

PRESIDENT WILSON APPEALS TO VOTERS

Gives Reasons Why Congress Should Remain Under Democratic Control

REPUBLICAN LEADERS ANTI-ADMINISTRATION

And Create Friction By Trying To Take Control Out of Hands of President

Washington, Oct. 25.—President Wilson in a statement today addressed to his fellow countrymen asked them to return a Democratic Congress in the November elections if they have approved of his leadership in this critical time.

Failure to return a Democratic majority to both the Senate and House of Representatives, the President said not only would seriously impair his power to administer "the great trust assigned me by the constitution" but would be interpreted abroad as a repudiation of his leadership.

The President's action electrified Republicans at the Capitol who prepared a formal reply in the name of the party leaders in the Senate and House and the chairman of the Senate and House Republican congressional campaign committees.

The Republican statement declaring the minority party in Congress had supported the administration policy since the war with a unanimity and an absence of criticism unprecedented in party history, pointed to the record as proof.

The war, the Republican statement contends, is not the President's "personal war," nor the war of Congress, nor a party, but of the American people and declared "the Republican party, representing more than half the citizenship of the country, demands its rightful share" in the burden and responsibilities it imposes.

If given a majority in either or both houses, the leaders said, the Republican party would drive forward "the war and peace program, and would check the waste now going on of money" given by the nation.

TEXT OF PRESIDENT'S APPEAL

Following is the President's appeal:

"My Fellow Countrymen:—The Congressional elections are at hand. They occur in the most critical period of our country's history. If you are likely to favor in your vote, if you have approved of my leadership and wish me to continue to be your unembarrassed spokesman in affairs at home and abroad, I earnestly beg that you will express yourselves unmistakably to that effect by returning a Democratic majority to both the Senate and the House of Representatives.

CRITICAL ISSUES PEND.

"I am your servant and will accept your judgment without cavil but my power to administer the great task assigned me by the constitution would be seriously impaired should your judgment be adverse and I must frankly tell you so because many critical issues depend upon your verdict. No scruple of taste or of grim times like these has ever stood in the way of speaking the plain truth.

"I have no thought of suggesting that any political party is prominent in matters of patriotism. I feel too deeply the sacrifices which have been made in this war by all our citizens irrespective of party affiliations to harbor such an idea.

Unified Leadership Necessary.

"I mean only that the difficulties and delicacies of our present task are of a sort that makes it imperatively necessary that the nation should give its undivided support to the government under a unified leadership and that a Republican Congress would divide the leadership. The leaders of the minority in the present Congress have unquestionably been proved, but they have been anti-administration. At almost every turn since we entered the war they have sought to take the choice of policy and the conduct of the war out of my hands and put it under the control of instrumentalities of their own choosing.

No Time for Divided Council.

"This is no time either for divided council or for divided leadership. Justice of command is as necessary now in civil action as it is upon the field of battle. If the control of the House and the Senate should be taken away from the party now in power an opposing majority could assume control of legislation and oblige all action to be taken amidst contest and obstruction.

Bad Effect Abroad.

"The return of a Republican majority to either House of the Congress would moreover be interpreted on the other side of the water as a repudiation of my leadership. As spokesman of the Republican party are

CONGRESSMAN H. L. GODWIN.



Representative of the Sixth District Who is Candidate for re-election.

A vote for Mr. Godwin Tuesday will be a vote to uphold the hands of President Wilson, Commander-in-Chief of the American Army. A vote against Mr. Godwin will encourage the Kaiser and his military machine to prolong the war, which will mean the sacrifice of many more American lives. It is very important that a Democratic Congress be returned to Washington that the President may have a free hand in bringing about a just peace. Mr. Godwin has been one of the President's staunch supporters. He will be returned to Congress by a large majority.

LABELS FOR SOLDIERS' CHRISTMAS BOXES.

Get Them from Red Cross Chapters, to Facilitate Delivery of Boxes. Washington, Oct. 25.—The first of the Christmas parcel labels, designed to facilitate the shipment of holiday boxes to the more than 2,000,000 soldiers now in France, have reached this country. In making this announcement today the Red Cross said relatives of soldiers now overseas probably will receive these labels in the course of a few days and should arrange to prepare their Christmas boxes without delay. The boxes may

Only one package for each soldier

will be accepted by the War Department. Every man in the Expeditionary Forces has received one label and has been directed to send it to the person in the United States from whom he wishes to receive a Christmas parcel. Parcels that do not carry this label will not be accepted and none will be accepted for shipment after November 20th.

OLD-CLOTHES "CLINICS" THE FASHION

To be up to date these days your community should have an old-clothes clinic, the Department of Agriculture suggests. Not the amount you spend on clothes but the amount you save in the criterion by which you are judged in this year of war. The home demonstration agents usually hold the clinics, and old garments are brought, ripped, and made over by the women under their direction. This wool-conserving campaign in Iowa is particularly strong.

urging you to elect a Republican Congress in order to back up and support the President but even if they should in this impasse upon some credulous voters on this side of the water they would impose on so one on the other side. It is well understood there as well as here that the Republican leaders desire not so much to support the President as to control him.

Means Vote of Confidence.

"The peoples of the allied countries with whom we are associated against Germany are quite familiar with the significance of elections. They would find it very difficult to believe that the voters of the United States had chosen to support their President by electing to the Congress a majority controlled by those who are in fact not in sympathy with the attitude and action of the administration.

Not For Party, But for Nation's Sake

"I need not tell you, my fellow-countrymen, that I am asking your support not for my own sake or for the sake of a political party but for the sake of the nation itself in order that its inward unity of purpose may be evident to all the world. In ordinary times I would not feel at liberty to make such an appeal to you. In ordinary times divided councils can be endured without permanent hurt to the country. But these are not ordinary times.

"If in these critical days it is your wish to sustain me with undivided minds I beg that you will say so in a way which it will not be possible to misunderstand either here or there among our associates or on the other side of the sea. I submit my duties and my hopes to you.

"WOODROW WILSON."

SYLLABUS FOR HOMEMURSING OF INFLUENZA.

The nurse should adopt the following precautions:

1. Wear face mask when waiting on patients. The mask should be made of at least four thicknesses of fine mesh gauze and should be large enough to cover mouth and nose. Sterilize masks daily by boiling.
2. Wash hands thoroughly after coming in contact with each patient or with bed clothes. Do not put hands in mouth or about face. It is also safer to dip the hands in antiseptic solution made of dissolving two bichloride of mercury tablets in a quart of water.

3. Wash out nose and mouth and gargle three times a day with solution made by dissolving one level teaspoonful of salt in a pint of water. Snuff vasoline up nose. Keep bowels open, drink plenty of water, and get proper amount of rest and sleep.

The Sick room:

1. This room should be well ventilated day and night but patient should not be placed in a draft.
2. Remove all unnecessary furniture and clothing.
3. Keep room quiet.

The Patient:

1. Keep in bed with sufficient covering to keep warm.
2. Take pulse and temperature (usually every hour), and keep a record of those. Make a note of all drugs given. The record should also show the time of bowel and kidney movements and the amount of sleep and nourishment the patient gets.

3. The normal pulse rate is 72-80 beats per minute for adults; more rapid for children. Pulse can best be felt on front of arm just above the wrist on the thumb side.
4. The normal temperature is about 98.1-2 degrees. In taking the temperature place the thermometer under patient's tongue and have the lips closed. Be sure and shake the thermometer down before it is used. After use the thermometer should be soaked in the disinfectant solution and then washed with soap and water. The thermometer will under the arm.

5. If patient has temperature of 102 degrees or more put ice cap on head and rub back limbs with camphor or witch hazel, keeping the patient under cover. Bath face and hands in cold water. If patient gets cold put hot water bottle or hot brick or iron to feet and limbs.
6. Make patient drink plenty of water. Keep bowels open freely with salts, oil, or enemas.
7. After patient has perspired freely change clothing and bed clothes being careful not to expose the patient or to allow him to become chilled.

8. Keep patient's teeth and mouth clean.
9. As long as patient has fever give only liquid diet, fruit juice, meat juices, broths, and soups.
10. Have patient spit in paper or old cloths which can be burned; and burn these often.

11. Keep patient in bed at least 3 full days after the fever has become normal. This is very important as pneumonia and relapses most often occur in patients who leave their beds too early.

(This syllabus is sent out by the State Board of Health as a suggestive outline for a course in home nursing. The points should be explained in detail to the class by a doctor, a trained nurse, or by some woman who has had experience in home nursing.)

WHEATLEY GOES DOWN ABERNETHY TO FRONT.

Clinton, N. C., Oct. 25.—Cl. Wheatley will be pulled down as a Republican nominee for Congress in the Ninth District and the party endorse Charles L. Abernethy as dependent.

This is the situation it is set here on good authority at the conference last week in the of Senator Marion Butler, attd by Senator Butler, Claud Atley, George Butler, John McNeerhead and Republican Co-Chairman Somers.

That Charles L. Abernethy has been in communication with the Republican leaders has been understood here. The late is taken as an indication that the Republicans see no chance of overcoming the overwhelming rep which the candidacy of S. M. P. is receiving and resolved to with Abernethy.

A Buff Plymouth cockerel, bred and raised by Carolina experiment station, is being shown at the Rocky Mountain Fair. First prize was taken by the bird in the Rocky Mountain.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

For United States Senator F. M. SIMMONS

For Member of Corporation Commission Term Six Years: GEORGE F. PELL Term of Two Years: ALLEN J. MAXWELL

For Chief Justice Supreme Court WALTER CLARK

For Associate Justice Supreme Court WILLIAM ALLEN PLATT WALKER

For Judge Superior Court—Third Judicial District JOHN B. KERR

For Judge Superior Court—Fourth Judicial District FRANK DANIELS

For Judge Superior Court—Seventh Judicial District THOMAS CALVERT

For Judge Superior Court—Eleventh Judicial District HENRY BLANE

For Judge Superior Court—Thirteenth Judicial District W. J. ADAMS

For Judge Superior Court—Fifteenth Judicial District BENJ. FRANKEN LONG

For Judge Superior Court—Seventeenth Judicial District T. B. FOLEY

For Judge Superior Court—Eighteenth Judicial District MICHAEL E. JUSTICE

For Judge Superior Court—Nineteenth Judicial District P. A. McLEROY

For Judge Superior Court—Twentieth Judicial District T. B. FOLEY

For Senator of 4th Senatorial District: CLYDE DALRYMPLE of Lee County HENRY A. GEDDY, of Sampson County.

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY TICKET

For Solicitor, 4th Judicial District: WALTER D. SILER.

For Senators of 4th Senatorial District: CLYDE DALRYMPLE of Lee County HENRY A. GEDDY, of Sampson County.

For House of Representatives: GEORGE K. GRANTHAM.

For County Recorder: DANIEL J. McLEAN.

For Clerk of Superior Court: ARTHUR A. McDONALD.

For Sheriff: WILLIAM H. TURLINGTON.

For County Auditor: ALLEN M. SHAW

For Register of Deeds: WILLIAM E. FAUCETTE

For Coroner: WILLIAM P. HOLT.

For Surveyor: WILLIAM M. GREEN.

For County Commissioners: JEFFERSON D. BARNES. JAMES C. BYRD. ROBERT J. JOHNSON. DUNCAN P. RAY. WILLIAM J. McSTEWART.

SUPREME WAR COUNCIL SAID TO HAVE AGREED ON MAIN TERMS ARMISTICE

London, Oct. 25.—The Versailles conference, according to the report sent in London this afternoon, has agreed on the main points of the armistice terms, which will now be considered by the military commandant. The final peace terms, it is said, will be submitted to Germany simultaneously with the armistice terms.

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Washington, Oct. 25.—Men of the new draft ages will be mobilized in large numbers early in November under a draft call now in preparation at Provost Marshal General Crowder's office. It calls for the enlistment of more than 200,000 men qualified for general military service. They will be furnished in proportionate numbers by every State in the Union. Draft calls suspended during October because of the influenza epidemic have been renewed in sections where the epidemic has moderated, and enlistment for all men under the October call probably will be completed before the November quota is in the cantonments.

GEORGE K. GRANTHAM.



Democratic Candidate for the Legislature From Harnett County.

George K. Grantham, who is the Democratic Candidate for the Legislature from Harnett County. Mr. Grantham represented Harnett in the last Legislature and did such efficient work for his county and State that he was nominated without opposition in the primary, to succeed himself. Mr. Grantham is a successful business man and is one of the best known men in the county. He will be re-elected next Tuesday, which means that Harnett again will be ably represented in the Legislature.

FINANCIAL PANIC SEIZES ON GERMANY.

from the lower Rhine land and part of Westphalia, which was begun at a small scale when the first allied bombs hit Cologne have developed into a panic flight, according to the Hague correspondent of the Daily Mail. All the banks are being storming by depositors who are withdrawing their savings in German bank notes of as high a value as are obtainable at the 100 mark note having an appreciable market value over lower currency. But even small notes of one mark are being taken eagerly. Not only are some of the banks at their wits' end for legal currency to pay out deposits, but in places, especially Cologne and Düsseldorf, all except local and therefore valueless currency has disappeared as if by magic.

The Allies are Coming! Everybody who can possibly afford it, is trying to make his or her way eastward. Scores of houses stand empty. Even in Berlin, financial panic has seized the people, and the ordinary paper currency of the Empire has vanished. The municipality has been compelled to issue emergency currency to the value of about fifty million marks valid until February next within confines of greater Berlin. Traders may refuse to accept this currency, or, at least decline to change notes, except when compelled to take them in payment for goods already delivered.

Vain Appeals by Banks. The big German banks have published flaming appeals to "our fellow citizens" not to withdraw deposits and not to hoard currency notes. But the rush on the banks has grown worse than ever.

The working population of Cologne, seeing the war factories closed down, big houses evacuated and east-bound trains crowded with well-to-do fugitives are demanding immediate peace more insistently than ever. Demonstrations have been increasingly violent.

Socialist Manifesto. A manifesto which has been issued by a section of the social democrats that if the Emperor does not voluntarily abdicate he will be removed. It says:

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ACCOMPLISHMENTS OF AMERICAN ARMY

Description of Results of First Major Operation Covering One Month

SPLENDID ACHIEVEMENTS OF AMERICAN AVIATORS

Difficulties Faced and Overcome By American Engineers Recounted

With the American Army Northwest of Verdun, Oct. 26.—In its first major operation against the Germans, considering the clearing out of the St. Mihiel salient in a few days less than a month has liberated more than 15 villages and advanced to an average depth of ten miles, freeing 165 square miles of territory. In the offensive the Americans have captured more than 20,000 prisoners.

The Americans attacked on a front of twenty miles from the Aisne to the Meuse and the advance has been made in the face of almost insurmountable difficulty, due particularly to the nature of the ground, which is covered with hills, ravines and woods. In addition, the Americans had to bring their four organized systems of trenches—the Hindenburg line, the Hagen position, the Volker position and the Krombach position. They have forced their way through all these lines. Ahead of them lies the Preysa position, which has been reached at one point in the region of the Bantheville wood.

Easy Feet of Covered Contested. The advance has been particularly difficult because the Germans have stubbornly resisted every foot of the way and have used more than 33 divisions on the 20-mile front. The enemy continues to make a formidable effort to hold this front in order to protect his great lateral line of communication running through Hiron, Metz, Sedan, Montmédy and Longuyon. This line already is threatened and should the Germans be compelled to retreat...

Work of U. S. Aviators. American aviators and anti-aircraft guns in the period since September 27 have brought down 230 enemy balloons, despite adverse flying conditions and bad weather at times. Bombing airplanes dropped more than 40,000 kilograms of explosives on railroad centers, troop concentrations and other points behind the enemy lines.

40,000 Engineer Troops at Work. From the view of the engineer, the most difficult task faced has been the repairing of roads and the movement of supplies, men, ammunition and food to the front. More than 40,000 engineer troops are employed day and night in rebuilding shell shattered roads, using, where possible, crushed rock from villages destroyed by the German shells.

In the Argonne, hundreds of yards of German barbed wire entanglements fastened from tree to tree at various heights, had to be bridged as it was impossible to cut them. In addition, many roads in the Argonne were of black loam, which became a morass in rainy weather. The engineers were compelled to virtually build bridges over many miles of these roads.

The crossing of Forges brook was accomplished in the first day of the advance under a heavy fire. The brook runs through marshy lands and in order to bridge it the engineers had to lay bundles of faggots on both sides of the stream. The crossing was made in record time and then began the battle of the Argonne which lasted for more than two weeks.

166 Square Miles Taken. Reconnaissances made by army officers show that of the more than 166 square miles taken from the enemy since September 26, almost one-half were heavily wooded and machine gun infested. The Americans had to be driven from 480 ravines, all defended by machine guns and nearly as hard to take as the hills.

Department of State. October 30, 1918.

"The Secretary of State makes public the following:

"Legation of Sweden. Washington, D. C., Oct. 29, 1918

Department of Austro-Hungarian Interests.

"Excelsency: "By order of my government, I have the honor to beg you to transmit to the President, the following communication from the Imperial and Royal Government of Austro-Hungary:

"In reply to the note of the President, Mr. Wilson, to the Austro-Hungarian Government dated October 18 of this year, and about the decision of the President to take up with Austro-Hungary separately the question of armistice and peace, the Austro-Hungarian Government has the honor to declare that it adheres both to the previous declarations of the President and his opinion of the rights of the peoples of Austro-Hungary, notably those of the Czecho-Slovaks and the Jugo Slavs contained in his last note.

Austria-Hungary having therefore accepted all the conditions which the President had put upon entering into negotiations on the subject of armistice and peace, nothing in the opinion of the Austro-Hungarian Government longer stands in the way of beginning these negotiations. The Austro-Hungarian Government therefore, declares itself ready to enter, without waiting for the outcome of other negotiations for a peace between Austria-Hungary and the Entente States and for an immediate armistice on all fronts of Austria-Hungary, and begs the President, Mr. Wilson to take the necessary measures to that effect."

"Be pleased to accept, Excellency, the assurances of my high consideration.

(Signed) "W. A. F. EKENGREN
His Excellency, "Robert Lansing, "Secretary of State of the United States, Washington, D. C."

Mr. Dan T. Gray, Sec. & Treas. of the N. C. Swine Breeders' Association, has completed arrangements with the American Duroc Jersey Breeders' Association to have a sale of pure bred Duroc Jerseys at the Charlotte Livestock Convention on swine day, which is Dec. 10.

The wheat harvest is encouraging but the demands are many and wheat conservation must be maintained.

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