PRIME NECESSITY.

Old Saw—It's money makes the mare go.

Young Buck—And it takes big wads of it to make my automobile go.

Alabama Man Says Tetterine Cures Eczema.

Morvin, Ala., August 1, 1908.
I received your Tetterine all O. K. I have used it for Eczema and Tetter, Ringworms, Old Sores and Risings and can gladly recommend it as a sure cure.
J. R. DeBride.

Tetterine cures Eczema, Tetter, Boils, Ring Worm, Dandruff, Cankered Scalp, Bunions, Itching Piles, Chilblains and every form of Scalp and Skin Disease. Tetterine 50c; Tetterine Soap 25c. At druggists or by mail direct from The Shuptrine Co., Savannah, Ga.
With every mail order for Tetterine we give a box of Shuptrine's 10c Liver Pills free. Adv.

Friendly Blow.

Louis Brownlow, Washington newspaper man, paused in a drug store in Greensboro, S. C., not so long ago, to ask for a match. While he was there a young colored chap came running in with a big gash the whole length of his skull, and apparently a good deal put out about some accident that had befallen him.

"What's happened to you?" asked Brownlow, excitedly but sympathetically.

"A friend hit me with a hatchet," replied the bleeding stranger.

Good Cause.

"Will you donate something to a good cause?" said the caller, as he laid a paper on the business man's desk.

"What is it?" asked the business man.

"One of the tenants in this building killed a book agent this morning," replied the caller, "and we are taking up a subscription to reward him."

"Put me down for $10,000," replied the business man.

Burduco Liver Powder.

Nature's remedy for biliousness, constipation, indigestion and all stomach diseases. A vegetable preparation, better than calomel and will not salivate. In screw top cans at 25c each. Burwell & Dunn Co., Mfrs., Charlotte, N. C. Adv.

Naughtiness.

Mother (summoned by defeated nurse)—Oh, Maudie, darling, how can you be so naughty?

Maudie—Easily!—Punch.

DOES YOUR HEAD ACHE?

Try Hicks' CAPUDINE. It's liquid—pleasant to take—effects immediate—good to prevent Sick Headaches and Nervous Headaches also. Your money back if not satisfied. 10c., 25c. and 50c. at medicine stores. Adv.

Its Kind.

"Don't you think this peace prize idea is a grand thing?"

"Truly, it is a Nobel thought.

Constipation causes and aggravates many serious diseases. It is thoroughly cured by Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. The favorite family laxative. Adv.

Silence may be golden, but silver will shut a man's mouth just as effectively.

BACKACHE IS DISCOURAGING

"Every Picture Tells a Story"

Backache makes life a burden. Headaches, dizzy spells and distressing urinary disorders are a constant trial. Take warning! Suspect kidney trouble. Look about for a good kidney remedy.

Learn from one who has found relief from the same suffering.

Get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Sweet had.

A Connecticut Case

Eugene Sweet, 84 Talman St., Norwich, Conn., says: "For weeks I was sick in bed so helpless I couldn't turn over. I suffered tortures from the sharp pains across my loins, and was greatly troubled by profuse passages of the kidney secretions. Doan's Kidney Pills cured me completely after doctors failed."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 50c a Box

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

KODAKS and High Grade Finishing. Mail orders given Special Attention. Prices reasonable. Service prompt. Send for Price List. KAUFMAN'S ART STORE. CHARLESTON, S. C.

Classified Column

BIG MONEY selling 25c articles. Sample 10c postpaid. E. E. Harlan, Charlotte, N. C.

FOR SALE—Fresh Carolina Rice Meal, the best stock food. West Point Mill Company, Charleston, S. C.

PICK YOUR JOBS. New Red Book. Giving list of thousands government positions not under Civil Service. Postpaid $1. R. F. Andrews Company, Washington, D. C.

BIG MONEY QUICK for you and your friends in this sterling Colorado mining investment. Special agent's proposition. J. N. Caldwell, Foster Bldg., Denver, Colorado.

SWEET POTATO SLIPS—My potatoes still hold the record for productiveness (700 bushels per acre). Plants guaranteed the best on the market. Ready (weather permitting) this season. Write for circular. J. R. Davis, Harlowe, Florida.

A Lenten Sermon

By REV. JAMES M. GRAY, D. D.,
Dean of the Moody Bible Institute, Chicago

TEXT—Then Jesus, six days before the passover, came to Bethany where Lazarus was, whom he raised from the dead.—John 12:1.

We are now in the season of Lent, so-called from the period of the year when the days begin to lengthen. It is a period of forty days beginning with Ash Wednesday, and continuing until Easter, observed by some churches as commemorative of the forty days' fasting of our Saviour in the wilderness. It is the time in which particular emphasis is laid in preaching upon the substitutionary obedience and sufferings of our Divine Redeemer, and when in thought, we follow him from the temptation in the wilderness to the triumphant issue of the resurrection morning.

In harmony with this, our present sermon deals with one of the tenderest events of a social nature occurring in the last week of his earthly life.

"Then Jesus six days before the passover came to Bethany." Then he did it. If you would understand the significance of the word "then," you must go back to the previous chapter, which tells us that all the people were gathering to Jerusalem for the passover, and all animated more or less by the thought as to whether he would come to the feast, for the chief priests and pharisees had given a commandment that if any man knew where he were, he should show it, that they might take him. Then it was that he came. Before this on different occasions he had hidden himself from his enemies, not through cowardice or fear, but because his hour had not yet come, he was not yet ready to be offered, the Scripture had not yet been fulfilled. Now, however, the crisis is approaching, and he advances consciously to met his cruel death. "If ever there were a calm, voluntary, deliberate walking up to death, it was this last visit of Jesus into Judea."

But why is it that he seeks out this little village two miles from Jerusalem, and spends so much of his intervening time there? Perhaps the following words supply the reason, since we read that Lazarus was there, whom he had raised from the dead. Jesus loved Lazarus and his household, and, doubtless, like ourselves, he liked to be as much as possible with those he loved. If we knew we were soon to die, with whom would we like to pass the closing moments of our life, if not with those who understood us best and who sympathized with us the most? Jesus, remember, was a man. Not merely a man, but yet a man—a perfect man. And it is just such touches of his humanity that bring him so near to us, and solace us with the thought that in him we have an high priest who can be touched with a feeling of our infirmities.

But what about our sympathy for Jesus, now that we are sure of his sympathy for us? Does he ever find a Bethany in our homes and hearts? He is still in some sense exposed to the persecution of his enemies in the earth, for the kingdoms of this world have not yet become the kingdoms of our God and of his Christ. An apostle speaks of some who "crucify our Lord afresh, and put him to an open shame." If this be so, then he still loks for a quiet haven, and a ministration of love from those whom he hath quickened when they were dead in trespasses and sins. Is it so with us?

I canont leave this verse without calling attention to it as one of the most convincing arguments of the truth of Christianity. What significance there is in these words: "Bethany where Lazarus was which had been dead, whom he raised from the dead." There is evidence that this gospel was known in Jerusalem at least within seventy years after this raising of Lazarus occurred. There are grounds for believing, indeed, that it was published within thirty to forty years of that date. Surely there must have been persons then, and there, who could personally have testified to the falsity of the whole thing if it were false! We cannot imagine any such event occurring in the neighborhood of Chicago, for example, not longer ago than that, and our being unable to find anybody to deny it from personal knowledge, if it were to be denied? But has the resurrection of Lazarus ever been denied? Let the silence of the Jewish nation, and the Gentile world answer. So far from the enemies of Jesus disbelieving this mighty fact, they so entirely believed that they consulted how they might put Lazarus to death, because that by reason of him many of the Jews went away and believed on Jesus.

And well they might believe on him. "Since the world began was it not heard that any man opened the eyes of one that was born blind," said he upon whom such a miracle had been performed. Whence he gathered that if this man were not of God, he could do nothing. But if the opening of the eyes of one born blind were sufficient to prove this, what of raising a man from the dead? Those of us who have been raised from the death of sin unto the life of righteousness by the power of this same Jesus, require no such argument to convince us he was the Son of God; but let us use it among those who do need it, since Jesus himself said that his object in the performance of this miracle was that the Son of Man might be glorified.

GRANDPARENTS OF PRESIDENT-ELECT WILSON

These are portraits of Joseph R. Wilson and Jessie Woodrow Wilson, the grandfather and grandmother of Woodrow Wilson, president-elect of the United States.

LOG OF DEATH SHIP

Nahma, a Pleasure Yacht, Brought Woe to Goelets

Last Affliction Caused Family to Deny Dying Wishes of One of Its Prominent Members—Vessel Probably Will Be Sold.

New York.—The members of the enormously wealthy Goelet family of New York, one of the most prominent families of America, either die on board their yachts or are taken from them to die, says a writer. For this reason young Mrs. Robert Wilson Goelet, the former Miss Elsie Whelen, will not let her husband own a yacht of any kind, will not let him go cruising, nor will she go herself. And more than this, she is bringing up her small boys to hate yachts and will not even let them have toy boats of any kind.

"Yachts are evil to the Goelets," she has said many times. Last summer, when the news of Mrs. Robert Goelet's serious illness reached her, young Mrs. Bobby said to her great friend, Mrs. Gordon Douglas:

"The Nahma will claim another victim."

Early in December Mrs. Goelet died, not on board the Nahma, as she desired, however, but in Paris, where her only son, Robert Walton Goelet, insisted on taking her. Mrs. Goelet's illness and death is the latest tragedy of the magnificent pleasure craft that cost the late Robert Goelet more than $1,000,000.

So strongly do the whole family feel on the yachting subject in general, so keen is their dread of the Nahma in particular, that they refused to comply with Mrs. Robert Goelet's last wishes and have her body brought back to America on board.

But the Nahma was not the first yacht to bring tragedy to the family. Fifteen years ago Ogden Goelet, one of the best known New York and Newport multimillionaires, died on board his steam yacht Mayflower. He had been cruising in English waters and died at Cowes. His body was brought home on board the vessel that he loved as he did his life. His widow and son, Robert Wilson Goelet, would not keep the Mayflower. Mrs. Goelet said that it would always be a funeral ship to her, and so she sold it to the United States government. It was used as a concerted gunboat during the Spanish war, and is now the president's yacht.

It is a noticeable fact that Mrs. Ogden Goelet and her son have never been interested in yachts or yachting since Ogden Goelet's death.

Twenty months after putting the Nahma in commission Robert Goelet died on board in the bay of Naples, and his body was brought home to New York, in the beautiful little library whose walls were lined with rare first editions and equally rare old prints.

Robert Goelet left the Nahma to his wife, with the request that she hold it until her death. From that day until her death a few weeks ago the widow lived almost entirely on board the vessel on which her husband died.

In January, 1902, after a series of brilliant entertainments on the Nahma, Mrs. Goelet decided to return to New York and bring out her daughter Beatrice.

Beatrice was then seventeen years old, a remarkably pretty young person, and one who seemed destined to make a great match, for in Europe she was on friendly terms with the younger members of the royal families of Great Britain and Germany. While speeding across the Atlantic with the future so rosy before her Beatrice was stricken with measles. On reaching New York she was hurried to the mansion so wonderfully prepared for her, but she died on the tenth of February, the second victim of the Nahma.

Even after this tragedy, from which she never recovered, Mrs. Goelet would not sell the yacht.

Last winter Mrs. Goelet returned to New York and was frequently at the opera in her box, but otherwise she did not entertain very formally. She went to Europe last spring and after the Nahma had been redecorated took a cruise to the northward. Her son did not go with her. In July Mrs. Goelet developed a dangerous illness. Specialists hurried to the yacht from London and Paris, said that it was cancer and that there was no hope.

"Let me die on board my boat," said Mrs. Goelet.

Her son hastened to Europe, but refused to grant his mother's request.

She went to Paris, where she had an apartment, and after several months of suffering died there on December 5.

NO MORE CONVICT STRIPES

Oregon's Governor Has All of the Prisoners Dressed in a Gray Uniform.

Salem, Ore.—This year not a prisoner in the state penitentiary is wearing stripes. As a Christmas present to the men, all parole violators, all those who have usurped the prison discipline, and, in short, all the men in the prison who have been compelled to wear stripes, were placed in the convict gray as a start of a new year for these men.

The stripes were abolished some time ago as a regular prison costume, and have been worn only by those who have become recalcitrant.

Paroles from Governor West were the Christmas presents received by James L. Riley and Frank Nash, and as long as their behavior is good they will enjoy their liberty.

Riley was serving from one to 15 years for killing Louis Long, the former prize fighter of California, near Redmond, Crook county. Long was eloping with Riley's wife in an automobile, and after a whirlwind race was overtaken and killed by Riley. It is said that Riley and his wife have become reconciled and will live together.

Several other prisoners were given their liberty on probation.

GOATS AS MOSQUITO NEMESIS

Army to Protect the Animals, as They Eat Pests' Breeding Ground at Fort Washington.

Washington, D. C.—While a small army of goats is deployed from Fort Washington, one of the citadels guarding the Potomac river approach to the national capital, to wage war on the shrubbery that is a breeding ground of mosquitoes, a flying squad of artillerymen probably will be ordered out to protect the goats.

The goats will work for the benefit of the fort's garrison by eating up the rank underbrush, while the soldiers will return the compliment by shooing their horned allies away from the mountain laurel buds, which play havoc with their digestions.

Fort Washington has the reputation of being the most malarial fort in the country and war department officials conceived the idea of enlisting the services of the goats to destroy the breeding places of the mosquitoes.

$36,000,000 Sent to Britain.

London.—Approximately $36,000,000 in money orders was sent from the United States to persons in the United Kingdom, according to statistics gathered here.

LIST OF CHOLERA SCOURGES

Terrible Plague Was Known as Early as the Year 767 B. C., Declares London Writer.

London.—The terrible ravages cholera is making at the present time in Turkey remind one of many previous occasions when epidemics have carried off thousands at a time, says Tit-Bits. As early as 767 B. C. we read of a plague, and again in 453 B. C. Rome suffered terribly. Athens was attacked by a pestilence in 430 B. C., which was believed to have been caused by their enemies poisoning the water supplies.

As many as 10,000 people a day fell victims to the plague at Rome in A. D. 80. So many people were killed during the epidemic which occurred in Britain during the fifth century that there were hardly sufficient persons left to bury the dead. In 772 Chichester lost 34,000 people, and in 954 Scotland lost 40,000. London was visited in the 10th and 11th centuries, and Ireland suffered severely in 1204.

The Oriental plague occurred between 1348 and 1382. It was known as the "Black Plague," on account of the black spots which appeared on the skin at death. It started in China in 1333, and the deaths numbered 13,000,000, and 24,000,000 succumbed in the rest of Asia. It appeared in Norway and Sweden in 1349 and 1382. About 2,000,000 fell victims to the black plague in England, of which 52,000 occurred in London alone.

The sweating sickness appeared in England four times during the 15th and 16th centuries, the first time in 1485, and lasted one month, in which 20,000 people died in London alone. It also visited Holland, Germany, Denmark, Sweden, Poland and Russia between 1525 and 1530.

In the 17th century a pestilence broke out in London and carried off 30,000 people. In Lyons 60,000 died during 1632 through a scourge which swept over France. Italy lost 400,000 in six months in 1658.

In the 17th century Holland was visited by a plague; in Leyden 13,000 died of it, and the following year 13,287 died in Amsterdam. It was brought to London in bales of cotton by some Dutch merchants. This was the plague of London, and, as everyone knows, about 100,000 persons died in one year.

Persia lost 80,000 from a pestilence in 1773, and Egypt 800,000 during 1790. Epidemics of cholera appeared in France several times during the 19th century, in which 18,000 people died in Paris between March and August, 1832. It appeared in England in 1848 and 1849, carrying off 13,161 persons, and 5,000 persons were carried off in London in 1866 in fifteen weeks.

During recent years India has been heavily visited by plague—in Bombay, Northwest presidency, and Punjab, and a less degree in Burma, and other parts of India. In January, 1905, there was a weekly mortality of 20,000, reaching by steady increase a total of 57,702. By April 1 it had dropped to 4,000 weekly, but again reached 5,000 by the end of June. Two years after the number of victims amounted to as many as 1,316,000.

Suit Over Lost Dinner.

Pittsburg.—Claiming he was damaged in the sum of $50 because a Thanksgiving box intended for him was delivered at a hospital instead of at his house, and that he was compelled to call off a dinner party in consequence, George E. Fetter brought suit against the Adams Express company. In the petition filed in the county court Fetter declares the box contained one chicken, one dozen bananas, one dozen oranges, half a dozen apples, jellies, cakes and various other eatables suitable for a Thanksgiving dinner.

MULES KICK BULL TO DEATH

All Are in One Pen—Steer Also Loses Life—Another, Badly Hurt, Has to Be Shot.

Sacramento, Cal.—In deadly combat were ten mules, turned in the same yard with two steers and a bull at Thirty-fourth and R streets. One steer and a bull were killed and another steer so badly injured that it had to be shot. The mules kicked the cattle to death. The horns of the cattle were but little protection against the hoofs of their adversaries.

It is said that the battle between the animals raged all night. Outnumbered three to one, the cattle stood little chance, and the continuous kicking of the mules brought them down.

Morning found the bull and one of the steers dead. The other steer survived until afternoon, when the mules were taken away. But the remaining animal was near death. Its leg was broken. Policeman Brown put it out of misery with his revolver. The police have been unable to learn who owned either the mules or the cattle.

To Sell Hair to Save Husband.

Boston.—In her efforts to raise money to reimburse the express company from which her husband stole $506, Mrs. Irvin Dodd has offered to sell her raven-black hair, which reaches to the ground, and is regarded as one of the most beautiful heads of hair in the city.

ALMOST GOT PAST GOING

Miss Duff Writes Interesting Statement For Publication in the Behalf of Women.

Webster Springs, W. Va.—In an interesting letter from this place, Miss Agnes Duff says: "I had been afflicted with womanly trouble for three years, and felt weak all the time.

My back and sides ached so, I almost got past going.

I had used a great many different kinds of remedies, but they failed to do me any good.

I had heard of Cardui, the woman's tonic, and decided to try it. When I had used the third bottle of Cardui, I felt like a new person entirely. I gained both in health and weight.

I praise Cardui for my recovery and good health, and I feel sure it will do the same for others, as it has me, if they will only give it a trial."

The above letter is an earnest, frank statement of Miss Duff's opinion of Cardui. She has confidence in it, because it relieved her, after many different kinds of other remedies had failed, and she believes it will help you, just as it did her, if you will give it a fair trial.

We join Miss Duff in urging you to give Cardui a trial. It cannot harm you, and, judging from the experience of thousands of others, is almost sure to do you good.

N. B.—*Write to:* Chattanooga Medicine Co., Ladies' Advisory Dept., Chattanooga, Tenn., for *Special Instructions* on your case and 64-page book, "Home Treatment for Women," sent in plain wrapper. Adv.

Watered Stock.

Two old cronies had been sitting in a cafe on Cortland street one Saturday afternoon for several hours and were pretty much the worse for their lengthy tete-a-tete.

"What is your nationality, anyway, Jim?" asked one.

"Well, I'll tell you, Bob. My father came from Glasgow, so you see I'm half Scotch—"

"And the other half seltzer, I guess," put in his companion.—Saturday Evening Post.

Made Him Suspicious.

"Did you ask your girl's father for her hand in marriage?" "I did." "And he refused you. I can tell by the way you look." "No, he didn't. He gave his consent." "Then why the peculiar look you are wearing?" "He was so darned willing."—Houston Post.

His Status.

"Is that druggist well thought of in the community?"

"Sure. Isn't he a pill-er of the church?"

TO DRIVE OUT MALARIA AND BUILD UP THE SYSTEM
Take the Old Standard GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. You know what you are taking. The formula is plainly printed on every bottle, showing it is simply Quinine and Iron in a tasteless form, and the most effectual form. For grown people and children, 50 cents. Adv.

Accounted For.

"Why is it so few women look well in a steamer cap?"

"I guess because it's a handy cap."

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle. Adv.

It takes more than a soft answer to turn away the book agent.

Think Before you Speak.

If thou thinkest twice before thou speakest once thou wilt speak twice the better for it. Better say nothing than not to the purpose. And, to speak pertinently, consider both what is fit and when it is fit to speak. In all debates let truth be thy aim, not victory, or an unjust interest; and endeavor to gain rather than to expose they antagonist.—William Penn.

To Pop Corn.

Very often corn will not pop quickly, even over a very hot fire. If you will put the corn to be popped in a sieve and pour cold water over it, not allowing the water to stand on the corn, it will not only pop quickly, but the open kernels will be larger and lighter and more flaky than they otherwise would have been.

The days have been "short" because there's less time in them—and time is money.

Query: Is a bride self-possessed after her father gives her away?

BUY FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR COMPOUND USE
STOPS COUGHS - CURES COLDS
Contains No Opiates Is Safe For Children

Silk Neckties
as long as they last
Regular $1.00 values sold two for $1.00
" 50c " " three " 1.00
" 25c " " six " 1.00
Delivered, parcel post, our expense.
Money must be sent in advance. We guarantee to please or money refunded upon return of ties in as unsoiled and unused condition. Give preference of color desired. The Alpha Co., Germantown, Pa.

Trade-Mark.

The Man Who Put the E E s in F E E T
Look for This Trade-Mark Picture on the Label when buying
ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE
The Antiseptic Powder for Tender, Aching Feet. Sold everywhere, 25c. Sample FREE. Address, ALLEN S. OLMSTED, Le Roy, N. Y.

IF YOU HAVE no appetite, indigestion, flatulence, Sick Headache, "all run down" or losing flesh, you will find
Tutt's Pills
just what you need. They tone up the weak stomach and build up the flagging energies.

MORPHINE Opium, Whiskey and Drug Habits treated at home or at Sanitarium. Book on subject Free. DR. B. M. WOOLLEY, 239 VICTOR SANITARIUM, ATLANTA, GEORGIA

Pettit's HELPS RED Eye SORE EYES Salve

Agents Wanted; both sexes; only hustlers. Articles that sell. Sample 10 cts. Swatara Supply Co., Box 401, Hummelstown, Pa.

W. N. U., CHARLOTTE, NO. 6-1913.

SEEDS AND PLANTS

CABBAGE PLANTS—75 cents per thousand. ACMM PLANT COMPANY, TONGES ISLAND, S. C.

Get Our Seed Catalog
Only the Best Garden or Field Seed.
N. L. WILLET SEED CO., Augusta, Ga.

Cabbage Plants For Sale
We grow fine stocky plants and being on main line of Southern Railroad, can deliver quickly and at a low rate. We guarantee every shipment and send cultural directions if desired. Early Jersey, Charleston and Flat Dutch, $1 per 1000, 5000 and over at $0.90 per 1000. Special prices to Union Agents and dealers. W. L. RIVETT, High Point, North Carolina

After Long Suffering

Women Are Constantly Being Restored to Health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"Worth mountains of gold," says one woman. Another says, "I would not give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for all the other medicines for women in the world." Still another writes, "I should like to have the merits of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound thrown on the sky with a searchlight so that all suffering women could read and be convinced that there *is* a remedy for their ills."

We could fill a newspaper ten times the size of this with such quotations taken from the letters we have received from grateful women whose health has been restored and suffering banished by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Why has Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound accomplished such a universal success? Why has it lived and thrived and kept on doing its glorious work among the sick women of the world for more than 30 years?

Simply and surely because of its sterling worth. The reason no other medicine has ever approached its success is plainly and simply because there is no other medicine so good for women's ills.

Here are two letters that just came to the writer's desk—only two of thousands, but both tell a comforting story to every suffering woman who will read them—and be guided by them.

FROM MRS. D. H. BROWN.

Iola, Kansas.—"During the Change of Life I was sick for two years. Before I took your medicine I could not bear the weight of my clothes and was bloated very badly. I doctored with three doctors but they did me no good. They said nature must have its way. My sister advised me to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and I purchased a bottle. Before it was gone the bloating left me and I was not so sore. I continued taking it until I had taken 12 bottles. Now I am stronger than I have been for years and can do all my work, even the washing. Your medicine is worth its weight in gold. I cannot praise it enough. If more women would take your medicine there would be more healthy women. You may use this letter for the good of others."—Mrs. D. H. Brown, 309 North Walnut Street, Iola, Kan.

MRS. WILLIAMS SAYS:

Elkhart, Ind.—"I suffered for 14 years from organic inflammation, female weakness, pain and irregularities. The pains in my sides were increased by walking or standing on my feet and I had such awful bearing down feelings, was depressed in spirits and became thin and pale with dull, heavy eyes. I had six doctors from whom I received only temporary relief. I decided to give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a fair trial and also the Sanitive Wash. I have now used the remedies for four months and cannot express my thanks for what they have done for me.—Mrs. Sadie Williams, 455 James Street, Elkhart, Indiana.

Write to LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO. (CONFIDENTIAL) LYNN, MASS., for advice. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.

OLD SORES CURED