carried to the nursery beds and there transplanted and then taken up and distributed wherever needed. Unveiling of The Wyatt Statue. In delivering the address at the unveiling of the bronze statue of Henry L. Wyatt in the Capitol square, Maj. E. J. Hale of Fayetteville, himself a participant in the battle of Bethel, in which young Wyatt shed the first blood for the cause of the Confederacy reviewed North Carolina's part in the inception of the civil war and narrated most interestingly the story of the battle and the heroic part young Wyatt had in it. Pratt Must Serve Three Years. Herold T. Pratt, the former Newbern insurance agent who misappropriated funds not his own, in various ways, and who then left under cover of darkness and succeeded in eluding the grasp of the law until a few weeks ago, when he was arrested at Omaha, must serve three years in the state reformatory, was the decision reached. To All Who Were Candidates. Here is something that calls for quick action. It is matter that is directed to all who were candidates—in the victors and the vanquished—in the recent primaries in Wake. It is a call to both Democrats and Republicans. This is that all who were candidates render an account of their expenses in the campaign, and certify this account to Clerk of the Court. This account is required of all candidates for all offices, from the highest to the lowest, from Governor to delegates and members of committee. Mill Fatally Destroyed by Fire. Long distance message from Burlington stated that the plant of the Snow Camp Woolen Mills, located in South Alamance county, was totally destroyed by fire. The loss is estimated at from \$40,000 to \$150,000, though it is said that this estimate is based on meager information as to value of equipment and stock on hand. The loss is only partly covered by insurance. The mill manufactured woolen blankets and had a contract to furnish material for uniforms of convicts in this and other states. Burgin Tendered His Resignation. The directors of the Greensboro chamber of commerce announced that Secretary W. O. Burgin had tendered his resignation effective immediately and that in all probability a committee of the commercial body at the meeting of the directors in the near future would recommend a successor. Mr. Burgin has held the office of secretary since the resignation of C. C. McLean and resigns to take a course in law at the university this summer and later to engage in the practice of his chosen profession. Mile of Road Building Arranged. A mile of modern road building has been arranged for in Wake county, and the work is planned to be done in such a fashion as to make it an example for future work. The arrangement for the work was placed by the board of county commissioners in the hands of a special committee, consisting of Messrs. John M. Mills, Henry G. Holding, W. L. Wiggs and H. E. Litchford. The committee met and awarded the contract to T. J. Maguire, of Norfolk, and C. L. Woodall, of Raleigh. Dismal Fire at Lexington. Lexington was visited by one of the most disastrous fires in many years when the cotton warehouse of the Naamens Mill caught fire. The warehouse was divided into two sections and, thanks to the good work of the firemen, only one section was burned. The section burned contained 295 bales of cotton. A great many bales were completely destroyed and all were very badly damaged. Just now it is impossible to estimate the amount of damage done, but it is expected that it will exceed \$100,000.

TO HAVE THREE STATE MEETS

Trio of Conventions Will Gather in City of Charlotte in Near Future —Many Will Attend. Raleigh.—A special from Charlotte states that that city will whirl into a convention zone in the near future, entertaining in the space of four days no less than three state gatherings. Tuesday and Wednesday, 18th and 19th, the North Carolina Retail Jewelers' Association will be here; Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, 19th, 20th and 21st, the State Association of Trained Nurses will be in session; Thursday and Friday, 20th and 21st, the North Carolina State Optical Society will hold its annual meeting. Attractive programs have been prepared by each of these societies and an attendance of about 100 visitors is expected by the officers of each. It will be observed that their dates overlap so that on Wednesday, Thursday and Friday Charlotte will be host to two conventions simultaneously. Fred N. Day, of Winston-Salem, is president and W. G. Frazier of Durham is secretary of the jewelers' association, J. D. Hathaway of Elizabeth City heads the officers of the opticians. An automobile ride will be given the nurses by the Greater Charlotte Club at 4:30 on the afternoon of Thursday. The public will be welcomed at all of these sessions and the local committees would be pleased to have a good attendance of Charlotteans to give the visitors assurance that they are welcome and that the people of the city are interested in their work. Heretofore the attendance has been almost imperceptible outside the ranks of the businesses and professions peculiarly interested. Detailed arrangements have not been completed as to the halls at which sessions will be held but Charlotte has sufficient auditoriums available to accommodate a much larger number of conventions than will descend upon her at this time. Arrested in Connection With Murder. Frank Gladden, the white man implicated in the double murder of Mr. and Mrs. John Dixon in their home near Fallston on the night of December 12 was re-arrested several days ago at his home in Shelby to answer the second charge against him of killing Mrs. Dixon. At the special term of court which convened here January 8 he was acquitted while the principal witness against him, John Ross, colored, confessed to wielding the axe that killed Mr. Dixon and is in Raleigh awaiting electrocution, August 14. Ross made his confession the day before the special term of court to Sheriff Wilkins and in his confession story said Frank Gladden was the white man who planned the murder of this prosperous farming family and that he was lured into the crime by Gladden. His evidence was unsupported, however, and the jury returned a verdict of acquittal. The grand jury returned another true bill against Gladden for the murder of Mrs. Dixon and it is on this that he will be tried. Wreck on Southern Railroad. Eastbound freight No. 88 in charge of Conductor J. A. Caldwell and Engineer Bashatt was wrecked between Connelly Springs and Hildebrand, 6 miles from Hickory. The wreck was caused by a broken rail. None of the train crew were hurt. Three hoboos were seen on the train as it passed Connelly Springs, but as only two were seen after the accident, the other is supposed to be under the wreck. Fifteen coal cars were piled up on each other and totally demolished. The wrecking crews arrived upon the scene and cleared the track. Passenger trains Nos. 11 and 22 were derailed through the Spartanburg division.

MURDERER CAPTURED IN BALTIMORE.

Sheriff Petty received information several days ago that Ed Womack, colored, who shot and killed Fred McIVER, colored, in Womack's restaurant here in April, 1910, had been captured by a detective in Baltimore. Sheriff Petty left for Baltimore and will stop in Raleigh for requisition papers. Womack made his escape after killing McIVER and no information had been gotten about him until the sheriff learned that he was in Baltimore and through the aid of a detective there succeeded in landing him.

Striking Waiters Raid Banquet.

New York.—A demonstration by striking waiters of the city outside the Waldorf-Astoria hotel during the dinner given by Mayor Gaynor to officers of the visiting German squadron resulted in scenes of violence and rioting. An army of policemen, including the "strong-arm squad," picketed the streets in the vicinity throughout the banquet to avert further trouble, and in two raids upon the mob the police carted away in patrol wagons 125 prisoners, many charged with disorderly conduct.

House Stands for Reciprocity.

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To All Who Were Candidates.

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