

Charter No. 6554 Reserve District No. 5
Report of Condition of

The First National Bank

Of Waynesville in the State of North Carolina, at the Close of Business On December 31st, 1945. Published in Response to Call Made By Comptroller of the Currency, Under Section 5211, U. S. Revised Statutes.

ASSETS	
Loans and discounts (including \$1,244.49 overdrafts)	\$1,245,633.59
U. S. Government obligations, direct and guaranteed	3,248,565.30
Obligations of States and political subdivisions	2,680,000.00
Corporate stocks (including \$3,000.00 stock of Federal Reserve bank)	3,000.00
Cash, balances with other banks, including reserve balance, and cash items in process of collection	1,453,425.43
Bank premises owned \$7,000.00, furniture and fixtures \$3,000.00	10,000.00
Real estate owned other than bank premises	1.00
Other assets	2,029.41
TOTAL ASSETS	\$6,259,454.73

LIABILITIES	
Demand deposits of individuals, partnerships, and corporations	3,074,713.69
Time deposits of individuals, partnerships, and corporations	1,030,801.73
Deposits of U. S. Government (including postal savings)	1,529,338.94
Deposits of States and political subdivisions	335,827.98
Other deposits (certified and cashier's checks, etc.)	32,160.89
Total Deposits	\$6,002,842.23
Other liabilities	6,000.00
TOTAL LIABILITIES	6,008,842.23

CAPITAL ACCOUNTS	
Capital Stock	50,000.00
Surplus	60,000.00
Undivided profits	100,611.50
Reserves (and retirement account for preferred stock)	40,000.00
Total Capital Accounts	250,611.50
Total Liabilities and Capital Accounts	6,259,454.73

MEMORANDA	
Pledged assets (and securities loaned) (book value):	
U. S. Government obligations, direct and guaranteed, pledged to secure deposits and other liabilities	1,757,000.00
Other assets pledged to secure deposits and other liabilities (including notes and bills rediscounted and securities sold under repurchase agreement)	117,403.23
TOTAL	1,874,403.23

Secured liabilities:	
Deposits secured by pledged assets pursuant to requirements of law	1,865,166.92
TOTAL	1,865,166.92

State of North Carolina, County of Haywood, ss:
I, JAMES T. NOLAND, cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

JAMES T. NOLAND, President-Cashier,
Correct—Attest:
J. H. WAY, JR.
J. H. WOODY,
L. N. DAVIS,
Directors.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 10th day of January, 1946.
ELSIE McCRACKEN, Notary Public.

HOMMA TENSE AS HIS TRIAL OPENS



LEANING FORWARD to hear witnesses begin the long story of his war crimes, Gen. Masaharu Homma (second from left) indicates intense interest in the proceedings as his trial opens in Manila. At left is Maj. John Shoen, Jr., Baltimore, Md., who was appointed chief defense counsel, and, right, Ichiro Kishimoto, interpreter. (International Soundphoto)

Fort Bragg To Have A New Commander

FORT BRAGG—Maj.-Gen. J. W. Anderson took command of this military post recently, succeeding Maj.-Gen. A. C. McAuliffe. General Anderson was deputy commander of the Alaskan Department until recently. He was in command of the Third Division when it participated in the invasion of North Africa.

The new post commander is a native of Chattanooga, and a graduate of the U. S. Naval Academy. He transferred to the army a year after finishing Annapolis. General McAuliffe, hero of Bastogne, where he commanded the 101st Airborne Division, is awaiting orders. He had been in command here only since January 3.

VETERANS FILL COLLEGES; OVERFLOW NOW FEARED

WASHINGTON—The American Council on Education reports that 125,000 veterans were enrolled in college on Dec. 1, and said 600,000 will be on campuses by next September.

The Veterans Administration warned that many schools may be swamped under the load, which is due for a heavy increase when liberations of the G. I. bill become law.

By September the American Council said, over-all college enrollment will be up 25 per cent over the 1,400,000 students of the peak year 1939-40.

Dr. Francis J. Brown, the council's specialist on veterans' affairs, reported that most of the nation's biggest colleges, including Yale, Harvard and Dartmouth, were already past their capacity to handle returning G.I.s.

Dr. Brown revised a previous estimate of 2,000,000 G.I. students in all levels of education and said he now believes at least double that number eventually will take advantage of government paid schooling.

Temporary housing is being put to use everywhere, Dr. Brown said.

T./Sgt. Paul R. Shelton Discharged In Utah

T./Sgt. Paul R. Shelton, son of Mr. and Mrs. Roy H. Shelton, of Waynesville, RFD No. 2, has recently been discharged at Fort Douglas, Utah.

He entered the service on Nov. 2, 1942, and was engaged in farming at the time he enlisted in the armed forces. He served for 18 months in the Pacific theater, and was stationed on Okinawa and the Philippines. He was attached to the 382nd Infantry, 96th Division.

CALIFORNIA FOR ARABS IS 'PROPOSED' IN IRAQ

CAIRO—Agitation in the United States for establishment of a Jewish national home in Palestine drew a counter-proposal from a member of the Iraq Parliament recently.

In a tongue-in-cheek gesture, the legislator urged that California be separated from the United States and converted into a national home for Arabs. The proposal, on which speedy parliamentary action was requested, was published prominently in the Arab press.

The Laws of a People

HIGHLIGHTS ON THE SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

By NEWMAN CAMPBELL
(The International Uniform Lesson on the above topic for January 20 is Exodus 19:23, the Memory Verse being Psalm 119:47, "I will delight myself in Thy commandments, which I have loved.")

IN THE third month after the children of Israel had left Egypt and started their wanderings toward the promised land, they encamped in the wilderness of Sinai, before Mount Sinai.

Moses went up into the mountain to commune with God, and the Lord called to him out of the mountain and told him what to tell the children of Israel. He wanted them to be reminded that He had brought them safely out of the land of Egypt, "Now, therefore, if ye will obey My voice indeed, and keep My covenant, then ye shall be a peculiar treasure unto Me above all people: for all the earth is Mine."

They were to be a "kingdom of priests and a holy nation" if they would but obey their Lord who had done so much for them. Moses came down from the mount and called the elders of the people together and gave them the Lord's message. "And all the people answered together, and said, All that the Lord hath spoken we will do." And Moses told the Lord of their promise. They were perfectly sincere, apparently, in their promise to obey. They undoubtedly underestimated the temptations to which they would be subjected, or overestimated their strength to withstand such temptations. The record of their lives following this promise is surely one of frequent disobedience and backslidings.

Moses Told to Sanctify the People
The Lord then directed Moses to prepare the people to hear Him speak. They were to sanctify themselves, and on the third day "the Lord will come down in the sight of all the people upon Mt. Sinai."

Bounds were to be set so that the people, even the priests, could not come too near, for they were warned that if they even "touched the border" of the mount they would die. Moses went down and sanctified the people and "it came to pass on the third day in the morning, that there were thunders and lightnings, and a thick cloud upon the mount, and the voice of the trumpet exceeding loud: so that all the people that were in the camp trembled."

"And Mount Sinai was altogether on a smoke, because the Lord descended upon it in fire: and the smoke thereof ascended as the smoke of a furnace, and the whole mount quaked greatly."
"And when the trumpet sound-

ed long, and waxed louder and louder, Moses spake, and God answered him by a voice."

Moses and Aaron were the only ones who were permitted to come up to the mount, and God "spoke all these words, saying:—"and then follow what we call the Ten Commandments.

The first four have to do with man's attitude to his God; the last with his human relations. "Thou shalt have no other god before Me," then "Thou shalt not make unto thee any graven image," and shalt not worship such.

Command Against Swearing

"Thou shalt not take the name of the Lord thy God in vain, for the Lord will not hold him guiltless that taketh His name in vain." Men—and women, too—surely have forgotten this commandment, as you can hear any day by listening to almost any casual conversation on the street or public conveyance or even in our homes.

The fourth commandment is about keeping the Sabbath holy, because the Lord made heaven and earth in six days and rested on the seventh and blessed it.

Then follow the six rules of conduct to others: honor thy father and mother; thou shalt not kill; thou shalt not commit adultery; thou shalt not steal; thou shalt not bear false witness against thy neighbor; and, finally, thou shalt not covet thy neighbor's possessions. Over three thousand years have passed since that time, but if these laws were obeyed in their entirety today, the world would be a very much better place in which to live. Wars would cease, and intolerance, envy, malice and all uncharitableness would be no more.

Next the people were told the type of altar which would be acceptable to the Lord. It should be of stone, but not of hewn stone, for putting a tool to it would be to pollute it. And there were to be no steps for fear the priest ascending them would disarrange his garment and expose his limbs.

The laws laid down for the conduct of the chosen people in all their dealings with their fellow men and women follow in chapters 22 and 23. Many apply to modern living; many do not, for the Hebrew society was founded upon slavery. Both natives and foreigners could be slaves. A Hebrew could become a slave through crime or indebtedness or through his father's right to sell him. He could not be retained in slavery more than six years, however. We have no time to comment on them and it will be impossible for the teacher to do more than mention some of them, although they are most interesting.

New Way to Make a Cake

By BETSY NEWMAN

IF you step into a friend's kitchen some day and hear her earnestly counting, 1, 2, 3, up to 250 or so, don't think she's gone crazy. She is making a cake the new way, all in one bowl, and beating a number of strokes to each addition of her ingredients, according to directions.

Workers in research kitchens have been experimenting for a long time in new methods of mixing cakes, with a saving of after-baking washing. These adventures into new ways of doing things makes the home cook's life more interesting, and I, for one, love to try them out. I'll give you one such cake recipe.

Today's Menu

Curried Veal Over Rice
Frozen Green Beans
Raw Vegetable Salad

Yellow Cake

Coffee or Tea

Curried Veal

1 lb. cubed veal
2 tsp. chopped celery
1 onion
4 tsp. flour
1 tsp. curry powder
2 tsp. fat

Cube veal, add a little water and simmer until tender. Melt fat in deep frying pan, cook onions in fat until light brown, add celery, flour, curry powder and blend smooth; add stock, stir to blend, then add seasonings and cook. When done, in about 20 mins., add veal and serve over boiled rice. Serves 6.

Yellow Cake

2 c. cake flour
1 1/2 c. sugar
2 1/2 tsp. baking powder
1/2 c. vegetable shortening

1 tsp. salt
1 c. milk less 2 tsp.
1 1/2 tsp. vanilla
2 eggs

Grease 2 deep 8-in. cake pans. You will need a moderately hot oven, 375 deg. F. Sift the flour, measure and sift again into mixing bowl with sugar, baking powder and salt. Add shortening, then 2/3 of the milk, then vanilla. Beat 150 strokes. Scrape bowl and spoon often throughout the mixing. Add eggs and beat 250 strokes; add remaining milk and beat 50 strokes. Turn into pans and bake 25 to 35 mins. at 375 deg. F. Let stand in pans 5 mins., then remove to cake rack to cool. If you use an electric mixer, add 1/2 of milk, then vanilla and beat on low speed 2 mins. Scrape bowl and beat; add eggs and remaining milk and beat at low speed 2 mins.

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To Burley Growers

The Greeneville Market Sold of the

1942 Crop	10,367,852—Average	\$42.87
1943 Crop—The finest ever grown	13,319,718—Average	49.18
1944 Crop	18,590,922—Average	46.10
1945 Crop—Up to the present	11,065,510—Average	44.38

The following reasons have to do with the price decline of this crop:

- (1) A medium quality crop with a less per cent of top grades.
- (2) Glutted markets (some of which like a Jack Frost Meat market lacking handling and keeping facilities should fold up in hot weather) Too many Warehouses . . . Too much selling space . . . Too many markets with no re-drying or storage facilities.
- (3) Scarcity of competent help to take care of the rush to market the crop in too short a period.
- (4) The normal annual consumption of Burley is less than 400 million pounds, yet both the 1944 and 1945 crops consists of 600 million with the possibility of 600 million grown this year.
- (5) The war created an abnormal demand, hence we have had sellers not a buyers market—even mixed and off types in many instances sold as high as grades of uniform quality.
- (6) The war having terminated it is no longer a sellers market, but a buyers market who can exercise judgment in selecting their respective grades which they ultimately have to sell to the discriminating consumer.

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