

**AN ORDINANCE ESTABLISHING**

Sidewalk Districts in the Town of Dunn and Requiring Owners of Property Abutting on Sidewalks Therein to Make Sidewalk Improvements on or Before a Day Specified and in Default Thereof Said Improvements to be Made by the Town and a Provision of the Code Thereof to be Assessed as a Lien Against Said Property:

WHEREAS, the Town of Dunn has recently paved with asphalt its most important streets and is now about to complete said improvement; and

WHEREAS, the said side walks on all of the streets already paved and about to be paved and in the districts hereinafter defined are badly in need of repairs and improvement by grading, re-construction and construction of new sidewalks, and the welfare and convenience of the public at large require that said side walks should be graded, constructed, repaired and improved within the districts hereinafter defined and of the character, material and specifications hereinafter set forth, and in accordance with the plans and specifications prepared by Gilbert C. White, City Engineer, which are a part of the contract of the Town of Dunn, with F. J. McGuire, the contractor; and

WHEREAS, the Board of Commissioners of the Town of Dunn hereby finds that the above mentioned side walk improvements are necessary:

NOW THEREFORE, be it ordained by the Board of Commissioners of the Town of Dunn:

Sec. 1. That under and by virtue of section 29 of the Charter of the Town of Dunn and Chapter 56 Public Laws of 1915, the following sidewalk districts for the improvement of side walks therein be and the same are hereby established and created as follows:

No. 1: The side walk on the South side of Cumberland Street from Clinton St. to Fayetteville Street.

No. 2: The side walk on the North side of Cumberland Street from Clinton St. to Fayetteville St.

No. 3: The side walk on the E. side of Edgerton St. from Clinton Street to Fayetteville Street.

No. 4: The side walk on the N. side of Edgerton Street from Clinton Street to Fayetteville Street.

No. 5: The side walk on the East side of Clinton Street from Edgerton St. to Cumberland St.

No. 6: The side walk on the W. side of Clinton Street from Edgerton Street to Cumberland St.

No. 7: The side walk on the E. side of Fayetteville Street from Edgerton Street to Cumberland St.

No. 8: The side walk on the W. side of Fayetteville St. from Edgerton Street to Cumberland Street.

No. 9: The side walk on the E. side of Broad Street from Fayetteville St. to Magnolia Street.

No. 10: The side walk on the N. side of Broad Street from Fayetteville St. to Magnolia Street.

No. 11: The side walk on the E. side of Wilson St. from Edgerton Street to Cumberland Street.

No. 12: The side walk on the W. side of Wilson St. from Edgerton Street to Cumberland Street.

No. 13: The side walk on the E. side of Cumberland Street from Edgerton Street to Broad Street.

No. 14: The side walk on the W. side of Lockwood Square from Cumberland Street to Broad Street.

No. 15: The side walk on the N. side of Broad Street from Magnolia Street to the City Limits on the E.

No. 16: The side walk on the S. side of Broad Street from Magnolia Street to the City Limits on the E.

No. 17: The side walk on the N. side of Broad Street from Fayetteville Street to the City limits on the West.

No. 18: The side walks on the West side of Broad Street from Fayetteville Street to the City Limits on the West.

No. 19: The side walks on the E. side of Wilson Street from Edgerton Street to Cleveland Street.

No. 20: The side walks on the W. side of Wilson Street from Edgerton to Cleveland Street.

No. 21: Side walks on the East side of Layton Street from Broad Street to Bay Street.

No. 22: The side walk on the W. side of Layton Street from Broad Street to Bay Street.

No. 23: The side walk on the E. side of King Street from Fennell Street to Cleveland Street.

No. 24: The side walk on the W. side of King Street from Fennell Street to Cleveland Street.

No. 25: The side walk on the E. side of Cumberland Street from Magnolia Street to Clinton Street.

No. 26: The side walk on the N. side of Cumberland Street from Magnolia Street to Clinton Street.

No. 27: The side walk on the E. side of Wilson Street from Cumberland Street to Fennell Street.

No. 28: The side walk on the W. side of Wilson Street from Cumberland Street to Fennell Street.

No. 29: The side walk on the E. side of Divine Street from the A. C. L. Track to Layton Street.

No. 30: The side walk on the N. side of Divine Street from A. C. L. track to Layton Street.

No. 31: The side walk on the E. side of Fennell Street from Fayetteville Street to Layton Street.

No. 32: The side walk on the N. side of Fennell Street from Fayetteville St. to Layton Street.

No. 33: The side walk on the E.

side of Fayetteville Street from Pope Street to Cleveland Street.

No. 34: The side walk on the W. side of Fayetteville Street from Pope to Cleveland.

No. 35: The side walk on the E. side of Washington Street from Broad Street to Pope Street.

No. 36: The side walk on the W. side of Washington Street from Broad Street to Pope Street.

No. 37: The side walk on the E. side of Magnolia Street from Edgerton Street to the City Limits on the South.

No. 38: The side walks on the W. side of Magnolia Street from Edgerton Street to the corporate limits on the South.

No. 39: The side walks on the N. side of Harnett Street from King Street to Ellis Street.

No. 40: The side walks on the S. side of Harnett Street from King to Ellis Street.

SECTION 2: That the character of the side walks to be established in said districts shall be five feet wide in all of the said districts from 15 to 40 inclusive, which districts lie within and are known as the residential section of said Town of Dunn; that the character of said side walks to be established in said districts shall be eleven feet wide in all of said districts from one to fourteen inclusive, which districts represent and are known as the business section of said town. Said side walks shall be constructed of cement of the total thickness of four inches above cinder base complete in accordance with the plans and specifications drawn up by Gilbert C. White, the City Engineer, and which are made a part of the contract between the Town and F. J. McGuire, the contractor.

SECTION 3: That every owner of a lot or person having an interest therein as a lease for twenty years whose property abuts on any side walk in any of the districts created above shall repair, improve and construct in the manner and according to the character of side walks hereinabove defined the side walks against which said property abuts and pay the total cost thereof, except so much of the cost as is incurred at street intersections and unless said property owners make said side walk improvements as herein required on or before the 15th day of July, 1917, the Town of Dunn shall cause said side walks to be constructed repaired and improved as herein required and the entire cost, exclusive of so much cost as is incurred at street intersections, of said improvement so made by the town after such default by the property owners shall be assessed, against the lots and parcels of land abutting on that side of the street upon which the improvement is made and directly on the improvement; according to their respective frontages thereon by an equal rate per foot of such frontage.

Section 4: That said assessments so levied by the Town for making said side walk improvement shall be paid by abutting property owners in 5 equal annual installments bearing interest at the rate of six per cent per annum from the date of the confirmation of the assessment roll.

Section 5: That the Chief of Police of the Town of Dunn shall immediately notify all the property owners whose property abuts on any of the side walks within said district calling on said abutting owners to make such construction of side walks, repairs and improvements and notifying them that in case that they make default in making said improvements within the time aforesaid that the Town will make said improvement and assess the total cost thereof as a lien against the abutting property.

Section 6: That this ordinance shall take effect upon its passage.

The foregoing ordinance was passed June 11th, 1917, was first published on 12th day of June, 1917. Any action or proceeding questioning the validity of said ordinance must be commenced within 30 days after its last publication.

H. A. PARKER, Clerk.

**SOME FINE PURE BRED CATTLE COME TO THE STATE.**

At the recent sale of pure bred Shorthorn cattle held at West Jefferson, 21 head were sold at an average of \$122.00 each which is the highest average yet reached for cattle sold at auction within the State. Only four went out of the state, the remaining 17 being taken by North Carolina buyers who are interested in developing herds of pure bred beef cattle.

The sale was held under the auspices of the American Shorthorn Breeders Association in cooperation with the Office of Beef Cattle Field Work of the North Carolina Experiment Station. Mr. F. L. Derby of Ward, Ala., consigned the cattle.

This sale goes to show that the farmers of the state are waking up to the possibilities of pure bred beef cattle and are taking advantage of every opportunity to obtain them. Messrs. Jordan and Case who have charge of this work for the Extension Service report that there is more interest than ever in the beef cattle industry and that there are many demands on them to give information as to where good studs and dams may be procured.

Waste is a crime against God, your Country, world liberty, against your self and those who come after you.

**BOY SCOUTS MEET**

The Boy Scouts held their weekly troop meeting last Friday night at the Scout Hall. The crowd was very large and a most interesting meeting was enjoyed. A number of important matters were brought before the organization and discussed, some of which we might not wish to give the public.

Baseball subscriptions and aid was extended by the Scouts for the newly organized baseball team, after which different members discussed the baseball question. Manager Cooper calling for more backing and less fooling. A new official ball was voted in to be secured at once, that the troop might continue hard practice.

Mr. Freeman announced that the Paper Baler had arrived but that nothing further would be done in the paper direction, at the present, anyhow. Numbers of the scouts expressed themselves that they knew where plenty of paper was available.

Many of the new Tenderfoot, that have recently joined the growing fold of ambitious hustling Scouts, were present, including Fulton Lee, George Wilson, Oddie Butler, and Oates Harris, some of the most recent additions.

**THE POTATO MILLIONAIRE**

If you hear of people who have made from a million dollars down to ten thousand dollars on spuds this season, you need not be surprised at all. If there are any of us who have failed to make our jack, it is all our own fault. We simply lack the foresight to grow potatoes or had not the financial acumen to finance the farmers of several counties or in one or more States.

Over here in Eastern North Carolina, some of the potato stories going the rounds sound like fairy tales instead of the actual verities. So far as we are concerned, we are prepared from personal observation to believe most anything we hear about what a live farmer has done on his farm this season. It is the literal truth that potato growing in Eastern North Carolina has been like gold mining where gold really can be found.

The Statesville Landmark has been hearing about it and here is what that medium of veracity chronicles:

"The eastern North Carolina truckers, especially the potato growers, have more money than ever before, said a resident of the eastern section in Statesville. Potatoes have been selling for \$8 to \$9 the barrel and potato crops worth \$20,000 to \$30,000 and more were common—so common, that a man with a 10,000 crop considered it too small to talk about. As an instance of the wealth brought to eastern North Carolina by potato crops this year, the gentleman quoted related the following: "Last January a New Bern business man who foresaw wealth in the potato crop this season, proposed to furnish fertilizer to farmers for a half interest in the crop. Borrowing every dollar he could raise, he in this way acquired a half interest in 35,000 acres of potatoes from Florida to Norfolk. A few days ago he figured his return at \$1,200,000."

If a New Bern business man has had that foresight, he surely must have that \$1,200,000, for the possibility is readily admitted. There are numerous instances of lucky strikes by New York and Philadelphia commission houses who have financed growers or contracted for hundreds of crops and came out of the deal with a barrel of money.

We know of farmers who have taken their own chances and have made so much money that they won't talk for fear of losing their reputation for veracity. We hear of one who made \$17,000 on his farm and he expects to make that much more on other crops between now and October. There are city farm owners who have made such a pile that they cannot be induced to mention it.

The advantage of farming in this country is that from three to four money crops of various kinds can be grown in one season. Editor Roland Beasley of the Monroe Journal, and in Wilmington a few days ago on his way from Columbus county and in a casual way he expressed amazement at the success of money crops that the Columbus farmers are able to grow in a season.

The Monroe editor said he had witnessed the marketing of a great strawberry crop that poured a flood of money into Columbus, and then right after strawberries came the Irish potato crop that added to the flood of money that came the way of the farmers. Besides that, they are harvesting fine crops of yellow tobacco, as if to keep busy till cotton, corn and other money crops are ready for the fall harvest.

Mr. Beasley said it beats all—the simply marvelous crop versatility of the Cape Fear region.

Wade correspondence, Fayetteville Observer: "Friends are interested in the marriage of Miss Lillian Hubbard and Mr. Haywood Matthews, which took place Wednesday, the 29th, at the home of the bride. Rev. A. R. McQueen, pastor of the bride, officiated. Immediately after the ceremony they left for Wrightsville to spend a few days."

**FIRE PREVENTION BRIEFS FOR BUSY PEOPLE**

It is cheaper to clean up than to burn up. The Tamas Fire Commission says: "As is the fire waste so much be the fire tax."

Defective stoves are responsible for 15 per cent of all fires. What about the stoves in your home? Fire prevention is nearly the application of the simple rules of common sense to the plain laws of "safety first."

There is a sentence in Latin to the effect that "a spark neglected has often raised a conflagration." This is of especial application during the dry grass season.

Thomas P. Brophy, chief of the New York Bureau of Fire Investigation, says that 15 per cent of garage fires are caused by smoking. Is a hint to the wise sufficient?

If you happen to see smoke or an incipient blaze in a plat of dried grass or elsewhere, stop and put it out, or at least investigate it. You may save the city from a serious fire.

Your carelessness where fire is involved may have been fortunately overruled up to the present time, but be sure that sooner or later the unexpected will overtake you.

About 10,000 matches are scratched every second in this country, each match containing the elements of a possible fire. Is it to be wondered at that care is needed in handling matches?

The way to secure lower insurance rates is to have fewer fires. What is your contribution to the question of fire prevention? Are you on the side of the careless or in the ranks of the careful?

Always keep weeds and grass cleaned up. They frequently make a bed fire. It was a boy throwing a ball of burning yarn in the grass at Atlanta, Georgia, that caused a \$2,000,000 fire.—Fire Facts.

A recent report from Morristown, Pa., tells of a peculiar fire origin heretofore unrecorded. A drug firm stored a surplus stock of celluloid handled with brushes on shelves above a steam radiator. Apparently without cause other than heat from the radiator the stock of celluloid burst into flames and promptly destroyed the store.

**BOY SCOUTS WILL FULL OFF 4th STUNT**

Some time back an announcement appeared in this paper, that the Scouts were going to have a big rally on the 4th of July most probably. Now, it's a settled fact. It is going to be the biggest thing of its kind ever held, and some great doings are going to be the result. You just wait and watch for the younger set in khaki on that day and you will see the town flooded. Special invitations have been or will be extended to all the neighboring towns to come over with their band of Scouts and some mighty big American stuff will appear, whereby patriotism will wave in the land of the brave and free. Mr. Marrow got that simply grand picture—The Adventure of the Boy Scout—and that alone is worth the trouble to come from miles around to see. If you are a boy you can't afford to miss this day in Dunn; if you are a Scout, then it is simply impossible for you to be away. For its going to be a bully. We will give you another announcement in the Dispatch, with a glowing account of the program for Glorious Fourth and the Scouts and you come and help us to make it Glorious.

**PREPARE THE LAND EARLY FOR THE FALL CROP OF IRISH POTATOES.**

The South ought to grow a large supply of Irish potatoes for its own use. It is true that the fall crop is uncertain and much difficulty is experienced in obtaining stands, but a special effort should be made to overcome these difficulties. The question of seed is important, but at this time we wish to especially call attention to the preparation of the soil.

In the first place, no one should attempt to grow Irish potatoes on poor soil, and this is especially true as regards the fall crop. A soil well supplied with humus is desirable for any crop, because of the superior physical condition it insures. A rich mellow soil is of vital importance for the production of Irish potatoes; but for the fall crop such a soil is doubly important. Moisture is absolutely essential to a fall crop of potatoes and the absence of it is responsible for a large part of the failures.

Much can be done to preserve the required moisture if the soil is well supplied with humus. But even a moderately rich soil fairly well supplied with humus can be handled in a manner that will overcome much of the lack of moisture causes so many failures.

To have a soil in condition for planting before August 1, preparation should begin as early as July 1, and when it can be made, even an earlier start is desirable. If the land is not too stiff and hard and was well broken this spring, it may not be necessary to rebreak it, but if it is to be rebroken this should be done as early as possible. In any case, the land should be thoroughly disked and then harrowed regularly and sufficiently often to keep a good mellow mulch of three inches on the surface. Level cultivation and level planting preserve moisture best and are there-

fore best for the fall crop of potatoes. When there are roots which may be injured the cultivation should not be as deep as three inches, although that is probably the best depth for saving moisture. But in preparing the land for the fall crop of potatoes we think the land should be regularly cultivated to a depth of about three inches. If the soil has been broken to a depth of six to eight inches, say six weeks before planting time, and is then harrowed every ten days or two weeks there will almost certainly be moisture enough to bring up the crop provided suitable soil and seed have been selected. We know of no other way to insure a fall crop. It requires work and attention and in that regard is expensive, but we can afford this expense to insure a crop. Land prepared beforehand in this way will almost always receive sufficient moisture during July, which will be held for future use. In fact, such preparation is necessary in the South to make any early fall-seeded crop reasonably certain. We cannot afford to take any chances on the failure of the fall crop of Irish potatoes. We need them for food and for seed next spring.—Progressive Farmer.

"No Files on Executive Branch." Philadelphia Record. Enrolling 10,000,000 men, raising a \$2,000,000,000, sending General Pershing and an army staff to France putting a mission in the Winter Palace at Petrograd and a few other things like that—that's the record of 15 rainy days in June. Now watch Uncle Sam when the sun joins hands with him!—New York Herald. And still there are some captious critics who complain that the government is doing nothing. Certainly Congress is dilatory, but there are no files on the executive branch. Pretty soon, it is safe to say, the wheels will begin to move faster than ever.

DR. WAKEFIELD COMING. W. H. Wakefield, M. D., of Charlotte will be in Dunn, at Central Hotel, Wednesday, July 11th; Duke, at the Drug store, Thursday, July 12th; Newton Grove, Friday, July 13th; Benson, the hotel, Saturday, July 14th. The doctor limits his practice to the medical and surgical treatment of eye, ear, nose and throat troubles, making no charge for glass fitting, in simple cases if the glasses are ordered from him.

**5,000 Accident Policy For \$5.00 a Year**

Without Restriction as to Occupation or Change of Occupation

You will be wise to secure one of these policies, no matter what insurance you have elsewhere.

Each covers injuries sustained as follows:

While riding as a passenger in or on a public conveyance, in a passenger elevator, while within a burning building, due to collapse of outer walls of a building, if struck by lightning, by explosion of a steam boiler, or in consequence of cyclones or tornadoes, and while walking on or across any public highway, in consequence of being struck or knocked down or run over by any vehicle.

For Loss of Life.....	Pays \$5,000.00
For Loss of Both Hands.....	Pays \$5,000.00
For Loss of Both Feet.....	Pays \$5,000.00
For Loss of Both Eyes.....	Pays \$5,000.00
For Loss of Hand and Foot.....	Pays \$5,000.00
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Special Travel Policy also pays for Total Disability Fifteen Dollars per week for 26 consecutive weeks. Pays for Partial Disability Seven and 50-100 Dollars per week not exceeding 10 weeks.

**ANNUAL PREMIUM \$5.00**

Nowhere else can equal accident insurance be obtained for **FIVE DOLLARS**

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**MILLINERY SALE**



We have on hand a big line of Trimmed Hats at **98 cents** good styles. See them at once

**Johnson Bros.**  
Dunn, N. C.

A garden can be started almost any month in the year. Don't neglect the opportunity afforded by fall and winter gardens. The more we consume from gardens the more meat and bread we can send to the Allies.

FOR RENT—SIX ROOM HOUSE; lights, bath, sewerage N. Layton St., adjoining Mr. E. L. Godwin's residence. J. G. LAYTON, R. No. 3 Dunn, N. C. 6-20-22.