They always eat the choicest vegetables, the ones on which avished the most loving care. You know in advance that they at least half of your green peas, most of your tender string your beets, tops first. If they are very hungry they will eat arounder and tomate plants, too. Once they are every single pepers plant I had - and raising peppers in the short Maine is hard work. They will eat your winter cabbages, in fact many plant rows of cabbage to attract them. It's easier to shoot your field than tramping miles after them through the woods is retting shot yourself by some eager hunter.

I haven't minded them especially, but I haven't gone into so over them either. Perhaps it is because I have seen too many in my woods, or seen the not inconsiderable damage they one to crops and cars that I am tempted to yawn a little when to rush out and see the deer by the road, in the yard or in the I They add to the feeling of living close to nature, I suppose, by have never evoked in me that bright-eyed wonder that in on the faces of some of my friends when they have come use on the path to the lake. Until lately I could take them or have alone and frankly didn't care much one way or the other. them on the path to the lake. Until lately I could take them or them alone and frankly didn't care much one way or the other. The could be seen to the convinced that the deer population in is too large and ought to be decreased by at least one huge who is becoming so bold that he may move into the house any is just too much to look up from a book at night and see suck looking in the window like any human peeping Tom. If to go back to the woods where he belongs.

quirrels you rather expect to move in and eat your blankets thresses unless you get rid of them quickly. The grey ones us far content to live in the trees near the house. They are watch and do some amazing things. Once a family occupied in the horse chestnut tree, for the winter - not more than ten om my front door. They would eat almost anything and carry away what they couldn't est. One big fellow made in the center of a pancake and put it over his head to take his nest - surely he had a higher IQ than most squirrels.

I rather like the flock of partridges who fly into the yard each and dusk to eat the barberries. Their feather marks on the w and sharp tracks are more distinct each day as more and them come from the grove to the hedge for their breakfast er. I enjoy watching the chickadees and the voracious blue ho take away every crumb from the feeding stations. After have been invited and are welcome guests.

ever, a most unwelcome one has moved under my kitchen. e no idea how to get rid of him either. For days I noticed that my as pawing the floor under which there is no cellar. And then d the gnawing from underneath - sometimes for hours on end. se boards up and lay on the floor to look around with sh light. There in a far corner under the sink was the biggest st porcupine I have ever seen - all bristled up in challenge. have no idea where he goes in or comes out but his tracks are on purch after each fresh snow. One day when I go out to fix my I may just fall through the floor. And suppose it is not a 'he', out a 'ahe' - and by spring there will be more of the quill pigs living

Things have improved through the years though. One fall the ilmals won the battle and we moved out swiftly - although we vere going to Georgia for the worst of the winter anyway. There een a rather severe drought and the fields were parched and barren when fall came. It seemed as if a whole army of rats moved in - without warning. We trapped them, poisoned them, shot them but there were more each day. It was before we had electricity in this part of Maine and you had to carry a kerosene lamp whether

## Children of "Model" Parents

to 17 years of age increased only 6 per cent. So reported Dr. Mar-tha M. Eliot, Chief of the Chil-dren's Bureau, recently, before the Senate Judiciary Committee.

Witness after witness, according to the public press, declared that delinquency was not confined to alum areas. Apparently the rate of increase in juvenile uency has been fastest; children from comfort-privileged families. So we also been reading and hearnow for several months.

This must be a distinusionment to the many persons who have all along supposed that crime is chiefly an economic matter.

During Presperity

Significantly, this unprecedented increase in juvenile delinquency occurred during a perity in the United States. Those who have read my column during in care of this newspaper.)

by GARRY CLEVELAND MYERS, Ph.D. this period and earlier know that for years I've been warning all parents not to trust to mere ma-MORE than 1,000,000 children parents not to trust to mere maran afoul of the law in the United 
States in 1952. Of this number 
270,000 appeared before juvenile 
courts. These courts heard another 110,000 cases brought by 
parents, teachers and social 
courts of superior education and

Juvenile delinquency rose 29 or cent between 1948 and 1952, thile the number of children 10 a 17 years of age increased only per cent. So reported Dr. Marha M. Eliot, Chief of the Children 's Bureau, recently, before he Senate Judiciary Committee.

Privileged Children
Witness after witness, according the communities, with parents of superior education and family background, should become juvenile delinquents.

We should not condemn even these parents wholesale. Most of them are trying to use the methods of rearing their children which they suppose the rank and file of experts advise. These parents after witness, according their children, lest they have been warned against restraining their children, lest they have the children, lest they harm these children's personalities and frustrate them; and it's been the parents among the intelligentaia who have been first in accepting this advice and most faithful in following it.

The Model Parents

When parents who are looked up to as among the "best" in their community turn their back on the prophets of no-restraints and stiffen up in home discipline of their own little children, we

(Copyright, 1983, King Festures Syndicate, Inc.)

ial, business office and printing plant, Kenansville, N. C.

ELEPHONE—Kenensville, Day 255-6—Night 215-1 CRIPTION RATES: \$3.50 per year in Duplin, Lenoir, Onslow, Pender, Sampson, New Hanever and Wayne in: \$4.50 per year outside this area in North Carolina:

County Journal, devoted to the religious, material,

ic and agricultural development of Duplin

THE DUPLIN TIMES

Published each Thursday in Kenansville, N. C., County Seat of DUPLIN COUNTY

J. ROBERT GRADY, EDITOR — OWNER Entered At The Post Office, Kenansville, N. C. as second class matter.

Advertising rates furnished on request.

day one stracked me from behind and hit me in the ankle. I sped all the dishes I was carrying, too. After one had bitten me as hand when I opened the garbage can, I used a stick to take cover off - until one ran up the stick and bit my fingers. I was seg a little discouraged. We had caught twenty in one day in a in the cellar and wood shed.

grandfather had come over to help up get rid of them. As he celting in the kitchen, we discussed various new plans of battle utwit the hordes of rats. I longed for a Pled Piper, for a miracle appen. But what did happen was more effective and less pleasant, sems funny in retrospect - but if wasn't then. Even as we sat tag, we heard the most furious screaming, then screeching from cellar - and such a noise of scampering that it sounded as if a sand rats were running all at once. And the whole kitchen bear permeated with a choking odor, it was almost impossible to the. A new family had moved in, all right, and all the rats moved We did, too. You can't compete with a family of skunks determinout. We did, too. You can't compete with a family of skunks determ ed to live in your cellar for the wi

HELEN CALDWELL CUSHMAN

## CROSSWORD DAILY DOWN 21. Vigor lorge 22. Humble ACROSS 1. Sloping roadway 5. A defile (Ind.) 9. External . Gorge 22. Humbl . Beard of rye 24. Latted (Ind.) 4. Folded into mollusk Externar pleats 26. A lasso seed coating 5. Avaricious 27. A beautiful

7. Free from 29. Biblical uncertainty mount

36. Sodiun

7. Free from uncertainty mounts incertainty mounts at Indian tent St. Rest (var.) St. Scotch river (poss.) St. River (Ger.) 23. Fish 24. Exclamation 25. Edible assistant 42. Guido's high-

## MARCH OF EVENTS

Korea Army Withdrawals Arouses Little Criticism

20. Departs 22. Eye slyly

28. In the direc-

32. Youth

33. River (Chin.)

34. Female

37. Form

39. A king

ruff 35. Ascended

of Crete

(Gr. mýth.) 40. Edible

rootstocks 41. Military

(poss.)

sian ruler

Congressmen See Selves Getting Pay Rise Soon

Special to Central Press TASHINGTON-President Eisenhower's decision to withdraw two United States Army divisions from Korea stirred up virtually no criticism by Washington armchair strategists even though no

assured peace has been reached with the Reds. Two reasons for this appeared to be obvious. First, not many persons are willing to set themselves up as critics of a military move

made by a man who formerly was one of this nation's most successful field commanders.

Second, the move holds out strong hope that a reduction of forces overseas obviously spells out the possibility of additional cuts in military

Even though the man in the street hasn't shown the interest in economy that accompanies other developments in Washington, grass roots observers report that the public is keenly interested in the President's avowed intention of balancing the federal budget and reducing taxes.

Moreover the public trusts the President im-

plicitly on the decisions he makes on reducing military strength in keeping with national security. The battle over a reduction in Air Force funds,

President which the President won, has convinced the politicians of this fact.

● PAY BOOST PREDICTED—Members of Congress are privately confident they will win a pay boost in the coming year and they are perfectly willing to give the same treatment to federal judges. A national commission recently conducted hearings on the problem and gave numerous indications that the salary hike will be recom-

mended. Congressmen will be merely required to approve the recommendations made by the 18-member board.

The most likely proposal—and the one urged by most witnesses before the commission—would provide a \$10,000 across-the-board pay raise suggested by Senator Pat McCarren (D), Nevada.

Such an increase would boost the pay of senators and House members to \$25,000 a year It would lift the pay level of judges in district courts to the same figure, provide \$27,500 in the circuit courts and \$35,000 for the Supreme Court justices.

Chief Justice Earl Warren would benefit even more. His salary would be increased from \$25,000 to \$40,000, placing him on a financial par with the vice president and the speaker of the House.

• CHARITY CRACKDOWN-There will be a strong movement underway in the new session of Congress to tighten controls on charity "racketeering" in the wake of disclosures made by a New York state legislative investigation of abuses.

Several House members have announced they will press for action on bills aimed at preventing the American public from being bilked by unscrupulous operations

Some of the measures to curb abuses would set up federal safeguards on the use of United States mails as well as the radio and television industries in promotion schemes. Also under consideration is a proviso requiring sponsoring organizations to list the amounts spent on fund drives, amounts raised and dispersed as well as their officers and sponsors.

JET TRANSPORTS—There is growing optimism among Air Force officials that America's first jet transport plane is on the way. The pioneer in the field is Boeing's 707, now under construction at the firm's Seattle plant.

High ranking officers recently inspected the proto-type jet which is expected to make its maiden flight next autumn. Their main interest was centered on the possibility that the transport might be converted into a refuelling tanker for jet bombers in the event of war. If the new Model 707 proves itself adaptable for conversion into Transport

a jet-tanker, the Air Force feels that one of its biggest problems in strategic bombing—in-flight refuelling—will be solved.



Be "The Bride Of The Month" . . . Get Lovely Prizes

If you are getting married during Feb., Mar. or Apr., come in and get a lovely gift we will give to every bride who registers before her marriage . . . in addition you many win the valuable prize we will give to

LUCKY BRIDE OF THE MONTH Be Sure To Come In

And Register

WASHINGTON—We got the budget from the White House last week. Imagine a book larger than a catalog - it has over 1200 pages - and in fine print. Some of the reporters called right away to see what was my reaction to the budget.

Reaction

My reaction was that it will take a long time to wade through a budget as big as this one and one that proposes to spend about 6 billions of dollars. That being the case, it's not possible to immediately say where cuts can be made, but I honestly feel that some cuts must be made. The budget, as proposed, will show a deficit of 2.9 billions of dollars for fiscal 1965 to operate Federal government. I believe we must balgovernment. I believe we must bal ance the budget. Commendable step in that direction have been take and the gap has been narrowed, but a little more fat has to be squeezed out of it. We must do this to keep from raising the national debt limit. I hope and believe Congress can

find a way to do it.

Opposition

The Senate worked late at night to get the debate completed on the Saint Lawrence Seaway Bill. I voted against it. So did Senator Hoey. I feel that the construction of this project would do a lot to disturb our expanding port facilities. As you know, North Carolina has spent over seven millions of dollars in our port projects. There are many other reasons why the project seemed unnecessary. The Senate passed the Bill 51 to 33. It now is up to the House of Representatives.

School Bill I joined with Senator McClellan and a number of other Senators in the introduction of a bill to provide for Federal assistance to the states in the construction of public elemen tary and secondary school facilities. Under the proposed bill. North Carolina would be helped. Our schools need it to take care of the rapidly expanding school population. We prepared the bill to eliminate any danger of Federal control and supervision of the public school systems of the several states. My thinking is that some of the money we are now spending overseas for economic aid can be put to good use in this country where the greatest need for assistance exists. The bill is patterned after the Hill-Burton Act which has done so much for our folks in the hospital and public health field.

Retirement I am in favor of the Mason Bill which would allow tax exemption for all retired employees with retirement incomes up to \$125 per month. This bill is being studied by the House Ways and Means Committee and I think it is sound. It seems unfair to tax retired folks who have such a little amount of money anyway.

Letter Carriers Delegates of the North Carolina Letter Carriers Association came by to see me last week. They were from all parts of North Carolina. As I am a member of the Post Office and Civil Service Committee they felt that I should have the benefit of their thinking about salary increases. I was glad to see them. I told them how important all postal workers, including rural carriers, are and how they represent Uncle Sam, I think we are all proud of what the postal workers and rural carriers are doing, and I am anxious to see that they are

treated fairly.

Visit To Oxford I am looking forward to my visit Friday night in Oxford. The Tobacco Experiment Station there has done outstanding work. The people here in Washington speak most highly of it and they point out it's the largest in the world. Dr. D. M. Crooks, head of the tobacco

na in to visit the Vice Scout Director, Mr. Russell McLean of Dunn . . . One of my Senate colleagues found himself driving a taxi the other morning during a smowstorm in order to get to work. The taxi driver was pushing the car and when they got it started, the Senator just kept on driving for fear they would stall again . . The budget breaks down roughly into these chunks of the tax dollar: 68 cents for major national security; 22 cents for charges fixed by law such as interest, veterans, grants to states, and 10 cents for other items. The income is planned this way: 43 states, and 10 cents for other items. The income is planned this way: 4 cents from individual income taxes 31 cents from corporation income taxes; 16 cents from excise taxes 6 cents from customs and other taxes. That leaves four cents, which according to the President, will have to be borrowed.

... and the eating is so much better when done electrically! The reason be-

hind this: Electrical cooking is Faster, Cleaner, is done more Evenly, and cooks **Automatically!** 

Enjoy your Pudding, and everything else cooked electrically-Since electric cooking does not depend upon circulating air, no oxygen is consumed and foods stay juicy and more flavorsome.



CAROLINA POWER & LIGHT COMPANY

FOR ANOTHER BIG YEAR

OF TELEPHONE PROGRESS.

Last Year

687 last year RURAL TELEPHONES . . . over 1,257 new rural subscribers were served in 1953

LONG DISTANCE CIRCUITS . . . over 9,000 miles of long distance circuits were added during 1953

FOR THESE AND OTHER PROJECTS TO BRING YOU AND EASTERN CAROLINA BETTER TELEPHONE SERVICE, YOUR TELEPHONE COMPANY INVESTED MORE THAN

**SEVEN MILLION DOLLARS IN 1953** 

proof of faith in the future of Eastern Carolina

As big as last years' job was, the end is not yet in sight. To meet the unprecedented demand for telephone service in towns and on the farm, we must go on building, contributing our full share to the progress and prosperity of Eastern North Carolina. Because the job is hure . . . and expensive . . . and vital, it is important that we have sufficient earnings to attract new capitol required to

CAROLINA TELEPHONE and TELEGRAPH COMPANY

