

Sweet Potatoes Gain As N. C. Market Crop

Farmers who are looking for a new "cash" crop might try sweet potatoes, says H. R. Niswonger, Extension horticulturist of N. C. State College. He says that North Carolina yams are gaining in popularity on Eastern markets.

The varieties of sweet potatoes in biggest demand are the Porto Rico, either the N. C. Strain 1 or the Louisiana strain. Other varieties, such as the Nancy Hall and the Jersey type, have limited demand on some markets.

Niswonger says the best type of soil for growing sweet potatoes is sandy or sandy loam. "Heavy soils and dark soils—especially rich garden soils and places where manure has been used heavily—produce poor quality potatoes," the horticulturist advised. "Also, soils where legumes have been turned under have a tendency to produce over-size, discolored and cracked potatoes. Such land should be planted to corn or cotton for a year or two, and the nitrogen in the fertilizer reduced."

It is very important to use seed that are free from disease, Niswonger declared. It is always best to use certified seed, or certified slips that have been produced preferably by a grower who has been practicing hill seed selection. Only medium-sized seed should be bodded. The Extension specialist says information about the source of certified seed or certified sprouts can be obtained from county agents, or by writing direct to the N. C. Crop Improvement Association, N. C. State College, Raleigh.

Other recommendations by the horticulturist include: Treat the seed before bedding. It requires five to six bushels of seed to set one acre. Use plants from vine cuttings.

tion of physical plants handling the dairy products and a better correlation and emphasis in the management of these plants by those engaged in the industry.

"North Carolina is fortunate," he continued, "to have so many good dairymen to supply milk and cream either directly to the consuming public or to milk processing and distributing plants, evaporating and drying plants, cheese plants, ice cream manufacturers, and creameries."

Now that the State is an important dairy producer, the State College specialist said, dairymen should make every effort to see that their milk will be among the best and most wholesome in the entire country.

Vote On Wheat Marketing Quotas Is Set For May 2

North Carolina wheat growers will go to the polls Saturday, May 2, to vote on wheat marketing quotas for the second successive year, according to W. Herbert White, Caswell farmer and a member of the State AAA Committee.

Quotas were proclaimed by Secretary of Agriculture Claude R. Wickard on the 1942 wheat crop last July when it became apparent that 1942-43 supplies would exceed greatly the marketing quota level set by law. The supply of wheat in 1942-43 is estimated at 1,428,000,000 bushels on the basis of a July 1, 1942, carry-over of 638,000,000 bushels and a 1942 crop of 793,000,000 bushels. This is the greatest supply on record, nearly 100,000,000 bushels more than a year ago.

North Carolina growers approved marketing quotas on the 1942 crop last May 31 by a vote of 1,919 to 374, a majority of 83.8 percent. To be in effect, quotas must be approved by a two-thirds majority of growers in a national referendum.

Mr. White said the quota program this year is substantially the same as that in operation for 1941. Quotas do not apply on farms on which not more than 15 acres is planted to wheat for harvest, nor on those where the normal production of the acreage planted is less than 200 bushels.

Farmers may market free of penalty the normal or actual production of their allotted acreage. Excess wheat, unless stored under bond, is subject to a penalty of 50 per cent of the basic loan rate.

It also has been announced by the AAA that volunteer wheat may be substituted for seeded wheat destroyed by a cause beyond control of the grower upon approval of the County AAA Committee, White declared. If a grower for some reason is unable to seed wheat, a volunteer crop again will be classed as seeded for program purposes. To be in full compliance with the AAA program, however, the total wheat acreage on a farm cannot be more than the acreage allotment.

A WEEK OF THE WAR

(Continued from page one)

1.5 percent from February 17 to March 17. The OPA authorized increased prices of one cent on each five pounds of sugar in six New England states to offset increased transportation costs. The Agency also authorized motor fuel retailers in 17 Eastern States, Washington, Oregon and the District of Columbia to charge three cents a gallon more than wholesale prices. The Office stated uncontrolled inflation would add an additional \$100 billion to the nation's war bill.

The War Front.

Numerically superior Japanese troops on Bataan Peninsula finally broke through the lines of approximately 86,000 American and Filipino defenders, weakened as a result of short rations since January 11. Most of the defenders, well supplied with arms and ammunition, were successfully evacuated to Corregidor Island where they set up a new defense. Corregidor was subjected to continuous bombardment by the Japanese.

The Navy reported total naval losses inflicted on the Japanese by American forces from December 7 to April 11 included 23 warships sunk, 13 possibly sunk, and 28 damaged, and 53 noncombatant ships sunk, 14 possibly sunk, and 15 damaged. The Navy announced the sinking of 16 more United Nations merchant ships off the Atlantic Coast.

Navy Secretary Knox said the inshore patrol has been strengthened however, and by May 1 damage inflicted by enemy submarines in the Atlantic "will be negligible."

The Navy said it will train 40,000 men annually in three types of privately operated schools: Elementary electricity and radio material, visual signaling, and radio operators. Twenty-one such schools are scheduled to start classes by June 1, and 13 have already begun to turn out trained men. Secretary Knox said the Navy, Marine Corps and Coast Guard will recruit negro volunteers for general service in reserve components as soon as a suitable training station is established. The Navy asked the public to use only one of two designated post office addresses in writing the naval personnel outside this country—c/o Postmaster, New York, and c/o Postmaster, San Francisco, whichever is nearer the addresses.

Army and Selective Service.

Army Chief of Staff Marshall and Special Advisor to the President Hopkins arrived in London to discuss military with British leaders. Army Ground Forces Commander McNair reported troops overseas are better trained and better led than in 1917. The Senate passed a \$19 billion war appropriation bill carrying funds for equipment for an army of 3,600,000 men. The army said it plans to commission 500 physicians a month for

active duty with the Army Air Force, and the Army nurse corps is seeking an enrollment of 30,000 nurses by the end of this year. Attorney General Biddle reported there have been 100 convictions for violation of the Selective Service Act since October 1940 and prison terms up to five years have been imposed. President Roosevelt said he is seriously considering voluntary registration of women between 18 and 35.

Funds for 51,000 airplanes were provided in a \$19 billion war appropriation bill passed by the Senate and returned to the House. The Army said it will use 25 percent of commercial airlines' transport planes to transport military cargoes and personnel. The OGD reported its civil air patrol courier service along the East Coast has released army fliers for more important duties. WPA Commissioner Hunter said WPA workers during 1941 had improved facilities at 897 airports, including 533 completed projects.

Agriculture Provides Most Hazardous Work

Strangely, agriculture is the most hazardous American industry, with the farm home contributing largely to this amazing total of accidents, says Miss Ruth Current, State home agent of the N. C. State College Extension Service.

In safety suggestions to North Carolina farm families, Miss Current urged that:

Sharp-edged tools be kept away from play places.

Stairways with more than three steps be equipped with handrails.

Free use of both hands not be sacrificed because of heavy load to carry.

And stairways be kept clear of toys, tools, and boxes.

The State home agent also pointed out that the annual cost of farm and rural fires is \$200,000,000, two-thirds of the national fire loss. Then, too, besides this property damage, 3,500 lives are lost in these fires.

To combat this menace, Miss Current urged that:

Every open fireplace be equipped with a screen.

Kettles, pans, and tubs of hot liquids be kept off the floor.

House dry cleaning be done out-of-doors.

Matches be kept away from children.

And saucepan handles be kept

New Demand Created For Milk Supplies

Army camps and increased civilian population in North Carolina have accounted for a new demand of approximately 10,000 gallons of fluid milk daily, according to W. L. Clevenger, dairy manufacturing specialist of N. C. State College.

The requirement is still on the increase, since new camps are now being established in the State. In addition, the normal demand is increasing as more money is placed in circulation.

This situation, Clevenger said, means that North Carolina is now doing its biggest dairy business and will be expected to do an even bigger job before the war is over.

Indications are, he continued, that the State will be able to meet this new demand without a great deal of trouble, since it is well-balanced from most standpoints.

However, the dairyman said, this added load has required much expansion

FOUNTAIN NEWS

Mr. and Mrs. M. E. Smith spent Sunday in Farm with Mr. and Mrs. Emmet Yeaton.

Guy Eagles will attend the annual Boy Scout Camporee in Roanoke Rapids this week end.

Miss Mary Ruth Carter, of Greenville, was a week end guest of Miss Betsey Fountain during the week end.

Mrs. W. E. Long, of Warrentonburg, spent the week end with Mrs. F. L. Eagler.

Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Horton, and children, Ann and Jimmy, spent Sunday in Burlington with relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Goodwyn and sons, Arthur and George, visited Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Fountain, Sr., Sunday.

Mrs. J. W. Jefferson and Mrs. J. L. Dozier spent several days recently with their sister, Mrs. Ralph Crawford, in Burlington.

Mr. and Mrs. William Walker, of Washington, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. L. P. Yolerton.

Mr. and Mrs. Willie Bundy, of Norfolk, Va., spent Sunday with Mrs. J. T. Bundy.

Mrs. R. A. Fountain, Jr., is visiting relatives in Greensboro.

James Lane Jefferson spent Wednesday in Richmond, Va.

ANNOUNCEMENT!

I hereby announce myself as candidate for re-election to the Office of Sheriff, subject to the vote of the Democratic Primary on May 30th.

Your Vote and Support Will Be Appreciated

J. KNOTT PROCTOR

\$1.50 SUBSCRIBE TO THE ENTERPRISE \$1.50

To The Voters Of The First Congressional District:

In answer to a paid advertisement appearing in the Elizabeth City Advance under date of March 31st, 1942, and circularized throughout the district, attacking the war record of Marvin Blount, we desire to state the facts in this connection.

Marvin Blount volunteered twice for active service and for physical reasons was rejected by the Army and the Navy, but because of his desire to serve his country, he went to Fort Sill, Oklahoma, where he was agent in charge for the Federal Bureau of Investigation, working in connection with the military authorities at that Army post.

When the voters know the truth, they are more able to judge.

- JUNE H. ROSE**
Past State Commander American Legion
- | | |
|-------------------------|----------------------------|
| PAUL E. JONES | T. W. ROUSE |
| J. H. WALDROP | D. J. WHICHARD, JR. |
| D. C. MOORE, JR. | P. L. GOODSON |
| L. W. CHERRY | CHARLIE JONES |
| | J. W. ROOK |
- Veterans of Last World War. Overseas Veterans of Last World War.

On War Record And Public Life

In the Elizabeth City Advance there appeared recently a paid political advertisement containing an editorial which had previously appeared in the same paper. The advertisement concerned itself mainly with the war record of Marvin Blount and Herbert Bonner and contained a number of misleading as well as some utterly false statements.

went to Fort Sill, Oklahoma, and served as Agent in Charge for the Federal Bureau of Investigation, working in close contact and cooperation with the military authorities at that Army Post.

Following the example of the lowly squid (fish) which throws out a cloud of inky liquid when pressed too hard by an adversary, Mr. Blount's assistants must be getting mightily afraid of Blount's chances in the coming Primary to use the squid method of beclouding the waters.

The advertisement referred to condemns Marvin Blount for being a "rich man." While Mr. Blount has been reasonably successful, he is not a rich man, and furthermore, not one penny of his money came to him in the form of a government salary or pension.

The true facts, which by the way could have been easily ascertained before the editorial was written, are these:

The advertisement further states that Marvin Blount "... was little heard of outside of Pitt County ..." Mr. Blount served three terms in the North Carolina State Senate, two terms as Mayor of Greenville, is now County Attorney for the County of Pitt, served as a member of the State Tax Commission and the School Commission created by the General Assembly in the sessions of 1937 and 1939, respectively. As an active leader of the North Carolina League of Municipalities, he was Vice-President of that body and Chairman of its important Legislative Committee during his terms as Mayor.

1. Marvin Blount volunteered for the Army and was given a physical examination in Raleigh, N. C., and was turned down by the Army for physical disability.

2. Marvin Blount then went to Norfolk, Virginia, and volunteered for the Navy. In Norfolk he was given another physical examination and was turned down by the Navy for physical disability.

Now with this in mind, we ask what Congressman Bonner has done for the past 18 years to make himself famous, aside from drawing a good salary from the Federal Government and fostering, or at least not opposing, a bill to pension Congressmen for their "war-effort" while American boys are being called on to die for their Country at from twenty to thirty dollars a month?

3. When his draft number under Selective Service was called, he was given another physical examination and was again refused by the United States Army.

4. Not content with having had three examinations and three refusals of his services by the armed forces, he then

You should know spicy, herbal

BLACK-DRAUGHT

A TOP-SELLING LAXATIVE ALL OVER THE SOUTH

• GET YOUR •

— AND —

Purina, Startens Chek-R-Tabs and Cre-so-fee

— FROM —

DAVIS SUPPLY CO.
Farmville, N. C.

BLENDING RESERVE

\$1.00 | \$1.95

PINT | QUART

SPECIALS!

FRIDAY - SATURDAY, APRIL 17-18

We Deliver -- Phone 469-1

COFFEE — Pure Ground — Lb. 19c	Stringless BEANS No. 2 can 20c
LIBBY'S SAUERKRAT No. 2 1/2 can 15c	PHILLIP'S MIXED Vegetable — No. 2 can 10c
POTTED MEAT 3 cans for 17c	SWIFT'S PREM No. 1 can 36c
CORNED BEEF HASH One pound can 21c	

FREE ICED TEA GLASSES

LIPTON'S TEA

2 FREE 57c 1 FREE 29c

LOOK! 5 Pounds SUGAR 29c

WITH EVERY PURCHASE OF \$3.00 OR OVER

Swift's Cheddar Cheese lb. 28c	DUKE'S Mayonnaise 1/2 Pint 19c
Swift's Sliced Bacon 1/2 Lb. Pkg. 18c	DUKE'S Mayonnaise Pint 32c
Swift's Dried Beef 1/4 Lb. Pkg. 19c	
Swift's Brookfield Print Butter lb. 47c	
Swift's Cream Cheese 3 oz. pkg. 2 For 19c	

— IT'S 3 WAYS BETTER —

• **SWAN SOAP** •

Reg., 2 for 15c • Large, 2 for 23c

REDEEM YOUR COUPONS HERE!

• **SPECIAL** •

NBC or MOTHER'S

Fresh Bread, loaf 10c

— YOUR DOLLARS BUY MORE — AT —

THE "OT" STORE

South Main St. Farmville, N. C.