

THE ONLY NEWSPAPER IN MADISON COUNTY.

VOL. XIV

MARSHALL, MADISON COUNTY, N. C., FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 22, 1912.

NO. 47.

Directory.

Madison County.
Established by the Legislature Session 1850-'51.
Population, 30,122.
County Seat, Marshall.
1644 feet above sea level.
New and modern Court House, cost \$32,000.00.
New and modern Jail, cost \$15,000.00.
New and modern County Home, cost \$10,000.00.
Officers.
Hon. Jas. L. Hyatt, Senator, 2d District, Burnsville, N. C.
Hon. J. C. Ramsey, Representative, Marshall, N. C.
W. H. Henderson, Clerk Superior Court, Marshall, N. C.
W. M. Buckner, Sheriff, Marshall, N. C.
James Smart, Register of Deeds, Marshall, N. C.
C. F. Runyon, Treasurer, Marshall, N. C.
R. F. D. No. 2.
R. L. Tweed, Surveyor, White Rock, N. C.
Dr. J. H. Baird, Coroner, Mars Hill, N. C.
Mrs. Eliza Henderson, Jailor, Marshall, N. C.
John Honeycutt, Janitor, Marshall, N. C.
Dr. C. N. Sprinkle, County Physician, Marshall, N. C.
James Haynie, Supt. County Home, Marshall, N. C.
Home located about two miles southwest of Marshall.
Courts.
Criminal and Civil, First Monday before First Monday in March, commencing Feb. 26th, 1912.
Civil 11th, Monday after First Monday in March, commences May 20, 1912.
Criminal and Civil, First Monday after First Monday in Sept. Commences Sept. 9th, 1912.
Civil 6th Monday after First Monday in September. Commences October 14, 1912.
BOARDS.
County Commissioners.
W. C. Sprinkle, Chairman, Marshall, N. C.
C. F. Cassada, Member, Marshall, N. C.
R. F. D. No. 1.
Reubin A. Tweed, Member, Big Laurel, N. C.
C. B. Maasburn, Atty., Marshall, N. C.
Board meets first Monday in every month.
Road Commissioners.
A. B. Bryan, Chairman, Marshall, N. C.
R. F. D. 2.
J. A. Ramsey, Secretary, Mars Hill, N. C.
R. F. D. 2.
Sam Cox, Member, Mars Hill, N. C.
R. F. D. No. 2.
G. W. Wild, Big Pine, N. C.
Dudley Chipley, Road Engineer, Marshall, N. C.
George M. Pritchard, Atty., Marshall, N. C.
Board meets first Monday in January, April, July and October each year.
Board of Education.
Jasper Ebbs, Chairman, Spring Creek, N. C.
Thos. J. Murray, Member, Marshall, N. C.
R. F. D. No. 3.
W. R. Sama, Marshall, N. C.
R. F. D. No. 2.
Prof. M. C. Buckner, Supt. of Schools, Mars Hill, N. C.
R. F. D. No. 2.
Board Meets first Monday in January, April, July and October each year.
Colleges and High Schools.
Mars Hill College, Prof. R. L. Moore, President, Mars Hill, N. C. Fall Term begins August 17, 1911. Spring Term begins January 2, 1912.
Spring Creek High School. Prof. G. C. Brown, Principal, Spring Creek, N. C. 8 Mo. School opened August 1, 1911.
Madison Seminary High School. Prof. J. M. Weatherly, Principal, Marshall, N. C.
R. F. D. No. 2. 7 Mo. School began October 2, 1911.
Bell Institute. Miss Margaret E. Griffith, Principal, Walnut, N. C. 8 Mo. School began September 9, 1911.
Marshall Academy. Prof. R. G. Anders, Principal, Marshall, N. C. 10 Mo. School began Sept. 4, 1911.
Notary Publics.
J. C. Ramsey, Marshall, N. C. Term expires Jan. 11, 1912.
A. J. Roberts, Marshall, N. C. R. F. D. No. 2. Term expires May 30, 1912.
Jasper Ebbs, Spring Creek, N. C. Term expires August 10, 1912.
C. C. Brown, Bluff, N. C. Term expires December 6, 1912.
J. A. Leak, Revere, N. C. Term expires January 10, 1913.
W. T. Davis, Hot Springs, N. C. Term expires January 10, 1913.
J. H. Southworth, Stackhouse, N. C. Term expires January 15, 1913.
N. W. Anderson, Paint Fork, N. C. Term expires February 6, 1913.
J. H. Hunter, Marshall, N. C. R. F. D. No. 2. Term expires April 1, 1913.
J. P. Tilson, Marshall, N. C. R. F. D. No. 2. Term expires April 3, 1913.
C. J. Ebbs, Marshall, N. C. Term expires April 21, 1913.
J. W. Nelson, Marshall, N. C. Term expires April 25, 1913.
Roy L. Gudgeon, Marshall, N. C. Term expires May 3, 1913.
Geo. M. Pritchard, Marshall, N. C. Term expires May 25, 1913.
Dudley Chipley, Marshall, N. C. Term expires July 25, 1913.
W. O. Connor, Mars Hill, N. C. Term expires November 27, 1913.
POST.
George W. Cahagan Post, No. 23
G. A. B.
E. M. Davis, Commander.
J. E. Ballard, Adjutant.
Meets at the Court House Saturday before the second Sunday in each month at 11 A. M.

WILSON TO CALL EXTRA SESSION

IMMEDIATELY AFTER INAUGURATION PRESIDENT WILL CON- VENE CONGRESS.

TO MEET BEFORE APRIL 16

Democratic President-Elect Prepares to Carry Out Pre-Election Pledges.

New York.—Gov. Woodrow Wilson has announced that immediately after his inauguration as president of the United States he would call an extraordinary session of congress to convene not later than April 15 for the purpose of revising the tariff. The president-elect called for a vacation, and will return December 15. To set at rest in the meantime speculation as to what he would do with regard to tariff revision, he issued the following statement: "I shall call congress together in extraordinary session not later than April 15. I shall do this not only because I think that the pledges of the party ought to be redeemed as promptly as possible, but also because I know it to be in the interest of business that all uncertainty as to what the particular items of tariff revision are to be should be removed as soon as possible."

Beyond this brief announcement the governor said he had nothing further to say. Most of the opinions he had received from public men seemed to be in favor of an extra session, he declared. The governor did not intend to express himself about an extra session so soon after his election. Although he has favored the idea of an extra session because the present arrangement would not bring the new congress into session until thirteen months after its election, he had expected to spend more time in ascertaining public opinion. With the time to be consumed in discussion the governor felt that if an extra session were not called, the benefits of tariff revision would be postponed for practically two years.

Throughout the campaign he reiterated that he desired an immediate revision of the tariff and that the Democratic leaders know perfectly well how to proceed about it. The governor was impressed by the argument also that with an early announcement as to an extra session Democratic leaders in congress could begin to take counsel at an early date so that much of the preliminary detail could be worked out before congress convened on April 15. The governor was prompted incidentally in making his early announcement by the fact that many members of congress were desirous of arranging for accommodations in Washington for the extra session if there was to be one.

ATHLETE KILLS HIMSELF

Son of Aide to King of Sweden Kills Himself in Tampa.

Tampa, Fla.—Documents found in the possession of Lieut. Fred de Mannerfelt, who committed suicide at a local hotel by shooting himself through the heart, identify him as the son of Major F. Mannerfelt of the personal staff of King Oscar of Sweden. Other papers show that he was a member of the Swedish team in the recent Olympic games at Stockholm. The dead man had been in the city only a few days and little is known of him here. He left letters addressed to two citizens of Boca Grande, Fla., where he is believed to have been spending a vacation. He also left a note to the manager of the hotel apologizing for his act.

Astor Takes Possession of Fortune.

New York.—On Vincent Astor's twenty-first birthday he took legal and official title to the fortune left by his father, Colonel John Jacob Astor. The total amount of the estate is estimated at \$80,000,000, of which Vincent Astor receives approximately \$67,000,000.

Convicts Advertise for Work.

Chicago.—Convicts paroled from the state penitentiary, but who cannot be freed because they have not secured in advance employment for at least one year, have hit upon the expedient of advertising in Chicago papers. An employment want ad kept standing in local papers and stating that those seeking employment are at present convicts in the penitentiary has obtained employment from eight merchants willing to take a chance on the paroled men making good.

'Blind Banker Admits Theft.

Paris, France.—Augustin Max, known throughout France as the "Blind Banker of Paris," has created a mild sensation in financial circles here by surrendering himself to the police and confessing that he has misappropriated \$2,906,000 of his clients' money. Max declared that he had invested the depositors' funds in copper and nickel mines in New Caledonia. The enterprises were complete failures. Max enjoyed the highest reputation in banking circles here.

SEÑOR CANALEJAS



Señor Canalejas, premier of Spain, who has been assassinated, is shown in this photograph consulting with King Alfonso.

AMBASSADOR BRYCE RESIGNS

BRITISH DIPLOMAT DESIRES TO COMPLETE HIS LITERARY WORK.

Official Announcement Made—Sir Cecil Arthur Spring-Rice to Succeed Bryce.

Washington.—James Bryce, the British ambassador to the United States, has tendered his resignation, and will return to England. While the news that Ambassador Bryce is to retire will be received with regret in official circles and by the country generally, it is not wholly unexpected. There has been no break in the harmonious relations of the distinguished Englishman and his government, but it has been an open secret for some time that Mr. Bryce, advancing in years, desired to surrender his post and give entire attention to the completion of the literary work which has occupied so large a part of his life. His book on South America, written since his tour of that country two years ago, is just off the press, and he is about to begin a work covering his recent tour of Australia and New Zealand.

London, England.—Announcement that James Bryce, ambassador to the United States, has resigned and that he was succeeded by Sir Cecil Arthur Spring-Rice, British minister to Sweden, caused surprise here, but general interest in the situation was overshadowed by the Balkan crisis. The porte appears resolved upon this course, owing, on the one hand, to the delay of the powers in handling the mediation proposal, and, on the other hand, to the divergence of views the proposal has occasioned among the powers.

TURKEY SUES FOR PEACE

Porte Sends an Envoy to the Bulgarian Headquarters.

Constantinople.—That the porte has entered into direct negotiations with Bulgaria for an armistice is confirmed. Nazim Pasha, the Turkish commander-in-chief, has received instructions to open communication with the Bulgarian generals, and he has sent an envoy to the Bulgarian headquarters. The porte appears resolved upon this course, owing, on the one hand, to the delay of the powers in handling the mediation proposal, and, on the other hand, to the divergence of views the proposal has occasioned among the powers.

DIXIE WOMEN IN SESSION

Lay Cornerstone of Monument to Confederates Buried in Arlington.

Washington.—Hundreds of Southern women, wearing the red and white ribbon of the United Daughters of the Confederacy, arrived in Washington to attend the nineteenth annual convention of the organization. The credentials committee of the organization was busy issuing credentials to delegates, who will participate in the sessions of the convention. Word was received by the local officials of the daughters that Mrs. Alexander B. White, president general of the organization, would be unable to attend the convention. Mrs. White is detained at her home in Paris, Tenn., by the grave illness of her husband.

Strike Against Death Sentence.

St. Petersburg, Russia.—What is practically a general strike has been declared by the factories and workshops in protest against the recent sentencing to death of seventeen sailors of the Black Sea fleet for instigating mutinies. Demonstrations were stopped by the police and many arrests have been made.

Wife Kills Husband.

Tampa, Fla.—Donald C. Livingston, a conductor on the Tampa-Sarasota branch of the A. C. L., was shot and killed by his wife. Mrs. Livingston stated that her husband came home under the influence of liquor and abused her all day. She sought safety in her room where he forced the door, and commenced beating her. She seized a pistol, she stated, which was in his hip-pocket, and shot him. She fired four times, all the bullets taking effect in his breast. She was placed under arrest.

15 Persons Killed in Wreck.

Indianapolis.—An open switch, which permitted a passenger train on the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton railroad, to catapult, head-on, into a freight standing on the sidetrack, was held responsible for the death of fifteen persons and the injury of seventeen more. The crash occurred at Irvington, a suburb. The majority of the injured were dead north of the Ohio river. Among the dead passengers were two members of the Chaney family of Jackson, Ky. The sixth of the family, Clifton Chaney, was hurt.

TOLLS ARE FIXED FOR PANAMA CANAL

MERCHANT VESSELS ARE TO PAY \$1.20 PER TON NET OF ACTUAL CARRYING CAPACITY.

U. S. BATTLESHIPS EXEMPT

Rates Practically the Same as Those to Be in Force at the Suez Canal.

Washington.—President Taft has issued a proclamation fixing the rates that the foreign shipping of the world shall pay for passage through the Panama canal. The proclamation made under the authority of the canal act, passed by congress in August, establishes a merchant vessel rate of \$1.20 per net ton of actual carrying capacity, with a reduction of 40 per cent. on ships in ballast. The provisions of the proclamation are as follows: "1. On merchant vessels carrying passengers or cargo, \$1.20 per net vessel ton—each 100 cubic feet—of actual earning capacity. "2. On vessels in ballast without passengers or cargo, 40 per cent. less than the rate of tolls for vessels with passengers or cargo. "3. Upon naval vessels, other than transports, colliers, hospital ships and supply ships, fifty cents per displacement ton. "4. Upon army and navy transports, colliers, hospital ships and supply ships, \$1.20 per net ton, the vessels to be measured by the same rules as are employed in determining the net tonnage of merchant vessels."

The secretary of war will prepare and prescribe such rules for the measurement of vessels and such regulations as may be necessary and proper to carry this proclamation into full force and effect."

American coastwise shipping was exempted from toll payment by congress. It was to this provision of the act that Great Britain diplomatically protested. No reference to the incident was made in the president's proclamation.

American naval vessels are exempted without specific mention, either in the act of congress or the proclamation, because the authorities believed it unnecessary to explain the uselessness of payment from its navy department pocket to the one belonging to the treasury department. The rates named are practically the same as will be in force at the Suez canal next year.

TAFT SPEAKS TO WOMEN

REMARKABLE SPEECH BY PRESIDENT IN WELCOMING DAUGHTERS OF CONFEDERACY.

Taft Thinks Wilson's Victory Means Broader Nationalism—The South Has Come Into Her Own.

Washington.—A greater opportunity to give the South a "feeling of ownership" in the government will be given the Woodrow Wilson administration than was accorded the present Republican regime. President Taft told the United Daughters of the Confederacy at the opening session of their annual convention here. The president declared that "circumstances have rendered it more difficult for a Republican administration than for a Democratic one to give our Southern brothers and sisters the feeling of close relationship and ownership in the government of the United States" activity of Southerners in official life consequent to Democratic control of the government, he said, would give the South a feeling of partnership in the conduct of the country's affairs that would do much toward eliminating sectional feeling. A great crowd of the Daughters gathered at the opening "welcome session" of the convention to hear the president. President Taft said the occasion that brought the Daughters together was "not the mourning at the bier of a lost cause," but that they met to celebrate the heroism, courage and sacrifice of the men of the South. He declared North and South alike should rejoice in the "common heritage of courage" left by the war, and that while the greater horrors of the war which visited the South made it more difficult for the feeling of hostility to die out there than in the North, the sectional line was at last entirely disappearing.

Juryman Tries to Kill Self.

Rural Retreat, Va.—William O. Nott, one of the jurors who sentenced to long imprisonment a member of the Allen clan, charged with "shooting up" the court at Hillsville and killing Judge Massee and several of the court officers, is near death here, and it is believed that he sought to take his own life because of worry. He was found with his throat cut by a razor lying beside him. Claude Swanson Allen, the young mountaineer whom Nott joined in convicting of conspiracy, was sentenced to death by a subsequent jury.

Spanish Premier Assassinated.

Madrid.—Jose Canalejas y Mendes, the prime minister whom Spain has regarded as one of the greatest of statesmen, was shot and killed by a young anarchist named Manuel Paredes. The assassin attempted suicide and it was first thought that he was dead, but, when carried to the hospital he was found to be living. No event since the throwing of the bomb at the carriage of King Alfonso on May 31, 1906, while the king was returning from the church after his marriage has caused such alarm.

Schrank Pleads Guilty.

Milwaukee, Wis.—John Schrank pleaded guilty of attempting to murder Theodore Roosevelt, and in his plea he sought to distinguish between an assault on Roosevelt as a "man in a coat" and an attack on Roosevelt as a citizen. Judge Backus announced that he would name a commission to examine Schrank's mental condition. The district attorney read the complaint on which Schrank was accused of having made an assault on the person of "one Theodore Roosevelt, with a deadly weapon."

CHARLES PAGE BRYAN



Mr. Bryan has resigned from the American ambassadorship to Japan, giving as his reasons poor health and injuries received in a carriage accident in Japan which may necessitate his undergoing an operation. Mr. Bryan is now at his home in Elmhurst, a suburb of Chicago.

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OUTLOOK FOR CUBA APPEARS BRIGHTER

POPULAR FEELING HAS RISEN FROM SOMETHING OF DISPAIR TO CONFIDENCE.

THE PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION

In Taking Office General Menocal Will Have Advantage of Friendly House and Senate.—Think Days of Uprising in Cuba Are Past.

Havana.—Within a few weeks popular feeling regarding the political situation has risen from something bordering on despair to confidence. The outlook for the republic of Cuba appears brighter than for many years. The presidential election looked forward to with apprehension, passed without violence and there is a growing disposition in all quarters to accept the verdict as the honest expression of the majority. Those most disappointed have vented their feelings in threats that were never taken very seriously, and now seem inclined to accept the new order of things philosophically.

The attitude of the Liberals has summered down to a proposition to attack the legality of the elections on the ground of fraud, upon the convening of the National Liberal Assembly November 23. When that day arrives it is probable the question will be quietly shelved and that Dr. Alfredo Zayas will find himself engaged in a fight with Gen. Jose Miguel Gomez for leadership of the Liberal party, the President having let it be understood that he has no intention of retiring from active political life on the expiration of his term, and that it is his ambition to lead the Liberals to victory in the presidential campaign of 1916.

In taking office General Menocal will have the inestimable advantage of friendly Senate and House. He will have the aid of the better element throughout the island and the personal counsel of many distinguished Cubans.

He also will have the loyal support of any army organized, uniformed, equipped and armed like American regulars and drilled by American officers which has so won the respect of the people that many are convinced the days of armed uprising in Cuba are past forever.

Plans For War College.

Washington.—One of the most important moves in recent years to prepare the National Militia for use in time of war, is proposed in letters addressed by Acting Secretary Oliver to the Governors of all the state and territories, inviting their co-operation in the War College plans for the organization of the militia into 16 divisions. The letters point out that if the militia is to be used as a field force effectively in war time it can only be done by this system of divisions.

Formal Opening of Panama Canal.

Washington.—Some time next summer or fall, no exact date being specified, a vessel will pass what is now the Isthmus of Panama, which consequently must disappear from the world's geography and by the same human agency, the Western Hemisphere will be divided into two continents. The vessel will not be the Oregon nor any other famous ship, but will be one of the many small water craft in daily use by the canal buildings.

Determined to Carry Out Threat.

Mexico City, Mex.—That the Mexican Government is determined to carry out the threat recently made to resume the tactics employed so successfully by General Robles in the state of Morelos some month ago, is indicated by the report of the War Department announcing the total destruction of several small towns and villages in the northern mountains of Oaxaca, where the revolution has been rampant.

Favors Single Six Year Term.

Washington.—President Taft's declaration in favor of a constitutional amendment to limit the presidential tenure of office to a single term of six years, with ineligibility to either a succeeding or non-consecutive term and President-elect Wilson's endorsement of the Democratic platform, favoring such a limitation, are believed to foreshadow strong pressure for legislation along this line. Numerous measures have been introduced in Congress looking to a change in the presidential tenure.

Former Senator Terrell Dead.

Atlanta, Ga.—Former United States Senator Joseph M. Terrell, twice Governor of the state of Georgia, died at his home here after an extended illness. Senator Terrell was stricken with paralysis in February, 1911, a few months after he had been appointed to fill the unexpired term of the late United States Senator A. S. Clay. Although his illness made it necessary for him to retire from public life Senator Terrell's condition did not become critical until a week ago.

NEWS OF NORTH CAROLINA

Short Paragraphs of State News That Have Been Condensed For the People of the State.

Raleigh.—An amendment to the charter of the South Atlantic Transcontinental Railroad Company, just filed, changes the name to the South Atlantic & Western Railroad Co. H. R. Hickerson, president, and J. L. Council, secretary. Shelby.—Eulon Runyan, the eight-year-old adopted son of Mr. Fletcher McMurry, who lives three miles west of town, was killed when the mule he was riding in from the field became frightened and threw him off. The boy's foot caught in a trace chain and he was dragged 200 yards or more. Salisbury.—Under the supervision of Civil Engineer C. M. Miller, of Salisbury, Surry county has just completed her first stretch of sand clay roads. The people of that county are much pleased with the road and are preparing to vote bonds for a general improvement of roads.

Washington.—The Interstate commerce commission ordered the Southern Railway to refund \$1,200 to the Snow Lumber Co., of High Point, N. C., for alleged unreasonable rates collected on a shipment of eighteen car loads of building material from High Point to Philadelphia, made in 1910. Raleigh.—The final statement by United States Senator F. M. Simmons of expenses in the senatorial campaign, as required to be filed with the secretary of the United States Senate, was made public and shows that his entire expenses for the campaign as required to be reported aggregated \$7,240.89 and the total contributions of friends to the fund was \$2,763.

Statesville.—At an enthusiastic meeting of the members of the Iredell Poultry Association it was decided to hold the next show on January 22 to 25, inclusive, so that they would not conflict in dates with the show and the one to be held in Charlotte. Additional coops have been secured and the association expects to handle practically double as many birds as they had last year. Raleigh.—The latest railroad gossip gives strong color to reports of the purpose of the Atlantic Coast Line to establish a line between Fayetteville and Wadesboro and thence to Charlotte. There is a corps of surveyors at work between Fayetteville and Son'ern Pines and it is believed that this great railroad corporation desires to build the road and connect Charlotte and Wadesboro.

Raleigh.—Charters are issued for the Reitzel Auto Service Company, of Greensboro, capital \$25,000 authorized and \$5,000 subscribed, by O. C. Klingman and J. H. Reitzel of Greensboro and L. G. Klingman of Rocky Mount, for dealing in, hiring automobiles and operating garage and repair shops; the Scott Brothers Drug Company, Leaksville, capital \$5,000 authorized and \$1,000 subscribed, by E. G. Scott and others. Salisbury.—Steps have been taken by the Salisbury Industrial club looking to a large amount of drainage in Rowan county. Preparations are being made to drain the principal swamps on the larger streams and the business men of the city and county are backing the movement. Committees have been appointed to investigate and recommend a plan upon which to work.

Raleigh.—The determination of the legislation committee of the North Carolina Teachers' Assembly to press upon the next legislature the matter of a specific state tax of 5 cents on the \$100 property valuation, for a fund with which to assure to all public schools in the state six months instead of four months minimum school terms, is stirring considerable discussion of the state's finances. Raleigh.—The tobacco growers for the month of October show a total of \$2,745,936 of first hand sales and 25,224,379 with the residuals. Greenville barely leads Winston-Salem in list of individual towns. The act regulating the publication of tobacco statistics was passed February 2, 1907. In its first shape, it carried a penalty of \$500 for the violation of the act making compulsory the statement of the pounds of leaf tobacco sold at every warehouse in North Carolina. This was changed to \$25.

Fayetteville.—Fire starting from the kitchen gutted the residence of F. H. Hobbes on Person street, this city, recently. W. H. Coffey and his family, who occupied part of the house, barely escaped from the flames and lost all their personal property. Newbern.—In a report recently issued by the state geologist he states that Craven county has 350 miles of public roads and that only 17 miles are improved roads. After careful computation it is found that the annual loss to the county because of these unimproved roads is in the neighborhood of \$100,000.

Lexington.—The board of county commissioners has selected J. E. Meredith, of Thomasville township, as county demonstrator to succeed Mr. W. C. Wilson, who refused to accept the place again. Kinston.—Work on the state school for the feeble-minded near the city has so far progressed that it was definitely announced that the institution would begin operations on the first of January. Only boys will be admitted on this date, and there is limited numbers. Girls will be admitted after the routine of the school work has been well established.