

Co-Ops' Parity Price Plan Gains in Favor

With ten cents a pound being advanced on actual cotton, the Cotton Cooperatives are now pushing toward the next stage of their "pre-war parity price" program, the making of a similar advance on "plow-up" options.

A statement from cotton cooperative headquarters at New Orleans this week says that an advance of four cents a pound on the options would put fifty million dollars cash into the hands of 660,000 growers, and permit them to hold their options for such market advances as may be obtained from the acreage control in which these growers are taking part.

The cooperative plan also calls for government loans of fifteen cents a pound to growers after they have actually complied with the acreage control requirements, and the final step is to have the government allow the 10-cent loan now, and the 15-cent loan later, on cotton which growers may re-purchase to replace that part of this year's crop which they may have sold.

Practically unanimous support has been voiced for the cooperative plan by individuals and groups to whom it has been presented throughout the cotton states. All state commissioners of agriculture who have expressed an opinion have been wholeheartedly for it.

The plan is said by co-op leaders to be a "practical method of putting into effect President Roosevelt's announced intention of restoring cotton and other farm commodities to their pre-war buying power."

Those who approve the plan are urged to write Henry A. Wallace, Secretary of Agriculture, at Washington, D. C., since "a supporter doesn't register approval where it counts until he registers at Washington."

Some Timely Farm Questions Answered At State College

QUESTION:—How much artificial light should be provided in the laying house to increase egg production?

ANSWER:—Two forty-watt bulbs for each 400 square feet of floor space give the most satisfactory results. This is sufficient light for a standard twenty by twenty laying house and should be placed in the center of the house ten feet apart and six feet from the floor.

QUESTION:—Is it too late to put in grass seed for lawns?

ANSWER:—No. While it would have been better if the seed had been sown in September, it is not yet too late to get a good stand especially if there is a moderate winter.

QUESTION:—How can a farmer get ten cents a pound loan on his cotton from the Government?

ANSWER:—First the grower must own the cotton. The next step is to store the cotton in an accepted warehouse. By accepted warehouse is meant one that is licensed under the State or Federal laws or one that is approved by the lending agency of the Reconstruction Finance Corporation.

Approximately 12,000 packages of rat bait will be used in 48 North Carolina counties this fall in a rat eradication campaign, says A. E. Oman, biologist.

Did the Bible Stories in Genesis Come From Egypt? Distinguished Christian Authority Believes the Narratives of Creation, Garden of Eden and the Flood Were Taken from Egyptian Mythology. Read the Illustrated Article in The American Weekly, the Magazine Distributed with Next Sunday's BALTIMORE AMERICAN. Buy it from your favorite bookstore or newsstand.

Ernest Graham Heads Production Credit Corporation

S. L. Looney, of Tampa, recently elected president of the Production Credit Corporation of Columbia, resigned last week and Ernest Graham of Red Springs, N. C., vice president, was promoted to succeed him.

Announcement of the change was made by Frank H. Daniel, president of the land bank of Columbia, after a special board meeting at which Looney's resignation was received.

Hirman Gardner, Estonton, Ga., who had been secretary and treasurer since the corporation was established a few weeks ago, was made vice president. V. R. Judson, of Bartow, Fla., succeeded Gardner as secretary and treasurer.

The Production Credit Corporation is one of the four units of the Columbia regional Farm Credit Administration, the other units being, the Federal Land Bank, the Intermediate Credit Bank, and the Bank of Cooperatives.

Farmers living in the States of North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia and Florida were better off by \$705,000 during the last three days as loans closed by the Federal Land Bank amounted to this figure.

These Committees will seek to bring about voluntary compromises between creditors and debtors in cases of excessive indebtedness through local county committees. The committees are to be officially appointed by the State Governor, but are to have no legal force to compel acceptance of any compromises of indebtedness.

Any debtor or creditor may present his case before a local committee, when appointed, which shall seek to effect a friendly settlement of the best problem. It is expected that plans will be agreed to in many instances where the indebtedness can be satisfied through loans secured through the Federal land bank and/or the Land Bank Commissioner, or both.

Already Governors of fifteen states have indicated their intention of appointing such committees.

TO RECEIVE APPLICATIONS DURING NOVEMBER FOR U. S. MARINE CORPS

Savannah, Ga., Oct. 27.—Examination of applicants for entrance in the U. S. Marine Corps from Virginia, North and South Carolina, Florida and Eastern Georgia will be held at the Marine Corps Headquarters, Post Office Building, Savannah, Ga., during the month of November it is announced by Lieut. Col. A. B. Drum.

Vacancies for November are allotted as follows: Virginia, 10; North Carolina, 10; South Carolina, 20; Florida, 15 and Eastern Georgia, 10.

Applicants accepted are transferred to the Marine Base, Parris Island, S. C., after preliminary training several weeks some will be assigned to duty aboard battleships or cruisers while others will be assigned to foreign service and stations in the United States.

The Marine Corps accepts only young men who are graduates of High Schools of approved standing. The educational, character and physical requirements are rigid. The varied duties of Marines at foreign stations where they serve under conditions of international importance, and also about ready to hand to protect Americans in distressed foreign nations require selection of capable and reliable men.

Young men in this vicinity who desire service in the Marine Corps should write the Savannah office for applications.

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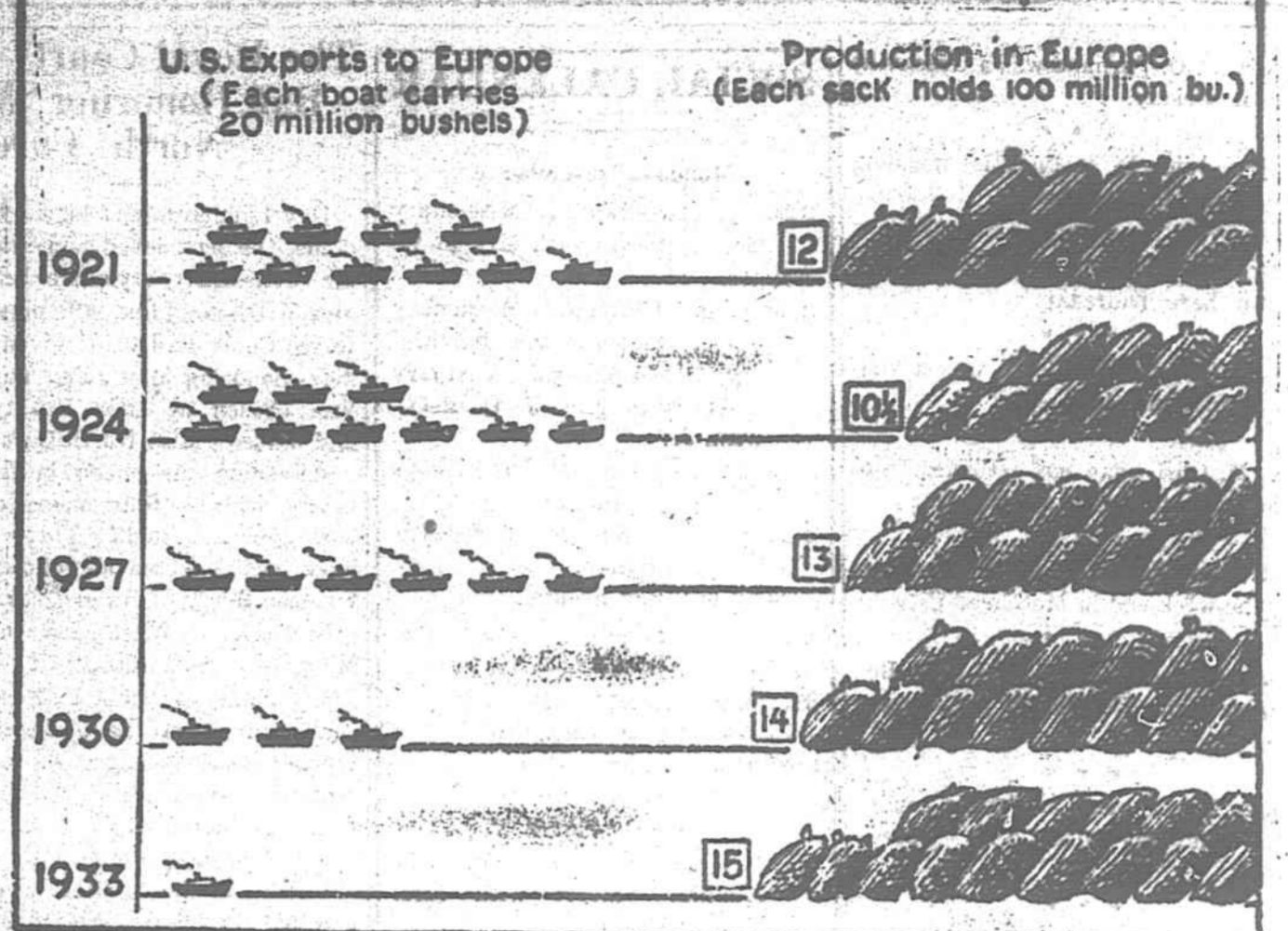
NOTICE OF SALE OF LAND FOR NON-PAYMENT OF TAXES

PITT COUNTY
vs.
Mrs. Annie Horton and Husband.
By virtue and in pursuance of a decree of the Superior Court made in the above entitled cause on September 4, 1933, the undersigned Commissioner, appointed for the purposes therein named (it being a suit to foreclose the lien on the hereinafter described land held by the County for the non-payment of taxes) will expose for sale to the highest bidder, at public auction for cash, on Monday, the 6th day of November, 1933, at the Court house door in the city of Greenville, North Carolina, at 12 o'clock M., the following lots of land situated in the County of Pitt, State of North Carolina, described as follows:
That certain tract or parcel of land lying in Fountain Township, Pitt County, adjoining the lands of Dr. E. B. Beasley, Mrs. Daisy Baker, I. P. Horton lands and others, and being lot No. 2 in the W. L. Horton Division, and containing 51 acres, more or less. This 6th day of October, 1933.
J. B. JAMES, Commissioner.

NOTICE OF SALE OF LAND FOR NON-PAYMENT OF TAXES

PITT COUNTY
vs.
J. H. Coward and wife, Mrs. J. H. Coward.
By virtue and in pursuance of a decree of the Superior Court made in the above entitled cause on September 4, 1933, the undersigned Commissioner, appointed for the purposes therein named (it being a suit to foreclose the lien on the hereinafter described land held by the County for the non-payment of taxes) will expose for sale to the highest bidder, at public auction for cash, on Monday, the 6th day of November, 1933, at the Court house door in the city of Greenville, North Carolina, at 12 o'clock M., the following lots of land situated in the County of Pitt, State of North Carolina, described as follows:
That certain lot of land lying and being situated in the Town of Ayden, North Carolina, and lying on the North-east corner of the intersection of Second and West College Streets. This 6th day of October, 1933.
F. C. HARDING Commissioner.

Wheat: U. S. Exports to Europe and Production in Europe



WHEN Europe produces more wheat for herself she buys less from the United States. That is the feature of the world wheat problem that this chart shows. For instance, in 1921, when many wheat ships were busy carrying the bread grain to Europe, that continent produced only 1,200,000,000 bushels. Since 1927, European countries have been producing more and more of their own wheat and the wheat traffic across the Atlantic has slowed up. In fact, efforts of European countries to supply their needs, and their buying wheat from other countries has just about cut off our wheat exports, as the lone boat for 1933 represented in the chart indicates. The United States doesn't want to withdraw from the export trade, but rather than have grain pile up in the United States or be sold at less than cost, the Agricultural Adjustment Administration has begun a wheat plan which will reduce acreage in the United States and bring production down to the point where it can all be marketed at a profit to the farmer.

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