

Directory

Established by the Legislature Session 1850-51. Population, 20,122. County Seat, Marshall. 1644 feet above sea level. New and modern Court House, cost \$53,000.00. New and modern jail, cost \$15,000.00. New and modern County Home, cost \$10,000.00. Officers: Hon. Jas. L. Hyatt, Senator, 23 District, Burnsville, N. C. Hon. J. C. Ramsey, Representative, Marshall, N. C. W. H. Henderson, Clerk Superior Court, Marshall, N. C. W. M. Buckner, Sheriff, Marshall, N. C. James Smart, Register of Deeds, Marshall, N. C. C. F. Runyon, Treasurer, Marshall, N. C. R. F. D. No. 1. R. L. Tweed, Surveyor, White Rock, N. C. Dr. J. H. Baird, Coroner, Mars Hill, N. C. Mrs. Eliza Henderson, Jailor, Marshall, N. C. John Honeycutt, Janitor, Marshall, N. C. Dr. C. N. Sprinkle, County Physician, Marshall, N. C. James Haynie, Supt. County Home, Marshall, N. C. Home located about two miles southwest of Marshall. Courts: Criminal and Civil, First Monday before First Monday in March, commencing Feb. 26th, 1912. Civil 11th, Monday after First Monday in March, commences May 20, 1912. Criminal and Civil, First Monday after First Monday in Sept. Commences Sept. 9th, 1912. Civil 6th Monday after First Monday in September. Commences October 14, 1912. BOARDS: County Commissioners: W. C. Sprinkle, Chairman, Marshall, N. C. C. F. Cassada, Member, Marshall, N. C. R. F. D. No. 1. Reubin A. Tweed, Member, Bliz Laurel, N. C. C. B. Mashburn, Atty., Marshall, N. C. Board meets first Monday in every month. Road Commissioners: A. E. Bryan, Chairman, Marshall, N. C. R. F. D. 2. J. A. Ramsey, Secretary, Mars Hill, N. C. R. F. D. 2. Sam Cox, Member, Mars Hill, N. C. R. F. D. No. 2. G. W. Wild, Big Pine, N. C. Dudley Chipley, Road Engineer, Marshall, N. C. George M. Pritchard, Atty., Marshall, N. C. Board meets first Monday in January, April, July and October each year. Board of Education: Jasper Ebbs, Chairman, Spring Creek, N. C. Thos. J. Murray, Member, Marshall, N. C. R. F. D. No. 3. W. R. Sams, Marshall, N. C. R. F. D. No. 2. Prof. M. C. Buckner, Supt. of Schools, Mars Hill, N. C. R. F. D. No. 2. Board Meets first Monday in January, April, July and October each year. Colleges and High Schools: Mars Hill College, Prof. R. L. Moore, President, Mars Hill, N. C. Fall Term begins August 17, 1911. Spring Term begins January 3, 1912. Spring Creek High School, Prof. G. C. Brown, Principal, Spring Creek, N. C. 8 Mo. School opened August 1, 1911. Madison Seminary High School, Prof. J. M. Weatherly, Principal, Marshall, N. C. R. F. D. No. 2. 7 Mo. School began October 2, 1911. Bell Institute, Miss Margaret E. Griffith, Principal, Walnut, N. C. 8 Mo. School began September 3, 1911. Marshall Academy, Prof. R. G. Anders, Principal, Marshall, N. C. 8 Mo. School began Sept. 4, 1911. Notary Publics: J. C. Ramsey, Marshall, N. C. Term expires Jan. 11, 1912. A. J. Roberts, Marshall, N. C. R. F. D. No. 5. Term expires May 30, 1912. Jasper Ebbs, Spring Creek, N. C. Term expires August 10, 1912. C. C. Brown, Bluff, N. C. Term expires December 6, 1912. J. A. Leak, Ravens, N. C. Term expires January 10, 1913. W. T. Davis, Hot Springs, N. C. Term expires January 10, 1913. J. H. Southworth, Stackhouse, N. C. Term expires January 15, 1913. M. W. Anderson, Paint Fork, N. C. Term expires February 6, 1913. J. H. Hunter, Marshall, N. C. R. F. D. No. 2. Term expires April 1, 1913. J. P. Tilson, Marshall, N. C. R. F. D. No. 1. Term expires April 3, 1913. C. J. Ebbs, Marshall, N. C. Term expires April 21, 1913. J. W. Nelson, Marshall, N. C. Term expires April 25, 1913. Roy L. Gaudger, Marshall, N. C. Term expires May 3, 1913. Geo. M. Pritchard, Marshall, N. C. Term expires May 25, 1913. Dudley Chipley, Marshall, N. C. Term expires July 25, 1913. W. O. Conner, Mars Hill, N. C. Term expires November 27, 1913. POST: George W. Gahagan Post, No. 25 O. A. R. S. M. Davis, Commander. J. H. Ballard, Adjutant. Meets at the Court House Saturday before the second Sunday in each month at 11 A. M.

TURKEY DECLARES WAR ON BALKANS

OTTOMAN EMPIRE ORDERS HER ARMIES TO ADVANCE AGAINST FOES.

GREECE JOINS IN CONFLICT

Five Balkan States Unite in War Against Turkey—Short War is Expected.

London, England.—Notification that Bulgaria, Serbia and Greece had declared war against Turkey was given to the British foreign office by the representatives of these countries. The only formality now lacking is the declaration of war by Turkey against Greece, which the Ottoman government has appeared reluctant to do. This, however, is not delaying the movements of the various armies. The Turkish and Bulgarian forces are both advancing. Probably they will meet near Mustapha Pasha, one of the few passes through the mountains leading from Belzara to Macedonia. The Bulgarian army is on the way to Uskup, where another big battle is anticipated.

In northern Albania, where the Turks and Montenegrins are striving for supremacy, there is a lull in the fighting. Military authorities believe the Montenegrins have been checked both to the north and south of Lake Scutar, or that they have found it necessary to give their men a rest after hard and continuous fighting.

Athens.—The Greek fleet has received orders to sail under sealed orders for an unknown destination. King George and Premier Venizelos paid a visit to the ships at Phalero bay and were enthusiastically acclaimed.

All the retail stores in Athens are closed and the people flocked to the churches to attend special services, at which prayers were offered for the success of the Greek army.

London.—The whole of the Turkish garrison of Berana, consisting of 4,000 regulars and 3,000 Bashibozuks (irregulars) took flight in the night before the capture of the town by the Montenegrins, according to an official dispatch from Cetinje. The Montenegrins pursued them and took a number of prisoners and three field guns. The pursuit was continued to ward Bozal.

Athens.—Greece, not wishing to detach herself from her allies, sent instructions to the minister at Constantinople to communicate a declaration of war to the porte. Greece, at the same time, sent a fraternal greeting to the allied states. Serbia was the first of the three states to declare war. Bulgaria followed with a similar declaration.

Sofia, Bulgaria.—King Ferdinand is on his way to the headquarters of the Bulgarian army near the Turkish frontier. The king's manifesto to the people, proclaiming war, has been published. A special service will be held in the cathedral when the archbishop will invoke a blessing on the holy war, on which the country is embarking. Similar services will be held throughout the country.

London.—While Turkey and the Balkan states are carrying out the last formalities connected with the declaration of war, interest has been transferred to the prospects of the campaign. Two influences are expected to make the war short and sharp. The first is the approach of winter, the second is financial pressure. None of the belligerent states is in a position to stand the strain of prolonged military operations.

Constantinople.—The formal declaration of war against Serbia and Bulgaria was published by the Turkish government. A note addressed by the Turkish government to the Bulgarian and Serbian legations here said it was impossible to maintain peace any longer. Similar action to that taken against Serbia and Bulgaria will follow against Greece, as the note was found to be identical with those received from Sofia and Belgrade. The decision of the government to declare war is welcomed with enthusiasm by the Turkish people as the action of a strong and confident cabinet.

Bulgaria was disappointed recently in trying to raise even a small loan in Paris, while Turkey had been endeavoring both in New York and Paris to borrow money, but up to the present without success. The financial resources of the other states concerned are very limited. Little is likely to be heard of the European conference until some decisive action has been fought, when doubtless the European concert will renew its efforts to bring about peace on broad lines.

Jack Johnson Charged With Abduction Chicago.—Jack Johnson, the negro pugilist, was charged with abducting Miss Lucile Cameron, 19 years old, in a warrant sworn out by the girl's mother, Mrs. F. Cameron, Falconett of Mississippi. Mrs. Cameron-Falconett appeared with an attorney before Municipal Judge Wells, who signed the warrant. She became hysterical when she found her daughter in the police station. Counsel representing Johnson attempted to see Miss Cameron, but the request was denied.

MAN WHO TRIED TO MURDER ROOSEVELT



THIS is John Schrank, alias Charles Flammet, who attempted to murder Theodore Roosevelt in Milwaukee. He is a Bavarian who formerly lived in New York, and is thought to be mentally deranged.

TURKEY HAS SURRENDERED

WAR BETWEEN EUROPEAN COUNTRIES WHICH HAS LASTED A YEAR, ENDS—ITALY VICTOR.

Ottomans Granted Concessions to Offset Surrender of Tripoli and Cyrenia.

Onchy, Switzerland.—The final draft of the treaty of peace between Turkey and Italy was signed.

The peace treaty is by no means one-sided or couched in such terms as usually are imposed by victor upon vanquished. Not only have Turkish susceptibilities carefully been safeguarded in the text, but the Ottoman plenipotentiaries have succeeded in obtaining from Italy concessions regarding capitulations (judicial jurisdiction over Moslems) and customs duties, as well as a disguised indemnity.

Upon the concessions Turkey depends greatly to offset the decree of the sultan granting independence to Tripoli and Cyrenia without even a hint of recognizing the right of Italy to assume sovereignty over them. Italy's maintenance of her law of annexation of the new colonial empire, therefore, is of unilateral character, there being no bond on the part of the porte to approve Italy's procedure.

The subjects of annexation and independence find no place in the whole document of Turkey practically, if indirectly signing away possession of the great territory is found in the clause providing for the withdrawal of the Turkish troops and civil officials from Tripoli and Cyrenia. Even this provision is similar to that requiring Italy at once to evacuate the Aegean islands.

The fact that Italy has given the sultan the right to appoint a representative with considerable power is not mentioned, but this has already been prepared for by the decree made public by the king of Italy.

Pays for Double Murder. Pinckneyville, Ill.—George Engel was hanged here for the murder last May of his wife and sister-in-law, after a quarrel at the home of his father-in-law.

U. S. Protects Military Secrets. Washington.—For the protection of the military secrets of the United States, President Taft issued an executive order forbidding foreign vessels to enter the following ports without the special authorization of the navy department: Tortugas, Fla.; Great Harbor, Culebra; Guantanamo, Cuba; Pearl Harbor, Hawaii; Guam and Subig bay, Philippine islands. These ports are American naval bases. The order declared they were not sub-ports of entry and should not be made such.

Georgia Railway Strike Ends. Atlanta.—With the trains of the Georgia railroad running on scheduled time, and the twelve days' strike now a matter of history, the actual task of arbitration begins. All passenger trains were run on the Georgia railroad Sunday and Sunday night—three each way. Cheers and congratulations met the morning trains at every station. In some places the people almost went wild with delight, toasting up their hats and yelling at the top of their voices. Many important shipments were delivered.

BOSTON TEAM WINS CHAMPION SERIES

RED SOX DEFEAT NEW YORK NATIONAL LEAGUE TEAM, TAKING BASEBALL HONORS.

EIGHT GAMES WERE PLAYED

Games Were the Most Stubbornly Contested Ones in the History of Organized Baseball.

Everyone Profited on This World's Series. Boston.—The total paid attendance for the series of eight games was 252,037. Total receipts were \$490,833. Each club's share was \$147,023.85. The National Commission's share was \$49,083.30. The total players' share, derived from the first four games only, was \$147,471.69. Each Red Sox player, of whom twenty-two were eligible, received \$4,924.65. Each Giant player, of whom twenty-three were eligible, received \$2,568.46.

Boston.—The Boston Red Sox, penant winners of the American League, are the world's champions of 1912. Defeating the New York Nationals by a score of 3 to 2 in ten innings of a bitterly fought struggle they captured their fourth victory of the world's series and carried off the premier honors in baseball.

The last game was a game of excitement and changing emotions for the 17,000 spectators who went to Fenway park to see the teams which had struggled valiantly for seven games, with honors even, meet in the deciding contest. Never was a ball game more hard fought, for it was not until twilight had fallen upon the tenth inning that the red-stocked Yerkies flashed over the plate with the winning run.

Nine innings of a pitching duel between the master boxer of the Giants, Christy Mathewson, and the strapping, bedient, and "Smoky" Joe Wood, for the Red Sox, found the two contenders for championship honors with a tally each.

Into the tenth inning the contest went, and the Giants chilled the hopes of the Boston crowd by scoring a run on a double into the bleachers by Murray and a hit by Merkle to center which Speaker juggled. Hundreds of fans tore up their scorecards, jammed their hats down over their heads and discontentedly left the grounds, for Mathewson was pitching a game which was baffling Boston batsmen, but Boston made two runs in their half of the tenth inning, winning the game and the baseball championship of the world.

TEDDY'S ASSASSIN TALKS

"I Failed in My Life's Work," Says John Schrank, Talking to Reporter.

Milwaukee, Wis.—John Schrank, the man who tried to slay Col. Theodore Roosevelt, stared at a group of newspaper men who stood outside the door of his cell at the police station here, and asserted that his life had been wasted because Roosevelt will live.

"Suicide?" he said, with a note of wonder in his voice. "I never thought of it. I did not expect to survive Theodore Roosevelt more than ten minutes. I thought the mob would lynch me. That, of course, was of no consequence to me. The work of my life would have been finished if I had put a bullet in the heart of the man who is seeking a third term as president.

The police are convinced that Schrank is a fanatic. They are making a rigid investigation of his past life to see if he had any accomplices.

Church Will Give Election Returns. Joliet, Ill.—Rev. A. C. MacAdam, pastor of a Methodist Episcopal church, here, promises to give those who wish to take advantage of his plan the returns of election on the night of November 5, surrounded by thousands vastly different from those found in the saloon. He will have a lead wire run into the church and get the returns direct from Chicago. He has prepared a menu for the occasion, including "Republican pasties," "Democratic sandwiches," "Bull Moose soup," and "Prohibition coffee."

Stole \$5,600,000 and Disappeared. Brussels, Belgium.—Defalcations already aggregating the huge sum of \$5,600,000 and constantly increasing, have been unearthed in the offices of the Grand-Terneusen railroad here through the accidental discovery of false share certificates among a small parcel recently sold. Nestor Wilmar, the manager of the company, has disappeared, and it will probably take a considerable time to determine the full extent of the financial disaster, in which are involved twenty-four banks as well as scores of investors.

FROM THE TAR HEEL STATE

Short Paragraphs of State News That Have Been Gotten Together With Care by the Editor.

Asheville.—The local associated charities has decided to install a district nurse to take care of the sick among the poor who are unable to pay for the services of a trained nurse in such cases.

High Point.—It will be of state-wide interest to know that something like 34,000,000 feet of lumber is consumed at High Point annually by the many wood-working plants located here, one concern alone using 24,000,000 feet.

Lincolnton.—The citizens of Lincoln county were favored with three fine political addresses during last week. Hon. E. Randolph Preston of Charlotte, ninth district elector, spoke at Iron Station, Reepaville and at Long Shoals.

Raleigh.—An exchange of courts between Judges James L. Webb and R. B. Peebles was authorized by Gov. Kitchin. Judge Webb will hold court in Chatham the week of November 11, and in Lee November 18. Judge Peebles will hold court in Bertie for two weeks beginning November 11.

Greensboro.—The Masonic and Eastern Star Home for the aged was formally dedicated here with impressive ceremonies. Grand Master W. B. McCoy of Wilmington and other members of the grand lodge were present, while officers of the Order of the Eastern Star also took part.

Concord.—The steep hill at Coddle Creek on the national highway, which has been a source of worry and difficulty for teams and motorists for years will, in a few days, be no more. At least it will be reduced to such a grade as to obviate practically all difficulty in ascending it.

Charlotte.—Through the agency of the Greater Charlotte Club, arrangements have been effected whereby the farm demonstrators of the United States department of agriculture for North Carolina will meet in Charlotte next March. There are 65 demonstrators in the state with Mr. C. R. Hudson in charge. Mr. E. S. Millsaps of Statesville is district supervisor.

Raleigh.—At the conclusion of the first week's itinerary the Wake county Democratic candidates are enthusiastic and the outlook is better than it has ever been for an overwhelming Democratic majority in November. The speaking have been well attended and have been marked by close attention and enthusiasm on the part of the voters.

Wilmington.—Judge Frank Carter of Asheville who presided at the three-weeks' double term of New Hanover superior court, which has just adjourned here, has prepared a petition asking Gov. Kitchin to call a special term of New Hanover court for the trial of both criminal and civil matters to convene Monday, November 16, and continue for not less than two weeks.

Raleigh.—Will Talent, of Macon county, was given a pardon by Gov. Kitchin, but he must give a \$250 bond for his faithful support of his wife and child. Talent was tried and convicted at the April term of court, 1912, for assaulting and abandoning his wife and for forcible trespass. He was given a three months' sentence on the roads in each case. The governor grants him a pardon to re-establish, if possible, the family relations.

Lumberton.—George Hinson, who escaped from the Anson county chain-gang some months ago, was arrested here recently by I. V. Hooper, who recognized him. He was turned over to Police Chief Redfern, who locked him up. Hinson was sentenced to twelve months on the roads for shooting a deputy sheriff at Rockingham last fall on circus day. He only served three months. When arrested he carried a pistol.

Raleigh.—Maj. W. A. Graham, who has been attending the Buncombe county fair, has returned to the city and brought inspiring news from that section. Major Graham declares that three farmers of Haywood county put on exhibit apples raised on their farms in competition with the best apples that could be selected from the states of Minnesota, the two Dakotas, Idaho and Washington and that the North Carolina product, all coming from the same county, held its own.

Durham.—The register of deeds and his assistants are just now completing the tax books for the present year, and in a few days will have them ready to turn over to the sheriff for the collection of taxes. The totals show that the state and county taxes are a little bit less than they were last year.

Jacksonville.—Democratic voters of Onslow county had an opportunity to hear two fine Democratic speeches here, when Senator Lee S. Overman and Representative Paison spoke to a court house packed with enthusiastic listeners.

Wake crest.—Dr. Edward S. Ruth of New York City has arrived to accept the professorship of anatomy in the department of medicine, which he was recently elected to by the Wake Forest College board of trustees. Doctor Ruth succeeds Dr. E. E. Stewart, who goes to New York City as a practitioner.

ATTITUDE OF U. S. TOWARDS MEXICO

THE GOVERNMENT WILL ADHERE STRICTLY TO POLICY OF NON-INTERVENTION.

WILL PROTECT AMERICANS

Assurances Were Sent Out From the War Department That the Mission of Gunboats at Vera Cruz Was Purely Precautionary.

Washington.—The attitude of the United States towards Mexico is unchanged by the Diaz revolution and despite the gravity with which officials here regard the latest uprising, it is the intention of this government to adhere strictly to its announced policy of non-intervention.

Ambassador Henry Lane Wilson, on his way back to his post at Mexico City, conferred with Assistant Secretary Adee and before leaving Washington will confer with Secretary Knox. It is known here that the Mexican Government is planning an active campaign against Diaz, who is popularly said to be acting in the interests of his uncle, Porfirio Diaz, the exiled President. The warnings of this government that Americans and their interests must be protected will be renewed.

It is said that the presence at Vera Cruz of the cruiser Des Moines and the prospect that in a day or two the cruiser Tacoma also will arrive in Vera Cruz harbor should not be taken as indicative of the Government's intention to become in any sense a party to Mexico's internal difficulties. Assurances have been given that the mission of the vessels at Vera Cruz is purely humanitarian and precautionary; that their visit is in no way political but for the sole purpose of affording protection and refuge to such Americans and other foreigners who may need such assistance.

Dispatches received by the State Department indicate military movements of revolutionists and Federal troops about Vera Cruz. That the commanders of the opposing forces announced practically simultaneously, that the decisive battle would be fought without the limits of the city is regarded here as a coincidence and not due to an agreement even informally made.

Ambassador Wilson probably will take up for consideration with Secretary Knox the claims of this government against Mexico on account of losses sustained by Americans due to the operations of the various revolutionary forces.

Determined to Retire From Fight. Princeton, N. J.—Gov. Woodrow Wilson returned to his home here having made his last campaign speech, he said, until Colonel Roosevelt shall have recovered. The Governor said he had made no plans for the immediate future or the remainder of the campaign, that request for speeches were many, but he was firm in his intention of keeping off the stump while one of his opponents was incapacitated. He probably will express his views on public questions through statements and announcements.

Colonel Suffers Slight Setback. Chicago.—Colonel Roosevelt's slight setback from having over-asserted himself in receiving friends will not prevent his departure for Oyster Bay over the Pennsylvania Railroad. His physicians admitted in their bulletin that the noted patient had suffered from his energy and that he appealed to the public to aid in obtaining perfect rest for him. Their bulletin reads as follows: "Pulse and temperature normal. The patient continues to improve."

Minor Fighting Only on Frontier. London.—No real, serious fighting has yet been reported from the seat of war. The Montenegrins have captured Blava and Gusinje and the Greeks have occupied Ellassona; but these are regarded as minor affairs in which no real resistance was offered.

Killed in Rear-End Collision. Atlanta, Ga.—L. B. Holley of Macon, freight conductor, was almost instantly killed in a rear-end collision of northbound Central of Georgia freight trains at East Point, near here. A negro fireman and brakeman were seriously injured.

Hazing at Naval Academy. Annapolis, Md.—An investigation was begun at the Naval Academy into a case of alleged hazing which was said to have been of such a severe nature as to warrant a court martial.

Wants to Clear Himself Before Jury. New York.—Police Lieut. Charles Becker will take the witness stand in his own defense in his trial on the charge of instigating the murder of Gambler Rosenthal, according to John F. McIntyre, his chief counsel. He stated that he had yielded to his client's desire in the matter and that Becker's story would be heard within the next two or three days. "We have finally decided to allow Becker to testify," said his attorney. He has been anxious to do so all along, but we have not thought it necessary.