THE GASTONIA GAZETTE. Devoted to the Protection of Home and the Interests of the County. W. P. MANNISALL. Vol. XXII. GASTONIA, N. C., THURSDAY, JUNE 27, 1901. (Cash in Advance.)

PUBLIC OWNBRSHIP PARTY. TARIFF COMING TO FRONT.

NEW RIVAL FOR THE OLD PARTIES. It is to be Organized at Present Only in Minuouri, Where its Effect Must be to Help the Republicanant the Expense of the Demoornin-As Far as can be Judged by the Platform of Principles Adopted it is Only a New Phase of Pepalism.

Charleston News and Courier.

Kansas City, June 19.-The Allied Third party movement, which its pro-motors hope will result before 1904 in a national organization strong enough to name a Presidential nominer, was to name a Fresidential noniner, was induched have this aftersoon. It was the outcome of a conference of re-formers from the rank of the old par-ties, and its principles are said by some to have been adopted with a view to fitting the views of William J. Bryan. The conference was called by Lee Merfitting the views of William J. Bryan. The conference was called by Lee Mer-iwether, of St. Louis leaders in the Public Ownership party of that oity, came to Kansas City yesterday from a visit with Mr. Bryan, at Lincoln, where the intentions of the delegation had been laid before the Metranka states-man. Mr. Bryan, it was stated, had been laid before the Neuraska states-man. Bir. Bryan, it was stated, had expressed sympathy with the move-ment, if he had not goue as far as to support it. At the conference there were represented Populists of sli persuantons. Public ownership was ad-vocated and Free Silver Republicans, Socialists, Single Taxats and Bryan Democrats were in attendance. It was stated that it was proposed to form a third party in Musouri, which would finally be taken up by the disastisfied in the old parties from other States. A committee on organization was apcommittee on organization was ap-pointed and instructed to report to-

pointed and instructed to report to-day. The committee, which repre-sented each element present, submitted the following as the new party's prin-ciples and they were adopted: Public ownership of all public utili-tics, as railruads, telegraphs, etc. While awaiting the legislation neces-sary to secure public ownership, rigid montrol of freight and passenger rates and severe penallies for relates and other discriminations by railroads. Taxation on railroads and other pub-Taxation on railroads and other pub-

lic utility corporations in the same proportion as the value of farm and other property. Direct legislation by the initiative and referendum to the end that the

people may initiate good legislation and veto had legislation.

Graduated income tax to the end that weakb, which receives Gover-ment protection, shall bear its just share of the cost of Government.

That whatever is used as money shall be full legal tender, issued by the General Government in sufficient volume for business purposes, and that volume fixed in proportion to population. Just election laws throughout the

State.

Home rule for cities and abolition of the present system of using the police as a standing army to carry primary elections in the interest of dishonest politiciaos representing still more dis-honest special privilege corporations. Election of United States Senators

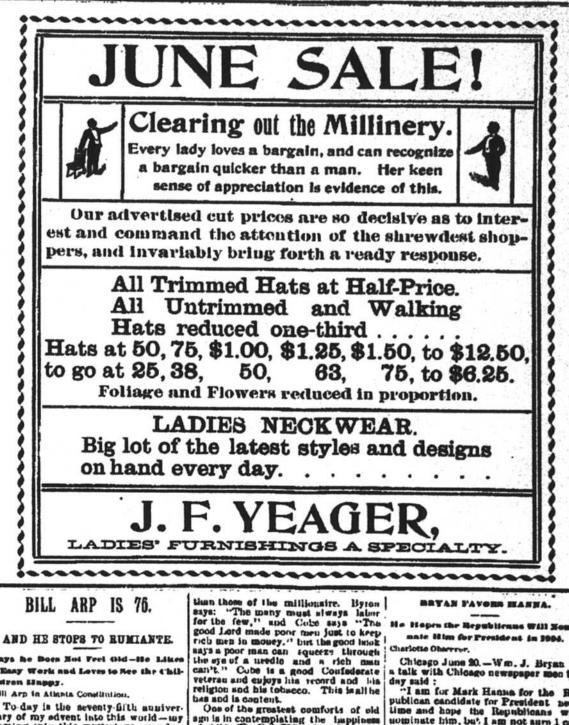
The meeting was organized by elec-ting J. H. Cook, Fusion Populiar, chairmap; J. H. Hillis, Middle-of-the-road Populist, vice-president, and F. S. Kowashi, Public Ownership member, secretary.

The committee, besides deciding on the new name for the movement, will call a State Convention for some time next full. In the meantime the memA GEORGIAN GIVES SOME ADVICE. Representative Livingston Thinks the Democrats there as Opportunity to Regain Control of Affairs if They Will Desert Dead Issnes. hastoule Oherver.

Washington, June 20, -- Nearly every Sensitor and Representative who has visited Washington since the adjournment of Congress has expressed the opinion that during the couning sea-sion they will be called upon to consider the turiff question. Representative Livingston, of Geor-

gis, who headed the minority on the gia, who headed the minority on the appropriations committee of the last Honse and who took a conspicuous part in the comparing host year, and this morning that the tariff question would surely come before Congress text December. "If it does not come in a single form." said he, "it will come up for consideration in the gains of trust legislation." Mr. Livingston is a member of the in-turing toon is a member of the in-instrial com-mission and has followed closely the heuriogs before that body, which has in its possession important and val-uable evidence, tending to show that the Dingley tariff has not only created trusts, but has fostered them, and that many, very many, of the necess-actes of life are sold abroad much cheaper than to the home-consumers. Mr. Livingston bas a wast quantity of indisputable data which we will use on the floor of the House at the prop-

er time. "No one, in my opinion, can deuy." said Mr. Livingston, "that protection in many instances promotes and creates trusts. The sale of many pro-ducts abroad at lower prices than offered to home consumers has angered and arcused our people and Congress will have to consider a remedy for this evil. A discussion of the tariff will develop this fact and make it clear that it is the protection given that enables trusts to sell goods chapper stread that at home. Those in favor of the lisboock remedy to place trust made articles on the free list are increpsing in numbers daily The as sertion that the Sherman anti-trust law did or can what we many about trusts, with all the difficulty environrights, State rights, 'specific and yested rights,' organized as corporations under State laws, etc., the fact ro-mains that p: wer to coultrol und fix prices without regard to supply and demand, placing consumers supply and the mercy of those who thus not, must be regulated in some way. And if the State cannot or will not, then the general government must do so. The leaderably of the Republican party in the East," continued Mr. Liviugston, "are determined, if possible, to pre-vent consideration or discussion of the twriff. The Western Republicans are aware of the fact that the success of the party in that section depends upon a modification of the tariff. This condict will give the Democrats a flow condict will give the Democrats a fine opportunity to regain control of Con-gress hext year, provided we do not flounder over dead issues and impracti-cal questions in our compaign. Say what you will fin any opinion the tariff and trusts will be the paramenut issue. the chairman of the national Democrat-ic committee to the national Democratthe chairman of the national Densorral-to committee to the contrary notwith-standing. If the campaign, on our part, is thus planned and executed we will go before the people on leaves in which they are directly and immedi-ately interested and can be enlisted to an active participation. We must ca-tive the active participation.



lava he Born Not Feel Old-He Likes Easy Work and Loves to See the Children Linppy.

Illi Arp in Atlanta Constitution. To day is the seventy fifth auniver-sary of my edvent into this world-my coming this this mysterious, wonder-ful condition that we call life. It is a fitting time for meditation, contempla-tion, cogliation and rumination. An aged poetces played double with herself and said :

Life ! We've been long together. Through pleasant and through cloudy weather; Say not "good night," give little warn-

And in some better clime bid me "good

moruing." morning." She didu't care to linger and langulah on her last bud. The doctors hadn't in-vented or discovered heart failure them but that's the way she wished to go. I do not. I would have some little time for the last loving words, and looks - some time for tears and sorrow on the faces of those who love me. The death of the ared is only a change as death of the aged is only a change-a parting, a beginning of another life. It list the people, and to do this we must touch their interests, and not depend is no calamity, no borror, no shock, no noreasonable thing. It is the law of our being and the old are not far abead

of the young. How kind it is in Prov-

Chicago June 20. --Wm. J. Bryan ip a talk with Chicago newspaper men to-day said : "I am for Mark Hanna for the Re-publican candidate for President next time and hope the Republicans will uominate him, bu' I am not sure I can control their community." control their convention.". "Who would be a good man for the

Democrats to nominate ?"

"It is too carly to talk about any man for the Democratic comination," said Mr. Bryan. "I have taken up a line of work and believe I have twenty Bears shead of me to carry it on."

Relocting Graded School Teachers. Charity and Children,

be happy and to calemity or affliction befail them in years to come. If I ever get to heaven and St. Peter acks Wp are not giving away a secret We are dot giving away a secret at all when we say that the selection of tradies for our graded schools is a paint at which the "school sing" has put in its best work. When the time comes for the selection of a memory is "furn happens that by a little judicions whe pulling on the part of the educa-tional "leadership," the right man is selected and the right woman as well. This gives graduates of favored in-stitutions almost a monopoly of graded would say. "Please good Saint, mike me what wontion I would choose I would say. "Please good Saint, mike me a guardian angel of the little ciril driv I irth behind me, and give nor power to shield them from all barm." I thick I would like that - I think that I like is now as far as I can do it. It is a privilege and a delight to an old man to make others happy. Time was when my chief concern was stitutions almost a monopoly of graded for myself and wife and our children,



ple of the State. Resdquarters will be established

both at Jarthage and 8t. Louis and the committee will appoint a chairman of each county in the State, whose duty it will be to enlist members and organ-ize them into cou ty clubs.

The time for holding the Convention will be fixed later. Mr. Merriwether this afternoon, at

the conclusion of the conference, was asked:

"Will not your movement only result in turning the State over to the Republicans?"

I do not know, but I would a little rather the Republicans should win than the present organization of Demo-crats. As Mr. Bryan said to me lest Monday: 'I like an enemy under his own colors better than one who stanls my colors.

BUYAN IS NOT IN PT.

Atlante. Gs., June 19.- The Atlanta Constitution to night, in response to a telegram of inquiry, received a dis-patch from William J. Bryan denying that he was sollisted with the Third party movement. Mr. Bryan's tele-gram reads:

"Iowa City, lowa, June 19 -- The Constitution, Atlanta, Ga: Telegram resolved. No truth in report. W. J. BRYAN."

clean lineas.

the next four yours.

Seven Yeurs In Bed,

"Mont Charming Musie on Marth." Mr. H. E. C. Bryast who reported the Due West commencement for the Charlotte Observer writes as follows concerning the song services there on commencement Babbaib:

"All the services described above "All the services described above were accompanied by Pasim-singing. There is no organ in the Associate its-formed Preubyterian church here, not because the people are not able to buy one, but because it is not considered uccessry or right. It is here that the best Pissim-singers of the South are to be heard. The choir is large and each member knows how to slug. It is the most charming music co earth. There is an absence of the blast of the hora, the whistle of the flate and the peak of the organ, but there is no end of best Pisaim-singers of the South are to be heard. The choir is large and each member knows how to sing. It is the most obsarming music or cease in first like a set is an absence of the blast of the hors, the whistle of the flats and the peak of of the organ, but there is no end of sweet singing Dr. E. H. Edwards, a gnileman of fips age and kindly faces, is the leader." Washington has been saked for an appropriation of \$10,000 to dufray the expenses of 50 Filipion teachers who are to study for a year in normal schools in America, the schools baving offered them free tuition.

upon a lot of vagaries of with anow nothing and care less."

"Every Man Has His Price." A Paint Beetrine. lonrue Bagatrer.

idence to reconcile us to it as we near the goal. I remember when I thought it was an awfai thing to die. I dated to was an awar (ming to die. I dated not this of it, much less to punder it, and it succeed to me that there was some escape from it sud I might not surely die. But as we near the allotted age and realize the symptoms

of decay we become less reluctant, less alarmed and like Job are ready to ex-claim, "I would not live always; I ask

Monroe Esquive. "The devil told God that Job had been bought. The devil in this day aud time says that every man has bis price, that you can buy any man. That is false. I would not say every man has his price. I would not make that declaration anywhere, no not if I wers aloue is a windowness cellar at mid-night on the dark of the moon, and if 1 did say such a thing I would fry tu death is my own bloshes." The fore-going are some of the pointed sayings if this original toluker and instruc-tive speaker. Dr. R. T. Vann and were said in a splendid asrmon in the First Haptist church hast Bunday night "Takes the measure of his own small soul and thinks the world no larger." If you would hear that there is an temperance and that everybody drinks, go into the barrooms; if you would hear that there is no purity, and no virtue, go into the iszarettoe where the moral lepars herd and you will bear that state-meat made. The disbouest man ac-ouses the world of disbouest man ac-ouses the world of disbouest was that unclean man accuses the world of un-clean inces. alarmed and like Job ars ready to ex-claim, "I would not live always; I ask not to stay." But somehow I do not feel old—not very old—not infirm. My eyes are weak and my bearing impaired, and when I stoop long at work in the gar-deu or picking strawberries my beck uches and my knee bones crack when I straighten up, bul I soon gut over it. I love work—easy work—und it keeps me in guod health but I don't like to work by the day or the job for somebody elus. I don't like to have a muster or a base except my wife, who wants me right now to transplant her poppers. I gen-tly high tempered woman to do well, and alse said she thought an imperti-uent man would do just as well and I had befor sthead to it at once. Some-times I think I have worked emough, for the post says we should crown for the post says we should crown-

"A south of labor with an age of and so I like to work when I feel like The Charlotte Observer's Washington or respondent writes under the date of the 20th : Congressman Blackburn and Captain Leonly, who arrived here late yesterday, left for home to night. So far as can be avortained their trip here accompliabed nothing for Capt. Lemiy and he must pay bis internal revenue taxes to Collector Harking for the sext four years. it and goit when I please. I have never distressed myself about the work that the toilers have to do. Work has

that the toilers have to do. Work has its hardships and its bireaings toe. The law of compensation governs every trade or calling or condition in life. There is a good side and abad. There is a good side is a side of the bring man is sweet" saith Solomou, and the dootor tells us that hodily and the dootor tells us that hodily and the dootor tells us that hodily and don't work and don't have to are si-was longing for something they haven good on the start and good health nor good on the start and gratting of the cotter's Satarday sight is unknown to the rict. The toilers as a class are

28 00 s on the heart enlarges and softens. The vanities and amui-tions and selfishness of our youth dis-appear and we recall the lines of Bo-

I would

sub is in contemplating the impriment of children. It delights me 15 sit in the stude of my verands and watch for two little girls who are four and six years old, coming up the avenue hand

years out, coming up the avenue hand in hand and waving a welcome and a smile at me. It rejoices mo to watch larger ones as they play creque on the teupis court nearby and to hear their merry voices and unconsciously I breathes prayer that they may always be hance and to calcult on a will other

"Count the day lost. If the descending 810

Views from thy hand no generous sc-tion dane."

Lost-a day lost 1 ilow many days have we all lost in our brief lives. How many days in which we made no

How many days in which we made no one happy not even with a scale. But these reflections are too gloomy for the day. They remind us of Her-vey's meditations among the tombs, or Gray's "Elegy in a Country Church-yard." I am old, I know; but I do not feel old nor sed. My desire is to grow old gracefully—and for "An age that melts in unperceived du-cay

And glides in modest innocence away."

Wanted: A Practicable Rotary Engine.

Everybody's Maganiae. Nothing has storid more in the way of the attainment of great speed that the absence of inue rotary steam an gine. With road beds such as modern gipe. With road beds such as modern engineering has provided for our rail-roads, rails and steel, and smooth run-ulog cars, there would serve to be al-most no limit to the speed at which trains might run with safety, but for the vibrations produced by the oscillat-ing steam engine. Although mechan-ics have balanced these moving parts as perfectly as was possible, the hou-motive angineer will tell you that lo g before his engine reaches a speed of a hundred miles an hour, its great mass is in a quiver from end to end and hundred miles an hour, its great mans is in a quiver from end to end and ready to fly from thetracks upon the slightest conside. On high-speed stenerships the vibrations of the ma-glacounfort to passengers, but threaten the atrength of the vessel itself. Al-though the inventor's quest for it has been long and arduous, the practicable rotary steam engine still remains an "mainvented invention." The martest approach to a solution is that offered by the steam turbine, and the use for that must be limited.

Last week's Newton Enterprise says happy. The peace and gratitude of the cotter's Saturday sight is unknown to the rich. The totlers as a class are the happiest people i know. They en-yuy their food and their rest, and their chances for happiess on eath and a home in heaven of the working man

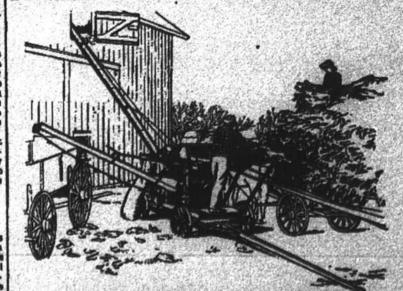
school work. Hence the vast advan-tage of bolding a diploma from one of the said favorite justitutions. Now tage of holding a diploma from case of the said favorice institutions. Now we would not may that three collages which have supplied as many teacher for our graded schools are inferior to the others which are on the outside of the duesting trust (excuss the word) but we are sure they are not a whit better than other colleges in Morth Carolin which have been shamefully discriminated against. We would wite for a teacher from Trinity, David-son, Wake Forest, Peace Institute, Greenaboro Femals College, the Bap-tist University, and other high grade schools, with as much confidence as if he or she held a diploma from the University of North Carolina, or the Normal and Industrial, or the Asbaville Franke College, which is run by people from the North. We hope the graded school committees which have the selection of teachers will have the nerve to remind those who may come with making angle of attend-ing to their own affairs, and that they are the work beat, without regard to where they gradusted.

America's Menord-Maiting in Steel. London Tron and Coal Trades Heview.

London Iron and Coal Trades Beview. Orse of the most remarkable features of the steel industry in 1900 has been the wonderful advance made in the production of basic open-bearth steel in the United States. More than 2,-600,000 tons of basic steel were made in the States has year by the open-hearth process, against only 908,000 toos made by the same process in this country, so that the American make, which practically did not beg.n until Ree or air years ago, was very much granter than the British output. The basic process was begun in Great Britain about twenty yatra ago. Here, is spain, the characteristic colorprise of the Americans has enabled them to forgs ahead. Ninety-two works pro-duced open-bearth steel in 1900, white neventy-six works and fourtaen States produced open-tearth steel in 1900, the inmany new works there were not many new works there to Tonted States to conquer in the way of statisti-cal records.

The postoffice department has called for a map of the rural chall delivery route front Newton, says the Enterprise, and will send an improtor to louk over the route as soon an the map is

THE MCCORNICK CORN HARVESTER goes into your field and cuts your corn and binds it into sheaves, stalks, ear, fodder and all.



THE MCCORMICK SHREDDER

strips off fodder and ear; shreds fodder and stalk and shucks; delivers the clean ear in your wagon if you want it there; saves the shattered grains and delivers your shredded feed on second floor of barn. Many say this is superior to timothy hay as a feed. Buy these machines and save labor. We make our usual favorable terms.

CRAIG & WILSON

A Maplin dispatch mays : It is esti-maied them 60 inaargents were killed or wounded during the recent engage-ments which have occurred in Albuy and Sonogon provinces. Many insurgents are returning to their homes.

to Allen B

the other for same to

cal records.