How Two Brave Men Died.

Malcolm Ross, in Harper's Weekly.

A flying column of British and American marines and bluejackets and some friendly natives had been pushing further and further inland along the bush roads, and day after day passed without any opposition. We were beginning to think that there was no fight in the rebels, when suddenly, on April 1, our small force was attacked by about a thousand Matanda warriors, cleverly placed in ambush on the Gorman plantation of Vaiele. The attack came first from the rear, and almost simultaneously came firing all along the left of the line, as well as from the front. The Colt automatic gun the Americans had with them, and which was capable of firing 400 rounds a minute, was brought quickly to bear by Lieutenant Lansdale, but it suddenly jammed and the bullets of the enemy poured into our column from three sides, so that our men could find no shelter even behind the coconut trees with which the plantation is studded. Several men dropped under the hot fire of the enemy, and Lieutenant Lansdale the executive officer of the Philadelphia had his leg shattered by a rebel bullet while endeavoring to fix up the disabled gun. Some of the officers and men wanted to charge, but that would have been of little avail. Indeed, a charge would have probably meant the surrounding of the whole force, and the cutting off of the only line of retreat. And so the British and the Americans fought on shoulder to shoulder, till it became obvious that safety lay only in retreat.

Lansdale and brave Benjamin Monaghan by some means or other got left behind. They were probably lost sight of in the trees or the longgrass of the plantation. For a time a sailor was with them, but his ammunition was exhausted and Lansdale now badly wounded, asked his comrades to save themselves. The sailor went, but Monaghan refused to budge, and continued to help along his superior officer whom his leg was shattered. The rest is soon told. They found his body next day, not far from Lansdale's. Both had their heads cut off. Between the two lay a dead Matanda warrior. Two other dead men lay near; and Lansdale, in addition to his shattered leg, had now a bullet through his heart. It was easy to read the story. The brave young ensign, surrounded by the rebels fought till the last, and not till his comrade was shot dead did he think of retreat. And I have no manner of doubt that it was his rifle or revolver that had accounted for the three dead Samoans who lay near. The American navy lost two brave officers, but the American nation is the richer for a story that will live in history.

Age in the Senate.

Charlotte News.

The senate of the United States that will meet at the opening of the fifty-sixth congress will be a body of mature men, says the New York Times. The average of its 85 members is 56 years and 6 months, or a little more. The aggregate years of these men are 4,664. The oldest senator is Edmund Winston Pettus, of Alabama, who is 78, and the youngest senator is Marion Butler, of North Carolina, who is 36. The 86 senators may be classified by ages as follows:

75 and 80	2
70 and 75	9
65 and 70	8
60 and 65	17
55 and 60	11
50 and 55	18
45 and 50	12
40 and 45	4

More Profit in Finer Cloth.

Baltimore Sun.

In an address recently at Charlotte it was urged by Mr. D. A. Tompkins that the cotton manufacturers of the South should begin to make finer goods with a view to bigger profits. The plain cloth now made in the South—made of cotton worth 6 cents a pound—sells for about 18 cents a pound. The margin of difference is about 200 per cent on the cost of the cotton. But weighing ordinary dress goods, such as is worn by the ladies of Charlotte, he finds that a pound of it brings about 64 cents. The margin here between the raw cotton and cotton dress goods is 1,200 per cent. How much of this large difference, he asks, is profit to the manufacturer? It is a Southern interest to win the larger profit by making the finer class of goods.

Confidencing With The Public.

Philadelphia Record.

It would be well for the merchant to remember that he talks to the people through his advertisements. Each day that he advertises in a newspaper which circulates extensively he may be considered to be in conference with his patrons. Not having them before him at the moment, he uses the advertising columns in order to tell them what he wants them to know; and if he tells it in a proper manner his information and suggestions will be heeded, to the advantage of his customers and himself. Naturally, an abundant show of confidence ought to characterize the business announcements by which the clever and discerning tradesman puts himself into direct communication with the purchasing public.

A Fine Mill.

Lincoln Journal.

The mill which the Daniel Manufacturing Company is building here will be one of the finest in the South. It will be equipped with finest machinery obtainable for spinning fine yarns. The product will be Nos. 60 to 80 yarns, which will require the highest grade of sea island long staple cotton.

A Testimonial Temperance.

Could not express the rapture of Annie E. Springer, of 1138 Howard st., Philadelphia, Pa., when she found that Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption had completely cured her of a hacking cough that for many years had made her life a burden. All other remedies and doctors could give her no help, but she says of this Royal Cure—"It soon removed the pain in my chest and I can now sleep soundly, something I can scarcely remember doing before. I feel like sounding its praises throughout the Universe." So will every one who tries Dr. King's New Discovery for any trouble of the Throat, Chest or Lungs. Price 50c and $1. Trial bottles free at J. E. Curry and Company's Drug Store; every bottle guaranteed.

Blood Disappearing of Air.

Cleveland Post.

"Does your wife ever examine you when you stay out late at night?"

"Were then that. She encourages the children to ask questions in her presence."

Good For North Carolina.

Atlanta Journal.

Candor compels the admission that while Georgia is ahead of North Carolina in many respects it is distinctly behind North Carolina in one of the surest evidences of progress, one of the surest means of improving the condition of a state, namely, the construction of good roads.

Within the past ten years North Carolina has built many more miles of first-class roadway than has Georgia and the popular interest in good roads seems to be much stronger there than it is here.

This comparison is not pleasant for intelligent Georgians to contemplate. Georgia is richer and more populous than North Carolina; has larger business interests produces crops of greater value and has more markets for them. Moreover good roads may be constructed quite as cheaply in Georgia as in North Carolina. Our soil is as easily worked and our supply of all the materials used in road construction is far greater.

The only explanation of the superior progressiveness of North Carolina in road-building is that the people of that state have given the subject more thought and have a better understanding of the value of good roads.

Beginning July 11 and continuing for two weeks a road-builders' institute will be held in Charlotte which will probably result in still further activity in road construction in that state.

The Charlotte *Observer* says:

"With this institute conducted by State Geologist Holmes and General Roy Stone, the director of the United States government department of road engineering; with the road authorities of Mecklenburg and the authorities of the city of Charlotte co-operating with them; with the roads and streets, of the city and county as object lessons, and with road machinery in operation and road and street-building in progress before their eyes, it would seem that nothing will be lacking calculated to give the visitors comprehensive and intelligent ideas upon this great matter.

South Carolina will be largely represented at the Charlotte road-builders' institute and it would be well for Georgia to have representation there. We have had several road conventions in Georgia but we have never heard of one which accomplished anything.

The institute at Charlotte will be directed by practical men and its results will certainly be good.

It is time for Georgia to brace up on the road question.

Saloons Banished From Shelby.

Cleveland Star.

The two saloons in Shelby, run by Messrs. H. E. Scates & Co. and S. D. Campbell, closed their business here last Friday night in obedience to the act of the legislature which put an end to the licensed sale of whiskey in Cleveland county. The closing scenes were marked by good order and quiet. One of the incidents of the closing up of the business was the sale of accounts on Saturday last. One customer's account for $20 brought 15 cents. Another of like amount brought 55 cents.

Mr. Campbell immediately shipped his barroom fixtures to Hickory his old home, where he will reside in the future. He will probably retire from the whiskey business altogether. His family preceded him to Hickory some weeks ago.

The most of the fixtures of Scates & Co's. establishment will be stored here but part will be shipped to Charlotte for use in the saloon to be opened there by J. Q. Little of Gaffney. We are glad to state that Messrs. M. L. Ross and H. E. Scates will remain citizens of Shelby. Mr. Worth Little has not yet decided on his future plans, but we trust that he and his family will make Shelby their future home.

Mistaken for Emperor.

Newton Enterprise.

One day last week, a man went into Mr. R. E. Long's tinshop while he was out in the country doing a job of work, and got a sheet of galvanized iron for making a canning outfit. A little six year old girl was the only one in the shop, and she did not know the price of the goods. She wanted to go for her mother but the man would not wait. He handed her 20 cents and took the sheet of iron. The price of it was $1.70. If the man intentionally imposed on the little girl, it was a very mean trick and amounts almost to larceny. If he intended to do nothing wrong, he will come at once and pay Mr. Long the difference should he see this notice. Mr. Long has no idea who the man was.

A Full Explanation.

Cleveland Plain Dealer.

"What's the trouble with you and Collyer?"

"Why, Collyer objected to his dog associating with my little boy."

"The dickens he did! What did you do?"

"I got mad and encouraged the association."

"Didn't Collyer think your boy was good enough for his dog to associate with?"

"Oh, it wasn't a question of morals. My boy had the whooping cough, and he was afraid that fat pug of his would get it."

"Did he?"

"Every time he coughs he turns a forward somersault and flings his collar 10 feet."

Three Long Blows.

Salisbury Sun.

The whistle of the fast mail which blew all the way from Salisbury to Charlotte the other night caused an alarm of fire to be sounded at Concord and the fire company turned out. All along the way the people got up and came out with lamps and lanterns to see what was the matter.

A great many farmers are selling their wheat this year right from the thresher. They are getting 70 cents per bushel. Mr. Geo. A. Warlick the last ten days has been buying on an average 1,000 bushels a day. He has, we believe, the only grain elevator in the state, says the Newton *Enterprise*.

The Appetite of a Goat

Is envied by all poor dyspeptics whose Stomach and Liver are out of order. All such should know that Dr. King's New Life Pills, the wonderful stomach and Liver Remedy, gives a splendid appetite, sound digestion and a regular healthy habit that means perfect health and great energy. Only 25c. at J. E. Curry & Co's. drug store.

Trusts and Decay.

St. Louis Republic.

Bats and owls are roosting in the big starch factory at Edinburgh, Ind. The huge building once filled with contented men and women, happy in the opportunity to toil, is given over to silence and decay. The cottages these once busy laborers tenanted are vacant and rotting down. The merchants from whom they purchased supplies are without customers. There is an air of inactivity, depression and hopelessness in the shop and along the streets.

This is the picture of what the trust system has done for Edinburgh. Before the Starch Trust was formed and began buying in plants all over Indiana, the big starch factory of the little town was the great factor in its prosperity, giving employment at good wages to many hands and producing and distributing revenue in numerous thrifty homes.

But trust methods and trust greed demanded that wages should be reduced and production restricted; so the factory was shut down.

Edinburgh presents only one—and a small one at that—among the many examples where they have emphasized their formation by sowing distress and planting poverty in communities. Large towns have suffered in a similar way. Industrial centers all over the land have been visited more or less severely by this trust blight.

If the wage-earners whose earnings and salaries have been reduced, the real estate owners and merchants who derive patronage from the working classes, the consumers who are made to pay excessive prices cannot see the injury trust evil has inflicted upon them, they are as senseless as stones and as blind as moles. If these do not mass in solid phalanx and destroy with their votes this colossus of oppression, and the party whose policies and practices have created it, they deserve to become commercial serfs and political automatons.

Blue-Back in Favor Again.

Newton Enterprise.

We note with pleasure that a committee of teachers of the Charlotte Graded schools have recommended a return to the old blue back speller. It is so much superior to the new spellers that it is difficult to understand why it was ever discarded from the school rooms of the public and private schools. It is hoped that the other schools will follow the example of the Charlotte school in acknowledging this mistake.

Slightly Mixed.

Detroit Free Press.

"That son-in-law of yours is a cool one," remarked one Griswold street banker to another, "and has got a long head for business. Does he ever get rattled?"

"Oh, he has his limit like the rest of us. When he asked me for my daughter he was so confuddled that he kissed me and shook hands with the girl."

An Represented.

Chicago News.

"Mister, do ye remimber thot ye said one dose av yer pills wud make another man of me father?"

"Yes, sir; and did you find my words true?"

"Thrue to th' wurd, sor. Whin me father started takin them he was a loive man, an faith whin he had finished he was a dead man."

Frost October 2nd.

Lincoln Journal.

According to old-time weather prophets frost will come three months after katydid's begin to sing. The first katydids of the season were heard here on the 2nd; this, if the prophets know their business, calls for frost on October 2nd.

In Business.

Washington Star.

"How's the treasury?" asked one Spanish official.

"Pretty low," answered the other.

"Well, get on your hat and coat and ask the powers if they don't want some nice, warm islands today."

A Good Wheat Crop.

Lincoln Journal.

The best crop of wheat yet reported is that of Mr. Percy C. Costner. He sowed early, after the most careful and thorough preparation of his land, and made 367 bushels on 19 acres.

The mica industry in Western North Carolina bids fair to again become an important industry in the near future, says the Boone *Democrat*. The Crab Mica Co. in Mitchell county is incorporated under the laws of North Carolina. They are getting out immense sheets that will cut 5x20 inches, and 12x18 inches.

The tax assessors for Newton township, raised the assessment of all the cotton factories in the township, says the *Enterprise*. The Newton Cotton Mills was raised from $28,000 to $40,000; the Providence Mill from $15,000 to $25,000; the Union Mill from $20,000 to $50,000; Maiden Mills from $11,000 to $12,000.

Mr. Billey Moore, of Mulberry, no doubt is the first to cut wheat in Caldwell with steam power, says the Lenoir *Topic*. Mr. Geforth showed us a note a few days ago in which he stated that he was then cutting his wheat using the traction engine recently purchased through Goforth & Powell.

The Second Baptist Sunday School of Durham ran an excursion to Raleigh the other day and on the train was a lady over 80 years of age who had never before been inside a railroad car. On the same train were children, grandchildren and great grandchildren of the lady in question.

Spain has sold the Carolines and other islands for $45,000,000. Spain holds coaling stations at three different ports and Germany obligates to defend these ports in time of war.

He Foiled the Surgeons.

All doctors told Reniek Hamilton, of West Jefferson, O., after suffering 18 months from Rectal Fistula, he would die unless a costly operation was performed; but he cured himself with five boxes of Bucklen's Arnica Salve, the surest Pile cure on Earth, and the best Salve in the World. 25 cents a box. Sold by J. E. Curry & Co., Druggists.

Mr. W. M. Lewis State Secretary of the Y. M. C. A. has resigned this field to become State Secretary of Texas.

The "Young Lady" in the Washington Case is 51 Years Old.

The Washington (N. C.) *Gazette* has the following with reference to the recent horsewhipping of J. F. Woodard in that town:

"The bare facts in the case are these: Miss Burgess, a maiden lady about 51 years of age, was walking along the streets of Washington about 11 o'clock Thursday morning, when she was approached by a man from behind and a gross insult offered. She gave the man a hasty look and hurried home in great excitement and related the incident. About the same hour, and within two squares of where the insult was offered the lady, Mr. B. B. Nicholson, of Washington, a member of the late Legislature, who boards at the same hotel at which Mr. Woodard was stopping and who knows him well, was driving along in his buggy and saw a man walking along the street whom he took for Mr. Woodard and called to him, but the man paid no heed. Mr. Nicholson, thinking it strange that Woodard would not speak, drove close to the curbing and abreast of the man and again called to him, whereupon the man turned in reply to his second call, and Mr. Nicholson saw his mistake and drove on. This case of mistaken identity occurred by a man who knew Mr woodard intimately, within two squares of where the insult was passed and within a few minutes of the insult. The man in question was a stranger to Mr. Nicholson, a stranger in Washington, and is now known to have left the town that same after noon."

New Methods in Advertising.

Railway companies are adopting new and unique methods of advertising, as is demonstrated by the publication in the Four Track Series of the New York Central Road, of what is now becoming widely known and somewhat famous, "A message to Garcia," by Elbert Hubbard of the Phillistine *Magazine*, which itself is a peculiar and interesting publication as relating to magazines of the present day.

This article is attracting widespread attention, and has been answered by a writer in "*The Mirror*," published at St. Louis, under date of June 15, 1899, entitled "A Message to Hubbard' which gives the other side of the American employe.

The Southern Railway, the leading Southern system, spreading from Washington to the Mississippi River, and gridironing the South, and the only line to "The Land of the Sky" section of western North Carolina, has also issued a publication out of the ordinary, in the shape of an attractive booklet entitled "A Night on Mount Mitchell," by Henry Litchfield West, one of the leading editorial and political writers of the Washington *Post*, a paper widely and favorably down for the ability displayed in its editorial and political columns. This story is a description of an ascension to the very top of Mount Mitchell, which is the highest mountain peak east of the Rocky Mountains, and 400 feet higher than Mount Washington, upon which has been erected a monument to Professor Mitchell, after whom the mountain is named.

The story is replete with interest, and thrilling in detailing a trip which may be taken by any traveler for health or pleasure, and reminds one of Talmage's description of Lookout Mountain, when he stood upon its heights and delivered the following oration, which is reproduced for its graphic description of a location famous in American history:

"The carriage wound its way up, up, up. Standing there on the tip-top rock, I saw five States of the Union. Scenes stupendous and overwhelming. One almost is disposed to take off his hat in the presence of what seems to be the grandest prospect of this continent. There is Missionary Ridge, the beach against which the red billows of Federal and Confederate courage surged and broke. There are the blue mountains of North and South Carolina. With strain of vision, there is Kentucky, there is Virginia. At our feet, Chattanooga and Chickamauga, the pronunciation of which proper names will thrill ages to come, with thoughts of valor and desperation and agony. Looking each way, and any way, from the top of that mountain, earthworks, earthworks—the beautiful Tennessee winding through the valley, curling and coiling around, making letter "S" after letter "S," as if that letter stood for shame, that brothers should have gone into massacre with each other, while God and nations looked on. I have stood on Mount Washington, and on the Sierra Nevadas, and on the Alps, but I never saw so far as from the top of Lookout Mountain."

Copies of this booklet and other interesting publications on "The Land of the Sky" section and "Lookout Mountain" may be obtained from Mr. W. A. Turk, General Passenger Agent, Southern Railway, Washington, D. C.

Chair of Theology.

Shelby Star.

Rev. Plato Durham, the present popular Methodist pastor at Hendersonville, has been called to the chair of theology at Trinity college. The *Hustler* says the position at present seems to be somewhat of an anjunct to this department of Trinity, but we are informed that the entire work will devolve upon Mr. Durham in a short while. A fitting compliment to a brilliant and deserving young man.

Robbed the Grave.

A startling incident, of which Mr. John Oliver of Philadelphia, was the subject, is narrated by him as follows "I was in a most dreadful condition My skin was almost yellow, eyes sunk in, tongue coated, pain continually in back and sides, no appetite—gradually growing weaker day by day. Three physicians had given me up. Fortunately, a friend advised trying 'Electric Bitters;' and to my great joy and surprise, the first bottle made a decided improvement. I continued their use for three weeks, and am now a well man. I know they saved my life, and robbed the grave of another victim." No one should fail to try them. Only 50 cents per bottle at J. E. Curry & Co. Drug Store.

A young man of Ellsworth, Me., recently allowed himself to be mesmerized by a traveling hypnotist, and for twenty-four hours he lay asleep in the show window of one of the principal stores in the town. For this he was to receive $10. Meanwhile the tax collector, having found the sleeper was a delinquent, filed the necessary legal claim for the $10, and the young man awoke to find his poll tax for the past three years paid.

We Should Follow Suit.

St. Louis Republic.

According to a story sent out from Chicago the work of demolishing the ancient Chinese Wall, separating China proper from Chinese Tartary, is shortly to be begun under the sanction of the Chinese Government.

The story is printed on the authority of a Chicago civil engineer who is now said to be on his way to the Flowery Kingdom to assist in the noble undertaking. He is described as representing a syndicate of Chicago capitalists and as stating that one syndicate from New York City, two from Great Britain, one from France and three from Germany are competing for the work, which will involve contracts aggregating millions of dollars.

There is something comforting to Americans in the story of this proposed leveling of the Chinese Wall. For centuries now that wall has stood as a synonym for national stupidity. The time of its usefulness is long past.

The American high tariff should follow its side-partner, the Chinese Wall, into the limbo of oblivion. It is of very much the same order. There may have been a time, in the early days of this country, when a prescriptive tariff was needed for the protection of our "infant industries." That time has passed, however, and the favored infant industries have developed into ungrateful and oppressive trusts. The hour is ripe for the demolition of the protective Chinese Wall. The Democratic party proposes to undertake the contract in 1900, as a feature of its war on the trust evil.

A CLEAR HEAD;

good digestion; sound sleep; a fine appetite and a ripe old age, are some of the results of the use of Tutt's Liver Pills. A single dose will convince you of their wonderful effects and virtue.

A Known Fact.

An absolute cure for sick headache, dyspepsia, malaria, sour stomach, dizziness, constipation bilious fever, piles, torpid liver and all kindred diseases.

Tutt's Liver Pills

Professional Cards.

Wm. H. LEWIS,
—ATTORNEY-AT-LAW—
GASTONIA, N. C.

Practices wherever his services are required, and attends to all matters of administration and guardianship for his clients, without the inconvenience or expense of a trip to the court-house

CLAUDIUS D. HOLLAND LUCIUS J. HOLLAND
HOLLAND & HOLLAND,
ATTYS. & COUNSELLORS AT LAW.
DALLAS N. C.
Practice in all the courts.

A. C. MANGUM,
—ATTORNEY-AT-LAW—
GASTONIA, N. C.
Will practice in the courts of Gaston and adjoining counties and in the Federal Courts.

W. H. HOFFMAN,
—DENTIST—
GASTONIA, - - - - N. C.
Office over First National Bank.

J. H. MILAM,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
GASTONIA, N. C.
Practices in all the courts and gives prompt attention to all business intrusted to his care.
Office Central Hotel block, second floor.

DR. D. E. McCONNELL,
—DENTIST—
Office Upstairs in Y. M. C. A. Building
GASTONIA, - - - - N. C.

J. C. WHITESIDE,
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON.
Offers his professional services to the people of Gastonia and surrounding country. Office has been moved to a neat and private room in J. H. Kennedy & Co's Drug Store. All calls left with them will receive prompt attention Special attention given to diseases of women and children
Day Phone 84. Night Phone 81

CHARLES L. CARSON,
PRACTICAL PAINTER AND GRAINER.
GASTONIA, N. C.
Best of References. Estimates furnished on all classes of work in town or country.

CAROLINA & NORTHWESTERN R'Y.

SCHEDULE AND CONNECTIONS IN EFFECT JUNE 4, 1899.

G. W. F. HARPER, President.

Eastern Time Standard.

GOING NORTH.	No. 12,	No. 46,
Leave Chester	7 00 a m	3 00 a m
Leave Lowrysville	8 04 a m	10 03 a m
Leave McConnellsville	8 17 a m	[illegible] a m
Leave Gaffney	8 35 a m	[illegible] a m
Leave Yorkville	8 45 a m	11 22 a m
Leave Grover	9 00 a m	11 32 a m
Leave Gastonia	9 27 a m	1 00 p m
Leave Dallas	9 40 a m	1 22 p m
Leave Lincolnton	10 27 a m	2 03 p m
Leave Newton	11 20 a m	4 07 p m
Leave Hickory	11 50 p m	4 55 p m
Arrive Lenoir	12 45 p m	6 00 p m

GOING SOUTH.	No. 11,	No. 45,
Leave Lenoir	8 30 a m	1 30 p m
Leave Hickory	9 15 a m	2 20 p m
Leave Newton	9 50 a m	3 05 p m
Leave Lincolnton	10 37 a m	4 00 p m
Leave Dallas	11 10 a m	4 30 p m
Leave Gastonia	1 15 p m	7 14 p m
Leave Grover	2 11 p m	8 09 p m
Leave Yorkville	2 20 p m	8 20 p m
Leave Gaffney	2 30 p m	8 35 p m
Leave McConnellsville	2 45 p m	8 50 p m
Leave Lowrysville	4 20 p m	9 45 p m
Arrive Chester	5 15 p m	10 11 p m

Trains Nos. 9 and 10 are first-class, and run daily except Sunday. Trains Nos. 45 and 46 carry passengers and also run daily except Sunday. There is good connection at Chester with the C. C. & N. and the C. C. & A. also at Gaffney with the A. & C. A. L. at Lincolnton with the C. L. and at Hickory and Newton with the W. N. C.

Parties desiring through tickets for all points North, South, East and West, will find it to their advantage to call at or correspond with the General Office, Lenoir, N. C.

R. F. BEID, Auditor, Lenoir, N. C.
J. M. MOORE, G. P. A., Lenoir, N. C.
G. F. HARPER, G. F. A., Lenoir, N. C.
L. T. NICHOLS, Supt., Chester, S. C.

Job Printing.....

What Kind Do You Want?

LETTER HEADS,
NOTE HEADS,
BILL HEADS,
ENVELOPES,
CIRCULARS,
POSTERS,
CARDS
Or What?

No matter which you want, if you have your printing done at

The Gazette Job Office,

It will be done Right,
It will be done in Style,
And it always Suits.

Anything Else? If so, just mention it.....

NOTICE
—OF—
Election and New Registration

Notice is hereby given of an election to be held in the town of Gastonia, and of a new registration of the qualified voters of the said town as ordered and provided for in an ordinance passed by the Board of Aldermen of the town of Gastonia on the 20th day of June, 1899, which ordinance is in the following words and figures, to-wit:

The Board of Aldermen of the town of Gastonia do ordain and declare:

SEC. 1. That the Board deems it to the best interest of the town of Gastonia to issue bonds in the sum of fifteen thousand dollars in the name of the town of Gastonia with which to establish, construct, or purchase, or otherwise secure and maintain a system of electric lights for the use of the said town and its inhabitants.

SEC. 2. That an election shall be held in the Town Hall in Gastonia on the third Tuesday in August, 1899, to ascertain the will of the people of the town of Gastonia as to issuing bonds of the said town in the sum of fifty thousand dollars and bearing not more than six per cent interest, for the purpose of establishing and providing a system of water works and sewerage for the town, and as to levying a tax to pay the said bonds and interest on the same.

SEC. 3. That at the said election those duly registered and qualified voters of the town of Gastonia who shall favor the issuing of the said bonds with which to establish, construct or purchase, or otherwise secure and maintain a system of electric lights for the use of the town and its inhabitants, and the levying of a tax to pay the principal of said bonds and the interest on the same, shall vote a ticket on which shall be the words "For Issue of Electric Light Bonds," and those opposing the issuing of the said bonds and the levying of the said tax shall vote a ticket on which shall be the words "Against Issue of Electric Light Bonds."

SEC. 4. That notice of the said election shall be given by publication in the GASTONIA GAZETTE, and by posting at three public places in the town of Gastonia, for thirty days preceding the day of the said election.

SEC. 5. That there shall be a new registration of the voters residing in the town of Gastonia, and the registration books shall be open at the Town Hall in Gastonia on the four Saturdays next preceding the third Tuesday in August, 1899.

SEC. 6. That W. I. Brown is hereby appointed registrar; and he shall on the said four Saturdays next preceding the said election on the third Tuesday in August, 1899, register in the manner provided by law the names of all the qualified voters of the town of Gastonia who shall apply for registration on the said days.

SEC. 7. That notice of the said new registration of voters residing in the town of Gastonia shall be given by publication in the GASTONIA GAZETTE, and by posting at three public places in Gastonia, for thirty days preceding the opening of the registration books on the said fourth Saturday next preceding the third Tuesday in August, 1899.

SEC. 8. That M. M. SHUFORD and THOMAS H. WHITE are hereby appointed judges or inspectors of election for the said election to be held on the

THIRD TUESDAY IN AUGUST, 1899.

SEC. 9. That the two judges or inspectors of election named in section 8 of this ordinance, together with the registrar named in section 6 this ordinance, shall constitute the board of election to be held on the third Tuesday in August, 1899.

SEC. 10. That the said board of election shall certify to this Board the result of the election conducted by them under the authority of this ordinance.

WM. H. LEWIS, MAYOR.
JNO. F. LOVE, SEC'Y OF BOARD ALDERMEN.

Southern Railway.

. . . THE . . .

STANDARD RAILWAY OF THE SOUTH.

The Direct Line to All Points.

TEXAS,
CALIFORNIA,
FLORIDA,
CUBA AND
PORTO RICO.

Strictly FIRST-CLASS Equipment on all Through and Local Trains; Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains; Fast and Safe Schedules.

Travel by the Southern and you are assured a Safe Comfortable and Expeditious Journey. . . .

APPLY TO TICKET AGENTS FOR TIME TABLES, RATES AND GENERAL INFORMATION, OR ADDRESS

R. L. VERNON, T. P. A., Charlotte, N. C.
F. R. DARBY, G. P. A. & T. A., Asheville, N. C.

No Trouble to Answer Questions.

FRANK S. GANNON, 3d V. P. & Gen. Man.
J. M. CULP, Traffic Manager.
W. A. TURK, General Passenger Agent.

NOTICE
—OF—
Election and New Registration

Notice is hereby given of an election to be held in the town of Gastonia, and of a new registration of the qualified voters of the said town, as ordered and provided for in an ordinance passed by the Board of Aldermen of the town of Gastonia, on the 20th day of June, 1899, which ordinance is in the following words and figures, to wit:

The Board of Aldermen of the town of Gastonia do ordain and declare:

SEC. 1. That it is the opinion of the Board that the welfare of the town of Gastonia requires the establishment of a system of water works and sewerage in the said town.

SEC. 2. That an election shall be held in the Town Hall in Gastonia on the third Tuesday in August, 1899, to ascertain the will of the people of the town of Gastonia as to issuing bonds of the said town in the sum of fifty thousand dollars and bearing not more than six per cent interest, for the purpose of establishing and providing a system of water works and sewerage for the town, and as to levying a tax to pay the said bonds and interest on the same.

SEC. 3. That at the said election those duly registered and qualified voters of the town of Gastonia who shall favor the issuing of the said bonds for water works and sewerage and the levying of a tax to pay the principal of the said bonds and the interest on the same shall vote a ticket on which shall be the words "For Water Works," and those opposed to the issuing of the said bonds and the levying of the said tax shall vote a ticket on which shall be the words "Against Water Works."

SEC. 4. That notice of the said election shall be given by publication in the GASTONIA GAZETTE, and by posting at three public places in the town of Gastonia, for thirty days preceding the day of the said election.

SEC. 5. That there shall be a new registration of the voters residing in the town of Gastonia, and the registration books shall be open at the Town Hall in Gastonia on the four Saturdays next preceding the third Tuesday in August, 1899.

SEC. 6. That W. I. Brown is hereby appointed registrar; and he shall on the said four Saturdays next preceding the said election on the third Tuesday in August, 1899, register in the manner provided by law the names of all the qualified voters of the town of Gastonia who shall apply for registration on the said days.

SEC. 7. That notice of the said new registration of voters residing in the town of Gastonia shall be given by publication in the GASTONIA GAZETTE, and by posting at three public places in Gastonia, for thirty days preceding the opening of the registration books on the said fourth Saturday next preceding the third Tuesday in August, 1899.

SEC. 8. That M. M. SHUFORD and THOMAS H. WHITE are hereby appointed judges or inspectors of election for the said election to be held on the

THIRD TUESDAY IN AUGUST, 1899.

SEC. 9. That the two judges or inspectors of election named in section 8 of this ordinance, together with the registrar named in section 6 of this ordinance, shall constitute the board of election for the said election to be held on the third Tuesday in August, 1899.

SEC. 10. That the said board of election shall certify to this Board the result of the election conducted by them under the authority of this ordinance.

WM. H. LEWIS, MAYOR.
JNO. F. LOVE, SEC'Y OF BOARD ALDERMEN.

Commissioner's Land Sale.

By virtue of an order of Superior Court of Gaston County in a proceeding entitled W. A. Pearson Adm'r. vs. J. B. Carson et al, the undersigned commissioner, appointed in said proceeding, will re-sell to the highest bidder at the public well in Gastonia, N. C., on Monday,

24th day of July, 1899,

at the hour of twelve M., the following described real estate lying in Gaston county:

A tract known as lot No 1, of the Robert and Annie Carson lands and bounded as follows, viz: Beginning at a spring and runs 89¾ W 5 poles to a stone on Whitesides' line, thence S7¾ W 19p. to stone, Whitesides corner, thence S18¾ W 22p. to a Sassafras, thence 89¾ W crossing creek 24p. to a post oak, thence S87¾ W 18p. to a stake in the field, Carson's corner, thence S7¾ E 8p. to a stake in a field, thence North 8p to a stake on old line, thence S47¾ 42p. to the beginning, containing 31 acres except 1 acre lying in the middle of the said 31 acres which is the dower of Sarah Jane Carson. The remainder interest of this said dower parcel is also to be sold. And the said parcel without dower and the same with the reversion in the dower interest will be sold separately and as a whole and if the sum of the amount when sold as a whole is as much as or more than when sold separately the bidder or bidders offering to buy when sold as a whole aforesaid will be declared the purchaser or purchasers thereof.

Terms: One half cash on day of sale with notes for deferred payments due in six months from day of sale with security to be approved by the commissioner, said note bearing interest at 6 per cent, with the right and privilege of the purchaser at any time paying purchase price in full and receiving title. Title reserved until all of the purchase price is paid.

W. A. PEARSON, Commissioner.

Executor's Notice.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has this day duly qualified as executor of the last will and testament of R. J. Robinson, deceased, and notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said estate to present the same to me duly verified on or before the

25th day of July, 1900,

or this notice will be plead in bar of recovery. All persons owing said estate will make prompt settlement.

FRANK ROBINSON, Executor of.

This 25th day of June, 1899.

Administrator's Notice.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has qualified as the administrator of the estate of W. G. Craig deceased and all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby notified to exhibit them to the undersigned on or before

June 3rd, 1900,

or this notice will be plead in bar thereof.

W. G. CRAIG, Administrator.

June 1st, 1899.