

HE WHO HAS NOTHING TO ADVERTISE HAS NOTHING TO SELL

The Farmville Enterprise

LAY SAFE - PATRONIZE THE ADVERTISERS IN THE ENTERPRISE

FARMVILLE, PITT COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

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ANCIENT COINS FOUND IN ITALY ARE SENT HERE

Relics of Old Rome Are Received by Son in This City From His Father

(By Eva Horten Shackelford)
Some of the earliest and supposedly rarest coins of ancient Rome were delivered some time ago to S. Giovannelli, musician, composer and former citizen of Rome, who is at present engaged in directing the Farmville high school orchestra.

These coins, unearthed by Mr. Giovannelli's father, on his farm about 15 miles from Rome, were brought to this country by a friend of the family, and are in a remarkable state of preservation considering the centuries which they have spent in the ground. Inscriptions, figures and marks can be easily read and interpreted.

To one who does not understand or appreciate rare coins, they mean little, having no buying power, but the collector, who studies and hoards coins, would eagerly search for identifying marks, to him they would be either old friends with familiar faces, or strangers with whom he would yearn to become acquainted and know intimately.

The study of numismatics reveals many fields of research and its value in establishing dates of certain important events in the history of the world cannot be estimated.

Barter, which was the first form of trading, was found to be so inconvenient, that nearly all of the ancient nations soon made use of some medium by which goods could be sold or exchanged, and metal was early in use in this way by barbarians and savages. The metals of currency have ever consisted chiefly of gold, silver, copper or bronze, though aluminum, nickel, pewter, brass and various alloys have been used.

The primitive methods of striking coins and the development of mints are very interesting studies and are recommended to those who find pleasure in reviewing the fine arts of ancient times.

In the study of this subject it was interesting to find that coins with few exceptions, have always been impressed on both sides, and are also for the most part circular or of true coin shape. The principal side or obverse, has ever been that on which the Sovereign's image or chief emblem of the country is placed. The other side, reverse, generally pictures the arms or emblems of the State, or the symbol chosen for the difference of that special piece, the value of the piece, and the name of the country is also often shown on this side.

Old coins portray the faith of their users, as well as their customs and habits, and they are not only interesting and valuable in regard to their historical and scientific worth, but the drawing, sculpture and design of the die-sinker are of utmost importance in the study of art.

The coins of the Roman Empire for years bore the head of some deity supposed to govern the people and give success to their armies, and in the study of old coins one soon realizes how very real were these characters of ancient mythology to the pagan worshippers of that day.

No personal portraits were attempted until the senate ordered Julius Caesar's head put on the coins struck in his honor. These heads are often excellent likenesses, are very beautiful and even now stand out in bold relief when in an ordinary state of preservation.

After Julius Caesar, the emperor or governor, who had struck the coins of Imperial Rome, ordered his own name inscribed, with the legend usually adding some explanatory particular, mostly abbreviated. The exact date of these coins can often be traced to the event the coin was meant to commemorate, by its inscription or type, from the title if the ruler or the year of his Consulate or Tribunate power.

Mr. Giovannelli's collection consists of five bronze coins which can be partially described as follows:

1. On the obverse side is Nero's head, (reigned 55-68 A. D.) on the reverse a gladiator holding a shield, two capital letters S. C. (in Latin Senatus Consulto) denoting the coin could be issued only with the authority of the senate.
2. Domitian, (Domitian) who ruled between 71 and 92 A. D. One side is an hercule seated and holding an object, the design of which cannot be determined nor can the inscription be recognized.
3. Adriano (Adrian 108-118 A. D.) A female figure holding a torch in one hand and a palm in the other.
4. Annia Faustina (222 A. D.) A coin about the size of an American dime, has a portrait of the Emperor on one side and on the other two female figures facing each other. Empress Annia Faustina reigned only a few months and her coins are very rare.
5. Justinian, Empire of Orient 527 A. D. This, said by Mr. Giovannelli to be one of the most interesting coins in existence, is in a very good state of preservation. The letters are plain and can be easily read. On one side is a crowned head and a small cross with Hebrew and Greek inscriptions. The reverse bears a large X in its center, which in the Greek language is 20. This follows the Roman numeral X. The Latin word Anno (year) is conspicuous. Beneath this word are the letters, C. M., abbreviation for Constantinople, the city in which this particular coin was issued.

CHAS. E. HUGHES IS NEW CHIEF JUSTICE OF U. S.

Appointment Made by Pres. Hoover As Taft Resigns On Account of Ill Health.

Washington, Feb. 4.—Charles Evans Hughes, one of the foremost of the nation's jurists and statesmen, is to be the next Chief Justice of the United States.

He will succeed William Howard Taft, who, broken in health by arduous years in the public service, has been forced to resign and devote his entire attention to the betterment of his physical condition.

While Mr. Taft is the only man in history to serve as President and Chief Justice, Hughes missed the former by a narrow margin. Opposing Woodrow Wilson in the campaign of 1916, he failed of election by 23 electoral votes. So close was the balloting that the outcome was in doubt for days.

In their personal characteristics there is a wide divergence between the two.

Taft brought to the supreme bench his cheerful philosophy and his famous chuckle. His studious nature and industrious habits were hidden behind his jovial manner. Frequently he relieved the tedium of protracted legal disputes with one of his characteristic witticisms.

With Hughes, the student of affairs and the austerity of intellect are predominant. The public knows him as a stern, industrious gifted statesman and jurist, always impeccably dressed, the perfect picture of a statesman.

He has been governor of New York and an associate Justice of the Supreme Court. The republicans nominated him for president in 1916 and after his defeat at the polls returned to private practice, but again entered the public service in 1921 to become secretary of state in the Harding cabinet.

Of all glad words of tongue or pen the gladdest of these "Enclosed find check."

YEGGS BLOW A SAFE AT DREXEL P. O.

This Robbery Is the Third of Same Nature to Occur in State in 30 Days.

Morgantown, Feb. 2.—Yeggmen evidently experts, made a complete job of blowing the safe at the Drexel post office five miles from Morgantown last night and relieved the office of all stamps and money on hand. The evidence is that nitroglycerine was the explosive employed and a half a dozen or more m. l. b. g. were used to muffle the sound of the explosion. The door of the safe was completely wrecked. To gain entrance to the room where the safe was located it was necessary to break through two doors each equipped with heavy locks, evidently cowboys were used for this purpose. The theory is that the robbery was accomplished after 3 o'clock in the morning. A night policeman was on duty until that time and had made a round of inspection about that time. Postmaster F. L. Smith, coming to the office at an early hour this morning was the first to discover the work of the yeggmen. As soon as possible he got in touch with Postal Inspector W. B. Garrison, who spent the greater part of the day investigating the affair. Late this afternoon both Mr. Smith and Mr. Garrison said that so far no clues had been discovered. The inspector stated that this was the third postoffice robbery in the state within a month; the other two being at Apex and Polkton. Asked if he thought there was any connection between the three Mr. Garrison expressed the opinion there might be since all seemed to be the work of professionals.

The amount of the loss was not disclosed.

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When Hunger Conquers Fear



Severe cold coupled with heavy snow sends the deer to the farms in quest of food from the haystacks. This doe, which Almina, an Rose Rogers of Speculator, N. Y., are feeding while Rover looks on suspiciously, has overcome its fear of people and dogs, driven by the stronger urge of hunger.

Aldermen Employ City Veterinarian

In line with their program of making Farmville a better and healthier town, come the announcement by the Town Aldermen of the employing of E. G. Hargett as city veterinarian, whose duties will be the inspection of dairies furnishing customers here, of cow barns, giving tubercular tests to cows, and daily inspection of markets and places where food is sold.

This action was taken at the regular meeting held on Tuesday evening, and the officials are busy buying supplies, drafting inspection ordinances and making necessary arrangements, all of which will be completed by March 1st, when the veterinarian will assume his duties here.

Mr. Hargett comes to Farmville well recommended by New Bern and Ayden officials where he has served in this capacity for several years.

This action on the part of the City Board follows the presentation by the local Lions Club, Farmville's youngest, civic organization, of resolutions on this matter. We publish below the resolutions in full:

WHEREAS during the last few years there has been an unusually large number of tuberculosis cases in and around the Town of Farmville, resulting in many deaths; and in this connection we advance as our honest opinion that statistics as to the health conditions in this community would reveal facts which would be alarming, to say the least, when compared with the conditions in other towns of like size.

AND WHEREAS, there has been nothing done to decrease the number of cases of tuberculosis, and little done to improve the sanitary conditions prevailing in the town, during the past few years.

NOW THEREFORE, the Farmville Lions Club goes on record as favoring the passage on an ordinance by the Town Commissioners which would require meat and milk inspection by a person competent to perform such a duty, as a step towards improving the health of the community at large, and of the citizens of the town of Farmville in particular.

It is a known fact that tuberculosis is a disease which is prevalent in almost every herd of cattle—a survey in this community would reveal several cases. There is no more certain way to spread this dread disease throughout a community than by having its milk supply contaminated by a portion of it coming from tubercular cows. We would therefore recommend a regular monthly inspection of every cow in the community, which supplies any milk to any of the people of the town, to ascertain that the cows are absolutely free from tuberculosis; and also an inspection of the premises and methods used in the handling and bottling of our supply of milk.

Due to the fact that there are many diseases which are quite general among hogs and cows, we would suggest that each hog and beef offered for sale at any local meat market be thoroughly examined before being offered for sale, for food, by a food inspector.

We are unanimous in our opinion as to the need of such an ordinance providing the above mentioned service, and feel certain that you will agree with us, only to ask perhaps, how such a service can be worked out so as to be practical, and possible.

We think we can answer such a question—we have corresponded with a veterinary surgeon who will agree to come and locate here, provided the Town of Farmville will pass such an ordinance and agree to give him the work. He is thoroughly competent and one of the best veterinary surgeons to be found. We are advised that a good veterinary surgeon is thoroughly qualified for this work, as work of this kind is a part of their training, and that as a matter of fact, they are really better qualified for such work than the ordinary medical doctor.

Our plan is to require that the health inspector make a daily round of every meat market and examine

NOTED EXPLORER DECIDES TO QUIT

Stefansson Says Folks More Dubious of True Stories Than Fiction

Minneapolis, Minn., Feb. 2.—Dr. Valhjalmar Stefansson, explorer credited with removing legendary terrors from the Polar regions, announced tonight that he was through with exploring because people are more dubious of his true stories than they are of popular fiction.

What's the use of exploring when you can't make people believe what you find. The average person still believes that Eskimos live in igloos and wear tallow candles for light. As a matter of fact, these people of the north have \$5,000 schooners, radios and phonographs.

Dr. Stefansson will lecture at the University of Minnesota.

He said he had lived a year on the diet of the Eskimos and had gained ten pounds during that time.

During the entire year, we had no hot food but fish—baked, boiled and raw and I never felt better physically or (Continued on page four)

each hog and beef which has been brought to the market since his previous round; he to exact a fee of ten cents for each hog and twenty-five cents for each beef, inspected. And, that each dairy cow be examined at regular intervals, as well as the premises, utensils and conditions under which the milk is handled and bottled, also that regular tests of the milk be made for any and all diseases.

Of course a health ordinance, such as we favor and ask for, would also call for regular inspections by the health officer, of all cafes, grocery stores, health stores, or other places where food or drink is sold or offered to the public.

We might call attention to the fact that besides numerous benefits which the community would derive from such a health service as we have named, the owners of all kinds of livestock would have the services of a competent veterinary surgeon available.

We realize and admit that such a health ordinance might not show the many good results which we think would certainly be forth coming, in a short time; but, from a study of conditions in our community as compared to those prevailing in other such communities, we are thoroughly convinced that a service as we have outlined, will be of untold benefit to this town and community in the years to come.

IN CONCLUSION, we earnestly solicit your best consideration of these suggestions, in the name of The Farmville Lions Club, and of the community at large.
FARMVILLE LIONS CLUB
Farmville, N. C., Jan. 7, 1930.

RADIO PROGRAM IS ARRANGED FOR COMING WEEK

Different Phases of "Live-at-Home" Idea Will Be Put On Air From WPTF

Raleigh, Feb. 6.—As a part of the live at home program which will be observed in the public schools of the state during next week, a radio program has been arranged from station WPTF in Raleigh.

Each morning, from 9 to 9:10, Monday to Friday, inclusive, a talk on some phase of the live-at-home idea will be broadcast. On Monday from 2 to 2:10 p. m., a live at home message will be sent from the State Department of Agriculture.

The speakers for each day's program are as follows:

Tuesday—Gov. Gardner.

Wednesday—A. T. Allen, state superintendent of public instruction.

Thursday—J. Henry Highsmith, director of division of school inspection.

Friday—Miss Rebecca Cushing, supervisor of home economics education. All schools not owning radio sets, it is suggested one be borrowed and placed in the auditorium and that the student body assemble each day to listen to these talks.

It is further suggested by educational authorities that parents and others tune in on these programs, or attend the exercises put on in connection with live at home program in the schools.

MERRY SCRAMBLE IN FIFTH DISTRICT STEDMAN RETIRES

Four Democrats May Make the Race For the Veteran's Place in Congress.

A merry scramble is on in the Fifth North Carolina Congressional District among aspirants who would succeed Major Charles M. Stedman, incumbent, the only veteran of the Civil War now serving in congress.

Major Stedman, 69 years of age, is retiring at the end of his present term, after having served his district in congress for the past eighteen years. Among those who would succeed him is former State Senator Frank W. Hancock, Jr., 35 years of age, and a number of others, namely A. F. Sams, Sam C. Gattis and John H. Folger, all Democrats.

A Democrat, Major Stedman, who was wounded three times while serving with Lee's Army in Northern Virginia, and who surrendered with the illustrious Virginian at Appomattox, has been virtually unopposed by members of his own party, but in the Hoover landslide in North Carolina in 1928, which went Republican nationally for the first time since 1876, Major Stedman was almost beaten by a Republican.

Major Stedman, graduating from the University of North Carolina in 1861 at the age of 21, but before the commencement exercises he volunteered for service under General Lee. Fifty years ago he was a delegate to the Democratic national convention, and in 1884 was elected Lieutenant-Governor of his State. He has held many offices of trust in this his native state.

CAN YOU HELP HERE

January 31, 1930

Dear Editor:
I am asking for help, as I am a widow woman with six little children to support. I can't get anyone to furnish me on a crop. I am in great need of something to eat and clothing. If anyone feels that they are willing to lend a helping hand I will greatly appreciate anything they can dispose of. The good book says blessed in the cheerful giver; he that giveth unto the poor lendeth to the Lord. Will you please publish this in your paper. I will thank you ever so much.
ANNIE STEPP

NOTE—Any articles of clothing, shoes or food left at Enterprise office will be delivered to this person.

AUXILIARY OBSERVES WEEK OF SELF-DENIAL

This week is being observed by the Presbyterian Auxiliary as Self Denial week, and a meeting is being held each afternoon at the home of Mrs. J. M. Hobgood. An intensive study of foreign missions is being made with Mrs. N. Otte as leader.

Give me a book, a cigar, a cologne and a log fire!

It's the hope of getting what you haven't got that gives zest to life.

THE GROUND HOG SEES HIS SHADOW LAST SUNDAY

This Section Is Slated For a Long Hard Winter If the Signs Prove Correct

If actions of the groundhog count for anything, and they probably do with many people who still believe in signs and omens, this section of the country is in for six weeks more of bad weather.

Mr. Hog emerged from his long period of hibernation Sunday as he is supposed to do at this time of the year, saw the sun shining as brightly as it has shined before in years, and then retraced his steps as carefully and cautiously as he came.

And another kind of animal would have jumped at the opportunity to bask in the warm rays of bright sunshine, but not the groundhog. If there is anything in the world he doesn't like, it is light, and especially sunlight. He bears a striking resemblance to a criminal in this respect, and positively refuses to show any signs of changing with the passing of the years.

With this locality just recovering from one of the most severe sieges of cold weather in many years, the actions of the groundhog were not conducive to any widespread joy or happiness for anybody, and especially the farmer who has been awaiting the coming of good weather to enable him to prepare for planting season. Everybody was hoping that the hog would not see his shadow so that they might at least have a chance of anticipating good weather even if the signs did not prove true.

However, the tiny rodent came, he saw, and then returned to his underground world to remain there six weeks longer. If the sun is shining at the end of six weeks, then the believer in the groundhog will really have something to disturb him. As it is, the only thing to do is to sit tight and watch the weather man as he attempts to disprove the groundhog's fear of bad weather ahead.

ESSAY PRIZES TO BE AWARDED

School Students Will Get a Chance to Show Their Ability at Writing.

The North Carolina Academy of Science Prize will be awarded this year for the best essay written by a bona fide high school student on any subject in the field of chemistry or physics.

The following general regulations must be observed:

Essays shall be limited to a maximum of 2500 words.

The essay shall be submitted in typewriting on one side of bond paper 8 1/2 x 11 inches.

It is not necessary that a student be registered in the subject in order to compete in this contest.

A title page, carrying the subject, the writer's name, the name of the school, the class to which the writer belongs, and the courses taken in science, shall accompany the essay.

Students may receive aid from instructors only in securing materials. The composition shall be wholly that of the competitor, and certified by the principal of the school.

In case more than three students from a given high school submit essays, the school authorities are asked to select the three that rank highest and submit them.

Essays should be sent to Prof. R. N. Wilson, Duke University, Durham, N. C., not later than April 10, 1930. The judges will be selected by the high school science committee of the academy and the winner of the prize will be announced at the annual meeting of the academy which will be held about May 1. It is the expectation of the academy to present the prize to the winner at the commencement of the school to which he belongs.

A prize last year offered for the best essay in the field of botany, zoology or physiology. The prize, a silver loving cup, was won by Miss Lila Aaron of the Lexington high school, Lexington, N. C. The title of Miss Aaron's paper was "Community Health."

Principals and science teachers are requested to call this announcement to the attention of their students. If further information in regard to the contest is desired by teachers or pupils, it may be had by writing to R. N. Wilson, Box 668, College Station, Durham, N. C.

Most of us don't know we are in trouble until we are caught.

Our idea of a slow move is a committee of fifteen getting down to business.

J. PAUL FRIZZELLE SNOW HILL LAWYER OUT FOR JUDGSHIP

Prominent Lawyer of Snow Hill Enters Race for Place on Superior Court Bench

"After consulting many friends, and myself giving consideration to the subject, I am announcing I shall be a candidate for Resident Judge of the Superior Court in the Fifth District, subject to the action of the Democratic voters in the nominating primary. My fellow citizens to whom I shall submit my candidacy have a right to know my conception of the office to which I aspire and my reasons for the hope that I may meet with some measure of success in the field of judicial endeavor.

"From my study and observation of what we call government, I am convinced that the office of Superior Court Judge is the most important and far reaching, public position in our State system. The Superior Court is the one definite point of contact between the folks and the law. It speaks with authority in language the plain people can understand and on questions of vital importance in their every day life. Holding its sessions in every County, to the vast majority it is the State. It therefore not only administers the law, but, consciously or unconsciously, shapes the real attitude of our citizenship towards their government. It follows that in such a tribunal justice should be administered with that degree of patience which is content with nothing less than the truth. The presiding magistrate should be possessed of such familiarity with the fundamentals of law, procedure, and common sense as will eliminate waste.

"As to whether I can fully meet the responsibilities of the bench, this is a question which I face with frankness and humility. My experiences as a lad upon the farm, the result of my study in college and law school, diligent application to the exacting demands of my profession since admission to the Bar, my varied contact and experience as an active practitioner in the courts for the past 26 years, and whatever I have learned during these years from the average North Carolinian, learned and unlearned, rich and poor, good and bad, unite in constituting the basis of the hope that from a background of preparation, experience and equipment I may render a service as Superior Court Judge that shall be in accord with the finest traditions of the Bench. If nominated and elected, it shall be my deepest purpose to bring to the task I have just attempted briefly to delineate, the best within me."

This is the formal announcement of his candidacy given your correspondent recently in an interview with J. Paul Frizzelle, a native of Greene County, its most prominent lawyer and a man whose name is of genuine weight on the roster of the bar of the State.

Greenville, Feb. 5.—S. B. Currin, a well known tobacconist of this city, has leased the tobacco warehouse on Ninth street owned by F. W. Johnston and will operate the house during next season, according to the announcement made yesterday afternoon. Along with the announcement came the statement that Mr. Johnston was retiring from the warehouse business on account of ill health.

The warehouse will be operated as "Currin's Warehouse," under the firm name of S. B. Currin & Co. The company will consist of S. B. Currin, G. V. Smith and E. B. Suggs.

Mr. Currin is a native of Greenville, and one of the pioneer bright leaf producers in the state. He has been connected with the tobacco business over 29 years, and for the last 12 years has been on the Greenville market.

During the year of 1912 Mr. Currin operated a warehouse on the Wilson tobacco market. Beginning in 1913 and for several years following he bought tobacco for E. B. Watson Co., of Wilson, John E. Hughes Co., Greenville and the American Tobacco Company.

He was supervisor of buyers for the American Tobacco Company for two years. His long experience as a buyer of tobacco, and warehouseman fits him adequately for the operation of the house here, and the announcement of the lease will be received with more than general interest by various members of the industry.

PUT IT ON RIGHT

Many women always look feverish because they have never worked out a system of shading down rouge that can't be upset by early morning rushes or the turning on of electric lights.—Woman's Home Companion.