SURRENDER

any attacks north of the Jerman's Belgium to the German's attached forces and the first of the f

bulge in Belgium com-by new Allied gains. under General MacArthur-jazon, in Philippines. Polish capital, falls to Rusforces reach Oder river. forces reach Oder river.
Irst army strikes near St.
full British advance north
n. Germany.
reach a point 93 miles
im. American Third army
rmany for first time hear
n. French forces also
russ border.

S cavalry enters Manila, alls to U. S. forces, rest army gams control of er river dam, uperfartresses raid Japan im hase, hitting Tokyo dis-faylight. Big Three meeting at sia, announced Hungarian capital, falls

s land on Bataan, outnunderbolt planes bond n. Germany, Hitle's reat.

e tal Chaling, importate hold in Huban province.
c. Genany's fourth larges fils to S. First army. hit by 100 tons of incendar in heavist raid.
an troo; invade Mindra in Philipines.
a reca ht by V-2 bo be ed from Beigtum and Holl od Z. Germany, captured by U. d army.

plure

t army meets Russian

t army meets Russian

nian army on bridge over

near rotau.

near put across border

tasks caure Gegenbach.

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Kurs of the gives self up

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In foser Italian precuted l Italian partingo Ity.

I amny iters Munich,

venth affayeters Munich,
a of Naz pty.
and Millen najor Italian
il to U.S. Fh army.
flag fles ver German
g building, s resistance r Stalin of Rusa in May day Atlon halfs arroaching Al-colors saying we collapse of Germany a matter of nediate futur

nediate future of the confidence of the confiden

man forces in the Netherlan and and the Ferral Manual Montgon army group Command and Karlsbad high common and high common and

fleet, under Amiral Japan from carrats. made on Osakr, the th superfortress ry ce on Okinawa ends fler struggle, during blich were killed, 4,000 ap-perican losses were 1200 wounded, and of Luzon, larges of as liberated.

AND CAMPAIGN LEER, GENERAL NOUNCES, first battleships 17 bases, only 275 144 yo. This is Gret d ston, home island of

nference on Germany's BOMB USED FOR FIRE WAR, LEVELS four square

RUSSIA DECLARES WAR ON JAPAN and begins offensive operations
in Manchurla.

SECOND ATOMIC BOMB DROPPED
ON NAGASAKI, JAPAN, razing onethird of city. Total killed 10,000.
This bomb was more poworful than
one that blasted Hiroshma.

JAPAN OFFERS TO FURHENDER,
provided Emperor Hirohito is left in
power.
Russians advance 105 miles into Manchurla.

19 1946

power.
Russians advance 105 miles into Manchuria.

11—President Truman replies to Japanese peace offer that Hirohito will be retained temporarily.

12—Russian armies continue advance, reaching 155 miles into Manchuria.

14—JAPAN SURRENDERS UNCONDITIONALLY. Emperor Hirohito agrees to accept terms of Potsdam declaration. President Truman announces capitulation of Japan at 7 p. m.

General MacArthur is appointed suppreme commander for the Allied powers, to make all arrangements on surrender details, and to set up military government.

18—New Japanese cabinet formed, headed by Prince Naruhiko Higashi-Kuni.

27—Japanese commanders of Truk, Rota, Yap and Jaluit negotiate to lay down arms.

In Philippines, General Yamashita prepares to quit.

28—First of U. S. occupation troops land in Japan.

Lt. Gen, Jonathan Walnwright and 35 other high-ranking officers of American, British and Dutch armies who had been prisoners of Japs at Mukden, China, are flown to Chungking.

31—General MacArthur establishes headquarters at New Grand hotel in Yokohama.

September

September

September

1—Main force of U. S. Eighth army lands at Yokohama and spreads out in surrounding area.

British forces land at Hong Kong.

2—JAPANESE SURRENDER TEHMS OFFICIALLY SIGNED on U. S. Battleship Missouri in Tokyo bay.

6—Army and navy casually figures released. Total army dead since Dec. 7, 1941, all theaters is 203,379; navy, 53,617. Wounded, army, 571,589; navy, 79,672.

10—Japanese imperial staff ordered dissolved by General MacArthur.

11—Former Jap premier Rideki Tojo attempts suicide by shooting, but fails and is saved by American medical aid.

"Big Five" conference opens in London, as foreign ministers of the United States, Britain, Russia, France and China meet for preliminary arrangements of peace problems. October 1

2-Gen. George Patton removed as military governor of Bavaria. 5-Japanese cabinet resigns. 9-Pierre Laval condemned to death

army,
so of Japanese on Iwo rids
fere battle,
sird army enters Lud gsierman troops in rout.
led armies advance cas of
e river,

9—Pierre Lavai condemned to dead
as a trailor.
22—French Communists win largest
number of seats in Assembly.
44—Vidkun Quisling, Norwegian collaborationist, executed as fraitor.
26—Chinese Central government and
Communist forces clash.

h army invades Okinava.

Inplial of Austria, capturarianian armies of Rusana
th city of Germany, falls rest army, mith army takes Nirgor "shrike" city, cled by first two Riston Riston Riston Riston Riston Riston Riston Riston Russian Russ

Nuernberg.
30—Russian troops evacuate Teheran, capital of Iran, but refuse to allow Iranian forces to enter territory now occupied by Russians.

December

3—General MacArthur orders arrest of 59 prominent Japanese as war criminals, including Prince Nashimoto and two former premiers.

5—U. S. lends 550 million dollars to France through Export-Import Bank credit for rehabilitation purposes.

7—Jap general Tomoyuki Yamashita, "Tiger of Manila," condemned to die by hanging for war crimes.

11—Russia agrees to allow Chinese Nationalist troops to fly into Manchuria and take over several strategic

and take over several strategies cities.

13—British and French sign pact on Syria and the Levant.

16—Prince Furnimare Konoye, of Japan's royal family, committed suicide rather than stand trial as war criminal.

17—Foreign ministers of Russia, Great Britain and the United States begin atomic parkey at Moscow. atomic parley at Moscow.

## DOMESTIC

January

3-Congress reconvenes. Sam Rayburn is re-elected speaker of the house.

6-President Roosevelt delivers message to congress, urging a National Service act; use of 4F in war service; a draft of nurses; universal military training after the war; a new tax program for peace.

9-President's budget message sets expenditures for 1946 fiscal year at 83 billion dollars.

20-President Roosevelt inaugurated for fourth term.

February

19—All places of entertainment are or-dered closed at midnight by War Mobilization Director Byrnes, to save light and fuel.

1—Heary A. Wallace is confirmed as secretary of commerce by senate, 56 to 32. 56 to 32.

William Davis is appointed director

of economic stabilization by the President, to succeed Fred Vinson.

18—Nire army officers are raised to full generals by the President. They are:

McNarney, Bradley, Krueger, Somervell, Spaatz, Kenney, Clark, Devers and Handy.

April 12-PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT DIES at Warm Springs, Ga., of cerebral hem-

orrhage. Vice President Harry S. Truman takes oath of office as President, He asks cabinet members to continue to serve:

8 President Truman addresses a joint session of congress, saying that "we must carry on as Roosevelt would want us to do."

2 Senate extends draft for one year, with amendments.

United Nations conference opens at San Francisco with 46 nations represented.

War Production Board revokes 40 controls over industry, affecting a variety of consumer goods.

The President asis for reductions in 156 federal buone, towing 80 millist of the property of the president agencies of affected.

Pesident Truman names Robert H. Jekson, associate justice of the U. S. Sureme court, to be chief counsel if the United States on the allied telmes tribunal. Robert E. Hanni, chalirman of the Democratic in the committee, is appointed that general, succeeding taker.

8—President officially announces surren-der of Germany. Nation celebrates

ther of Germany. Nation celebrates cuted by the Controls on manufacture of farm machinery lifted on most items by War Production Board. Only 19 of the previous 98 articles now limited.

21—Most of staiking coal miners return to work. Only seven of the 333 mines selzed by the government held out.

23—Several changes in cabinet made by President Truman. Thomas Clark replaces Francis Biddle as attorney general; Lewis Schwellenbach becomes secretary of labor, replacing Frances Perkins; Clinton Anderson replaces Claude Wickard as secretary of agriculture.

FDR-APRIL 12

9—Gen. George Patton, Lt. Gen. James Doolittle return to U. S. and receive ovations. Gen. Omar Bradley, who came back June 7, is honored at birthplace in Randolph Co., Mo. 30—James F. Byrnes appointed secretary of state by President.

7—Addition of 158,000 barrels a day of high test gasoline to national quota practically doubles supply to civil-ians, petroleum administration an-

tion to accept famous document in full.

14—Official presidential proclamation announces end of war with Japan. War manpower controls are lifted entirely. WMC announces.

15—Gasoline, fuel oil, canned fruits and vegetables removed from ration list.

16—Army and navy procurement departments cancel orders for munitions, ships and supplies for 16 billion dollars. Riotous peace celebration in San Francisco ands with ten dead, many injured and property damage and losses from loting very heavy. Navy personnel barred from city.

19—Churches of nation offer prayers of thanks for victory.

21—Lend-lease ends, except for commitments already made but not delivered.

22-Army announces demobilization plan

September

2—President in radio address on official V-J day praises armed forces. 5—Congress reconvenes. Reconversion, demobilization, taxes and budget are among great problems faced. 6—President's message to congress contains 21 paints, designed to speed return to peacetime living.

12—House votes to restore country to standard time, effective Sept. 30.

15—Senate passes compromise unemployment benefit bill, providing for payments up to 26 weeks at from \$18 to \$23 weekly, as determined by state laws.

16—President Truman states that he will take full responsibility for development of the atomic bomb and atomic energy. The secret of the bomb will not soon be divulged, he assures.

Strikes spread, involving oil industry, auto manufacturing, coal mining, and numerous service in dustries.

35—Round-the-world air service initiat-

mining, and numerous service in-dustries.—Round-the-world air service initiat-ed. First flight begins from Washing, ton as 40-passenger Skymaster takes off on first leg of 23,147-mile journey, will stop at Bermuda.

October

October

3—President Truman asks for creation of commission to control atomic bomb.

43—Radio system to replace wires an nounced by Western Union Telegraph Co.

47—President Truman outlines 12-point program on foreign policy.

48

49—President Truman recommends "substantially higher wages," but warms factory workers and others that they cannot expect the same "take-home pay" as during wartime.

49—Rationing of shoes ended.

Scrate passes bill reducing income tax levies, and repealing excess profits tax and automobile use tax.
 Labor-management conference opens in Washington.
 British Premier Attlee arrives in

ance act.
21—United Auto Workers union goes on strike at all General Motors plants.
23—All rationing of meat and butter terminated.

83—Admiral Halsey raised to five-star rank of admiral of the fleet.

December

2-President Truman's aid asked in 2—President Truman's aid asked in housing shortage crisis. 3—Grand championship in fat cattle competition won for fourth consecu-tive time at Chicago by Karl Hoff-man and Robert Storz of Ida Grove

man and Robert Storz of Ida Grove
Ilowa.
5—Government agencies announce that
400,000 tires will be released to civ.
ilians from military stock piles within a month, with more to follow.
7—Governor Green of Illinois deliver;
speech at opening session of Re
publican National committee that is
considered first blast in 1946 con
gressional eampaign.
12—Sugar rationing will have to extend
to 1947, declares Earl Wilson, chies
of sugar branch, U. S. D. A.
President Truman asks for price
ceilings on eld and new housing,
and reinstatement of priority system on building materials.
16—President Truman laid down U. S
policy in China as Gen. George C
Marshall departs for Far East.

SPORTS

January

1—Southern California U. wins annua Rose Bowl game, defeating Tennes see, 25-0. Other acores, Duke 29 Alabama 28; Miami 28, Georgia Tech 12; Shrine game at San Francisco West 13, East 7; Southwestern U 35, National U. of Mexico 0.

3—Saramy Shead wins Los Angeles Open golf tournament with score of 28.

35—New York Yankees sold to syndicate headed by Larry McPhail.

February

13—Byron Nelson wins New Orleans
Open golf tournament after playof
of the with Jug McSpaden.
24—New York Athletic club retains
team title in National and traci

July

2—President Truman presents United Nations charter to senate, urging "prompt ratification."

4—Agriculture department estimates number of persons living on farms, as of Jan. 1, to be 25,190,000, lowest in 35 years, and 17 per cent decline from 1940.

7—Millions of counterfeit red ration coupons are floating, the OPA reveals, particularly in large cities. Six men arrested in this connection in Newark, N. J.

12—Penicillin made available to public, beginning Aug. 1.

20—House passes senate bill on Bretton Woods international money accord.

nounces.

8-President Truman signs United Nations charter, making U. S. first nation to accept famous document in full.

November 1-Senate passes bill reducing incom-

Washington.

15—Pearl Harbor inquiry opens

19—President Truman asks congress for
national compulsory health insur-

27—Strikes begin at several Montgomery, Ward and Co. plants and stores.

January

March

10—James Rafferty wins Columbia mile
in K. of C. meet in New York,
beats Gunder Haegg.
16—Meio Bettina and Jim.ny Bivins,
heavyweights, get a draw in 10round fight in New York.
30—Joe Baksi gets decision over Lon
Nova in 10-round heavyweight fight
in New York.
31—Ohio State team wins title in NCAA
swimming championship at Ann Arbor, Mich.

April

2-Most valuable player award given to Frank Sinkwich of Detroit Lions professional football club of National league.

15-National AAU women's swimming meet at Chicago gives title to San Francisco team, star of which is Ann Curtis.

22-Toronto Maple Leafs win National Hockey League Stanley Cup, beating the Red Wings in playoff. 2-1.

24-Major leagues select Sen. Albert (Happy) Chandler of Kentucky as baseball commissioner to succeed Judge Kenesaw M. Landis.

June 9-Kentucky Derby is won by Hoop Jr.
with Eddie Arcaro riding.
24-Sammy Byrd takes "Big Fore" golf
tournament at Detroit, defeating
Byron Nelson by nine strokes.

1-National professional tennis title won by Welby Van Horn.
6-Tornmy Holmes, Boston Braves right fielder, breaks modern mark for hits in consecutive games by hitting in 34th straight game.
8-Charles Beaudry of Marquette U., Milwaukee, wins NAAU decathion in Bloomfield, N. J.
30-Byron Nelson takes All-American golf tournament at Chicago.

8—Hambletonion Stake, nation's lead-ing trotting horse race, won by Titan Hanover, driven by Harry Pownall, at Goshen, N. Y. 12—Michigan State college wins men's National AAU swimming champion-shing

ships. 22—Pitcher Robert Feller, released from navy, rejains Cleveland Indians and wins first game.

30—Green Bay Packers, professional football team, defeat collegiate All-Stars in annual game at Chi-cago, 19 to 7.

September

2-Mrs. Sarah Cooke, of Boston, defeats Miss Pauline Betz, Los Angeles, for women's national tennis title, at Forest Hills. N. Y

3-Sgt. Frank Parker wins men's aunateur national tennis title at Forest Park, N. Y.

31-Chicago Cubs clinch national league pennant by defeating St. Louis.

October

October

10—Detroit Tigers win world series from the Chicago Cubs. Total paid attendance for seven games, 333,457, a new record. Receipts, gross, \$1.\*

592,454, also a record.

14—The Louisville Colonels of American Association win "little world series" from Newark Bears of International league, four games to two, at Louisville, Ky.

18—Joe Louis and Billy Conn sign for heavyweight champion fight for next June.

November 14—Phil Cavarretta, Chicago Cubs first baseman, voted most valuable player in National league.
 21—Hal Newhouser, Detroit Tigers' pitcher, is voted most valuable player in American league.

December

1—Army beats Navy 32-13.
 10—Washington Redskins win eastern professional football title by defeating New York Giants, 17-0.
 13—Big league baseball meeting in Chicago ends. Pacific coast league refused major league status.

DISASTERS

31-Day nursery in Auburn, Me., burns down. Sixteen children, one lose lives. February 12-Forty-three persons are and hun-dreds are injured by a tornado sweeping through Meridian, Miss., eastward to Montgomery, Ala.

8—Ohlo river, in highest flood stage since 1937, spreads destruction in five states, paralyzing transporta-tion and halling war factories. Damage estimated at half billion dollars. Ten deaths and many in-juries result.

April 13—A tornado smashing through parts of Oklahoma, Arkansas, Missouri and Illinois, kills 100 persons, in-fures hundreds more. Hardest hit is Antiers, Okla., where 58 die.

June

15—Collision of passenger and freight train near Milton, Pa., kills 19, in-jures 20. A broken journal is cause. 28—A B-25 bomber crashes into Empire State building in New York City. The three occupants of the plane and ten persons in building killed, 25 injured. Fire sweeps entire floor. Damage amounts to \$500,000.

August 9-Thirty-four killed, 40 injured, when second section of crack train hits rear of first section near Michigan, N. D. 28-Hurricane roars on coast of Texas at 110 miles per hour for three days, causing floods and wind damage to many cities of coastal region.

September Hurricane strikes Miami and travels inland with peak velocity of 142 miles per hour, injuring 50 and causing damage of 60 million dollars.

November

28—Fourteen school children and a bus driver drown when a school bus plunges off an embankment into 50 feet of water in Lake Chelan, near Chelan, Wash. December Snowstorm, accompanied by violent wind, leaves 33 dead in path across the northeastern states.
 Passenger rain rams troop train in Chicago. More than a hundred sallors injured.

PANORAMA January

16—Seven billion dollars" worth of liquor was swallowed in the United States during 1944, not counting booties, the department of commerce reports, an 18 per cent increase over 1943.

18—"Somewhere down the line someone made a mistake," regrets Secretary of War Stimson, referring to the bumping of three servicemen from an army cargo plane to make room for a dog. The mastiff was consigned by Col. Elliott Roosevelt to his wife, Faye, in Hollywood, Calif. It had been purchased in England.

V-E DAY

February

7-Most popular songs, according to survey by Variety, theatrical magazine, are "Don't Fence Me In."
"Accentuate the Positive," "Rum and Cocoa-Cola," "I Dream of You," and "There Goes That Song Again."
34-Greer Garson, screen actress, receives gold medal as "most popular star in the United States," as choosen by Gallup poil.

March

7—Booth Tarkington, novelist, awarded the Howells medal by the American Academy of Arts and Letters. This bonor granted only every fifth year.

15—Bing Crosby and Ingrid Bergman receive Academy of Motion Picture Arts and Science awards. ("Oscars") for outstanding performances. 21—Gleria Vanderbilt, an helress of the famous Vanderbilt fortune, is married to Leopold Stokowski, noted orchestra conductor, in Mexico.

May

16—Most popular songs, according to Variety. are "Bell-Bottom Trousers." "Dream." "There! I've Said It Again." "Candy." "My Dreams Are Getting Better All the Time." Leland S. (Larry) MacPhall, part owner of the N. Y. Yankees, marries Jean B. Wansemaker, in Baittmore. She had been his secretary.

21—Lauren Baeall and Rumpkrey Bogart, film stars, are married in Mansfield, O.

June

Deanna Durbin, singing film star, and Feltx Jackson, movie producer, are married in Las Vegas, Nev.
 Merle Oberon, movie star, is married to Lucien Ballard, film cameraman, by proxy in Juarez, Mexico.

9—Total eclipse of the sun, beginning at 7:58 a.m., eastern war time, is visible in path extending from Idaho through Montana and into Canada 29—Virginia (Ginny) Simms, radio and screen singer, is married to Hyatt R. Dehn, housing executive, in Beverly Hills, Calif. August

15—Most popular songs, according to Billboard theatrical magazine, are "On the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe." "Sentimental Journey." "Bell-Bottom Trousers." "If I Loved You," "Gotta Be This or That."

2 Screen and radio actress Betty
Hutton weds Theodore Briskin,
Chicago business man, in Chicago.
19—Shirley Temple, former child film
star, weds Sgt. John Agar, seion
of a Lake Forest, Ill., meat-packing
fortune, in Los Angeles. October

OCIODER

4—Round the world flight of the Globesters ends in Washington. Flight covered 23,279 miles in 149 hours, 44 minutes, including 33 hours 21 minutes ground time.

17—Most popular songs, according to Billboard magazine are: "Till the End of Time"; "I'll Buy That Dream"; "On the Atchison, Topeka and Sauta Fe"; "Along the Navajo Trall"; "H I Loved You."

13—A thousand U. S. navy men reply to attacks by Hawalian bullies by smashing property in Horolulu. Fifty satiors are arrested.

November

A propeller-driven plane attains speed of 500 miles per hour in level flight, highest rate ever reached, excepting by jet planes. Flight made at Wright field, near Dayton, Ohlo, in army experimental model called XP-47J. December

December

2—Sale of great hoard of precious stones held by allen property custodian begins. More than 300,000 jewels seized from German interests are being released.

3—New treatment for allergy aliments announced by University of Illinois college of medicine. Drug is called benadryl.

9—Delicate operation performed in Baltimore on two-year-old Judy Hackman of Seattle in effort to save life. Bally's heart is too small.

10—Carole Landis, movie star, married for fourth time. New husband is W. Horace Schniddapp, movie producer. Gen. George S. Patton Jr., warhero, suffers broken neck in auto accident in Germany.

13—Mysterjous Illness strikes 74 U. S. seamen returning from Philippines. They are in Navy hospital at Vallejo, Calif.

DEATHS January

16—U. S. Senator Francis T. Maloney, (Dem.) Conn., serving second con-secutive term. Dies in Meriden, Conn. February 2—William E. "Pussyfoot" Johnson, 82, leader in prohibition crusade, dies in Binghamton, N. Y.

March 4—Charles W. Bryan, brother of Wil-liam Jennings Bryan, and three-times governor of Nebraska, in Lincoln, Neb.

April 5 Alfred V. De Forest, 55, noted engineer, professor, and radio inventor, in Mariboro, N. H.

12—P R E S I D E N T FRANKLIN D. ROOSEYELT DIES AT WARM SPRINGS, GA. OF CEREBRAL HEMORRHAGE.

18—Ernie Pyle, famous war correspondent, killed by machine-gun bullet on Ie island, near Okinawa.

May 14—Heber J. Grant, 88. president of Latter Day Saints (Mormon church), in Sait Lake City.

6-Sen. Hiram W. Jehnson, 79, in Washington, D. C. He entered the senate in 1917. September 16—John McCormack, famed lyric tenor, 61, in Dublin, Eire.

November

10—John Thomas, U. S. senator from Idaho, in Washington, D. C., at 71.

21—Gen. Alexander Patch Jr., former commander of the Seventh army, and later of the Fourth, at San Antonio, Tex. He was 55.

28—Dwight Davis, 65, secretary of war in cabinet of Calvin Coolidge, in Washington, D. C.

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MAC RETURNS







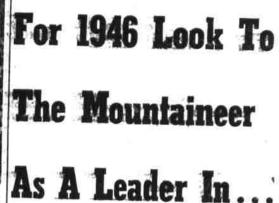






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