

MR. LOVE SPEAKS TO GRADUATES ON CHALLENGE OF HOUR

Tells Them Must Be More of Service and Unselfishness In All Walks of Life

GRADUATION SCENE IS PRETTY PICTURE

The heart of every citizen of the city, especially those who were in attendance upon the final scenes of the graduation...

Despite the almost prohibitive rain which threatened to cause a small attendance, the auditorium and gallery were filled with expectant and proud fathers and mothers...

Greeted by Applause

Vigorous rounds of applause greeted the graduates as they made their appearance at the main entrance to the auditorium...

Presents Old Friend

The singing by a class of young ladies under the direction of Miss Eleanor Edmundson, revealed the fact that in Goldsboro there is unquestionable vocal talent...

The Challenge of the Hour

Mr. Love chose for his subject, "The challenge of the hour to the youth of the present day" and from this subject he delivered an address of rare power and inspiration.

The Prizes Awarded

Following the address of Mr. Love the class favored the assemblage with another spirited chorus, after which Mr. G. C. Konegay presented the diplomas.

The "Well prize" for the highest scholarship average during the four years high school course...

The "Royal prize" for the best essay, won by Miss Virginia Graham, honorable mention being made of the work of Miss Virginia Link, Thomas Cammen and Miss Virginia Egan.

The "Golden cup" for the class making the highest scholarship average during the term...

The honor for the literary solet, giving the best program in joint session, was won by "McNeill No. 2."

The "Debate Banner" to the class winning out in inter-class contest, was won by the Juniors.

The essay prize offered by The Goldsboro News to the class which produced the best series of essays in a contest for several weeks...

Briefly the speaker referred to the

Strict Secrecy Surround Probe Of Fraud Cases

WASHINGTON, May 31.—Investigation of the so-called war frauds cases began today before a special Federal grand jury when United States Attorney Payton Gordon presented as the first of the government's series of cases dealing with war time contracts that involving disposal of surplus lumber by the quartermaster corps of the United States army.

Without a recess intervening, the grand jury empaneled under a recent act of Congress sat for four hours, the deliberations being accompanied by the secrecy usually such surrounding proceedings.

Extraordinary precautions were taken to prevent leaks. Attorney General Daugherty announced that at no time during the progress of the grand jury's investigation would he divulge information concerning its activities nor the names of the cases presented and that all officials connected with the inquiry were sworn to secrecy and that he could not say what case would be the first on which the government would ask indictments.

One of the first acts of the grand jury was to subpoena all available papers and records bearing on the lumber case. Witnesses were on hand to testify but their names were withheld.

ALL LIBERTY BONDS ABOVE PAR FIRST TIME SINCE ISSUE

Heavy Trading in Bonds Recorded On the Market Yesterday

TREASURY OFFICIALS FORECAST GOOD ONE

NEW YORK, May 31.—For the first time since the date of issue, all Liberty bonds today sold at par or better. Heavy trading in Liberty bonds at highest prices and transactions embracing several lots of \$1,000,000 were the outstanding features in the bond market.

Continued ease of money and investment buying by individuals and corporations in anticipation of June interest and dividend disbursements gave stimulus to the day's extensive purchases of these war floatations.

At the low quotations of last year, most of these bonds were yielding from 5 to 6 1/2 per cent. On the present basis of values, the 3 1/2's net exactly three and one half per cent and the 4's and 4 1/4's from 4 to 4 1/4 per cent. In fine, predictions of treasury officials made early in the year that all of Uncle Sam's war floatations soon would reach par or better have been fulfilled.

Women are forbidden, by act of the British parliament, to go down mines as engineers.

Tendency among young people to be lax and careless; the threatening dangers ever attendant which would tear down our high standard of civilization and jeopardize morals. The call of the hour is for higher standards and alertness; that these dangers might be minimized and the nation not only be made safe for democracy, but our civilization safeguarded against those sacrifices and crucifixions of character. The call is to those who are willing to do and dare for humanity. There must be injected into our democracy a greater spirit of brotherhood, or democracy would pass from the earth leaving only a crimson blot.

The speaker applied these principles to business life and all phases of human endeavor and declared that any business operated only for the prime object of profit or self without regard to the principle of service, must be relegated to the past, and greater regard or consideration given to the brotherhood spirit.

Following the address of Mr. Love the class favored the assemblage with another spirited chorus, after which Mr. G. C. Konegay presented the diplomas.

The following prizes were announced by Principal S. T. Emory and were delivered:

The "Well prize" for the highest scholarship average during the four years high school course, won by William Cary Maxwell and Miss Ethel Cary.

The "Royal prize" for the best essay, won by Miss Virginia Graham, honorable mention being made of the work of Miss Virginia Link, Thomas Cammen and Miss Virginia Egan.

The "Golden cup" for the class making the highest scholarship average during the term, was won by the seniors.

The honor for the literary solet, giving the best program in joint session, was won by "McNeill No. 2."

The "Debate Banner" to the class winning out in inter-class contest, was won by the Juniors.

The essay prize offered by The Goldsboro News to the class which produced the best series of essays in a contest for several weeks, was won by the seniors.

BONUS WILL TAKE PRECEDENCE OVER TARIFF MEASURE

Democrats Vote to "Report It Out" Without Committing Members

LOAN PROVISION RETAINED IN BILL

WASHINGTON, May 31.—The House today passed the bonus bill, amended in several important particulars, but with the much discussed loan provision retained, was approved today by the Senate Finance committee by a vote of nine to four. Chairman McCumber proposed to report the measure to the Senate within a few days and said he hoped to get action on it before the passage of the tariff bill.

The most important alterations made in the House measure were: The changing of the effective date of legislation from next October 1 to January 1, 1922.

Removal of the time limitation on the filing of applications for world war veterans for adjusted service compensation.

Abandonment of the reclamation plan and the substitution of a provision under which veterans would be given preference in making entry on public or Indian lands when opened to entry.

Approval of the altered house measure commonly called the McCumber plan was voted by the committee after rejection of a measure offered by Senator Smoot of Utah ranking committee Republican proposing paid-up life insurance in lieu of all other forms of compensation.

Neither President Harding's views with respect to the bonus nor methods of financing the legislation entered into committee discussions. Senators said leading proponents of the McCumber plan said it would "not be acceptable" to the administration since it called for no heavy expenditures during the next three years and would require neither new taxes or any large draft on the treasury.

Vote is Nine to Four.

The commonly known McCumber soldier bonus plan was ordered favorably reported today by the Senate Finance Committee. The vote was 9 to 4. The effective date of the bill was changed, however, from next October 1 to January 1, 1922, after Senator Walsh Democrat, Massachusetts, told the majority that it would take six months to get the bonus machinery in operation.

Smoot Plan Lost.

The Smoot plan providing for paid-up life insurance in lieu of all other forms of compensation, was defeated by a vote of 8 to 5, the three Democrats—Simmons, Walsh and Gerry—voting against it. Republican supporting the Smoot proposal, were Senator Smoot, McLean, Frelinghuysen, Calder and Dillingham. Republicans voting against it were McCumber, Curtis, Watson, Sutherland and La Follette.

Senator McLean broke the tie which has existed among the Republican members on the vote to report the McCumber plan which is the House bill with some amendments including elimination of the land settlement or reclamation project.

Several of the majority members of the committee gave notice to Chairman McCumber that they would oppose laying aside the tariff bill for Senate consideration of the bonus at any time in the near future. Chairman McCumber replied that he intended to get no prompt consideration of the bonus bill as could be worked out, but did not state whether the tariff measure would be laid aside. It was reported that the Republican leaders hoped to work out some plan by which the bonus measure could be expedited without delaying seriously the tariff bill.

Senator Simmons, ranking Democrat, announced on behalf of the three Democrats present that they voted to report out the McCumber bill only to get action promptly and not because they favored the measure. The Democratic leader expressed the belief that the McCumber bill would be of little benefit to the former service men and said to offer a substitute bill in the Senate or an amendment to the McCumber plan.

DICK EVANS JOINS LOCAL BALL TEAM.

KINSTON, May 31.—Dick Evans, West Virginia, will join the local club of the Eastern Carolina League Monday. Evans will not pitch before the middle of the week, however, as he is predicted today. He is regarded as the best of the local twirlers. He was a member of the Kinston club last year, and did excellent work in the last half of the season. He developed into one of the fastest hitters in the league, having a remarkable tendency to bang out two and three-baggers when they were needed.

Wilkesboro Boy, Just Graduated, Is Killed When His Plane Crashes

RICHMOND, Va., May 31.—William A. Snyder, of Wilkesboro, N. C., who graduated this morning from the Langley field photographic school, was killed today while flying over his uncle's farm four miles from here, his single seat army plane going into a nose dive and bursting into flames when it crashed.

Identification was made by the un-

WATSON AGAIN GETS SENATE INTO ROW AFTER HOOPER NOW

And Again the Vice President Calls His Attention to Rules

WILLING TO ENGAGE LENROOT IN COMBAT

WASHINGTON, May 31.—Charges made against Secretary Hoover in the Senate last week by Senator Watson, Democrat, Georgia, led to a lively row today between that Senator and Senator Lenroot, Republican, Wisconsin, in the course of which the Georgia Senator was admonished by the Vice-President against violation of the Senate rules as to the use of language in the Senate chamber.

The tilt was precipitated through presentation by Mr. Lenroot of a letter from Mr. Hoover, denying assertions made by Mr. Watson that the account of the foreign relief organizations under the commerce secretary's direction never had been audited. Mr. Lenroot declared in presenting the letter that it "so happens that senators sometimes make statements that are absolutely without foundation," adding that the statement regarding the relief account was of that character.

Senator Watson was on his feet instantly, declaring that it was the third time that Mr. Lenroot had attacked him personally and that he was not afraid of the Wisconsin senator "on the floor of the Senate or anywhere else." He then said the Wisconsin senator would have to settle with him personally.

Defies Lenroot

Senator Lenroot was referred to by the Georgia senator as "the insolent junior senator from Wisconsin," and the Senate was reminded that the speaker had "defied" Mr. Lenroot on two previous occasions when differences had arisen.

"I defied him then and I defy him now," shouted Mr. Watson. "I'm not afraid of him here or anywhere else, and the sooner he finds that out the better for both of us."

Vice-President Coghlan pounded heavily with the gavel and warned the senator against the use of language that violated Senate rules. Mr. Watson retorted that no objection had been entered in the Senate without reading in explanation, the Georgia senator told the Senate that he did not want the letter to be printed without an answer and "thus to go as with unanimous approval of all senators." He said that Mr. Lenroot was "well known as a bitter hater of the South" and declared he would not permit the remarks regarding his recent statements to go unchallenged.

Senator Lenroot, opening the discussion, told the Senate that it was unfortunate that a man who could not defend himself in the Senate was made the subject of attack and declared that the country will judge between Mr. Hoover and the Georgia senator.

Senator Watson, however, reiterated his charges that Mr. Hoover had not had an audit of the funds and declared that the "Englishman Hoover has been accused several times of appropriating \$10,000 a month of these funds to his own use" and of having been guilty of paying wasteful salaries to subordinates in the relief work.

Handled Money

The statements of Senator Watson Mr. Hoover's letter said, appeared to have been based on "most absolute misinformation."

"Wherever these associations (the Belgian Relief Committee and the American Relief Administration) have been handling funds belonging to this government," the letter continued, "the whole of account and vouchers have of necessity been deposited in the U. S. Treasury in order to obtain payment of the appropriations."

"These associations have also handled money for foreign governments, but they were presided over by directors of high standing in the community, they have always operated under the supervision of merchant banks and in every instance of their disbursements and receipts have been so organized as to require combined action of officers of men."

Mr. Hoover added that he thought it was only due the men who had saved their services in the interest of humanity and in the spirit of the best America that the statements be corrected.

Herbert Hoover To Take Responsibility Of Fixing Price Of Nation's Coal

Late Wire Flashes

WILWAUKEE, May 31.—Twelve giant gas bags were tonight sailing through the upper air as participants in the thirtieth national balloon race which started here today and will reach each navigator wherever and whenever he returns to earth.

Thirteen pilots took balloons into the air but the sky pilgrimage for crewed balloons of Springfield, Ill., ended quickly. His bag was unable to hold its gas and when Donaldson, himself headed into Lake Michigan a sinking at the same time he was seen at Bay View after a four mile journey. The landing was made within a few hundred feet of the lake.

The balloons were started by a gusty wind which carried them rapidly by southeast. Special weather reports showed, however, that when an "eye" of 2,000 to 500 feet was reached the balloons would be shifted into a northeasterly direction by a steady southwest wind. The pilots said they planned to take advantage of this air current which would carry them into northeast United States or Southeast Canada provided they negotiated the Great Lakes.

CARSON, Nev., May 31.—Mary Pickford's divorce from Owen Moore was sustained today when the Nevada supreme court affirmed the order of district Judge Frank H. Langan quashing service of summons in the action brought by Attorney General Fowler to set aside the decree granted the movie star.

PARIS, May 31.—The reparations commission tonight fully approved the German request for its ultimatum and definitely decided to grant Germany a provisional moratorium for the year of 1922.

IMPROVEMENT IN BUILDING NEEDED

Merchants Association Seeking to Get Plans For Enlarging Postoffice Executed

The Merchants Association is trying to secure such an enlargement of the Goldsboro postoffice as will meet the needs of the ever increasing business of the office. President Hawley has written Senator Simmons and secured his interest in the matter. The letter given below sets forth the needs mentioned and the steps that have been taken to secure it. Senator Simmons promptly replied to the letter saying that he would take the matter up with the treasury department and see what their attitude would be regarding the necessary legislation to secure the improvement, the postoffice buildings being under the jurisdiction of the treasury.

Business men of the city are writing letters individually supplementing that of the association. The following letter was sent Senator Simmons:

"Hon. F. M. Simmons, U. S. Senate, Washington, D. C.

"My Dear Sir:—There has recently been filed in the supervising architect's office plans, drawings and specifications for a proposed enlargement of our present Postoffice building, which will entail an approximate cost of thirty to thirty-five thousand dollars, and in as much as this expenditure will necessitate special legislation, I wish to acquaint you with the following facts:

"The present building was erected in 1904 when there was no parcel post and when the population of our city was considerably less than five thousand. The total annual receipts of the office at that time was fifteen thousand dollars and the receipts from box rentals was approximately 25 per cent of the present receipts. At this time the population of our town has reached twelve thousand and the indications now are that the receipts this year will be fifty thousand dollars. Parcel post has grown to such an extent that the present needs demand a separate room and special help to handle it. Our Postmaster states that there is no room to place the present additional boxes. Therefore, in consideration of the above facts I beg that you take this matter up with the Treasury Department at your earliest convenience and as soon as possible secure the necessary legislation for the erection of this addition to our present building."

"This matter is vastly important and in of special interest to every man in Goldsboro and vicinity. I wish to assure you, sir, that our entire population will be grateful for any service you may see fit to render. I am, Yours very truly,

"Goldsboro Mer. Association. JOHN H. HAWLEY, President."

SAFE CROSSING CAMPAIGN OPENS

The general public will be greatly interested in the campaign which opens today under auspices of the American Railway Association for the prevention of accidents involving automobiles and other vehicles at grade crossings. The Campaign will be nation-wide in its scope and will extend over a period of four months, from June 1st to September 30th, 1922.

Handsomely illustrated posters are now on display in every public place in all our cities and towns, as well as in the vicinity of grade crossings in our rural districts. These posters point out the hazards incident to crossings railroad tracks at grade, unless proper caution is exercised. It is believed by many people that the only safe plan is to STOP, LOOK, AND LISTEN, before attempting to cross railroad tracks at grade.

It is hoped in view of the many serious accidents which have occurred at these crossings during recent years, involving loss of life and property, that every person operating an automobile will realize the seriousness of the situation and resolve to further the campaign by literally following the slogan which has been adopted "CROSS CROSSINGS CAUTIOUSLY."

DAUGHTERS WILL SERVE BARBECUE AT NOON.

The Daughters of the Confederacy will have a barbecue on the Court House Square at 12:30 today for the benefit of Confederate Veterans who wish to go to the Reunion at Richmond.

If the weather is unfavorable the dinner will be served in the vacant store of the Borden Building on Walnut street.

MT. OLIVE CHAMBER LUNCHEON TONIGHT

President Kenneth Royal Chief Speaker For New Organization of Sister Town

Mr. Olive business men have completed the organization of their chamber of commerce and are starting off with vim and vision to work for the development of Mt. Olive and Wayne county as well. Their first act in their official career will be to extend the right hand of fellowship and cooperation to the Goldsboro chamber at their organization luncheon this afternoon.

This event will take place at six-thirty this evening and Mr. Kenneth C. Royal, as president of the Goldsboro Chamber, will be the principal speaker and guest of honor.

Mr. Olive has not heretofore had a chamber but the leading business men, convinced of the value that such an organization would be, have gone into the organization with great enthusiasm. They have expressed great appreciation of the efforts of the Goldsboro Chamber in its hard road program and are ready to join with them, in carrying on this program and also the agricultural program.

Members of the Goldsboro Chamber are delighted with the organization at Mt. Olive and hail it as a great addition to the working energy that can be marshalled into every effort for the development and upbuilding of Wayne county. With this new organization young and vigorous as it will be, Waycounties can boast of, namely, two wide awake chambers of commerce. Two such working organizations can put Wayne on the map in any way that they undertake.

SAYS IT'S HOBBS AND ABERNETHY

Mr. O. J. Peterson, manager of Hobbs campaign for congress, passing through the city yesterday, is enthusiastic for his man and as cheerful as a spring morning. He does not claim that his man will be nominated in the first primary, but he does claim that he will be in the second primary.

Mr. Peterson has been down in lower Wayne, where he says Hobbs' prediction predominates. He makes no prediction as to Wayne, other than the prediction of surprise.

"Just say it will be Hobbs and Abernethy in the second primary," Mr. Peterson told the News.

Two women have been elected to the city council of Seattle.

The head of the engineering forces of the Chilean State railroads is a woman.

At Conference With Union and Non-Union Operators Mr. Hoover Asks Mine Owners To Agree With Him On Reasonable Price For Coal During Strike Period; Will Have Committees Report To Him.

WASHINGTON, May 31.—Maximum fair prices for spot coal in five districts were announced tonight by Secretary Hoover after reaching agreements with committees representing those fields under the plan adopted at the general conference of operators from producing fields for preventing run-away prices on coal at the mines during the strike.

It was determined that in the Alabama district the fair price should be 25 cents below the final "Garfield scale," or a maximum of \$2.35 a ton to \$2.60 a ton.

In the Harlan and Hazard fields of Kentucky the Southern Appalachian fields of Tennessee and Kentucky and the Pocahontas New River Pigeon and Winding river gulf fields (less coal districts of West Virginia) the maximum price was fixed at \$3.50 a ton. Fair prices for the remaining fields which are producing during the strike are to be fixed tomorrow after conferences between Mr. Hoover and committees representing those districts which were appointed after the general meeting today.

WASHINGTON, May 31.—Secretary Hoover today assumed the responsibility for fixing a reasonable price on spot coal during the continuance of the present coal strike.

Opening the conference here today of union and non-union operators in the producing fields, Mr. Hoover declared that any agreement between the operators looking toward the fixing of the price of coal, even though it is in the interest of the public, would be illegal and therefore he asked the individual operators to agree with him upon a reasonable price for coal in their respective districts.

The commerce secretary today made the immediate appointment of committees representing each producing district to advise with him upon a fair price for coal in their respective districts. He also asked that these committees should continue in existence and report to him, after the determination of a fair price, cases of unfair prices in their districts and act as his request as might be necessary to meet such cases.

At Request Harding. Mr. Hoover told the several hundred operators assembled at the meeting that the conference had been called by him at the request of President Harding to consult as to what means might properly be taken to restrain runaway coal prices due to the strike. He explained that the conference was not concerned with wages or other questions, but solely to the question of price and distribution of coal now being produced.

Speaking of the present conditions throughout the country, he said that production was now about 5,000,000 tons a week, and consumption between 3,000,000 and 3,500,000 tons a week. Production will increase slightly as time goes on, he added.

"The time has arrived," Mr. Hoover said, "when the unwise virgins who had not heeded my recommendations for stocking up with coal must go into the market and get it."

Mr. Hoover recalled that the last time there was a coal strike coal rose as high as two dollars to fifteen dollars a ton at the mine, which he declared, represented millions of dollars a week loss to the operators. This color, he asserted, was against the will and wish of the operators, who considered it the most disastrous thing that could happen to them.

Coal prices throughout the country today, Mr. Hoover continued, range from about two dollars and twenty-five cents to three dollars and fifty cents a ton, although the margin of profit may be the margin between profit and loss for the operators. The public, Mr. Hoover contended, should understand that the problem at hand is one of almost stupendous difficulty.

"It is easy," he said, "to renounce profiting. With some it is a favorite sport, but the vast majority of operators do not wish to tolerate profiting in coal."

What a fair price for coal is depended upon conditions in each district and where profiteering begins and ends if a question of definite fair price, determined upon facts and not upon theories, the secretary told the operators. There is not, Mr. Hoover explained, a single shred of law to enforce a fair price for prevent profiteering, and the law prohibits operators agreeing as to what a fair price may be. Complications against public interest.

"In times of emergency," Mr. Hoover said, "some one must take the responsibility, assume the leadership and say what is fair. I do not believe a man is worthy to hold public office who will not assume responsibility in times of emergency, and I will not ask any agreement or combination to restrain trade or prices wrong in law. I propose to inquire as to the situation in various districts and I will take the responsibility of my own back and will ask every operator to accept this task in his own district."