## New Amendmnets Social Security Act Affects Every Family In This Area

The sweeping amendments to the ocial Security Act, signed into law people, including people, including farm operators and management of the sweeping amendments to the mencing January 1, 10 million more gainst people, including farm operators and management of the sweeping amendments are sentenced. family in this area, according to N. ers. 2. Increases benefits to all pre-A. Avery, distri ctmanager of the sent and future retired workers and

Social Security Administration.

The protection of old-age and survivors insurance is now extend
to their dependents and survivors.

3. Determines benefits on a more advantageous basis by permitting ed to 9 out of 10 familles in the a worker to drop out as many as ommunity." Avera said, "and the five years of low or no earnings in benefit payments, not only to future beneficiaries but also to those
now on the rolls, have been substantially increased."

The amended Social Security
Act: I. Extends coverage, com-



Special to Central Press

Farm Program is Halled As Ike's Biggest Victory

**How Farmers Will React** At Polls is Questionable WASHINGTON-President Eisenhower was justifiably jubilant

that he scored his major Congressional victory of the year by House and Senate adoption of his farm program.

Veteran congressional leaders, Democrats as well as Republicans.

viewed it as a triumph that came as the result of patient backstage work and skillful legislative maneuvering. One surprise feature was the fact that adminis-

sumably solid farm bloc in Congress, a feat which in the past has been seldom accomplished. When Agriculture Secretary Ezra Taft Benson first demanded that the present 90 per cent of parity price support program be junked in favor of flexible supports, a tempest of criticism by con-

gressmen from the farm states broke forth.

tration lieutenants succeeded in splitting the pre-

In the beginning, the farm bloc was reported adamant in demanding that 90 per cent price sup-Secretary Benson port payments be retained and Democrats from the big cities indicated they would support them rather than repudiate the system which prevailed during the Roosevelt and Truman administrations.

However, administration leaders worked out a compromise which would establish the flexible supports on a 82 and a half to 90 per cent basis rather than 75 to 90 per cent proposal initially suggested

When the showdown came, it was key farm state Republicans who switched to the support of the Eisenhower administration and insured victory for the President where defeat had seemed certain.

The major question now is whether the President's victory in the halls of Congress can be transplanted into votes this November. Democrats will exert every effort to make it a pyrrhic victory

politically and try to persuade the farmers it's time for a change. This is precisely what happened in 1948 when the Democrats hammered away at the farm vote and scored one of the major political victories of all time.

Six years ago farmers were primarily antagonized because the GOP-controlled 80th Congress voted a flexible price support system even though it never went into effect.

Failure to provide funds for emergency storage bins also contributed to the resentment against Republicans in the farm states and Harry S. Truman scored his extraordinary victory. At this point, it is difficult to assess farm opinion on the new

price support program but the general opinion is that it will not curb the present trend toward lower farm prices in the market place. This fact alone may be enough to sour the farmers on the GOP.

• TENSIONS-Trained Washington observers feel that the western owers are at last beginning to make some progress in relieving the global tensions created by the Communists. There have been some notable gains in recent weeks. The first in

importance was the settlement of the long-standing disputs between Egypt and Great Britain over the Suez. Second, and almost equally important, is the Iranian oil accord

which terminated this bitter, and extended, controversy.

Both of these settlements, in which the U. S. was a vitally interested party, more or less pulled the rug from under Communist expan-

lists who thrive upon disagreements among the free powers. REVISED THINKING-The purchase by Capital Airlines of 40 British-built Vickers Viscount transports has startled anufacturers into a possible revision of

their thinking about future American transport planes. The Viscounts, which are the first foreign-built transports ever bought in quantity by an United

States airline, are powered by turbo-prop engines, This is a jet engine that applies its power to a propeller instead of expending it in thrust.

The engine burns kerosene and is expected to be very inexpensive

to operate. Because it has no reciprocating parts, the uplicep is expected to be negligible.



"Eacy on your language, Trumble, This is Ladies' Day."

monthly benefits will get propor-

tionate increases, with every fam-

least \$5. The miximum family pay-

Persons no wreceiving monthly

action to get these increases, Avera

family will eventually receive.

eligible after 8-54 to have their ben-

The amended law, moreover, pro-

The new law increases the amount

earned before they became disabled | crease in monthly payments to perand provides for their referral to sons now getting benefits. These State agencies, for rehabilitation increases will show on the Septemservices. 5. Permits employed and ber checks which will be mailed self-employed beneficiaries under earrly in October. age 72 to have earnings up to \$1,-The present minimum payment 200 in a year without loss of social of \$25 to a retired worker has been security payments. (A beneficiary 72 or over will be able to receive all his payments regardless of the pendents an dsurvivors now getting

amount he may be earning. Avera went on to explain that of the 10 million more persons eligible for the protection of old-age and survivors insurance, approximately 61/4 million will be brought into the to \$200. system on January 1, 1955. Another 334 million may elect coverage under special arrangements.

declared. They will be made auto-The largest group of gainfullymatically, and no not have to be employed people in the nation not applied for, he said. eretofore covered by social security has now been brought in-the 3.6 million self-employed farm operators. Commencing January 1 1955, these farm operators will be covered on the same terms as other self-employed people, except for a provision which simplifices the reporting procedure for farm operators with low annual income, it possible to maintan a closer rela-

Abolishing the old requirement that farm workers be regularly emngs and the benefits he and his ployed by one employer means that over two million additional farm employees will have social security protection for themselves and their to five years of lowest (or no) earnfamilies. The new provision simply ings in the figuring of his average requires that the farm hand be paid \$100 cash wages in a calendar payments will be based. This soyear by one employer. workers becoming eligible for ben-

About 200,000 more domestic em ployees in private households will efit payments after August of this be covered by the law because of year. Some persons now on the the removal of the former requirebenefit rolls may qualify for the ment that the domestic employee drop-out if they acquire at any work 24 days in each calendar quartime 11/2 years of covered work ter in any one household. Here the after June 1953, or if they become requirement now is the payment of only \$50 cash wages by one efits refigured on account of addihousehold employer in a calendar tional earnings.

About 3,500,000 employees of State vides a new formula for figuring and local governments, excluded the worker's insurance payment. It up to now because they are under a increases the percent of his aver- paid out of the special Trust Fund retirement system, may now be age monthly wage which will be brought under social security sub- payable in benefits. pect to a referendum.

Ministers, whether employed or of covered earnings a beneficiary self-employed, may come under the is entitled to have and still receive law as if they were self-employed his monthly benefit check. The propersons. Included in this provision vision in the old law which restrictare Christian Science practitioners. ed such earnings to \$75 a month Other self-employed groups to be in covered employment and to \$900 overed by social security as of a year fro mself-employment has

January 1, 1955, are professional been changed. Discrimination a engineers, accountants, architects, gainst the wage earner as compared and funeral directors. to the self-employed has been re-Immediately effective is the in-moved and all retired persons will

er covered by social security or not. Only one month's benefit will gardless of anual earnings for any month in which the beneficiary neither has wages of over \$80 nor engaged in substantial self-employment. After reaching age 72, the beneficiary may earn any amount and still receive benefits. The amended act also provides

for the preservation of the benefit rights of the totally disabled. Under this provision a worker's earnings record can be "frozen" and he will not suffer a reduction in or loss of his benefit rights because of an extended period of no earnings due to total and prolonged disability. To be eligible for a "disability freeze" a worker must have acquired at last five years of covered work out of the last ten years before the disability began, of which at least 11/2 years must have been in the 3-year period before his disability forced him to give up gainful work. The disability must be medcally determined by State vocational rehabilitation agencies or other approproate State agencies. No application for the "disability freeze" may be accepted by the Social Security Administration before January 1, 1955. Avera emphasized that raised to \$30; the maximum of \$18 this provision will not pay cash has been increased to \$98.50. De. benefits during the disability, before

the worker attains age 65. While a period of disability ends for social security purposes at age ily unit assured an increase of at 65. Avera pointed out that persons already over that age and now getting benefit payments may have ment has been raised from \$168.75 their benefits refigured to exclude periods of disability in the past, if they meet the requirements given payments do not have to take any above. Increases in benefits under the disability provision become ef-

fective after June 1955. In conclusion, Avera called atention to a provision in the amended The amended law also provides law which affects survivors of increases for persons who become workers who died before Septemeligible for benefit payments in the ber 1, 1950, without having acquired enough covered employment to befuture. Beginning with 1955, the acome insured under the old law. "If mount of covered earnings which may count toward social security you, are the surviving aged widow, will be raised from \$3,600 to \$4,200 child, widowed mother with minor in a year. This provision will make children, or aged parents of a worker who died before September 1, 1950, and you were not eligible for tonship between the worker's earnsurvivor's benefits before," he said, "the new law may make it possible Another provision in the new law for you to get payments. If the deceased breadwinner in your fampermits a worker to drop out up ily had at least 11/2 years of covered work between January 1939 and September 1950, you should contact monthly wage on which benefit the Wilmington Social Security of- It remains at the present 2 percent called "drop-out" applies to all fice in person or by mail and in-

quire about your survivor's insurance benefit rights." "It is especially significant," Avera said, "that these 1954 amendments to the social security law preserve the contributory and selfsustaining principles of the old-age and survivors insurance system, as well as principle that benefits are related to the level of the worker's earnings.

"All benefit payments and costs of administering the program are into which go the social security taxes paid by employees, employers.

## have the earnings exemption on an annual besis. All beneficiaries under 72 years of age may now have earnings up to \$1,200 in a year without loss of any benefits. This applies Due To Cut Down Prices to all earnings of any kind, wheth-

ket than most people thought there be deducted for each additional \$80 would be; consequently hog prices tail and little change in consumer earned. Benefits are payable re-will be adversely affected for the incomes until early 1955. "The meat will be adversely affected for the rest of 1954, according to Dr. J. L. Maxton, USDA economist.

Dr. Maxton points out the U. S Department of Agriculture has revised its estimates for spring pig crop as now being 13 per cent more than in 1953. So, he says, it becomes necessary to revise the prices estimates.

Usually hog prices hit a peak in July and August, and then drop as marketings increase, to hit a low in December. However, hog proces this year hit their peak in April. This early peak resulted from

many producers holding back hogs normally sold from February to April and at the same time feeding these hogs to heavier weights. Since May, more heavier hogs have been marketed, while demand by consumers has been slow because of the intense heat throughout the country, relatively high pork prices and heavy supplies of other meats at lower prices.

The revised estimates of USDA show enough of an increase in hog numbers to keep markets fully supplied at present prices and cause further later declines. More sows than usual farrowed from December 1953 to March 1954, so larger than usual marketing may be exnected in the next three months

This should result in prices de clining to about 16 to 18 cents by late October for lean hogs of preferred weights. Hog prices should not decline much after October. and may show a little strength in January, 1955.

Since the fall pig crop of 1954 alto is up 10 to 15 per cent as a result of increases in the June to August farrowings, prices may advance only one to three cents in January. Marketings in February and March may again be so heavy to cause some slight further price declines.

The hog marketing situation pricewise is being further aggravated by heavy supplies of cattle,

broilers, and turkeys. "If there was ever a time for consumers to eat more meat, that time is here," Dr. Maxton says. Prices from the normal handler margins should be such that per capita conand the self-employed.

"The tax rate is now scheduled to reach a maximum of 4 percent each for employee and employer in 1975. each until 1960, with intermediate steps between 1960 and 1975. Selfemployed persons pay at 11/2 times the employee rate."

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Best Seller.

There are more pigs going to mar- sumption of meat will increase with normal price declines at reincomes until early 1955. "The meat lover should have a field day," the

conomist says.

Carolina Power & Light Co. Let's Get It Squared Away! Is a pie by any other shape still

By SARAH T. JONES Home Service Represent

HOMEMAKING NEWS

Saturday night I shared apple pie with friends. This delicious pie had been made in a low rectangular pan, frozen and stored for several weeks. While we ate the mustard greens, meat loaf and such, the pie baked. Then we ate hot apple pie with the melted cheese on the top.

Frankly, the pie was "yummy." It made us think that Saturday night was the best night in the week. Nobody cared that her piece was a "slice" of rectangular pie and not a "wedge" of a round one.

The pie with corners was easier o wrap (drug store style with a good packaging material like is used or meat). After it was frozenwith air space around it-it was easy to stack tight against other packages and containers. It fitted in better than a round pie. Actually chicken pot pie can still keep its name and the "pot" be a cornered pan. Many other meat pies and fruit pies lend themselves to preparation before freezing, and all can be 'squared away.'

A cake tastes just as good and ntire cake slices prettier when cooked in a square or rectangular

rient stacking after freezing, square cookies. You can m "roll" of ice box cookies into 'square" easier than you can into long "round". Then the cookies will be square when sliced. You gain either way, whether you free unbaked "square" or the cookies.

If round cakes, pies and coe are here to stay it's all right with me, but if you will "corner" the you freeze, you will do a neater, eier job of packaging; a more efficient job of stacking and will likely have more room for other

things. 't let vour enthusiasm for freezing pies and cakes get out of balance. Forty pounds of solid meat in ten pounds of bakery goods g in just about the same amount of storage space.

The Khapra bettle, an insect unknown on this continent until November, 1953, has been found infesting stored grain in Calif

Smokey Says:



A greater act of patriotism is to withhold the match that might

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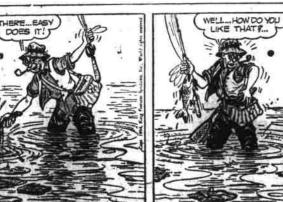


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