lodern Society Wrestles With Differing Views Of Sa

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rs, the concept of Satan is Depominations, churetear. Denominations, come rather than his archenemy. at charch members often dif- rather than his archenemy. The Southern Haplist Sunday.

Efird, a professor of biblical studies at Duke University Divinity School, dismiss the idea.

"And there is just about every notch in between those two extremes with somebody sitting in."

The issue emerged recently in the for comments this past week. Southern Baptist denomination with stream of angry letters and telephone

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The

at Southeastern Baptist Theological Seminary in Wake Porest, the lesson characterized Satan as God's servant

interpretation of Satan and a deparat Duke University Divinity School, ture from traditional Southern Bap-tall the way from people who believe tist teachings. The board initially in a literal person who is Satan to those who believe this a symbolic ed to Durham's manuscripts during figure of speech and who simply editing, but later said the printed lesson was "not unlike" the original trol of the denomination. version, said Lloyd Householder, communications director for the board. Durham could not be reached

The lesson was distributed to 76,604 an adult Sunday school lesson intend- of the nation's 14.3 million Baptists. ed for use July 7 that brought a The Nashville-based denominational publishing company has received at calls to the denominational least 155 letters and calls protesting publishing company. The lesson was the interpretation, Householder said. on Job, in which Satan strips Job of The lesson was "diametrically ophis possessions, family and health as posed to what the Southern Baptists

Annual Reunion & Decoration

will be held

Morganism and a five-year member of the Sunday School Board.

"If Satan is accepted as a servant widely in their intrepretations of an in modern society. It runs the gamut, "said James M. The Southern Baptist Sunday School Board promptly apologized for the publication, calling it an incorrect interval and a service of a personal devil and at-tributes it to legend, "Tenery said.

But the Rev. Roger H. Crook, a Baptist minister and professor of religion and philospohy at Meredith College, said the Sunday School Board's retraction was part of an effort by conservatives to regain con-

"If 155 complained about a statement- that's a drop in the bucket," Crook said. "They (board members) have not taken a poll to see what is the official Baptist position" on Satan.

The debate boils down to where one finds the focus for evil, he said.

It's a question of "whether I can pass the buck or accept the responsibility myself," Crook said. "Did the devil make me do it? If he did, I'm free of blame. The devil can be awfully convenient."

The differences cross denominational lines. Few churches have a doctrine stating what their members should believe about Satan, so the subject becomes intensely personal. "The problem is you're touching on such an age-old and deeply paradoxical set of problems that no one set of

University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill.

The most popular understanding of Satan is rooted more in "Paradise Lost", John Milton's epic poem on the creation of the universe and the fall of man, than the Bible, said Efird, who is editing a series of short books on contemporary Christian concerns. First printed in 1667, the poem

depicts Satan as an archangel who seeks to overthrow God and is banished from Heaven. On Earth, Satan becomes God's anitthesis- the rulert of fallen angels waging an unholy war to win human souls.

But according to religious scholars, the Hebrews had no concept of Satan until about 586 B.C., after the Babylonian exile.

'Some say the Jews went into captivity and brought the devil back with them," said Allan R. Sharp, chairman of the Dept. of Religion and Philosophy at Atlantic Christian Col-lege in Wilson.

After the exile, two theologies on the origins of evil began to taek shape and a picture of Satan emerged. The first theology, the Wisdom Movement, is represented in the Old Testament, Efird said.

Satan is mentioned only three times in the Old Testament- in the books of Zechariah, Job and Chronicles. In each instance, "Satan is a servant of

I come back and report to God Satan's presence al at you and I had been up to," he social and political n

ome people refer to Satan as a

That interpretation later proved said. "His purpose is to usurp the unsatisfactory as early Christians wrestled with the sticky problem of that by capturing the crowning act of why a good God would allow an evil God's creation, which is man." the Apocalyptic Movement began, Efird said.

"The Hebrew people began to try to find a concrete personality to be the leader of the forces of evil in the President Reagan, the Moral Majori-universe as a counterpart to God," he ty and the radical right, said Tyson, said. "By the time you start reading of the UNC Dept. of Religion. the New Testament, you've got Satan...battling the kingdom of God...It's a cosmic struggle, and we humans are just a small part of it."

In modern interpretation, that apocalyptical belief is firmly entrenched in the teachings of fundamentalist churches.

kingdoms- the Kingdom of Light and the Kingdom of Darkness," said the Rev. Randy Cox, pastor of the First Freewill Baptist Church in Raleigh. "The struggle is under way today."

According to Cox's reading of the Bible, Satan reigns over the Kingdom of Darkness. He commands a host of evil_demons who help him do his work- tempting people with drugs,

"He's very real and very much a asecuting attorney in the court of personality. And his personality is d." very evident in the world today," Cox

nce in his court. That is when Man ultimately has the power to resist Satan's temptations through acceptance of Jesus Christ, he said.

The idea of an evil empire has been adopted in the political rhetoric of

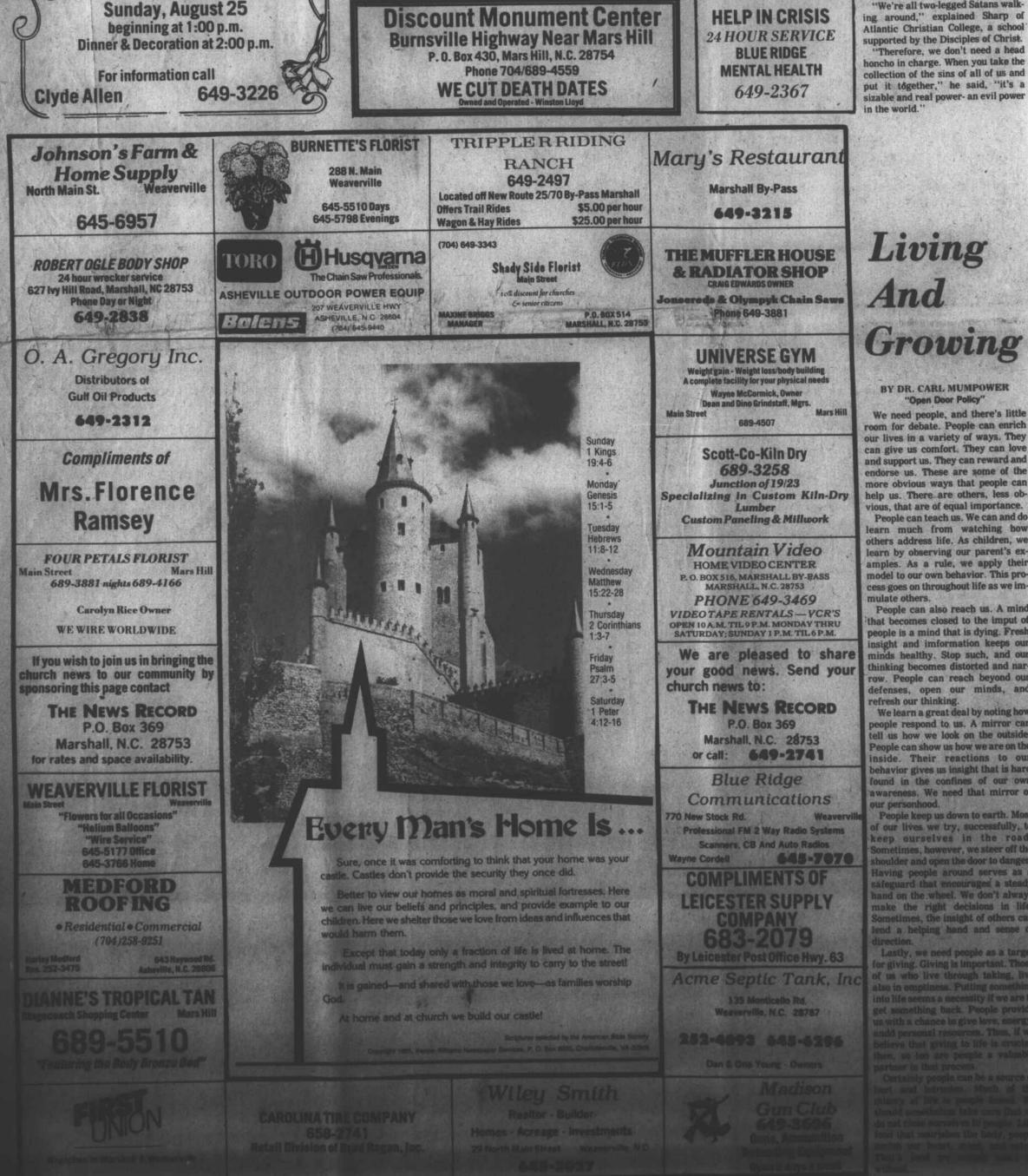
But in a liberal or more moderate theology, it's harder to separate the good guys from the bad guys. Satan becomes the symbolic representation for the evil forces, often psychological neuroses, within people and society, Tyson said. "The Hebrews were very graphic

"The Bible speaks of two in their descriptions," said the Rev. A.D. Ellison, associate pastor of the Hudson Memorial Presbyterian Church in Raleigh. "We're heirs of that-like it or not."

According to Ellison's interpretation of the scriptures, Jesus was tempted in the desert noy by some supernatural satanic being, but by his own self-centeredness. "Satan" is the force that accentuates selfcenteredness in a person, he said.

"We're all two-legged Satans walking around," explained Sharp of Atlantic Christian College, a school supported by the Disciples of Christ.

honcho in charge. When you take the collection of the sins of all of us and put it together," he said, "it's a sizable and real power- an evil power



more obvious ways that people can help us. There are others, less obvious, that are of equal importance.

People can teach us. We can and do learn much from watching bow others address life. As children, we learn by observing our parent's examples. As a rule, we apply their model to our own behavior. This process goes on throughout life as we im-

People can also reach us. A mind that becomes closed to the imput of people is a mind that is dying. Fresh insight and imformation keeps our minds healthy. Stop such, and our thinking becomes distorted and narrow. People can reach beyond our defenses, open our minds, and refresh our thinking.

We learn a great deal by noting how people respond to us. A mirror can tell us how we look on the outside. People can show us how we are on the inside. Their reactions to our behavior gives us insight that is hard found in the confines of our own awareness. We need that mirror of

People keep us down to earth. Most of our lives we try, successfully, to keep ourselves in the road. Sometimes, however, we steer off the shoulder and open the door to danger. Having people around serves as a safeguard that encourages a steady hand on the wheel. We don't always make the right decisions in life. Sometimes, the insight of others can end a helping hand and sense of

Lastly, we need people as a target for giving. Giving is important. Those of us who live through taking, live also in emptiness. Putting something into life seems a necessity if we are to get something back. People provide us with a chance to give love, energy.