

TRIUMPHANT ENTRY OF NEW PRESIDENT

WARREN G. HARDING DELIVERS
SHORTEST INAUGURAL AD-
DRESS ON RECORD.

"SERVICE" WAS THE KEYNOTE

With the Induction of Womanhood In-
to Our Political Life We May ex-
pect Our Social Order Exalted.

Washington, March 4.—President Harding in his inaugural address said My countrymen, when one surveys the world about him after the great storm, seeing the marks of destruction and yet rejoicing in the ruggedness of the things which withstood it, if he is an American, he breathes the clarified atmosphere with a strange mingling of regret and new hope. We have seen world passion spend its fury, but we contemplate our republic unshaken and hold our civilization secure. Liberty—liberty within the law—and civilization are inseparable and though both were threatened, we find them now secure, and there comes to Americans the profound assurance that our representative government is the highest expression and surest guaranty of both.

Standing in this presence, mindful of the solemnity of this occasion, feeling the emotions which no one may know until he senses the great weight of responsibility for himself, I must utter my belief in the divine inspiration of the founding fathers. Surely there must have been God's intent in the making of this new world republic. Ours is an organic law which had but one ambiguity, and we saw that it stood in a baptism of sacrifice and blood, with union maintained, the nation supreme.

The recorded progress of our republic, materially and spiritually, in itself proves the wisdom of the inherited policy of non-involvement in old world affairs. Confident of our ability to work out our own destiny and justly asserting our right to do so, we seek no part in directing the destinies of the old world. We do not mean to be entangled. We will accept no responsibility except as our own conscience and judgment in each instance may determine.

Our eyes never will be blind to a developing menace, our ears never deaf to the call of civilization. We recognize the new order of the world, with the closer contacts which progress has wrought. We sense the call of the American people.

America is ready to encourage and to initiate, anxious to participate in any program likely to lessen the probability of war and promote that brotherhood of mankind which must be God's highest conception of human relationship.

We must understand that this of trade and nations in closest intimacy and none may receive except as to give. We have not strengthened ours in accordance with our resources or our genius, notably on our own continent, where a galaxy of republics reflect the glory of new world democracy, but in the new order of finance and trade we mean to promote enlarged activities and seek expanded confidence.

Our supreme task is the resumption of our onward, normal way. Reconstruction, readjustment, restoration—all these must follow. I would like to have them. If it will lighten the inspirations of equal opportunities. The forward course of the business cycle in unmitigated. Peoples are turning from destruction to production. Industry has sensed the changed order and our own people are turning to resume their normal onward way. The call is for productive America to go on. I know that congress and the administration will favor every wise government policy to aid the resumption and encourage continued progress.

INAUGURAL ADDRESS OF PRESIDENT HARDING

America Anxious to Participate
In Any Seamy Program Likely
to Lessen Probability of War
and Promote World Peace.

ASSOCIATION FOR COUNSEL

Make Offensive Warfare So Heinous
That Governments and Peoples Will
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We can reduce the abnormal expenditures, and we will, we can strike at war taxation, and we must. We must face the grim necessity, with full knowledge that the task is to be solved, and we must proceed with a full realization that no statute enacted can repeal the inexorable laws of nature. Our most dangerous tendency is to expect too much of government, and at the same time do for it too little.

We contemplate the immediate task of our public household in order. We need a rigid and yet sane economy combined with fiscal justice, and it must be attended by individual frugality and thrift, which are essential to the better hour and rest for the future.

The economic mechanism is intricate and its parts interdependent, and has suffered the shocks and jolts incident to abnormal demands, credit inflation and price upheavals. The normal balances have been impaired. The channels of distribution have been clogged, the relations of labor and management have been strained. We must seek the readjustment with care and courage. Our people must give and take. Prices must reflect the receding fever of war activities. Perhaps we never shall know the old levels of wage again, because war invariably results in compensations, and the necessities of life will show their ineliminable relationship. We must strive for normalcy to reach stability. All the penalties will not be light nor evenly distributed. There is no way of making them so. There is no instant steps from disorder to order. We must face a condition of grim reality, change of our losses and start afresh. It is the oldest lesson of civilization. I would like government to do all it can to mitigate, then, in understanding, in mutuality of interest, of concern for the common good, our tasks will be solved. No altered system will work a miracle; any wild experiment will only add to the confusion. Our best assurance lies in efficient administration of our present system.

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Prayer for Industrial Peace
I wish for an America no less alert in guarding against dangers from within than it is watchful against enemies from without. Our fundamental law recognizes no class or group or section. There must be none in legislation or administration. The supreme inspiration is the common weal. Humanity hungers for international peace, and we seek it with all mankind. We most fervent prayer for America is the industrial peace with its rewards widely and generally distributed and

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PETROGRAD IS IN HANDS OF REBELS

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PROBABLE FLIGHT OF LENINE

Late Dispatches Confirm Report That
Soviet Government is Facing Sit-
uation of Extreme Gravity.

Paris.—Russian bolshevik forces have been driven out of Oranienbaum, a town on the southern shore of the gulf of Finland, 19 miles west of Petrograd, by naval units from Kronstadt, says a dispatch from Viborg.

Warships have gone up the Neva river and landed contingents of sailors in Petrograd, where part of a garrison has joined the revolutionaries. Soviet leaders are terrified and Nikolai Lenin, bolshevik premier, and M. Trotsky are preparing for flight, says a Reval dispatch to the Matin. Anti-Bolshevik Leader Antonoff, at the head of 50,000 armed peasants, is declared to be in control of the government of Voronezh and Tambov, in southern Russia and it is said that this fact makes it impossible to re-occupy the northern sections of the country.

Late dispatches from various sources confirm reports that the soviet government of Russia is facing a situation of extreme gravity.

Harding Owes Burial Ground
Lancaster, Pa.—By a peculiar and grand President Harding becomes owner of a one acre tract of land just west of Lancaster that he may use for his burial ground only.

According to court record here, the tract was deeded 100 years ago by Nathaniel Wilson, a pioneer farmer of Patriotism county, to President Andrew Jackson and to his successors in office, to be used as their burial ground only.

President Harding is the 23rd president to be notified of his burial ground.

German Proposals Rejected.
London.—Allied troops will march into Germany in accordance with the decision of the allies to inflict on Germany the penalties provided for because of the non-fulfillment of her reparations obligations, it was announced officially.

After the Germans left the conference the French, British and Belgian plenipotentiaries telegraphed orders for the immediate occupation by the allied troops of Bahort, Duisburg and Düsseldorf.

Oregon is Well Pleased.
Eugene, Ore.—So far as Mexico in connection President Harding's inaugural address contained nothing for criticism, declared President Oregon in the Oregon newspaper correspondent. He described the speech as "conceived in a splendid spirit for the people of the world; highly instructive and highly moral."

Chamberlain May Land Job.
Washington.—George H. Chamberlain, Oregon, wartime chairman of the senate military committee, who retired as democratic senator was called into conference by President Harding. The understanding is that the greatest discussion with him his possible appointment to some government position.

Ask U. S. for Necessary.
Paris.—The Russian parliamentarian committee in Paris, sent messages to President Harding and Herbert Hoover, Secretary of Commerce, soliciting help in the form of food and other necessities for the anti-bolshevik in Kronstadt and Petrograd.

Ostrages in Georgia.
Atlanta, Ga.—A negro lodge building was dynamited and a fire leveled to be of incendiary origin leveled to the ground the cotton ginners of E. H. Fullmore at High Shoals, Oconee county.

Killed the Wrong Man.
Dublin.—The bolter is general here that the ambush in Clonbanin in which General Cumming was killed was purposed for Maj. Gen. Sir Edward Strickland, commander of the crown forces in Munster.

Many Cigars From Philippines.
Manila, P. I.—Shipments of cigars from the Philippine islands to the United States during 1920, showed an increase of \$6,102,616 over 1919, according to the annual report of the bureau of internal revenue.

Spill for Erie and Green.
West Palm Beach, Fla.—A. B. McMullen, flying in an airplane from Tampa with a bride on a honeymoon trip, turned the plane over in attempting a landing here.

Bargain Prices for Meats.
Chicago.—The present wholesale quotations of beef, pork and lamb represent bargain prices as compared with the prices prevailing a few months ago, according to a statement issued by the American Institute of Meat Packers.



WARREN G. HARDING CALVIN COOLIDGE

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