THE DUNN DISPATCH

VOL. IV | Dunn, N. C., Oct. 3, 1917 | NUMBER 27

4 BILLION DOLLAR LIBERTY BOND SALE IS NOW UNDERWAY

Secretary McAdoo Tells What The Money Is Needed For

War Cannot Be Won Without Active Cooperation of All People

THE LIBERTY LOAN

For the purpose of—equipping with arms, clothing and food our soldiers who have been called to the field;—maintaining our Navy and our sailors upon the high seas;—providing the necessary means to pay the wages of our soldiers and sailors and, if the bill now pending in the Congress passes, the monthly allowances for the support of their dependent families and to supply them with life insurance;—constructing a fleet of merchant vessels to maintain the line of communication with our troops in France, and to keep our commerce afloat in defiance of the German submarines;—creating a great fleet of aeroplanes, which will give complete supremacy in the air to the United States and the nations fighting with us against the German military menace; and for other necessary war purposes,

The Congress of the United States has authorized the Secretary of the Treasury to sell to the American people bonds of the United States bearing four per cent interest, with valuable tax exemptions, and convertible under certain conditions into other issues of United States bonds that may be authorized by the Congress. The official circular of the Treasury Department gives full details.

There is now offered to the American people a new issue of $3,000,000,000 or more to be known as the Second Liberty Loan. They will be issued in such denominations and upon such terms that every citizen will have an opportunity to assist the Government by lending his money upon the security of a United States Government bond.

It is essential to the success of the war and to the support of our troops that these loans shall not only be subscribed, but oversubscribed. No one is asked to donate or give his money to the Government; but everyone is asked to lend his money to the Government. The loans will be repaid in full with interest at the rate of four per cent per annum. A Government bond is the safest investment in the world; it is as good as currency and yet better, because the Government bond bears interest and currency does not. No other investment compares with it for safety, ready convertibility into cash, and unquestioned availability as collateral security for loans in any bank in the United States.

"People by thousands ask the Treasury constantly how they can help the Government in this war. Through the purchase of Liberty Bonds every one can help. No more patriotic duty can be performed by those who cannot actually fight upon the field of battle than to furnish the Government with the necessary money to enable it to give our soldiers and sailors all that they require to make them strong for the fight and capable of winning a swift victory over our enemies.

"We fight, first of all, for America's vital rights, the right to the unmolested and unobstructed use of the high seas, so that the surplus products of our farms, our mines and our factories may be carried into the harbors of every friendly nation in the world. Our welfare and prosperity as a people depend upon our right of peaceful intercourse with all the nations of the earth. To abandon these rights by withdrawing our ships and commerce from the seas upon the order of a military despot in Europe would destroy prosperity and bring disaster and humiliation upon the American people.

"We fight to protect our citizens against assassination and murder upon the high seas while in the peaceful exercise of those rights demanded by international law and every instinct and dictate of humanity.

"We fight to preserve our democratic institutions and our sovereignty as a nation against the menace of a powerful and ruthless military autocracy headed by the German Kaiser, whose ambition is to dominate the world.

"We fight also for the noble ideal of universal democracy and liberty, the right of the smallest and weakest nations equally with the most powerful to live and to govern themselves according to the will of their own people.

"We fight for peace, for that just and lasting peace which agonized and tortured humanity craves and which not the sword nor the bayonet of a military despot but the supremacy of vindicated right alone can restore to a distracted world.

"To secure these ends I appeal to every man and woman who resides upon the soil of free America and enjoys the blessings of her priceless institutions to join the League of Patriots by purchasing a Liberty Bond."

NATIONAL NEWS OF A WEEK

What A Busy Nation is Doing In Wartime

Twenty-seven persons are known to have been killed and more than a score injured in a head-on collision late Friday between a westbound St. Louis and San Francisco passenger train and an empty train, which had been used for transporting troops, one mile southwest of Kellyville, Okla.

All members of unions concerned in the strike f 30,000 metal trades workers by the Iron Trades Council to return to work Saturday. R. W. Burton, president of the council, said he had been assured that all shops would open.

Formal return of a blanket indictment charging a nation-wide conspiracy to hamper the government during the war, was made Friday in the United States District Court at Chicago against 166 leaders of the Industrial Workers of the World.

William M. Bennett won the Republican nomination for mayor in the primaries last week by a majority of 611 votes over Mayor John P. Mitchell, according to an unofficial recount of the ballots which was completed late Friday night. Bennett's net gain on the recount was 946 for the entire city. The final compilation of returns by the board of elections gave Mitchell a lead of 335.

Francisco Villa, leading a band of his followers, swept down from the Durango mountains last week and captured the town of Rosario, Durango, according to an employee of an American corporation operating there, who arrived here today.

After a call at the White House Senator Lewis says he would propose passage of a bill giving the President full power to do anything during the forthcoming recess of Congress that may be called for by any sudden emergency.

Mayor John Purroy Mitchell, Democrat, defeated in the Republican primaries for renomination, announced publicly from the steps of the city hall that he would run as the union candidate on an issue of straight Americanism.

[illegible] a rush. Telegraphic reports to the Treasury from every section indicate tremendous enthusiasm on the part of tens of thousands of workers and a fair first-day volume of subscriptions toward the $3,000,000,000 minimum which has been set as the goal of the four week's campaign.

With plenty of room available at the National Army cantonments, due to the large number of men to be withdrawn to fill up the National Guard and other branches, the War Department has again modified its plans for training negro troops of the National Army forces. It is now the purpose, Secretary Baker says, to train a complete unit of negroes at each of the sixteen cantonments, instead of training them only at cantonments to which a considerable number report. The size of the unit will depend upon the number of negro drafted men from the divisional area which supplies each cantonment, but where there is a large surplus men will be sent to posts with smaller numbers for consolidation with the training units there.

COATS FAIR TO BE HELD OCTOBER 10.

Secretary Turlington Writes of His Hopes and Views For Event

"Harnett's 2nd annual Community Fair meets on Coats school grounds Wednesday, October 10. The premium list is already in the hands of the public. From this you get some idea of the scope of the work. In addition to the outline in the premium list, we will have on exhibit a number of pure bred Jersey calves recently brought into the community from Ohio. There is in these calves some of the best blood to be found in any cattle in North Carolina. These are expected to be exhibited each year and the prize given to the boy or girl whose calf shows that it has had the best care and attention.

"The aim of the fair is three fold: Educational, Agricultural, and social. We think that much may be learned by comparing farm and home products. It is hoped that the friendly rivalry that will grow out of this comparing of farm and home products will stimulate all to a more vigorous determination to make better homes, better farms and better schools. The directors of the fair earnestly request that the articles to be exhibited be brought in on Tuesday October 9. This will give time to arrange the exhibits and prepare for a good display.

"Dr. J. Y. Joyner, State superintendent of public instruction, will deliver the educational address at 11 a. m. At 2 p. m. Representative H. L. Godwin will deliver an address on agriculture. Other prominent speakers will be present. The directors and managers of the fair are called to meet at Coats school building on Saturday October 6, at 2 p. m. to lay definite plans for the fair. Let's everybody come and help plan for the biggest and best fair yet.

"It takes all, all the time working for a bigger and better community spirit.

"The public is cordially invited to come, bring your dinner and spend the day with us.

"H. A. TURLINGTON, Secy. and Treas."

PAGE WORKNIG TO PERFECT BIG FOOD CONSERVING FORCE

25,000 Workers Will Aid In Commissioners Plans

Asks All Citizens to Rally to Aid of Government In This State

The most ambitious organization ever perfected in North Carolina is being built up by Food Administrator, Henry A. Page, for carrying out the program of the Federal Food Administration in this State, an army of approximately 25,000 active workers being contemplated.

The fact that the great war can never be won without the active cooperation and aid of the people back home has steadily become more apparent and Administrator Page and his assistants have been working under high pressure to hasten the perfection of the organization in North Carolina.

The plan adopted by Mr. Page calls for the appointment of a Food Administrator for each of the 100 counties of the State. These county food administrators will have an executive committee of eight members corresponding with the committee working with Mr. Page and embracing the county superintendent of education, farm demonstration agent, home demonstration agent and chairman of the woman's committee of the county Council of Defense.

There will be a working committee of four members appointed by the County Food Administrator in every white school district of his county, this committee being depended upon to take the message of the Food Administration to the individual.

Mr. Page has stated emphatically that there is no room for drones in the food administration's organization and just as enthusiastic and effective work is expected from the school district committee as from the office force in Raleigh, which has worked frequently at night in its endeavor to get the program of the Food Administration in operation at the earliest possible moment.

One of the first big tasks that fall upon the entire administration will be the nation-wide "pledge-card campaign," October 20-28 during which it is expected that every patriotic [illegible] in the country will be enlisted as an active member of the food administration. Plans for this [illegible] ly expected that this State will make a showing that will compare favorably with the best that is received at Washington.

The big purpose of the entire campaign is to so adjust the consumption of foodstuffs in America by economy and substitution as to allow the exportation to Europe of sufficient foodstuffs for the maintenance of our armies, the armies of our Allies and the suffering civilian population of our Allies. The articles that are suitable for export are wheat, pork, beef, fats and sugar.

All of our Allies are on war bread which contains just 75 per cent of wheat flour. To furnish them with even a short ration of war bread, however, the American people must consume an average of one pound of wheat bread less per week. To allow the French, English and Italians even one ounce of sugar per day each we must cut our consumption about one-third. Likewise there must be economy in the use of butter and fats if we are to provide our suffering Allies even the insufficient ration of these products that they have been receiving.

PROF. DALTON TALKS ON GERARD ARTICLES

Red Cross Getting Busy at Duke —Sunday School Work Progressing

Duke, Oct. 2.—The most applauded and appreciated "Four Minute" speech yet made at the picture show here was made Monday night by Prof. B. F. Dalton principal of the graded school. His remarks were based upon facts from the Gerard articles and were presented in a most forceful manner. But for the fact that he was only allowed four minutes the audience would have called him back.

The members of the Red Cross and others interested in the work met Tuesday afternoon to decide whether or not to establish a working unit at Duke. It was decided to establish the working unit and a meeting will be held Thursday afternoon for the purpose at which time plans will be completed for the work.

Revival services began Tuesday night at the Baptist church. Rev. Lewis Chester Morrison rector of St. Stephens Episcopal preached the first sermon. Wednesday night Rev. W. L. Maness of the Methodist church will preach after this Dr. Ellis from Dunn will have charge of the services, which will last for a week or ten days.

The first Sunday in October the Methodist Sunday school organized Primary department and used the graded literature of the Sunday school Board. Mrs. E. S. Yarbrough will be superintendent of this department.

The movement to have Senator La Follette expelled from the Senate is spreading, and taking the form of a propaganda. Petitions signed by several hundred citizens of North Dakota, Minnesota and North Carolina and demanding action against Mr. LaFollette on the part of the Senate were received and presented by the Vice-President, and Senators Kellogg, Sterling and Overman yesterday. The expulsion of LaFollette was demanded in a telegram sent to Vice-President Marshall by The American Rights League.

NEWS OF NORTH CAROLINA

Brief Mention of Important Tarheel Happenings

With Wake county already organized, Assistant General Laurence Young Monday sent out instructions, which, as soon as complied with, will result in a force of 1,400 men for the new State Reserve Militia.

Tieing an iron anvil to his neck as a weight, Green Mayfield, a negro farmer, Monday morning killed himself by jumping head foremost in the well on his plantation near Holly Springs. Two hours afterwards a neighbor, going to the well after water, found the negro's feet protruding above the surface of the water.

Pay of thirty-seven dollars per month, with board, lodging and clothing furnished, has failed to attract more than five negro men of the ten wanted to fill places as mess attendants in the United States Navy from North Carolina. A quota of ten for this purpose was allowed the State, and Lieutenant J. J. London, of the Navy recruiting station at Raleigh, reports that only half the number had applied.

Government officials announced that 281 German sailors from steamships which sought refuge in Boston at the outbreak of the war, would be transferred shortly from one of the detention camps in Boston harbor to Hot Springs. The change, they said, was due to the fact that the present quarters are not desirable during winter months.

Three North Carolinians were being held in jail in Richmond yesterday in default of bond on the charge of transporting whiskey down home from Washington, D. C. Their names are George Hannant, Sims, N. C.; Job C. Banks, colored, Maury, N. C., and Joe Johnson, colored, Maury, N. C. They were arrested by Federal agents who raided a train for the first time since the "bone-dry" law went into effect.

Col. John Nichols former member of Congress and for nearly twenty years a United States commissioner at Raleigh, shot himself through the head with a 32-caliber pistol Friday afternoon. He died just as his body was being carried into Rex Hospital, less than half an hour afterwards.

President [illegible] of the State Fair [illegible] deliver an address on Thursday of fair week, and the fair officials are very hopeful that Colonel Roosevelt will consent to come.

Governor Bickett and Adjutant General Young are to utilize the county councils of defense in the formation of the selected military organizations that are to be made up from 5,000 men who are to be called into service for home guard purposes. These county councils are to make up the lists of men to be asked to serve in the county organizations and report them back to the Governor through the adjutant general.

Sam Williams, Kelly Watson, Mitchell Watson, Christopher Carroway and J. B. Watson, residents of the Lowland section of Pamlico county, were placed under arrest Friday by revenue officers, carried to New Bern and arraigned before commissioner C. B. Hill, the first named on a warrant charging him with resisting the draft, the others with dynamiting the postoffice building at Lowland on the night of September 17.

WILL NOT SEIZE HOME FOOD

There is no truth in a widely circulated statement that the government expects to take food supplies from any family. Both the Food Administration and the Department of Agriculture join in a statement to counteract what seems to be a deliberate propaganda to the effect that the Government intends to take from every family all canned goods put up in excess of 100 quarts.

This is only one of the variations of the rumor, which has been widely circulated. Another statement is that the Government has been urging the canning, drying, and preserving of fruits and vegetables so that they will be in a convenient form for the Government to handle and transport when it takes them away from the people. Further elaboration is that these goods are to be taken from the American homes and shipped to England.

SPECIFIC INSTANCE CITED.

In one instance a motorist stopped at a farmhouse to fill the radiator of his automobile. In the course of conversation he casually inquired whether the farmer's family was canning all the surplus fruits and vegetables in order to help conserve the food supply. He was informed that the farmer was not doing this because the Government intended to take all the canned goods away except a small part of it actually needed by the family itself.

The authorities state emphatically that no such course has ever have contemplated by the Government. On the contrary, both the Department of Agriculture and the Food Administration are strongly urging housewives to can and preserve, especially at this time, all surplus fruits and vegetables, in order that the households themselves may have a cheap plentiful supply of food.

CHIEF BASS TO BE GIVEN MORE HELP TO ENFORCE LAW

Another Cop to Be Added To Force, Commissioners Decide

Tax Collections To Be Pushed Vigorously to Keep Town Going

Another man is to be added to the Dunn police force to take over tax collecting and to assist Chief Bass in other ways, it was determined in a regular meeting of the town commissioners held last night.

The addition of another member is believed necessary to the well-being of the community. Chief Bass has his hands so full of things not entirely related to the duties of the average policeman that he is not able to give the service demanded by the town's growth. This, say the commissioners, has led to some unjust criticism of the police department and has been instrumental in creating an obvious disregard by some of the town's laws.

With additional help the chief of police will have more time to give to law enforcement. The commissioners will expect him to look more thorough ly into blind tiger charges and to give more attention to traffic regulation.

The commissioners have also determined to push tax collections more vigorously than in former years. The municipality is under heavy obligations, they say, and since its taxes are its main source of revenue it will suffer unless taxes are paid promptly. No dodging will be tolerated. They are determined that everybody shall pay.

Mayor Turnage and Commissioners Driver and Tart were appointed a committee to employ the new policeman.

Austin Green was Monday afternoon convicted at Henderson of a secret assault upon Miss Jessie Roth and was sentenced by Judge Harry W. Whedbee to serve twenty years at hard labor in the State Prison. He was taken at once to Raleigh to begin serving his sentence.

Fearing that he would be called to serve in the war as a member of the National Army, Levy Webb, whose home is in Saratoga township, Wilson county, yesterday took his life.

Charlie Hill, a negro of Fuquay [illegible] day morning in St. Agnes Hospital Raleigh of wounds he received late Monday afternoon when Dennis Chisham fired two bullets into his body. Chisham fled after the shooting and has not been caught.

The Senate yesterday adopted the conference report on the $2,535,000,000 war revenue bill, and it will go to the President today. Although several Senators spoke against certain features of the report of the conferees on the bill no vote was cast against them on the final showdown.

TEACHERS' EXAMINATION

Those who wish to take the examination in this county for teachers' certificates will please report at the office of the Board of Education at Lillington Tuesday morning Oct. 9. It will take two days to complete this examination so please come prepared to remain here both Tuesday and Wednesday. Work will begin at nine A. M. Colored teachers will come at the same time but report in the county court room instead of this office.

B. P. GENTRY,
Superintendent.

CHANCES OF FIRST BORN ARE POOREST

Mother's Ignorance Responsible. Later Babies in Large Families Have Poor Chance

That the first baby born has the poorest chance of living and that this is true because mothers use the first baby to experiment on is just some of the facts discovered through a recent study made of infant welfare in Manchester, N. H. This study not only confirmed the statement that being a baby is the riskiest thing a person ever did, but it discovered that being the first baby was several times more risky than being the second, third or fourth.

The death rate of first babies was somewhere between 166 and 174. The mothers having learned on their first babies were able to achieve a lower death rate for the second, third, fourth, and fifth. Then the improvement came to a halt and the curve began to ascend. The death rate among babies ninth and later in the order of birth was 250. The later babies in these very large families do not stand a good chance of living.

Anotehr interesting fact brought out in this study of baby life was that of very young mothers had a high deathrate. The death rate of babies where the baby was the first and the mother was under 20 was 241. Where the baby was the second the rate was 222.6. The babies born to mothers 40 years old and over had a death rate of 169.2. Babies born to mothers 30 to 39 years of age had the best chance of living. Part of this was due to the fact that they were sturdy babies. Part of it was due to the fact that the mothers of that age know best how to care for their young.

Red Cross needs the help of every woman in Dunn. The local chapter has established headquarters in the First National Bank building. There they have supplies and machines for sewing and knitting the things required of the chapter by the organization. Everything contributed by the local Red Cross goes to the comfort of some soldier or war sufferer in Europe.

A WEEK OF THE WAR

Dispatches from All Fronts Boiled Down

British shipping losses since the beginning of the unrestricted submarine campaign last February now approximate the total losses before that period, according to a statement authorized by the controller of shipping Saturday. The statement indicated it was reasonable to expect Germany to destroy by next spring 200 vessels more than could be built in the meantime.

Dr. Michaelis, the German imperial chancellor, in a speech to the main committee of the reichstag, said that Pope Benedict's peace proposals were inspired by moral seriousness, pure justice and neutrality, which things were lacking in the reply made by President Wilson to the Pope.

Viscount Milner, minister without portfolio in the British war council, speaking at the American Luncheon Club, declared against any peace with the "unrepentant German rulers."

The strongest air attack yet attempted on London and the coast towns by the Germans was carried out Tuesday morning by four groups of hostile airplanes. Some of the machines got through to London and bombed the southwestern district.

Reports that the rank and file of the enemy troops have a great longing for peace is confirmed by every German prisoner captured. One of their chief grievances is the failure of their high officers to take risks. Even company commanders freely delegate to the under-officers their duty while in the trenches, and remain well back from the front.

Again the Germans have delivered violent attacks against the British troops in their newly won positions in the vicinity of the Ypres-Menin road and the Polygon wood. Two separate onslaughts were made, three hours apart and both with huge effective moving in wave formations. Everywhere the attacks were repulsed with heavy casualties except opposite the southeast corner of the Polygon wood where two British advanced posts were captured.

The body of the famous German aviator, Lieutenant Voss, who was recently reported in a German official communication as missing, has been found within the British lines. All British airmen have already dropped messages behind the German front, giving notification of his [illegible] 23 while engaged in a spectacular conflict with a British airman. He died fighting determinedly and magnificently. It is a peculiar coincidence that the famous French airman, Captain Guynemer lost his life about the same time in battle over enemy territory and was reported missing until the Germans found and identified his body.

THRIFT THOUGHT

Have you left-over cereal mush from breakfast, and meat left from yesterday's dinner, Madam Housewife?

Combine them, suggests the United States Department of Agriculture, and make an appetising luncheon or supper dish.

Place alternate layers of cold cereal (cut or mashed into fragments) and minced left-over meat in a baking dish. Make the top layer of minced meat and bread crumbs. If the mixture is too dry, pour over it enough milk to moisten. Place in medium oven until heated through and browned a little on top.

LITTLE RIVER UNION MEETING NEXT WEEK

Is to Be Held at Buie's Creek, Friday, Saturday and Sunday, 12, 13 and 14.

Little River Union meeting is to be held at Buie's Creek, October 12, 13 and 14. Its program follows:

Friday

11:00 a. m.—Sermon—The church—its business in the world, Rev. S. J. Becker.

2:00 p. m.—Organization and reports from the churches.

2:30 p. m.—The church—its leadership—Rev. C. H. Norris.

3:00 p. m.—The church—building material—Rev. L. L. Hudson.

3.30 p. m.—The church—its history and prospects—Rev. J. M. Hollingman.

7:30 p. m.—Devotional Meetings. Supt H. P. Gentry.

8:00 p. m.—Address, Dr. W. J McGlothin.

Saturday

9:30 a. m.—Devotional meeting—Editor J. P. Pittman.

10:00 a. m.—The church stewardship—Dr. J. A. Ellis.

10:30 a. m.—The church Evangelism—Rev. Frank Hare.

11:00 a. m.—Address—Dr. W. J. McGlothin.

2:00 p. m.—The church education—Dr. W. R. Cullom.

2:30 p. m.—Address—Dr. W. J. McGlothin.

7:30 p. m.—Devotional meeting—Prof Owen Odum.

8:00 p. m.—Address—Dr. W. J. McGlothin.

Sunday

9:30 a. m.—Sunday school mass meeting.

11:00 a. m.—Address, Dr. W. J. McGlothin.

Brother I. L. Yearby, a ministerial student at Wake Forest College, member of the Buie's Creek Church, desires to be examined during the session with a view to being ordained to the Gospel Ministry, if found deserving.

The five addresses by Dr. W. J. McGlothin of the Southern Baptist Theological Seminary, in addition to the fine home talent, present one of the best programmes our people have ever had. Come and bring all you can to the meeting.

55 MORE HARNETT BOYS GO TO CAMP JACKSON TO-NGHT

Carl Fitchett, Duke Druggist, Among Those Who Leave

Forty-five Others Accepted by Board and Will Be Called Soon

Fifty-five additional Harnett young men leave from Lillington today for Camp Jackson, where they are to be trained for service with the American armies in France. Forty-five others were accepted last week by the Harnett exemption board.

Carl Fitchett, the Duke druggist, whose alleged exemption by the district board caused considerable comment several days ago, is among those who go today, as is William A. Erwin, son of the head of the Erwin Cotton Mills Company.

Those who go today are:

[illegible]—504—Wm. A. Erwin Jr.
388—470—Andrew C. Smith
490—1397—James Dawson Ryals
595—191—Daniel C. Byrd
403—1998—Chas. F. Weaver
404—1022—Wm. E. Manner.
436—1160—Willie J. McLeod
439—305—Charlie A. Cobb
549—Carl E. Fitchett
499—1484—Walter Lee Page
464—1401—Willie M. Pate
447—428—Roy P. Dewar
469—1063—Wm. H. Matthews
475—1172—Lonnie M. Moore
489—1978—Exum Womble
484—896—Berry Alfred Johnson
491—539—Alonza G. Flowers
494—562—Daniel Hugh Green
516—71—Junius F. Blackman
528—596—C. H. Ennis
554—1391—Charles R. Partin
140—1143—Junius P. McLamb
575—296—McBryde Cameron
583—1700—Sapie C. Shaw.
615—800—Richard McKay Caddell
601—1975—Alex Frank Wright
[illegible]—4414—[illegible] Le Roy Partigon
466—962—Robert Lucas
[illegible]—783—Bryan Turner Hall
[illegible]—1790—Wm. Rufus Stewart
[illegible]—535—H. C. Stevens
[illegible]—322—Captain G. Jernigan
2—1496—Eugene Lee Pool,
9—1456—Tilman T. Page
[illegible]—[illegible]—David Kirk Grimes
53—140—John Butler Bowden
164—1771—Ennis Britton Smith
168—1651—Hector Neill Stewart
428—1942—Herman M. Whitington
380—1616—Owen C. Smith
640—713—Howard F. Holmclaw
129—982—Wm. Henry Matthews
165—1765—Wm. H. Owen Smith
165—530—Jas. R. Parthing
194—2024—George Lee Wilson
552—1542—Herbert I. Rayford
175—117—Mack Black
210—440—Jane H. Darroch
172—1324—Joe Albert Nordan
468—872—Clifton J. Johnson
205—772—Daniel B. Holder
262—5—Joseph F. Andrews
204—1530—Willie Stephenson
241—970—Luther Lockamy

THOSE CALLED INTO SERVICE

577—989 C. Benton Matthews, Lillington r1.
579—1304 Allie McDougald, Broadway r1.
580—1187 Talmage McLean, Lillington r1.
581—1270 Lawrence McNeill, Duke, r1.
583—1638 Jeremiah Stewart, Dunn.
587—1109 William McKay, Dunn, r3.
588—155 Willie Byrd, Dunn.
589—284 Junius Comart, Chalybeate.
590—133 William E. Beasley, Angier.
591—807 Sam Jackson, (Dunn, N.C.) Brownsville, S. C.
592—867 Jodie Judd, Holly Spgs.
597—2064 Henry McDonald, Lillington, r1.
599—170 Allen H. Stewart, Lillington, r2.
601—1313 Marvin McFarland, Broadway r1.
604—1119 Wesley McByrde, Dunn.
608—1051 Jade Morgan, Dunn.
611—936 John W. Gregory, Buie's Creek.
612—811 Willie Webster Byrd, Duke.
616—1162 Joe S. McLamb, Coats.
618—1923 Tom Bat Winstead, Dunn
619—146 Aaron Brock, Dunn.
621—1050 Charlie Mason, Dunn.
627—299 Richard Thos. Cassaday, Dunn, r3.
629—1189 Herman J. McNeill, Manchester.
632—2049 Dallas D. Young, Angier.
634—1654 James Snipes, Dunn, r3.
635—150 Walter K. Barefoot, Dunn.
642—4 Ray Vann Andrews, Chalybeate Spgs.
646—115 Ed Bethea, Dunn.
656—430 Granger E. Davis, Dunn.
656—328 James E. Carter, Holly Spgs.
657—985 Jesse J. Lucas, Duke.
659—86 Early Barham, Angier.
667—624 Herman H. Godwin, Lillington, r2.
667—844 Wm. C. Fuquay, Mamers.
671—1258 George McLean, Lillington.
673—1508 Jesse W. Reaves, Buie's Creek.
675—1194 Reggie H. McDonald, Corinth.
676—1966 Walter West, Manchester.
678—1667 James W. Serrell, Dunn, r2.
681—828 Andrew L. Johnson, Coats.
685—1416 Oscar R. Pearce, Dunn.
686—861 Floyd Allen Jones, Fuquay Spgs.
689—1826 Willie Morgan McGregor, Spout Springs.
690—17 Tom Avent (A. C. L. Dunn), Lenoa, R. C.