THE NEWS-RECORD, MARSHALL, N. C., THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 13, 1936



The Crown Remains Veterans Reach the Top The Useful Red Cross Oxygen Is Life

Behind the gray walls of Windsor castle, on the hill above the Eton school, where young

England learns dis-

and his grandmoth-

er, Queen Victoria.

crown of England

was taken from the

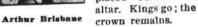
coffin before it dis-

appeared and

placed before the

The magnificent





The services were broadcast, new feature of a royal funeral. The simple Church of England burial service, read by the Archbishop of Canterbury, was heard far over the earth, wherever Britain's 400,000,000 subjects live.

Veterans having successfully climbed the long, long road, the government began the biggest "pay-off" job in history, the printing of two billion four hundred million dollars' worth of bonds, to be distributed among 3,518,-191 World war veterans. The mere distributing cost alone will be \$7,000,-000.

Now government wonders what new taxes can be invented to pay the two and one-half billions.

Interesting news from Ethlopia sent by an American corespondent says the residence of Halle Selassie's son has on the roof a large red cross, although it has nothing to do with the Red Cross. Associated Press sends news of a Swedish "field hospital," captured by Italians in the South, carrying ammunition on five trucks adorned with Red Cross flags and Insignia. The "field hospital" automobiles contained, in addition, 27 cases of munitions. In modern war, the safe plan seems to be bomb everything. The war drums of the Ethiopian hero, Ras Desta Demtu, were captured. He will miss them.

"The Blood Is the Life," according to an old Hebrew saying, and oxygen is the life of the blood. No oxygen means death, in three minutes or less; too little oxygen means premature death, inferior health meanwhile.

The Dionne quintuplets are marvelous in their health. The marvelous bables sleep outdoors every morning and afternoon; on one occasion the temperature was 30 degrees below zero.

All five walk, all have gained weight during the past month, and have new teeth. Annette has three new ones, twelve in all. All have beautiful big eyes, high foreheads, pretty faces and look as French as the Marseillaise;

News Review of Current Events the World Over

Southerners Launch Talmadge's Presidential Boom-Kansas Offers Landon to Republicans-Bonus Bill Passed Over Roosevelt's Veto.

By EDWARD W. PICKARD @ Western Newspaper Union.

cipline and cricket, King George's coffin was lowered into the vault to lie southern and border states-though beside his father, most of them were Georgians-assem-King Edward VII,

bled in Macon, Ga., and with wild yells launched the boom of Gov. Eugene Talmadge for the Democratic Presidential nomination. They adopted a motion asking him to run as a constitutional Democrat who is opposing what they called

the "theorists, crack-Gov. Talmadge pots, brain trusters and New Deal, Talmadge, though highly elated, declined to comment or to make any announcement at the time. The platform adopted by the meet-

ing called for preservation of the Constitution, of state sovereignty and of the American form of government. It accused President Roosevelt of abandoning faith in the Constitution and the doctrines of Thomas Jefferson and of "repudiating, abandoning, and sidetracking" the platform on which he was elected in 1932. It said:

"We do not regard the occupant of the White House as a Democrat. "He has broken the pledge of our party and violated the platform of 1932.

"We here today affirm our faith in that doctrine."

It is not easy yet to estimate the possible results of the Talmadge movement. The administration leaders refuse to take the Georgia governor seriously or to admit that he can imperil their control of any of the south ern states.

The situation in the South is further complicated by the sudden death of Gov. O. K. Allen of Louisiana. He was the devoted and complaisant adherent of Huey Long and had been selected to fill out the unexpired term of the late senator. Lieutenant Governor Noe succeeded to the governorship, but who will now be the leader of the Long forces was not immediately determined.

WHAT is known as the Bankhead-Jones bill for soil conservation, the administration's substitute for the AAA, was given the besitant approval of the senate agricultural committee by a vote of 15 to 2, although Chairman Ellison D. Smith of South Carolina said he "personally had some doubts" as to its constitutionality. The measure would enable the secretary of agriculture to remove 30,000,000 acres from cultivation and give him even wider powers than he had under the AAA. It was evidently headed for a hot debate on the senate floor,

Secretary Wallace let it be known at officials of the Agriculture ury and Justice departments were cooperating in an effort to collect for the government the \$200,000,000 ordered returned to processors by the Supreme court, but he gave no details of the plan. In referring to this court order in a radio talk, Mr. Wallace went farther in criticism of the Supreme court than has any other official of the administration. He declared it was "the most gigantic legalized steal in history." Representative Allen T. Treadway of Massachusetts asserted on the floor of the house that "any official who will make a statement of that nature about the Supreme court ought to be Impeached." Mr. Wallace may not have heard the last of this.

Two THOUSAND or more "grass The Harrison compromise bonus bill root" Democrats, representing 17 that went through the senate and house easily, was vetoed by President Roose velt. The house immediately and en thusiastically repassed the measure The senate was a little more deliber ate, but within three days it, too, had overridden the disapproval of the Chief Executive, and the bill was made law The vote in the senate was 76 to 19

In the house it had been 324 to 61. It was a notable fact that all the senators-95 in number, for Huey Long's successor has not yet taken his seat-were present and voting. Notable, but not strange when one remembers this is an election year. Fifty-seven Democrats, 16 Republicans and 3 Rad icals-La Follette of Wisconsin, Ship stead and Benson of Minnesota-voted for the hill, while 12 Democrats and 7 Republicans voted against it.

The galleries were filled and there was wild cheering when the vote was announced. Republican senators amused themselves and the spectators by twitting the Democrats on their failure to stand by their chief, the most voluble of the twitters being Senator Hastings of Delaware.

Informed of the vote, President Roosevelt at once ordered government departments to prepare for payment of the bonus certificates as quickly as accuracy will permit. Secretary of the Treasury Morgenthau said that the payment would be the most difficult mechanical task the treasury had faced in its history. He said the treasury would need \$2,500,000 and the veterans' administration \$5,000,000 to increase the force to take care of the job. More than seven million interest calculations will be necessary.

WE CAN either take on the mantle of hypocrisy, or we can take a walk; and we'll probably do the latter."

These words of Alfred E. Smith in his speech at the American Liberty league dinner in Washington were perhaps the most interesting and significant of his utterances on that occasion, for professed to be he speaking for "the disciples of Jefferson. Jackson and Cleveland" and concerning

their action in the Democratic national convention next June when the delegates are asked to indorse the doings of the Roosevelt administration. There could be no misunderstanding Smith's meaning, and he must now be considered the leader of the conservative Democrats in their revolt against the policies of the New Dealers. The concern of the administration Democrats is now as to how extensive will be the bolt; and whether the conserva- that Mr. Roosevelt had been elected tives will put up their own ticket, support the Republican nominee or merely stay away from the polls. Of course in any case the Republican cause will be aided materially, unless the guesses of its leaders are all wrong. New Deal Democrats were quite undismayed by the Smith speech, which they declared was weak and ineffective. They announced that Majority Leader Joseph T. Robinson of the senate would deliver the official reply in a radio address, Mr. Smith in his Liberty league speech never once named President Roosevelt but he specifically put or that gentleman the full blame for repudiation of most of the planks in the Democratic platform of 1932, which he declared was the best ever put forth in this country. Senator Robinson's reply to A Smith's speech consisted in the main of quotatio as from previous utterances by Smith in which he advocated a course quite as radical as that pursued by the New Dealers in combating the depression. He jeered at the New Yorke for abandoning the streets of the west side for the palaces of Park avenue and trading his brown derby for a silk topper, and denounced him as a deserter in the face of the enemy. A CTIVITIES of the Townsend old age pension advocates are proving most annoying to many congressmen and it is likely they will be investigated A resolution for such an inquiry was introduced by Representative Jasper Bell of Missouri, Democrat. It charged that for several years "individuals and groups" have "conceived and promotes numerous schemes under the pretex of obtaining pensions for the aged and needy" and that now "several groups of fraudulent promoters are enrichin themselves by working the so-called pension plan racket."



eague has laid aside its swaddling clothes and has

Liberty League put on long pants in the field of pol-Steps Out itics. Although

comparatively new as a group and promoted consistently as nonpartisan, the league can now be said to have plunged headlong into the po-Ntical warfare. If its first big rally can stand as a criterion, its influence is due to be felt in an important way in the forthcoming national elections.

This rally that really marked the league's campaign debut was a picturesque thing. It was picturesque first because of the time and the place and the very nature of the thing and the manner of approach to the voters of the country but it was more pleturesque and more important as well because the headline speaker was Alfred E. Smith, one time Democratic candidate for the Presidency, and by all odds the most colorful and pungent speaker of the present day. It was a dinner of more than 2,000 personsfrom every state in the Union-and it was held in exactly the same rooms of the Mayflower hotel here where two weeks earlier President Roosevelt had addressed about the same number of persons at the Jackson day \$50-a-plate dinner. As a further note of interest, attention might be called to the fact that the meeting was presided over by Borden Burr, a lifelong Alabama Democrat, and the other speakers were Dr. Neal Carothers, a Southern Democrat long head of the economics department of Lehigh university in Pennsylvania, and former Federal Judge Charles I. Dawson of Louisville, Ky., a Republican.

I referred above to Mr. Smith as being a colorful speaker, and from all of the comments I have heard, it seems to be the consensus that never has he justified the description better than in his league speech. He was introduced by Mr. Burr as "Al Smith of America," and proceeded to assure his audience that included millions listening by radio that he placed patriotism above party, that he was a candidate for no office under the sun, that he had no ax to, grind and that such critical shots as he might take were without personal animosity for anyone. But he did not pull his punches when he pilloried the New Deal and he showed no mercy when he drew the deadly parallel between the Democratic platform of 1932 and the policies which Mr. Roosevelt had carried through. I believe it may be said that he reached the peak of his speech when he laid on the speaker's stand copies of the Democratic platform of 1932 and the Socialist platform of the same year and in his best East side twang he challenged anyone to deny

Washington .- The American Liberty | that Mr. Smith has walked out on that section of the Democratic party that sticks by Mr. Roosevelt. He said it was a choice either to "put on the mantle of hypocrisy or we can take a He explained it probably walk." would be the latter course. And frankly it seems with the personal following that he has, a walkout by Mr. Smith cannot be described as otherwise than serious to the party from which that group is defected. It has all of the earmarks of an interesting political situation. Immediately after Mr. Smith had

spoken, quite a few Democrats in congress fired back at him and in defense of the New Deal. Men like Representative Doughton of North Carolina, a Democratic wheelhorse as chairman of the powerful ways and means committee; Speaker Byrnes, and a flock of others. They insisted generally that the Smith barrage was more helpful to Democrats than campaign the speeches they themselves could make. Administration leaders in the executive departments are beginning to fire also, but they are smart enough to let the enthusiasm aroused by the speech die down before they attempt to upset arguments advanced by Mr. Smith.

I have no doubt, from the signs even now cropping up, that an effort will be made in congress to discredit the league. It looks like Senator Black. Alabama Democrat and chairman of the senate lobby committee, probably will dig into the league's files to show how it was financed to a large extent by such wealthy men as the Duponts, among others. Such an investigation likewise will carry an undercurrent of a movement to do away with political influence of such men as John J. Raskob, former Democratic national chairman, a league director, and Jouett Shouse, former executive chairman of the Democratic national committee and the league president. If that fight gets started it will be a mudslinging

beauty. So, summarized, the picture result ing from the league's dinner is that of a major feud, as well as a major political movement, because there is a really bitter fight between personalities in sight as well as the possibilities of a third party movement.

In the situation as it now stands, however, the Republican party holds the key. Smith and his following and the league membership generally can be counted in definite opposition to the New Deal and most all of its works only on condition that a candidate and a platform, viewed by them as sound, are put forward by the Republicans. If the Republicans turn too far to the radical side in their efforts to match the Democratic position (which necessarily must be in support of everything the President has done), then, there is likely to be a third par-

Educate Child in Safety;

Safe Home Is Important The modern mother is confronted with a more baffling problem in protecting her children from the dang of the world than ever before. Ohildren of today face most of the long established dangers such as fire, polsons and stairs, sharp objects and cutting tools, and in addition nearly 25,000,000 automobiles waylay them on streets and highways. It is certain that the improved methods of recording accidents makes the mother more conscious of their appalling extent than ever before.

One of the first principles of child safety, according to Curtis Billings who writes on "Teaching Your Child to Be Safe" for Hygeia, is the establishment of a safe home by the mother. To have a safe home is at least as important as to have a clean home.

The second fundamental is that safe habits must be painstakingly taught to children. Safe habits cannot be instilled in them by intermittest and impatient scoldings and gross."don'ts," nor are threats of disaster effective in preventing mishaps to children. For instance, children may be taught through actual and repeated demonstrations how to cross a street safely.

The Man Who Knows

Whether the Remedy You are taking for Headaches, Neuralgia or Rheumatism Pains is SAFE is Your Doctor. Ask Him

Don't Entrust Your **Own or Your Family's** Well-Being to Unknown Preparations

BEFORE you take any prepara-tion you don't know all about, for the relief of headaches; or the pains of rheumatism, neuritis or neuralgia, ask your doctor what he thinks about it — in comparison

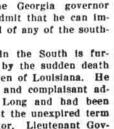
with Genuine Bayer Aspirin. We say this because, before the discovery of Bayer Aspirin, most so-called "pain" remedies were ad-vised against by physicians as being bad for the stomach; or, often, for the heart. And the discovery of Bayer Aspirin largely changed Bayer Aspirin largely changed medical practice.

Countless thousands of people

Countless thousands of people who have taken Bayer Aspirin year in and out without ill effect, have proved that the medical findings about its safety were correct. Remember this: Genuine Bayer Aspirin is rated among the fastest methods yet discovered for the relief of headaches and all common pains ... and safe for the average person to take regularity.

to take regularly. You can get real Bayer Aspirin at any drug store — simply by never asking for it by the name "aspirin" alone, but always saying BAYER ASPIRIN when you buy.

Bayer Aspirin





get plenty of oxygen, but wrap up well.

Lloyd George says the new king, Edward VIII, has the magnetism of his grandfather, Edward VII; that he comes to the throne with such great troubles ahead as few kings have ever encountered, but "his courage and his sure instinct will not fall him."

O. K. Allen, Huey Long's governor of Louisiana, died of a cerebral hemorrhage. He remained in succession to Senator Long, leader of the Long party, a short time only. Perhaps they are together now, both aware that nothing happening on this little earth is important; Huey Long wondering why he made such a fuss about it.

The unnecessary air disaster in Hawall, two United States bombing planes destroyed in collision while flying "in formation" and six men killed, causes aviators to say that they object to night formation flying. They may well object; nothing more densely stupid could be imagined than sending up planes to fly at high speed, almost wing to wing, inviting disaster and death. Even in these busy times there ought to be somebody sufficiently intelligent to stop that nonsense, at night, and in daytime also.

Mr. John Horan of Milwaukee, called by his fellow workers "Soda Ash Johnny," first used soda ash to clean locomotive boilers, a discovery that should have made him rich, but did not.

"Soda Ash Johnny," a proud man refused to let his son accept a pension, told the authorities: "I am still able to work, and no boy of mine is going "on the county.""

It will surprise you to hear that the son, aged sixty-six, had applied for on old age pension.

The statement that imagination is worse than reality applies to every-

When a colony of nudiats move on San Diego, Calif., the strongest protest, comes from San Diego's Braille club an organization of blind people. They could not actually know whether the colonists were dressed or not, but they colonists were dresse do not like the idea.

ation how men have percecuted, red and burned each other for new differences, in matters that could neither see nor know.

KANSAS Republican state commit-tee members, the Kansas Day club and many party leaders from the Missouri valley region, celebrating Foun-

ders' day in Topeka, presented to the country Gov. Alf Landon of Kansas as their choice for the Republican Presidential nomination. In a speech to the banqueters the governor told what he hoped to do for the nation if he were nominated and elected. 100 Refraining from "sub-

stituting epithets for Gov. Landon

arguments," he offered a program for ending federal extravagance and restoring prosperity.

Replying to the query "What would you do?" Mr. Landon proposed relief for agriculture through a soll conser vation program with the honest pur pose of saving the fertility of American farms and not merely that of providing a blind for further dispensa tion of AAA checks.

The governor pledged himself to old age pensions. He recommended exten sion and improvement of civil service and the utilization by the federal gov erament of specially trained minds as he has used them in Kansas-"to colhe has used them in initiater theories." lict facts, not to administer theories." His own best recommendation of himself he gave in three succinct parhimself he gave in three su agraphs summarizing his budget balancing achievements.

PATMENT of the veterans' bonus by means of baby bonds payable on de-mand was emetted into law by con-gress, and the money for the ex-sol-diers may be available on July 3

IF PLANS announced in St. Louis by IF PLANS announced in St. Louis by leaders of world Jewry are carried out, there is to be another exodus, this time from Germany where the Jews are greatly oppremed by the Hitler-ites. Sir Herbert Samuel, eminent British Jew, attending the national council of Jewish federations and wel-fare funds, said a definite method would be formulated soon to provide for the gradual emigration of at least 100,000 of the German reich's estimat-ed 430,000 Jewish population. The un-dertaking will be funded by a fund for the granus empraced of 1 100,000 of the Germins reich's e ed 490,000 Jewish population. Gertaking will be financed by of about \$15,000,000 raised by and American Jewa.

on a Democratic ticket and had carried out the Socialist promises. The President's "breathing spell" ut-

terance, his messifge to congress on the state of the Union, his staff of advisers, his monetary policies formed other meaty subjects which the former governor of New York picked to pieces in his own inimitable way. He begged congress to assert itself again and quoted from the Bible in his plea it should return to the father's house and be again one of the three branches of the federal government. He said it took courage for a lifelong Democrat to say the things he was saying, but there is no gainsaying he displayed what it took.

Through the speech was Mr. Smith's chosen theme that a great danger lies ahead, a danger that the New Deal will destroy everything which he held had made America the outstanding nation that it is. He accused the President of having arrayed class against class and asserted that what the nation faces is the most gigantic tax burden ever known. To this he added that it will not be the rich who will pay, nor the poor, but "that vast army of individuals with incomes from a hundred dollars a month to five thousand dollars a year."

Finally, in conclusion, Mr. Smith said:

"Let me give this solemn warning: There can be only one capital, Wash ington or Moscow.

"There can be only one atmosphere of government, the clear, pure fresh air of free America, or the foul breath of communistic Russia. There can be only one flag, the Star and Stripes, or the flag of the godless union of the Soviets. There can be only one national anthem, 'The Star-Spangled Banner' or 'The Internationale,' there can be only one victor. If our Constitution wins, we win. But if the Constitution stop, stop there-the Constitution cannot lose."

But what of the significance of th eague dinher and the Smith speech? Prior to the din

The Smith ner, the lengue's ex-Walkout oculive council met in secret. Whe

mitted the league to a definiti d was not formally a surely there are grounds upon to base a statement that it m ans to ort candidates and platforms on ervative side,

With equal emphasis, it can be said

ty, which would make predictions of the outcome worthless. . . .

Congress frequently goes off on a tangent in which it will set about exposing this or that

Digging or the other among Up Secrets the practices of private business. In the

last several years it has been particularly active in exposing to public view secrets of corporations and individual representatives and senators have blown off much steam concerning salaries paid business executives and they have directed criticism at private business as well for some of its other expenditures.

A few years ago Senator Norris of Nebraska, among others, spoke at great length in criticism of our government's diplomatic service because of the salaries paid and the expenditures allowed for operation of our foreign diplomatic offices. The Norris attack apparently did considerable damage to the diplomatic service because it made many capable men fearful of entering that field where highly trained men are necessary.

But all of the time during which criticisms have been leveled at private business on account of salaries paid business executives and because of other expenses, the senate itself has been going ahead from year to year using taxpayers' money to suit its own purposes. For instance, Gol. Edwin A. Halsey, secretary of the senate, lately has made public his annual report corering senate operations and it shows ering senate operations and it moves that the taxpayers' money to the ex-tent of \$3,296,852 had been spent for maintenance of that one branch of congress. There are 96 senators, each of whom has an office staff; there are some 80-odd committees in operation, of whom has an office staff; there are nome 30-odd committees in operation, each with a staff, and there is the reg-ular penate organization with a harge personnel. Consequently, sularies alone take up a considerable chunk of the port disclosed that general "contin-gent expenses" of the senate had eaten up \$701,000. Included in this total of "contingent expenses" was an item of \$250,000 for the cost of senate investi-stions in the last year. Almost half this amount was used by the muni-tions investigation committee header by Senates Nya, Republican of Nor-Daketa, who intely was made the s-ject of criticism on the senate if because of his committee's attruct. @ Watan Newspace Union.



art acid, gently leantive voltore refersional samples sent free to reg hysicians or dentists if request is professional letterhead. Select Preing., 4402 23rd St., Long ist nd City, N. Y 35c & 60c 20c the