

THE ONLY NEWSPAPER IN MADISON COUNTY.

VOL. XIV

MARSHALL, MADISON COUNTY, N. C., FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 6, 1912.

NO. 36.

Directory.

Madison County.

Established by the Legislature Session 1860-61.
Population, 20,122.
County Seat, Marshall.
1644 feet above sea level.
New and modern Court House, cost \$53,000.00.
New and modern jail, cost \$15,000.00.
New and modern County Home, cost \$10,000.00.

Officers.
Hon. Jas. L. Hyatt, Senator, 23 District, Burnsville, N. C.
Hon. J. C. Ramsey, Representative, Marshall, N. C.
W. H. Henderson, Clerk Superior Court, Marshall, N. C.
W. M. Buckner, Sheriff, Marshall, N. C.
James Smart, Register of Deeds, Marshall, N. C.
C. F. Runkin, Treasurer, Marshall, N. C., R. F. D. No. 2.
R. L. Tweed, Surveyor, White Rock, N. C.
Dr. J. H. Baird, Coroner, Mars Hill, N. C.
Mrs. Eliza Henderson, Jailor, Marshall, N. C.
John Honeycutt, Janitor, Marshall, N. C.
Dr. C. N. Sprinkle, County Physician, Marshall, N. C.
James Haynie, Supt. County Home, Marshall, N. C.
Home located about two miles southwest of Marshall.

Courts.
Criminal and Civil, First Monday before First Monday in March, commencing Feb. 28th, 1912.
Civil 11th, Monday after First Monday in March, commences May 20, 1912.
Criminal and Civil, First Monday after First Monday in Sept. Commences Sept. 17, 1912.
Civil 6th Monday after First Monday in September, commences October 14, 1912.

BOARDS.
County Commissioners.
W. C. Sprinkle, Chairman, Marshall, N. C.
C. F. Cassada, Member, Marshall, N. C., R. F. D. No. 1.
Reubin A. Tweed, Member, Big Laurel, N. C.
C. B. Mashburn, Atty., Marshall, N. C.
Board meets first Monday in every month.

Road Commissioners.
A. E. Bryan, Chairman, Marshall, N. C., R. F. D. 2.
J. A. Ramsey, Secretary, Mars Hill, N. C., R. F. D. 2.
Sam Cox, Member, Mars Hill, N. C., R. F. D. No. 2.
G. W. Wild, Big Pine, N. C.
Dudley Chipley, Road Engineer, Marshall, N. C.
George M. Pritchard, Atty., Marshall, N. C.
Board meets first Monday in January, April, July and October each year.

Board of Education.
Jasper Ebbs, Chairman, Spring Creek, N. C.
Thos. J. Murray, Member, Marshall, N. C., R. F. D. No. 3.
W. R. Sams, Marshall, N. C., R. F. D. No. 2.
Prof. M. C. Buckner, Supt. of Schools, Mars Hill, N. C., R. F. D. No. 2.
Board meets first Monday in January, April, July and October each year.

Colleges and High Schools.
Mars Hill College, Prof. R. L. Moore, President, Mars Hill, N. C. Fall Term begins August 17, 1911. Spring Term begins January 2, 1912.
Spring Creek High School, Prof. G. C. Brown, Principal, Spring Creek, N. C. School opened August 1, 1911.

Madison Seminary High School.
Prof. J. M. Weatherly, Principal, Marshall, N. C., R. F. D. No. 2. 7 Mo. School began October 1, 1911.
Bell Institute, Miss Margaret E. Griffith, Principal, Walnut, N. C. School began September 9, 1911.

Marshall Academy. Prof. R. G. Anders, Principal, Marshall, N. C. 1 Mo. School began Sept. 4, 1911.
Notary Publics.
J. C. Ramsey, Marshall, N. C. Term expires Jan. 11, 1912.
A. J. Roberts, Marshall, N. C., R. F. D. No. 8. Term expires May 30, 1912.
Jasper Ebbs, Spring Creek, N. C. Term expires August 10, 1912.
G. C. Brown, Bluff, N. C. Term expires December 6, 1912.
J. A. Leak, Revere, N. C. Term expires January 10, 1913.
W. T. Davis, Hot Springs, N. C. Term expires January 10, 1913.
J. H. Southworth, Stackhouse, N. C. Term expires January 18, 1913.
N. W. Anderson, Paint Fork, N. C. Term expires February 6, 1913.
J. H. Hunter, Marshall, N. C., R. F. D. No. 2. Term expires April 1, 1913.
J. F. Tison, Marshall, N. C., R. F. D. No. 1. Term expires April 5, 1913.
C. J. Ebbs, Marshall, N. C. Term expires April 23, 1913.
J. W. Nelson, Marshall, N. C. Term expires April 25, 1913.
Roy L. Godger, Marshall, N. C. Term expires May 3, 1913.
Geo. M. Pritchard, Marshall, N. C. Term expires May 30, 1913.
Dudley Chipley, Marshall, N. C. Term expires July 29, 1913.
W. G. Connor, Mars Hill, N. C. Term expires November 27, 1913.

POST.
George W. Galagan Post, No. 28 G. A. R.
J. H. Davis, Commander.
J. H. Baird, Adjutant.
Meets at the Court House Saturday before the second Sunday in each month at 11 A. M.

LIQUOR SELLERS PLAN TO EVADE LAW

RECENT WILD RUMOR THAT IS BEING TALKED OF IN TARHEEL STATE.

DECIDE TO MAKE TEST CASE

Story Comes From Well Known Citizen Who Heard Plan Unfolded.—"Reported" Attempt to Open Wholesale Whiskey House in Salisbury.

Charlotte.—Gossip has arrived on the through train from Washington, D. C., to the effect that Washington liquor dealers, representing "unlimited capital," are planning to make an active effort to open up wholesale whiskey houses in several North Carolina cities for distributing liquor in adjoining states.

Report, has it that the promoters of the scheme claim that such "right" is conferred by the interstate commerce law bearing on interstate shipments.

"It is said" in a roundabout way that, after conferring with lawyers of the District of Columbia, the whiskey men concerned have made up their minds to make a test of the North Carolina state prohibition law, by opening up first wholesale liquor house in Salisbury; that if it is able to withstand the legal attack that is certain to be made, then other "distributing houses" will be opened in Charlotte and at other points to sell liquor to customers residing in other states.

The story comes through a well-known citizen who heard the plan unfolded by another man, the latter having returned from Washington several days ago, and who, it is understood, is interested in the whiskey business.

It appears that the issue which they propose to force, is out of "dry" territory into another state. The liquor men claim, it is said, that whiskey can be shipped into a "dry" state, under the interstate commerce laws, it can be shipped out of a dry state into another state.

Certain recent decisions in cases coming up from Tennessee and other states, it is understood, have given the Washington liquor men the idea of making this effort.

Politics in Hoke County.
The first Democratic primary held in Hoke county resulted in the nomination of the following officers. These were appointed by the governor under the act creating the county. Capt. Thomas McBryde was named for representative in the legislature. Capt. J. W. McNeil, of Fayetteville, received a majority of 77 votes over Q. K. Nimocks (also of Fayetteville) for state senator from the thirteenth senatorial district, composed of Hoke and Cumberland counties. The nominees for the county officers are: For sheriff, Edgar Hill; clerk, superior court, W. B. McQueen; treasurer, W. J. McCraney; register of deeds, J. M. McInair; coroner, D. K. McDuffie; commissioners, J. W. Johnson, J. A. McPaul, S. J. Cameron.

Blind Tiger Released on Bond.
Horace Melton, the blind tiger, whose last conviction cost the leading witness his life, has been released on a bond of \$200 for good behavior during the next two years. Sympathy for the family of the accused man, who is now their only support, caused the action of the court. The sentencing of Clyde Melton, brother of Horace, to the penitentiary for eighteen years, left Melton's mother and other immediate members of the family practically without support.

Special Provision for Extra Funds.
The finance committee of the state board of agriculture made special provision for extra funds for a number of the divisions of the state department of agriculture to carry on their work until the next semi-annual meeting of the board in December.

Safe Cracker is Arrested.
C. C. Campbell, a white man 45 years old, was arrested while robbing a store at Proctorville, ten miles south of Lumberton. He had opened the safe by working the combination. Campbell has but one eye but carries a glass eye in his pocket to be used as occasion requires. He seems to be an old hand at the business, and claimed to be from Mississippi. The penitentiary authorities of that state were communicated with and it was learned that a \$50 reward was offered for him.

Politics in Henderson County.
The canvass of the returns from the primary held in Henderson county by the executive committee served to show that the primary was only a calling out process by which the greater part of candidates in the field will be eliminated from the second primary. Only two candidates were nominated, these being Dr. W. R. Kirk, for coroner, who had no opposition, and J. B. Patterson, for sheriff, who had little opposition for the reason that no candidate engaged in the contest against him.

COUNTS MUCH ON NEW ROAD

People in Norwood Section Optimistic Over Prospects of Development—Figuring on Depot Sites.

Norwood.—Work of completing surveys for the extending of the Norfolk Southern railroad to Charlotte continues without abatement, and it is understood that actual construction work will start within about thirty days.

This new line means a great deal to this section and the people are looking forward to its coming with a great deal of interest. With the Southern covering the territory to Salisbury, the Atlantic Coast Line from Florence, S. C., to Winston-Salem, the Norfolk Southern will complete the circuit by passing through a very fine undeveloped country to Charlotte. Norwood will be the center of all this development and the citizenship is naturally optimistic over the prospect of great improvements, increase in population and a general boom in every way. Already there have been a number of prospectors here investigating the situation with a view to locating, and during the last week two persons of means have decided to cast their lot in this town. Negotiations are also on for the establishment of other factories here and sites for plants, warehouses, etc., are being considered by outside capital.

E. C. Duncan, one of the leading spirits in the movement for making the Norfolk Southern a trunk line from Norfolk to Charlotte, via Raleigh, Washington, Elizabeth City and other cities of Eastern Carolina, was here with a party of railroad officials. An informal meeting of the business men was held and Mr. Duncan made a talk on the situation. The question only now unsettled it seems, is the depot sites and the next week will probably see the close of all details for the beginning of work.

Federal Road Work in This State.

North Carolina will be the first state in which road construction will be started under the provision of Senator Simmons' good roads bill which has become a law. The Simmons' good roads bill provides that the work shall be handled through the postmaster general and the secretary of the agricultural department. Postmaster General Hitchcock and Secretary Wilson had a conference with Senator Simmons and told the senator that it was their intention to begin work on roads with a very short time and that the first step will be taken in some North Carolina counties where money had already been appropriated for road construction. The Simmons' bill provides that the government shall bid in the construction of roads where the county or state bears its part of the cost.

Breaking Up Illicit Still.
Two North Irrell citizens have been arrested on charges of illicit distilling and the officers are searching for others in the same connection. Deputy Revenue Collector J. M. DeWald and Deputy Sheriff Ward made a raid into the Grassy Knob church neighborhood and found and destroyed a blockade plant. Five men were at work at the still when the officers approached but all escaped except one—Milton Rash—who was arrested and brought to Statesville where he gave \$500 bond before Clerk H. C. Cowles for his appearance at next term of federal court. The two officers named and Sheriff Deaton went back to the same community and destroyed what was left of another moonshine plant, the still having been removed just before the officers arrived.

Man Killed by Southern Train.
Jethro Berry, a farmer aged 38 years, was struck by number 35, a westbound passenger train, on the Southern Railway, about one mile from Morganton and killed instantly. Berry, in company with some friends, was sitting on the track and hearing the train coming the crowd, with the exception of Berry got out of the way of the train, Berry whom it is alleged was more or less under the influence of whiskey did not get up and was struck by the train with the result above stated. The balance of the men did not know but that Berry was on the other side of the track when the train passed and were horrified to find him dead.

Orange County Health Board.
The Orange county health board of four has refused to take any steps towards remedying the condition of the old mill race, which the Durham health officer says is contaminating the water supply of the city of Durham. This matter of the old race of stagnant water, which overflows into the river every time there is a rain, was called to the attention of the Durham board of health at their last meeting, and they appointed a committee to see if the conditions could not be remedied.

Politics in Cabarrus County.
Complete returns, although unofficial, from the Democratic primaries held in Cabarrus county give P. E. Widenhouse, candidate for sheriff, a small fraction of a vote more than enough to insure his nomination. There are 64 votes in the county convention and it requires a fraction of a vote more than 32 for a nomination. According to the returns Mr. Widenhouse will have 23,841 on the first ballot. E. P. White is second with 22,872 and W. R. McKinley third with 2,221.

IT WASN'T AN AIRSHIP



DYNAMITE PLOT BY MILL OWNERS

Builder of Lawrence Plants Kills Self When Court Calls.

SENSATION AT LAWRENCE

Prominent Men Subpoenaed by Boston Grand Jury Investigating Charge of Conspiracy to Plant Explosive.

Boston.—A sensation was sprung at the court house when it leaked out that District Attorney Pelletier had caused the grand jury to investigate a charge of conspiracy against big mill men in Lawrence in connection with the planting of dynamite in that city at the time of the big strike.

Ernest W. Pitman, who built the large Wood worsted mills at Lawrence, one of the men involved in the conspiracy who was summoned to appear before the grand jury, committed suicide in Andover. The announcement of his suicide stated that the cause was unknown. In view of the fact that he was one of the men under investigation and was also under summons to testify, it is stated that his suicide was due to the present investigation.

Among those summoned to appear before the Suffolk grand jury in connection with the dynamite plots at Lawrence were seven of the most prominent residents. Just what they knew about the charges is not known at present and nobody can be found who would venture to give an inkling as regards their testimony.

Those who testified were: Louis S. Cox, postmaster at Lawrence; George E. Kundhardt, treasurer of the Kundhardt mills; Iver Bjostron, treasurer of the United States Worsted Mills; Fred C. McDuffie, treasurer of the Everett Mills; Charles Wolcott, treasurer of the Atlantic Mills, and John J. Breen.

John J. Breen was arrested for planting the explosive. He did not take the stand at his trial and was fined \$500. District Attorney Pelletier learned that the conspiracy to plant the dynamite was conceived and practically carried out in Boston and the investigation by the grand jury relates to that conspiracy.

The purpose of the plan alleged to have been formed by the mill men, it is said, was to destroy the labor organizations by creating public opinion hostile to them by the use of dynamite.

It is said that the men involved in the conspiracy figured that if dynamite could be traced to those interested in the strike public opinion would favor the owners and be inimical to the operatives, with the result that the strike would be crushed and the labor organization injured.

KILLS FATHER TO SAVE MOTHER

Boy Says Blow Was Struck in Her Defense.

Vineyard, N. J.—Henry Garton, 21 years old, of this place, stabbed his father, Edward R. Garton, to death with a potato paring knife. He gave himself up four hours after the killing, telling the police that he had struck in self-defense while fighting to save his mother.

PRIEST LYNCHED IN PORTUGAL.

Monarchist Who Fatally Wounded Mayor of Guarda is Slain by Mob.

Lisbon.—The Republican mayor of Guarda arrested a monarchist priest named Sousa at a funeral in a village nearby. The priest drew a revolver and shot and fatally wounded the mayor. He fled, but was pursued by a mob and captured. He was then lynched and his body stripped and left in the road.

BOOTH'S FUNERAL SOLEMN SCENE

Salvation Chief Has Greatest Burial Service.

HIGH PITCH OF EMOTION

No Pomp or Display, No Symbols of Mourning—Congregation in Tears—Children's Chorus Breaks Down When Called to Sing.

London.—Funeral services over the founder of the Salvation Army, Gen. William Booth, were held in Olympia, in accordance with the traditions of that organization, without pomp or symbols of mourning, but with a most moving fervor and impressiveness.

Thirty-four thousand people participated in the service. Nearly half wore the blue coats and red jerseys or bonnets with red ribbons—so familiar on the streets of cities in many countries.

The body of the late General in a plain pine coffin rested high on a white catafalque in front of the big platform across the end of the hall, where all the chief officers of the organization were seated, and where forty bands were massed. The crimson flag of the army "of fire and blood," which the General unfurled on Mount Calvary, was planted above the coffin. A bank of flowers composed of the tributes sent by members of royalty and many societies was behind it. Flags of various nations in which the Commander-in-Chief had waged campaigns and the standards of the older divisions of the army were arrayed in front of the platform.

These and more Salvation Army flags in the galleries, each tipped with white ribbons, and twenty portraits of the evangelist, surmounted with green laurel wreaths, with a broad orange ribbon connecting them, were the only decorative effects.

Bramwell Booth, the late General's son, who has been made his successor, wept at his father's coffin. Up to that moment he had borne his grief in silence. Commissioner Adelaide Cox offered an impressive prayer, in which she said: "Lord, we do not want to disappoint Thee; help us to save the world."

The service itself was not only a memorial, but a mammoth meeting of prayer and praise. No other congregation comparable with it was ever seen in London. In the world, save at the funeral of the General's wife, held in the same hall 22 years ago.

The most solemn moments of the long ceremony were when the coffin was borne along the middle of the hall to the music of the Dead March in "Saul." A small procession, representing many branches of the army's activity, made up of men and women, and a detachment of officers from the foreign branches carrying the flags of their respective countries, preceded it. Immediately before the body a brigadier bore aloft the crimson flag which the General raised at Jerusalem, and under which he died at Hadley Wood. Following it marched officers from Sweden, Germany, the United States, Switzerland, Canada, France, Denmark, Norway, India and Australia.

BLEASIE WINS BY 1,100.

South Carolina Governor Got Most Votes in the Primaries.

Columbia, S. C.—Gov. Cole L. Blease has been renominated for a second term, according to practically complete returns received from the Democratic primaries. The returns indicate that Governor Blease has a majority of over 1,100 votes. Reports have not been received from fifty-nine precincts. The figures are: Blease, 67,248; I. B. Jones, 64,073; John T. Duncan, 1,086. Senator Tillman won.

NEW PARCELS POST SYSTEM

Hitchcock Rushes Work to Take Over Small Express Business.

STARTS OPERATIONS JAN. 1

Names Committee to Prepare and Classify Articles—New Equipment to Be Provided—Stamps to Be Designed.

Washington.—After several days' conference with officers in charge of the several branches of the postal service, Postmaster-General Hitchcock announced that the department will be in readiness by January 1 next, the date prescribed by Congress, to put into general operation the parcels posts system authorized in the postal appropriation bill that became law last Saturday.

The postal express business, that must be organized in so short a period, will not only cover in its ramifications all systems of transportation now utilized by private express companies, but will be extended also to more than a million miles of rural delivery and star route service.

This means that the work of organization must be pushed forward with great speed. First of all a classification of the articles that can be accepted for transportation must be prepared. The law admits to the mails practically all kinds of merchandise that can be safely transported, including products of the farm and garden as well as factory products, provided such articles do not weigh over eleven pounds nor exceed seventy-two inches in combined length and girth.

The mode of packing must be carefully prescribed. The present equipment of the mail service is not adapted to the carriage of such merchandise and therefore new equipment must be provided.

Special means must be arranged for the carriage of fragile articles. It is probable that happens similar to those used abroad will be employed extensively in handling parcels post mail. The style, size of material of such hampers and of other necessary equipment must be determined and advertisements issued for their purchase.

The law provides that postage on all parcels shall be prepaid by affixing distinctive stamps. This will necessitate the manufacture of at least a dozen denominations of special stamps ranging from one cent to \$1. The designing of these stamps is under way and the plates for their printing will be promptly engraved.

The law provides indemnification for lost or damaged articles, and since many of the articles to be carried will be of a fragile nature or readily perishable, the question of indemnity is one for careful regulation.

Above four ounces there are by the pound or fraction thereof, and varying with distance as follows:

	Each additional lb.	1 lb.	11 lbs.
Rural route and city delivery...	.05	.01	.15
150 mile zone...	.05	.03	.35
300 mile zone...	.06	.04	.46
450 mile zone...	.07	.05	.57
600 mile zone...	.08	.06	.68
1000 mile zone...	.09	.07	.79
1400 mile zone...	.10	.09	1.00
1800 mile zone...	.11	.10	1.11
Over 1800 miles...	.12	.12	1.32

COMMISSION FOR NEW ORLEANS.

Louisiana's Metropolis Votes Overwhelmingly for New Order.

New Orleans.—A commission form of government, including the right of initiative and referendum, was adopted at a special election here—23,900 for and 2,119 against.

In November a constitutional amendment will be voted on, the carrying of which will mean that the right of recall will also be made a feature of the commission form of government.

Under the city's new governmental system the executive and legislative powers will be lodged in a mayor and four commission councillors.

DIES TO GET A REST.

Man Deprived of Vacations Commits Suicide in East Orange.

East Orange, N. J.—While preparing breakfast at her home, No. 23 Lincoln wood place, Mrs. Herman J. Kuster heard a pistol shot. She went upstairs and found her husband dead on his bed with a self-inflicted revolver wound in the right side of his head.

Kuster was forty-eight years old and manager for a tailoring establishment in Fulton street, Manhattan. He shot himself because he had not had a vacation in eight years and had no prospect of getting one.

FLY PEST KILLS ANIMALS.

Texas Farmers Plough by Midnight to Save Their Livestock.

Dallas.—Northern Texas is threatened with the loss of all livestock and farmers are ploughing by midnight to escape attacks of a fly that is causing death of livestock. Horses and cattle are being driven blind by the pest, and cows refuse to eat. Dairy men have had heavy losses, supplies of milk and butter being greatly reduced. People also suffer from attacks of the fly.

INDICT HEAD OF WOOLEN TRUST

W. M. Wood Charged with Dynamite Conspiracy at Lawrence.

WORLD'S BIG TEXTILE MAN

Charged with Conspiring to Discredit Lawrence Strikers, Surrenders and Gives Cash Bail in the Sum of \$5,000.

Boston.—There was an astounding outcome of the great strike of mill operatives at Lawrence, Mass., which lasted from January 12 until March 14 last, alarmed the country and brought the workers and militia in sanguinary collision.

William M. Wood, president of the American Woolen Company, surrendered himself here on learning he had been indicted for conspiracy.

Mr. Wood is accused of plotting to "plant" dynamite in at least three places at Lawrence so as to discredit the labor unions.

It is charged that he and others planned to conceal the deadly explosive and then to betray its hiding places to the police so as to create the impression that the strikers proposed to destroy some of the mills from which they had walked out.

Joined in the indictment with Wood and the man alluded to is Dennis Collins, a Cambridge cod fisher. The latter is also charged with placing the dynamite on a Boston and Maine passenger car for illegal transportation. He is in jail in default of bail.

It is charged that the men indicted conspired with Ernest W. Pitman and John J. Breen to place the dynamite on the premises of the Syrian operatives. The Syrians, if convicted, could have been given ten years in prison. Their innocence was established and they were discharged.

The maximum penalty for the conspiracy charge against the present defendants is three years in the House of Correction for each offense or a total on the six counts of eighteen years.

The first public knowledge that the Suffolk county authorities had taken action in connection with the Lawrence dynamite case came last Tuesday. Several officials of the Lawrence mills, with head offices in this city, were summoned to give testimony.

On the same day Ernest W. Pitman, a contractor and builder who constructed the Wood Worsted Mills of the American Woolen Company at Lawrence, committed suicide at his home in Andover by shooting.

The American Woolen Company is one of the greatest manufacturing concerns in the country. It is capitalized at \$75,000,000, has thirty-three mills in New England and New York, and employs 35,000 operatives when all its machinery is moving. Fifteen thousand of these are at Lawrence, where the company bore the brunt of the strike.

President Wood, now forty-seven years old, was born in Edgartown, Martha's Vineyard, of Azorean Portuguese parents.

Mr. Wood married a daughter of Dr. Frederick Ayer.

STEEL MEN SEE WORKER DIE.

Farrell and Inspecting Party Horrified by Accident at Steel Plant.

Stuebenville, Ohio.—President James Farrell of the United States Steel Corporation witnessed one practical but tragic phase of steel making which President Alva C. Dinkley of the Carnegie Steel Company and thirty other officials had not expected to see when they started on the present trip of inspection of the plants of the Steel Trust. A mill worker came to a violent death as the party looked on, powerless to extend aid.

The dead man was Joseph Byers, aged 25 years, an assistant roller. He was drawn into a set of 18-inch rolls, and several of the party turned faint at the sight. Byers' body was slowly flattened out to the thickness of the structural shapes he had been guiding through the rolls.

SEVEN BURNED TO DEATH.

Mother and Six Children Trapped in Rooms Above Bakery.

Newark, N. J.—A mother and six of her seven children were burned to death in a fire which destroyed the bakery and four living rooms above of Emilio Barbaro on Freeman street, Kingland, N. J.

The dead are: Mrs. Rose Earl, aged 35; Lillian, aged 12; Anton, aged 11; Tipnell, aged 9; Susie, aged 6; James, aged 3; Francis, aged 4 months.

The father attempted suicide when he learned of his family's fate. Along with the loss of the family he lost a gold watch, \$50 in bills, a check for \$7, and forty-five barrels of flour.

BALUTE TO DIX KILLS WOMAN.

Apoplexy Follows Fright at Monument Unveiling Ceremony.

Elmira, N. Y.—Mrs. Anna Palmer of Owego, a great-granddaughter of Gen. Sullivan, came to Elmira to witness the dedication of the monument erected to the memory of her ancestor.

When the artillery fired a salute for Gen. Dix she fainted. She was hurried to a hospital here, but died in a short time, apoplexy following, caused by fright during her death.