

INJURY TO THREE WHEN CAR FALLS INTO CEDAR CREEK

George Cannady, Misses Cannady and Barrington Have Narrow Escape

George L. Cannady, his daughter, Miss Agnes Cannady, and Miss Sibyl Barrington had a narrow escape from death Sunday night when an automobile in which they were riding ran off the bridge across Cedar Creek, below Fayetteville, and left all of them in a badly bruised condition. Mr. Cannady's injuries are about the head, which is badly battered through having been rocked from side to side of the car as it turned over three times in its progress from the bridge to the stream far below. His injuries were at first considered very serious, but he was able to return home Sunday morning. Injuries to the young women were not so serious as those of Mr. Cannady. Their shoulders and arms were bruised and Miss Cannady sustained a slight injury to her ankle.

It was a hired car that the party was riding in. It belonged to a colored man, who was driving when the accident occurred. It had been proceeding in service after the party had been taken to the hotel. The car was on the road between White Lake and Fayetteville. There was no guard rail on the bridge. The car's lights were bad and the colored man in an attempt to dodge a hole in the structure ran off the left side of the road. Mr. Cannady and the young women were brought to Fayetteville by Ellis Lewis, who also had been to White Lake with the party.

JUDGE CONNOR SIGNS CONDEMNATION ORDERS

Judge Henry G. Connor yesterday signed a number of orders disposing of the first condemnation proceedings instituted in May 1918, against 3,000 acres of the land now comprising Camp Bragg. It is not expected that the proceedings brought in June, 1918, against the second tract of 140,000 acres will be terminated for several months. No further steps can be taken until the commissions appointed by Judge Connor at the hearing July 12, make their report. Mr. T. D. Warren, special counsel for the government in the matter, stated yesterday that a report is not expected for several months.

Deputy Clerk S. A. Ashe, Jr., stated yesterday his office had been unable to secure service on approximately 250 of the more than 500 defendants in the case, on account of their absence from the county. Personal service will be secured where possible, but Judge Connor yesterday authorized service by publication in a number of cases.

Judge Connor yesterday held conference with a number of attorneys in regard to the docket for the civil term which begins September 6. An unusually large number of civil cases are on the docket.

THE MOB TO BLAME

That was a deplorable and distressing affair at Graham, but it is the result of mob action. It is not even if it be true, as is reported, that the man who met death was an innocent bystander; and even if it be further true, as alleged, that the military company fired recklessly and without reason. But for the threat and apparent certainty of mob action, the military company would not have been sent to Graham and the tragedy would not have occurred. The forecast was well calculated to excite men to frenzy. Three suspects were under arrest and to kill them, as the populace threatened, would have meant putting at least two, possibly three, innocent men to death. And if it had been established beyond question that any one or all the suspects were guilty, the threat of mob action was without excess. Everybody knows there is no possible escape for a negro convicted of violating a white woman. While the negroes escaped the mob's fury the mob menace was the indirect result of the death of an innocent man.

The report indicates that the soldiers on guard at the Graham jail shot no one and that they were not to be fired. It is true that they are not all on them. It is first on the folks whose demonstrations brought them away from their business to maintain the peace. They were under attack, expecting attack at any moment. If the mob attack they alleged was imagination they are not excusable, but some allowance must be made for the circumstances in which they were placed. Blame in the second place attaches to the county authorities for not promptly removing the prisoners to Raleigh instead of keeping them in sight of an inflamed populace, making it necessary for the military to remain on duty under a strain. This act seems inexcusable. The victim of the shooting contributed to his death by walking into the danger zone. When men with guns and under orders to shoot are on guard, spectators have no business within the danger zone. If they take the risk of gratifying their curiosity they are in a measure responsible if they pay the penalty.

It is well also for rioters to understand that when soldiers or officers of the law are put on guard to restrain the lawless they are there to do business if necessary. That was demonstrated in Charlotte with awful results. It has again been demonstrated at Graham and it will be demonstrated again whenever mobs run amuck if the law is to remain supreme—and it will—Statesville Landmark.

Mrs. Vernice Smith was here last week to visit her sister, Miss Martha Taylor. She returned to her home in Goldsboro Saturday afternoon. Mr. Smith was here with her Thursday.

TYPHOID IS PREVALENT IN MANY COMMUNITIES

State Board of Health Advises Use of Every Precaution

Raleigh, N. C., August 1.—There have been reported to the Bureau of Epidemiology of the State Board of Health since July 15th several sharp outbreaks of typhoid fever. From Granville and Columbus counties there are reported two instances of three cases of typhoid fever in the same family. From Catawba and Columbus counties there are reported two instances of five cases in a family, and, as if to cap the climax of this series, from Wilson county there has been reported an instance of six cases of typhoid fever in one family.

Typhoid fever is still contagious, still infectious and still one of our most deadly enemies among the communicable diseases. Though greatly reduced throughout the State as a whole, such instances as these just cited serve to show that it will spread from person to person, until whole families will contract the disease, unless rigid and adequate precautions are observed. And in spite of the best of treatment, typhoid fever is claiming a death from every eight to ten cases.

The recent state-wide efforts toward improvement of sanitation, particularly in respect to sanitary privies and vaccination against typhoid fever, have greatly reduced the amount of the disease. The deaths last year were about 50 per cent what they were in 1914, but still there is room for improvement. Alamance and Gaston counties have just completed distinctly successful vaccination campaigns. In other counties, such as Johnston, Duplin, Anson and Rutherford counties will begin campaigns in the next few days. Through these treatment for years to come. The State Board of Health recommends that every citizen take advantage of the opportunity presented to avoid typhoid fever. Such outbreaks as these in which whole families are sick at once can and must be prevented.

DESCENDANT OF WRITER OF NATIONAL ANTHEM DIES

Baltimore, Md., Aug. 2.—John Francis Key, 92 years old, a Confederate veteran and grand nephew of Francis Scott Key, writer of the "Star Spangled Banner," died at Confederate Soldier's Home, Pikeville this afternoon.

Key served throughout the Civil War in Company D, First Maryland Infantry, and in Stewart's artillery. He participated in the Battles of Manassas, Mason's Hill, Munson's Hill, and the Rappahannock River, Front Royal, and Mechanicsville, and took part in the defense of Richmond when that city was invaded by Federal troops.

COTTON ESTIMATE GIVES INCREASES

Government Gives Condition of Crop at 74.1 and North Carolina at 77

Washington, August 2.—Increases of more than a million bales in the prospective production of cotton over the indicated yield a month ago was forecasted today by the Department of Agriculture. A total of 12,519,000 bales was estimated from the condition of the crop July 20, while 11,450,000 bales was forecast from the condition of June 25.

A production of 11,460,000 bales was forecast from the condition July 23 which was 70.7. Production last year was 11,329 755 bales and the condition on July 25 a year ago was 67.1. The ten year average condition on July 25 is 75.6 per cent. Condition of the crop by States on July 25 was:

Virginia, 74; North Carolina, 77; South Carolina, 77; Georgia, 68; Florida, 64; Alabama, 67; Mississippi, 71; Louisiana, 71; Texas, 74; Arkansas, 78; Tennessee, 76; Missouri, 81; Oklahoma, 85; California, 80; Arizona, 85; all other States, 85.

Good growing weather during July had much improvement in the prospects of the crop, the condition having advanced from 70.7 per cent of a normal on June 25 to 74.1 per cent on July 25. The crop's condition was 7 points higher than it was a year ago and a little more than a point below the ten year July 25 average.

AUTOMOBILES RAISE THE HUMAN STANDARD

(Type Metal Magazine.) Changes come about in queer ways. The inventors of automobiles have done more than any other agency to stop cruelty to animals.

No doubt there are many persons who would go so far as to assert that the automobile has justified itself on the sole ground of practically eliminating the horse as a beast of burden. Not that the horse is already a past number, but it is becoming so. The relationship between a man and a horse is one of feeling; the relationship between a man and an automobile is one of thinking.

IRISH SITUATION CAUSES CONCERN

Practically No Civil Law in Ireland South of Boyne River At Present

Dublin, July 31.—Fears that Irish situation, which is daily growing more tense, may burst into a general conflagration at any moment are expressed in responsible quarters here. At the present there is practically no civil law south of the Boyne river, except that administered by republican courts.

It is estimated there are between 20,000 and 30,000 fully equipped British soldiers in Ireland and they are being reinforced daily by men arriving from across the channel. As a result, there are more frequent and more stubborn battles between the troops and the republican volunteers who for a time had things much their own way. There have been more arrests for carrying arms and seditious literature as reports to courts martial show. It is expected the number of these arrests will increase if the government succeeds in carrying its "drastic measures" in the house of commons next week.

Reprisals by policemen and soldiers on villages suspected of harboring men responsible for attacks against the armed forces of the crown are also expected here, the police being particularly over the attacks made on their fellow members. In the meantime, the Sinn Feiners in carrying out their campaign have nearly "burned" the whole of the country. Barracks they are now turning their attention to country houses where military forces might be housed, and a number of these have been burned during the last ten days.

Attacks on a coast guard station for the purpose of capturing explosives have been stopped, it having been established that this practice was impeding the lives of seamen, who could not be warned of marine dangers except by these guards. Homes of coast guards are not immune, however, and a number of these have lately received attention. In fact, it is commented, nothing is safe at present that might either be used against the republican movement or that might assist it.

Banks Call in Guarantees Irish banks which do business with the bank of England and necessarily make periodical shipments of bullion to the latter institution have called in their guarantees for the bullion at night. This has led to reports that bank reserves are being moved to England.

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WHAT IS SUCCESS?

To gain wealth is not the only success, nor is it the greatest, because the man who is working with the aim of acquiring wealth alone has a purely selfish aim and often becomes very narrow in his opinions on the more important issues of life.

If "this" were all of life, the man who possesses wealth may be considered enviable at least, as money will purchase many comforts of which poverty is wholly devoid.

But on the other hand the man who is living for others, living for the benefit and betterment of his fellow men, is far greater and often far happier. He is happy to see others made happy. Always ready to reach out a helping hand to a brother in need, always ready to bring comfort to the sorrowing and encouragement to those in despair.

He has few enemies and many friends, and though he may live and die unnoticed by the world at large, he has erected for himself a monument that no power on earth can destroy, namely the blessings of those who, by his counsel, have been led on to a happier and better life. Let us, therefore, bow our heads to the philanthropist rather than to the despot, the peace-maker rather than to the hero of many battles, the healer of wounds rather than to the maker of such, and therefore I say the man who has done the most for the uplifting of humanity, the man who has done the most towards spreading light and comfort and happiness among his fellowmen, is the greatest and most successful man.—Exchange.

Services will be held in Divine Street Methodist church as usual Sunday morning and evening. The pastor, Rev. James M. Daniels, will preach.

COX GETS LETTERS FROM REPUBLICANS

Many G. O. Followers Disatisfied with Candidate's Position

Dayton, O., Aug. 2.—Receipt of letters from Republicans as well as Democrats, regarding a strong position for the League of Nations was announced today by Governor Cox, the Democratic presidential nominee, going through his mail and comparing Saturday's program for his acceptance here and at the Columbus office. Governor Cox said, in making declarations of his Republican opposition.

"Many are disappointed," said Governor Cox, "and I am sure they see a fine opportunity for the League of Nations. Many others are not so sure, and I certainly understand the sentiment of the great majority of the people. I am followed with a large measure of confidence." Governor Cox announced a primary fight. He gave out a statement declaring he was in the Texas Democratic primary and also explained that the League of Nations was a uniform policy applied to all states. The Governor said he had received many telegrams and letters urging him to aid the League of Nations and that newspapers on both sides had been claiming his support.

The Governor spent several hours today in his campaign office here working on correspondence and after a personal visit to the Montgomery County Fair grounds, where he will speak next Saturday, approved a brief program.

The program for introduction by Chairman H. H. Johnson of the Reformed Church of this city and the address of Senator Joseph Robinson, of Arkansas, chairman of the San Francisco convention, and Governor Cox then delivered his acceptance address.

LOOKING FACTS ON THE FACE

It is about looking at the people of America to face the facts. We have permitted ourselves to be misled by newspaper and magazine headlines and irresponsible politicians who play a long and dangerous game.

There is no doubt evils grew up among big business because the men who operate such business are merely human, and the possession of power, together with the struggle to obtain it, breeds arrogance. These men make mistakes, but it is mighty poor policy to smash our big concerns and leave the way open for foreigners, whom we have shown the way to start where our own people have been compelled to leave off and give them the privilege of growing rich off our necessities. It does not seem to be a very wise national policy to pursue.

We can and should control business within certain broad limits, but nothing is so suicidal as smashing business and killing enterprise. The trouble is that the American people are forever anticipating trouble. A concern grows to large proportion and is about to branch out. We immediately become frightened at what may happen and start enacting laws to head off trouble that may never develop. We are always crossing bridges before we get to them; always expecting and anticipating the worst.

Other nations take the opposite view. They endeavor through favorable laws and governmental subsidies to build up great enterprises in the belief that the more business the nation can do the better will be the condition of all the people of that nation.

Perhaps they are wrong, but at any rate that is the way the world plays the game, and as long as we sit in a world game, from which there is no escape, we shall have to abide by the rules of the game.

Nearly 1,000 negroes were here Monday to witness the ball game between Fayetteville and Durham and to attend the dances that supplement the event. Fayetteville was victorious by the score of 9 to 0, winning the State colored championship. Good order marked the occasion throughout, only one fight coming under the observation of the police department. That, by the way, was between two white spectators who disagreed as to the relative merit of the two teams. Howard and Ed Wilkins managed the event which was staged in the Fair Grounds.

FOUR PERSONS KILLED IN AUTOMOBILE ACCIDENT

Two Others in Machine Carried to Spartanburg Hospital With Crushed Skulls

Spartanburg, S. C., Aug. 2.—Four persons are dead, two are dying and two were injured as a result of being crushed beneath their automobile which crashed through the rails of a bridge over the C. C. and O. railway at Mayo, S. C., yesterday afternoon and fell 30 feet to the railway tracks below.

The dead are John Wilton Norris, Custer Hunter, Samuel H. Clark and Miss Ha Gilmer. Miss Mary Ellen Rodgers and Miss Lillie Reel are dying in a local hospital with crushed skulls. S. F. Sutton, who was driving the automobile, has lacerations of the scalp and concussion of the brain. Miss Lottie Gilmer has a broken arm.

Mr. Sutton with seven companions was returning from a trip to the northern section of the state, when the machine hurtled through the railing at the end of the bridge throwing the entire party to the tracks below. All members of the party were from Glendale, this county.

TEXTILE DEPARTMENT AT THE STATE COLLEGE

The Textile Department of North Carolina State College which is the Textile School of North Carolina is a busy place this summer. The United States government through the office of markets are using the equipment of the textile department on which to make a number of important work on all grades of cotton which will be of the utmost importance to Cotton Manufacturers and Cotton growers.

The work is directly in charge of Mr. W. G. Blair of the Bureau of Markets and he is assisted by Mr. W. C. Polk of the same Bureau, also by Mr. Nelson and Mr. Price of the Textile Department faculty and two students of the textile department.

Last year was one of the most successful years in the history of the Textile Department, a larger number of students taking the textile course than in any previous year and more than in any other textile school in the South.

SHARP RALLY WHEN REPORT RECEIVED

Government Cotton Estimate Followed by Bullish Figures From New Orleans

New York, Aug. 2.—The Government crop report placing the condition at 74.1, and the indicated yield at 12,519,000 bales, was followed by a sharp rally covering which was stimulated by bullish season-end figures from New Orleans. December contracts advanced from 29.75 to 30.83, or 108 points from the low level of the morning and 85 points above the closing price of Saturday closing at 30.68, with the general list closing very steady at a net advance of 35 to 102 points.

The market was unsettled during the earlier trading, owing to reports of continued depression in the dry goods markets at home and abroad, continued favorable weather in the South, and increased nervousness over European political conditions. The weakness of the stock market following the railroad rate advance was also a disappointment which was reflected by Wall Street selling of cotton, and after opening easy at a decline of 4 to 16 points, active months old about 15 to 20 points net lower before the end of the morning. The government report was not far below expectations based on recent private figures, but it had evidently been fully discounted and proved the signal for covering by recent sellers.

The market was active late in the afternoon, when private advices from New Orleans indicated a decrease of nearly a billion bales in the world's carry-over of American cotton for the season and carried the price of October up from 30.94 to 31.90, while January advanced from 29.00 to 30.12, or 33 to 103 points net higher. The close was several points off from the best of the day, and the bulk of the buying on the advance was attributed to covering.

JAMISON-PITTMAN

Miss Sadie Ford Pittman, daughter of Mrs. Mary Ford Pittman, and Earl Myler Jamison were married here in the home of the bride's mother Saturday evening. Rev. James M. Daniels, pastor of Divine Street Methodist church, performed the ceremony which was witnessed by relatives and a few intimate friends.

Immediately after the ceremony the young couple left for Miami, Florida, where they will remain until January. This wedding links together two of the oldest families of Carolina and Alabama. Mr. Jamison, although a native of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, is a member of the old Montgomery family of his name. Miss Pittman is a granddaughter, five times removed of John Marshall of Virginia, chief justice of the United States, and a great granddaughter of John Roach Johnson, of Warrenton.

NOW WATCH SAMPSON CONTINUE TO GROW

With Annual Agricultural Production Amounting to Sixteen Million Dollars, County Proposes To Tap Resources On Western Side Through Building of Railroads To Outside World; Outlook Fine, Editor Peterson Says.

Clinton, July 31.—Sampson county crops, though late making a start, are very fine. The heavy rains, however, have had a deteriorating effect in some areas. Yet the cool weather following the rains and preventing sealding, has in a great measure counteracted what would otherwise have been a more serious damage. There is a large corn crop and it is unusually fine, and much of it sufficiently far advanced toward maturity to insure food fruitage from the moisture already in the ground.

Cotton has been injured seriously in low places where water collected during the rainy spell, but the damage affects a very small percentage of the acreage, however in two or three sections hail storms destroyed the crop almost entirely, necessitating in some cases, plowing up and re-planting in corn.

The tobacco crop is probably of larger acreage than that of last year and is from poor to exceedingly fine, varying with planting conditions and later rainfall, some sections during June having enough rain and others suffering from drought. Curing began two weeks ago.

It is safe to estimate that there is not one-third the usual wheat crop made in the county this year. The chief reasons caused the shortage, namely, the difficulty in harvesting the crops last fall in time to plant and the comparatively poor returns from the crop as compared with others.

Numerous peach orchards, set a few years ago and never before making a crop, are loaded this season. The Ingrid and Garland sections have shipped several carloads and will afford a number of carloads when the 20th comes ripe.

This week is "pasture week" in the county and County Agent Edwin Smith, with experts from the agricultural department, has held several meetings at different points in the county, with a view to enlisting the interest of farmers in providing permanent pastures. A feature of these meetings is that the speakers have already set permanent pastures and there is quite a number of them in the county.

County Doesn't Get Credit The people of the county themselves are only now realizing the unending possibilities of Sampson county soils; yet others are not far behind them in this realization. However the county fails to make the best of its soil, it is drained on three fourths of its border by adjacent towns so that the official "grain" reports and bank statement fail to show the true extent of two of the county's chief advertising points. It happens that the towns of Dunn, Benson and Godwin, on the north and in other counties, are so situated as to attract a large part of the cotton crop to their gins and thus cause Sampson county to fail to get credit for thousands of bales of cotton produced in its bounds. A similar condition exists along the Wilmington railroad for forty miles, the towns of Mount Olive, Calypso, Paison, Warsaw, Wallace, Rosehill securing other "bales" of Sampson's bales for their gins. The consequence is that the county is given credit for the production of only thirty thousand bales of cotton when it is almost assuredly forty thousand.

A similar condition exists with regard to bank deposits, possibly, or very probably, a million dollars of Sampson county funds being banked in the towns just beyond its borders. Using the average family of five members, it is about \$2,400 per family. And still, the resources of the county are only touched. Hundreds of thousands of acres of good land as the sun shines upon are uncultured, while other hundreds of thousands of acres have not yet attained their full productivity, the gospel of the new agricultural not yet having sufficiently permeated into every quarter as to cause full fructification on all farms. But the gospel is spreading rapidly and new heralds from other countries, attracted hither by the unusual opportunities, are helping to instill it into the minds of the more backward.

Recently high officials of the Durham and Southern and of the Beaufort Air Line railroad had occasion to traverse the northern and western sections of the county and it is stated that one of the representatives of the latter road declared he had never seen such a degree of prosperity among farmers as attained in that section of the county.

And that brings the writer to the subject of the Roanoke and Salemburg railroad, which is projected for the western part of the county, and will extend from Salemburg, the well known school center and model community, through the village of Roanoke to Dunn or Benson, according to the degree of interest manifested by each of these towns.

This road is practically assured, the amount of stock required to build the section between Roanoke and Salemburg having been secured and it being thought easy to secure from the larger terminal, whether Dunn or Benson, the amount necessary to make the extension. The road follows along the route of the Tighman logging road leading to Raleigh, which gives a means of securing material for construction without beginning at Dunn or Benson and thus enables one to forecast a sharp competition between those towns when the Roanoke-Salemburg section has actually been constructed.

BRIDE KILLS HERSELF WHILE SHE LIES IN BED

Chattanooga, Tenn., Aug. 2.—Mrs. B. H. Wooten, aged 39, a bride of two weeks and former school teacher, committed suicide as she lay in bed beside her husband late last night, having fired a bullet into her temple.

Wooten was taken to police headquarters and questioned and later was released. The couple came here Sunday from Dallas, Tex., where they were married. No cause is assigned for the suicide.