

WALSTONBURG NEWS

Mrs. E. H. Brooks returned home after a visit with relatives in Monroe. She was accompanied home by Miss Polly Ann Brooks of Monroe, who returned to her home Monday. Mrs. J. A. Newborn of Farmville spent Sunday with relatives near town. Mrs. Ethel Butts attended the birthday dinner at her son's home, Mr. Joe Butts in Farmville, Sunday. Mr. and Mrs. Lee Jones visited in Newport News, Va., Sunday. Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Wheeler and C. T. Hicks made a business trip to Wilson, Monday. Miss Aileen Bailey of Raleigh spent the week end with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Bailey. La. Cecil Lang of Florida, spent the week end with his mother, Mrs. W. E. Lang. Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Bailey and daughter, Rayona, were called to Princeton, Tuesday, on account of the serious illness of Mrs. Bailey's mother, Mrs. Smithy Smith. Miss Eunice Parker, Sara Griffin, Lucille White, Margie Dean Garcia, Bernice Whitesides, and Mrs. A. J. Craft were Wilson visitors Friday. Miss Grace Draughon spent the week end at her home near Dunn. Mrs. Melvin Gay has returned to her home after spending last week with relatives in Norfolk, Va. Piano Recital. Mrs. C. H. Walston presented the following pupils in a piano recital at the High School Friday, August 27, at 8:30 P.M.: Betsy Rouse, Mary Ellen Fields, Mary Blair Shirley, Elizabeth Shirley, Virginia Fields, Leonard Mann, and Wayne Carraway. Immediately following the recital the Home Ec Department of the school was the scene of a lovely reception, honoring the faculty; the Key Board Club receiving. Those in the receiving line were: Ramona Rouse, who greeted the guests, Mrs. Walston Virginia Fields, President, Wayne Carraway, Elizabeth Shirley, Leonard Mann, Jodie Galloway, Betsy Rouse and Margaret Fields. Virginia Fields gave an address of welcome to which Miss Sara Griffin responded. Clear punch and wafers were served by other members of the club, after which Ola Grace Gardner, Jean Redick and Ann Hicks said the good-byes.

STATE COLLEGE ANSWERS TIMELY FARM QUESTIONS

QUESTION: Should I cull my laying flock heavy or light this fall? ANSWER: Because of the shortage of feeds, particularly the protein, you should cull your flock thoroughly this fall and remove all non-layers, says R. S. Dearstyne, head of the poultry department at State College. During the coming year every effort should be made to get the greatest number of eggs from the feed which is available. Last year you were asked to keep some of the hens which were not first-quality producers because at that time the emphasis was put on the egg supply.

QUESTION: What do they make out of pulpwood which I am cutting in my spare time to help in the war effort? ANSWER: Your pulpwood will go into fiberboard, boxes and paper containers to ship food, shells, gun parts, and supplies of all kinds to our armed forces, says R. W. Graber, in charge of Forestry Extension at State College. He also says that your pulpwood goes into medical supplies, photographic film, plastics, smokeless powder, rayon for parachutes, and medical dressings. A cord of wood from your farm can be made into powder to fire two rounds of a 16-inch naval gun.

QUESTION: What is the best method of sowing small grains? ANSWER: The drill is by far the best method of sowing small grains, say the agronomists at State College. Less seed are needed and there is more uniform distribution of seed. They are covered from 1 to 1 1/2 inches deep, which gives more satisfactory germination and permits deep rooting of the plants. These deeper roots hold the plants in place when freezing "heaves" the topsoil and this helps to prevent winter killing. Where grain is sown broadcast, it should be covered with a section harrow. If a roller or cultipacker follows the section harrow, the seed bed is made firm and a better stand is obtained.

RAY Hay, which is cut in the afternoon rather than in the morning, contains more starches and sugars, reports Dr. E. H. Collins, in charge of Agronomy Extension at State College.

FORESTS PRODUCTS The total volume of forest products in 1943 will fall below military needs and essential civilian requirements, says the OWI. Farmers will need to cut additional lumber, logs, and pulpwood.

Weather Bureau: A government agency provides information on those taking a vacation.

TOWN AND FARM IN WANTING (Continued from page 1)

Butan, and the other Marine Sergeant Frank E. Wintering, died at Guadalcanal. RATION POINT CHANGES Reflecting an improvement in civilian meat supplies, the ration cost of most lamb and beef cuts, sirloin steak, and rib roasts has been reduced from one to two points for September. In addition, several variety meats also have lower point values. Creamery butter increased two points to 12 points per pound. Country butter, however, has been assigned a value of six points per pound. The purchasing power of meat-fat stamps in September will be a little larger than in August because the decrease in meat point values more than cancels the higher ration cost of creamery butter. BIG DEMAND FOR STRAW Farmers in the straw producing areas will be urged to make straw available to strawboard manufacturers to enable them to keep up with very heavy requirements for shipping containers for military forces and essential civilian uses. The War Production Board is co-operating with the War Food Administration in a program designed to increase straw collection in midwestern states. Due to heavy rains and flood conditions this spring, much of the available straw crop was destroyed. State and County War Boards are expected to assist strawboard manufacturers in locating available straw. BLUNDER WILL NOT BE REPEATED In spite of a 1944 program designed to achieve the greatest food production in U. S. History, good soil conservation practice can be followed, recently declared Judge Marvin Jones, war food administrator. Thus, Judge Jones said, the U. S. can avoid "the tragic blunder of the other war when land was plowed up without regard to its fitness and the soil was allowed to wash and blow away without any adequate means to prevent it. That blunder," Judge Jones promised, "will not be repeated."

NURSE CORPS FUNDS APPROVED

Funds have been approved to provide complete tuition, fees, stipends, maintenance, and uniforms for an anticipated 10,176 student members of the U. S. Cadet Nurse Corps. Over 500 state accredited schools of nursing have applied to the U. S. Public Health Service for participation in the program. To date, 87 have been approved. MORE LUMBER FROM FARMS A program to increase sharply the production of forest products from farm-owned woodlands as part of the nationwide drive to meet wartime military and essential civilian needs for lumber was announced recently by the War Food Administration. It is estimated that 3 1/2 million farms have woodlands, most of which can yield marketable products. Minimum national requirements for lumber in 1943 total 36 billion board feet. Of this amount 2 1/4 billion board feet are needed for boxing and crating agricultural products. ADD TO NAVY CHAPLAINS' CORPS Although more than 1,500 chaplains now serve the Navy, the Coast Guard, and the Marine Corps, more must be added. "Global war," explained Captain Robert D. Workman, chief of chaplains, U. S. N., "means a global service of religion to the fighting forces—from Alaska and Sicily to the South Pacific, and around the ships of the fleet on all the oceans. We must minister to more men under a greater variety of difficult situations than ever before."

"HOME FRONT PLEDGE" DRIVE ON

A nation-wide, cooperative campaign by homemakers and merchants to hold down the cost of living and combat black markets is being conducted by volunteer civic committees in more than 100 communities through local drives to secure signers for a "Home Front" pledge. Nearly one million pledges have been signed already. Those signing agree (1) "I will pay no more than top legal prices" and (2) "I will accept no ration goods without giving up ration stamps."

This Soldier May Be Your Boy

BUY WAR BONDS I've got a home, too, Mister! Every extra hand you buy through the Payroll Savings Plan will help me get back to it. "Figure it out yourself."

PRUNES AND RAISINS RATIONED

Dried and dehydrated prunes and raisins were returned to rationing September 5. Values were placed at four points per pound. Allocations of dried prunes and raisins to government agencies will be large. However, the balance of raisins and dried prunes available from this year's production for civilian distribution is expected to be over 90 percent of the average annual civilian supply for a five-year period preceding rationing.

SOUTHERN WORKERS HELP SAVE WHEAT

More than 8,500 domestic agricultural workers have been transported to the Midwest and spring wheat area since August 1. This is part of the government's farm labor program, the War-Food Administration said, and was done to help meet emergency harvest needs and save vitally important war crops. The workers were recruited in four southern states with the assistance of county agricultural agents. During the past few weeks, the WFA said, 1,650 workers were moved from Arkansas to North Dakota; 1,200 from Oklahoma to Wyoming, Montana, North Dakota, and South Dakota; 650 from Mississippi to North Dakota; and 200 from Alabama to Ohio. The workers will be returned to their home states in time to help with the cotton harvest, which gets well under way in September.

FOOD FIGHTS FOR FREEDOM

Emblem of the government war food program is a market basket carried by an arm and hand obviously belonging to Uncle Sam. Over the basket is the theme "Food fights for freedom." Consumers, producers, processors, and distributors are asked to cooperate with the four "guides" to action: (1) produce (more food, and of the right variety on farms and in Victory gardens); (2) conserve (don't waste it—preserve fresh perishables—eat the right foods, including substitutes); (3) share (with our fighters and allies—with one another); and (4) play square (cooperate with rationing and legal prices—place the war first and expect to adjust).

Fertilize Grain Crop At Planting

Tests by the N. C. Agricultural Experiment Station show that small grains should be fertilized at the time of planting to obtain larger yields and extra profits, reports Dr. E. R. Collins, in charge of Extension agronomy at State College. Growers should use 300 pounds of a 3-9-5 or 4-10-5 per acre in the Coastal Plain and the same amount of 3-12-4 or 4-12-4 in the Piedmont and Mountains. On fertile soils, where less nitrogen is required, he suggests 300 pounds of an 0-14-7. Where small grains are to furnish fall grazing, the agronomist recommends the use of a complete fertilizer carrying about 5 to 6 percent nitrogen for quick growth. Small grains should receive a top-dressing during late February or

early March. Applications of 100 to 200 pounds of nitrate of soda per acre or its equivalent in sulphate of ammonia or ammonium nitrate give good results. On potash deficient soils, he recommends the use of 150 pounds of 10-0-10 per acre or in addition of 50 pounds of muriate of potash per acre to the nitrogen which is used. Other important factors beside fertilization in successfully growing small grains, are thorough preparation of the soil before planting, the use of treated seed of the proper varieties, and sowing the crop early enough to make good growth before the winter frosts strike. "It costs no more to combine a large crop than a small crop," was the comment of Collins on increased yields.

Boost YOUR BOND BUYING PAYROLL SAVINGS U. S. Treasury Department

Uncle Mose: Preacher say everybody got some good in 'em. Dat show he don't know nuthin' 'bout some of the members.

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF REAL PROPERTY

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, COUNTY OF PITT. Under and by virtue of the power and authority contained in that certain deed of trust executed and delivered by J. D. Johnson and wife, Fannie E. Johnson, L. B. Kinlaw and wife, Minnie E. Kinlaw, and J. B. Eure and wife, Mae J. Eure, and dated the 9th day of March, 1937, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Pitt County in Book Y-21 at page 453, and because of default of the payment of indebtedness secured by the said deed of trust and the failure to carry out and perform the stipulations therein contained pursuant to the demand by the owner and holder of the indebtedness secured by said deed of trust, the undersigned trustee will expose for sale at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, in front of the county courthouse in Pitt County, in the City of Greenville, North Carolina, on Monday, the 4th day of October, 1941, at 12 o'clock Noon, all those lot or parcel of land, situate, lying and being in Pitt County, State of North Carolina, and more particular-

PENDER The Complete Protein Food Vivasoy 2-lb Pkg 29c (1) Colonial Milk Evaporated Tall Can 9c (11) Soy Beans Sailer Man 28-oz Can 10c (4) Needle Soup With Chicken Gib's, 10 1/2-oz Can 12c FILLISBURY'S BEST Flour 10-lb Bag Plain 64c Dog Food 7-lb Pkg 5c Napkins Pkg 8c Mustard 1-lb Jar 8c * Canning Needs * Fruit Jars 1/2-Gallon, doz \$1.00 Jar Rubbers 4 5c Fresh Roasted / Fresh Ground / Double-Fresh D.P. Blend Coffee 1-lb Bag 24c Triangle Plain FLOUR 10-lb Bag 52c Self-Rising 10-lb Bag 54c M. & C. Spaghetti Dinner Pkg 19c Lang's Sour Pickles 12-oz Jar 12c Waldorf Tissue 4 Rolls 20c Green Peppers lb 10c Green Cabbage 4 lbs 19c Fancy Cauliflower head 31c White Grapes lb 14c White Potatoes 10 lbs 37c Fancy Tomatoes lb 10c Sweet Potatoes 3 lbs 27c

described as follows: Lying and being in the town of Ayden and on the west side of Snow Hill Street and known as the D. M. Fure homestead and being all of Lot No. 3 and 23.93 feet of Lot No. 2, that portion of Lot No. 2 adjoining Lot No. 3, having a frontage on Snow Hill Street of 85 feet and a depth of 163.09 feet. Said land will be sold subject to all unpaid taxes and assessments of every kind. The bidder will be required to make a deposit of ten (10 per cent) per cent of said bid, pending the confirmation of said bid and the expiration of ten days allowed by raising of said bid. This the 3rd day of September, 1941. A. F. ROWE, Trustee. Robert Booth, Atty.

FIGURE IT OUT YOURSELF I'm working in a WAR PLANT I figured out I could put more of my pay into WAR BONDS. That may be my ROY Well get this job done a lot quicker and easier if you do your part on the Home Front by buying more War Bonds through the Payroll Savings Plan...

A best-selling laxative ALL OVER THE SOUTH

Because it's thrifty and fits most folks needs BLACK DRAUGHT

Gray Hair? NEW VITAMIN RESTORES NATURAL COLOR

Free Booklet Titled "Thrilling Discoveries New Means For Millions One of the most important scientific discoveries of recent times is an anti-gray hair vitamin that restores natural, normal color to gray hair in nature's own way. Scientific investigation has revealed that gray hair, in many cases, may be due to a vitamin deficiency. Scientists have also discovered the particular vitamins that are necessary to restore color to the hair in such cases. Reports of tests made indicate remarkable results. Now a new and effective drug—easy to use—over 100 in a valuable food supplement. If you are among the millions of people who had themselves handicapped, in business or socially, because of gray hair, mail coupon below for writing for free booklet about the marvelous new vitamin discovery. There is no cost or obligation, so send today. United Vitamin Products, P. O. Box 100, Chicago, Ill., Dept. S. Send FARM BOKLET to: [Name] [Address] [City] [State] [Zip]

I've been looking at a car that wasn't there I WENT window shopping again yesterday. I stared into a big, empty automobile showroom downtown—and pretty soon I saw a car. She was kind of different from the bus I'm driving now. She was long, sleek, and powerful-looking. The windshield went clear around her. There were no gears to shift. The cooling system was sealed—you never touched it. She had synthetic rubber tires that wear like iron. And fast? Man! With that new high-octane gas her motor certainly packed a beautiful punch! So—I made up my mind to buy her, then and there. And I will, too. One of these days, after the war's been over for a while, I'll walk in and drive her home. And I'll slap the money for her right down on the counter. You see, I'm in the Payroll Savings Plan. Been in it ever since it started in my plant. Every single payday, I'm tucking away all I can in War Bonds. That money's going to come back to me in ten years—and bring more money with it. Four dollars for every three. I get a real kick out of thinking how that money's piling up for me. Money that's going to let me have some of the things I've always wanted to have—do some of the things I've always wanted to do. *** C. Oakes are, you're already in the Payroll Savings Plan—buying War Bonds—doing your bit. But don't stop there. Raise your sights! Do your best! YOU'VE DONE YOUR BIT NOW DO YOUR BEST! BUY YOUR BOND BUYING THROUGH THE PAYROLL SAVINGS PLAN This advertisement is a contribution to America's all-out war effort by The Rouse Printery