

DIRECTORY

MADISON COUNTY.

Established by the legislature session 1850-51.
Population, 20,132.
County seat, Marshall.
163 feet above sea level.
New and modern court house, cost \$33,000.00.
New and modern jail, cost \$15,000.
New county home, cost \$10,000.00.

County Officers

Hon. J. E. Lineback, Senator, 25th District, Elk Park.
Hon. Plato Ebbas, Representative, Hot Springs, N. C.
W. A. West, Clerk of Superior Court, Marshall.
Caney Ramsey, Sheriff, Marshall.
James Smart, Register of Deeds, Marshall.
C. F. Bunnion, Treasurer, Marshall N. C., R. F. D. No. 4.
A. T. Chandley, Surveyor, Marshall N. C.
Dr. J. H. Baird, Coroner, Mars Hill N. C.
W. J. Balding, Janitor, Marshall.
Dr. Frank Roberts, County Physician, Marshall.
Garfield Davis, Supt. county home, Marshall.

County Commissioners

N. B. McDevitt chairman, Marshall
J. E. Rector, member, Marshall, R. F. D. No. 1, Anderson.
Silver member, Marshall, Route 3 W. L. George, member, Mars Hill, J. C. Chandley, White Rock.
P. A. McElroy Co. Atty., Marshall.

Highway Commission

F. Shelton, President, Marshall.
G. V. Russell, Bluff, N. C.
A. E. Sprinkle, Mars Hill, N. C.

Board of Education.

Jasper Ebbs, Chairman, Spring Creek, N. C. John Robert Sams, mem. Mars Hill, N. C. W. R. Sams, mem. Marshall. Prof. G. C. Brown, Superintendent of Schools, Marshall. Board meets first Monday in January, April, July, and October each year.

Schools and Colleges.

Mars Hill College, Prof. R. L. Moore, President. 412 students. Session 1915-16, nine months, begins August 17th, 1915.
Spring Creek High School, Prof. K. G. Anderson, Principal, Spring Creek. 8 mos school, opens Aug. 1st.
Madison Seminary High School, Prof. K. G. Anderson, principal. 3 mos. school. Begins July 29.
Bell Institute, Margaret E. Griffith, principal, Walnut, N. C.
Marshall Academy, Prof. S. Roland Williams, principal 8 mos. school. Opens August 31.

Notary Publics.

J. C. Ramsey, Marshall, Term expires January 6th, 1916.
Jasper Ebbs, Spring Creek, N. C. Term expires January 6th 1915.
J. H. Hunter, Marshall, Route 3, Term expires April 1st 1915.
J. W. Nelson, Marshall—Term expires May 11, 1915.
T. B. Ebbs, Hot Springs—Term expires February 4th 1915.
Craig Ramsey, Revere, Term expires March 19, 1915.
N. W. Anderson, Paint Fork, Term expires May 19, 1915.
W. T. Davis, Hot Springs—term expires January 22nd 1915.
Steve Rice, Marshall. Term expires Dec. 19th, 1915.
Ben W. Gahagan, Staekhouse, N. C. Term expires Dec. 20, 1915.
J. E. Tison, Marshall, Route 2, Term expires Nov. 14th 1915.
C. J. Ebbs, Marshall. Term expires April 25th, 1917.
D. M. Haraburger, Staekhouse, Term expires January 10th, 1916.
D. P. Miles, Barnard. Term expires December, 23, 1915.
W. B. Ramsey, Marshall. Term expires Oct. 4th 1915.
J. E. Wallin, Big Laurel. Term expires Aug. 5th, 1915.
C. C. Brown, Bluff. Term expires January 24 1915.

Beef Cattle on High-Priced Land

On the big farm of Levi Seass in Moultrie county, Ill., L. D. Seass and his father are doing what so many people talk about and so few have tackled in the last few years—breeding and finishing beef cattle. For at least two generations this farm has turned off its liberal annual quota of well finished steers for the Chicago markets. Some were bred on near by farms, and later the western ranges were depended upon for stock. As corn land grew in value, however, grazing land declined in acreage in Illinois. The West too, has been drained of cattle. Now that this supply is petering out, Seass, aided, encouraged and assisted by his father, is again breeding cattle and feeding them out as baby beef.

A herd of about twenty-five high-grade Angus cows, a first-class pure-bred Angus bull, all the year feeding and no pasture are the fundamentals of the Seass, venture in breeding cattle for beef on \$200-an acre land says F. L. Petty in Farm and Home Magazine. Corn and alfalfa furnish the feed. Two big silos make business possible, and in Mr. Seass' estimation, are primary requisites to possible success.

There is barn room for all the stock. The calves bred for beef are pushed constantly. Their dams are well fed and well cared for and their calves are born strong, active and thrifty. A creep is arranged a very early in life they are encouraged to eat a little grain and alfalfa hay on their own account, Mr. Seass is not very strong for silage for young calves.

After the calves learn to eat a little they spend most of their time in their own pen, going out only at nursing time. They are allowed to suck until they are eight or nine months old. At weaning time they get a grain ration on five parts corn meal and one part oil meal, and for roughage are given silage and alfalfa leaves. From this on their progress into the fattening pen is rapid.

OUR JITNEY OFFER—THIS AND SO.

DON'T MISS THIS. Cut out this slip, enclose with five cents to Foley & Co., Chicago, Ill., writing your name and address clearly. You will receive in return a trial package containing Foley's Honey and Tar Compound, for coughs, colds and croup, Foley Kidney Pills, and Foley Cathartic Tablets. Sold Everywhere.

Lower California School.

Dear Editor:—Will you allow me space in your paper for a few items in regard to our school at Lower California. The School at this place is making fine head way under the wise instructions of Prof. Wilson and Miss Phoenix. We have a fine body of students, the school has attracted much attention this year.

Mr. G. A. Cordrey, has been transferred from Upper California district to our district. We are all working together to a great end and expect to make this school rank among the best schools in old Madison County.

Good wishes to The News Record. Subscribe for The News Record and get the news.
A Subscriber.

The Kickers

(By George Fitch)

THERE are three kinds of kickers: mules, shot-guns and some men.

The mule kicks, because he was born that way; the shot-gun because it was built that way, and the human being because it is a right thoughtlessly granted to him by the constitution.

The human kicker is divided into two kinds—acute and chronic. The acute kicker kicks because he has something to kick at. He kicks until he removes the object and then subsides. His ailments is more violent, but he usually recovers. For the chronic kicker however, there is no hope. He must kick to live. Nature has shamelessly connected his lungs with his hind legs, and the only way to stop his kicking is to shut off his breath. This was often done in the good old days when human life was so cheap that a patriot could go out with an axe, and get enough culls and seconds for a mess any day without objection. But now days, we have to let the kicker live. The most we can do to him is to elect him to office or encourage him to buy a racing automobile.

The chronic kicker stands forever in the road with his heels pointed toward progress. He kicks on taxes, on street paving, on improvement societies, on congress, on the price of salt, on the Supreme Court, on the minister of his church, on the plan to take up a collection for the families of squashed firemen, on the speed and slowness and heat and chilliness and bigness and smallness of street cars, on the design of the hotel table cloth, on the size of Sunday newspapers, on the weather, on the sun, on the public, on the universe, on the neglect of Nature in not providing children with muffled exhausts, and on the virulent color of the nice green grass.

The kicker is usually born on Friday, because that is the world's unlucky day. He begins criticizing his food on the day of his birth. When he grows up, he has to approach his fellowmen from the rear in order to say "Good morning" to them, except at long range, and when he dies the undertaker issues orders to the hearse driver to drive slowly, and avoid all jolts. The Egyptians invented embalming at a time when the nation was infested with kickers, in the hope of making death permanent.

Heaven is full of kickers whom the other place has seen coming. Besides a kicker is usually too busy objecting to do anything bad. But it has been so arranged in Heaven that when a kicker begins to kick, he has to stop flying. This gives the other angels a chance to escape, for thus far no kicker has ever been able to aviate beyond the ground floor.

A PINK WHOOPING COUGH REMEDY

Mothers, Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey is just the remedy for your children's cold ailments. The fact is that pine is a quick enemy of cold conditions. Its qualities loosen the mucous in the throat, soothe the lungs and open up the air passages. The combination of honey, soothing and pleasant, with the soothing pine quality makes this an ideal cough remedy for children. Each passing year brings for it, new friends. A family of growing children cannot afford to be without it. 25c a bottle.

An Act to Regulate the use of Assumed Names in Partnerships

The General Assembly of North Carolina do enact:

SECTION 1. No person or persons shall hereafter carry on, conduct or transact business in this State under assumed name, or under any designation, name or style other than the real name or names of the individual or individuals owning, conducting or transacting such business, unless such person or persons shall file in the office of the clerk of the Superior Court of the county or counties in which such person or persons own, conduct or transact, or intend to own, conduct or transact such business, or maintain an office or place of business, a certificate setting forth the name under which such business owned is or is to be conducted or transacted, and the true or real full name or names of the person or persons owning, conducting or transacting the same, with the home and post office address or addresses of said person or persons. Said certificate shall be executed and duly acknowledged by the person or persons so owning, conducting or intending to conduct said business: *Provided* that the selling of goods by sample or through traveling agents or traveling salesman, or by means of orders forwarded by the purchaser through the mails, shall not be construed for the purpose of this act as conducting or transacting business so as to require the filing of said certificates.

SECTION 2. The several clerks of the Superior Court of this State shall keep an alphabetical index of all persons filing certificates provided for herein, and for the indexing and filing of such certificates they shall receive a fee of twenty-five cents. A copy of such certificates duly certified to by said clerk, in whose office the same shall be filed, shall be presumptive evidence in all courts of law in this state of the facts therein contained.

SECTION 3. This act shall in no way affect or apply to any corporation created and organized under the laws of this State, or to any corporation organized under the laws of any other State and lawfully doing business in this State, nor shall this act in any manner affect the right of any person or persons to form limited partnerships as provided by the laws of this State.

SECTION 4. Any person or persons owning, carrying on or conducting or transacting business as aforesaid, who shall fail to comply with the provisions of this act, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine of not more than fifty dollars or imprisonment in the county jail for a term of not exceeding thirty days.

SECTION 5. That this act shall go into effect and become operative on the first day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen.

In the General Assembly read three times and ratified this the 7th day of March, 1913.
(Published by Request.)

WANTED—A few car loads of cord wood. Will pay \$1.50 per cord F. O. B. cars at your siding or at my mill.
A. B. SILVER,
Marshall, N. C.

School Fair at Little Pine School

Mr. Editor:—The School fair at Big Pine School was so successful, that we decided to have one at the Little Pine Graded School on Friday November the 19th.

Notwithstanding the rain, snow and wind, the children from both schools were out with many of their parents. It is needless to say that the occasion was a success; for children always make a success of what they undertake. Children do not have to go through a long mill to grind them into some kind of great organized effort to do some trifling thing that should be done with little effort. They simply go after the thing and do it. They collected at the school house, thirty-six different farm and garden products and three hundred samples of these products. One small boy carried a beautiful pig a half mile for exhibition.

Mr. Jasper Ebbs was present and made an excellent address on "How to make a living and how to live." The children themselves, made the best exhibit for Little Pine as they were a lot of beautiful and well kept and well behaved children; however, their exhibit of farm and garden products did credit to them and their township. We mean to hold similar fairs at Spring Creek, Madison Seminary, Bethel Graded School and others that ask for them. We hope that these school fairs will lead to a great Corn Show that will be at Marshall on Friday December 17th, 1915.

At this Corn Show, we will be able to offer some small prizes to the farmers who can show the best three ears of corn produced on his farm. Full announcement will be made concerning the Madison County Corn Show in next week's paper.

Respectfully,
J. R. SAMS,
County Agent.

Rules For Farm Renters

1. Stick to the farm. It's better even for the tenant than the town or the factory, and certainly better for his children whose future should be dearest of all things to him.
2. Aim sometime to be a land owner. If you are twenty-one or under, aim to be one by the time you are thirty-five. If you are already too old to realize this, aim at ownership not over ten years from now.
3. Resolve to become a landowner by the two roads—first, making; second, saving. Unless you make yourself a progressive, thrifty, economical farmer now, you would not be likely to keep a farm of your own if you had it. Good farming and careful saving are therefore both the way to get a farm and the way to keep it after you get it.
4. Don't try to be a landowner too soon. That is to say, don't buy a farm until you can equip it reasonably well. Aim first to get good tools, good cattle, and good horses and mules while you are a renter, and then let the land come later, instead of trying for the land first and equipment later.—The Progressive Farmer.

The Coronation in Japan.

The emperor will rise, make obeisance, and read a prayer. Then he will tell his imperial ancestors that he accepts the throne. Clapping his hands, he accepts the "divine treasures of his imperial ancestor"—the sword, jewel, and mirror—which have been bequeathed by the first imperial ancestor, Amaterasu Omi Kami, to her descendants as symbols of imperial power. After this the emperor and empress will retire, the sacred food will be removed, and the door of the sanctuary closed. Three times the gongs and drums will sound and the assemblage will disperse.

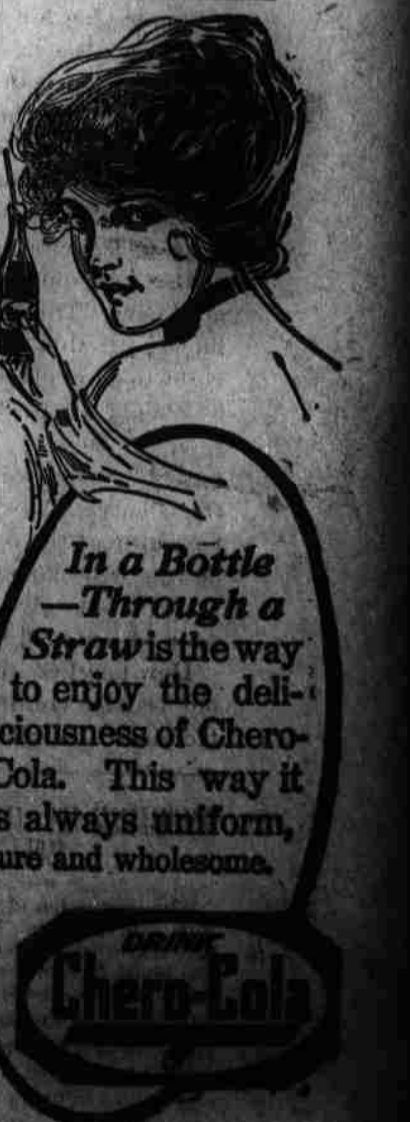
The afternoon ceremony of coronation day will take place in the throne room of Shishinden palace, in Kyoto.

The throne room itself will be decorated with a short curtain hung under the southern eaves of the hall, and at each side of the room will be a golden phoenix and several mirrors, in the center, facing the south, a dais with three steps has been erected, upon which the imperial chairs will stand.

The members of the royal household will take their places in front of the throne, and the emperor will enter the throne room and take his seat. The empress will follow to her place.

The emperor, holding the scepter upright against his breast, will stand up. The empress, holding her fan, also will rise. The assemblage will then rise and most respectfully salute. After the emperor delivers a short imperial message, telling his subjects he accepts the throne Prime Minister Okuma then reads the congratulatory address. He will then give three "banzai" cheers, in which all the assemblage will join. The emperor and empress will then depart, and the drums and gongs will be sounded three times as a signal that the coronation function is over.—From "Japan and the Coronation," by Martha L. Root, in the American Review of Reviews for November.

Lee Tweed of Bull Creek, was a visitor in town Wednesday.



In a Bottle—Through a Straw is the way to enjoy the deliciousness of Chero-Cola. This way it is always uniform, pure and wholesome.