There are no friends like old friends. For 23 years THE GAZETTE has been the paper of the people of Gaston-they are old friends. : : : : :

THE GASTONIA GAZETTE.

Published Twice a Week-Tuesdays and Fridays.

W. F. MARSHALL, Editor and Proprietor.

DEVOTED TO THE PROTECTION OF HOME AND THE INTERESTS OF THE COUNTY.

VOL. XXIV.

GASTONIA, N. C., TUESDAY, AUGUST 25, 1903.

One Dollar a Year in A

POINTS AND PARAGRAPHS ON TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Under this head will be printed from time to time noteworthy utterances on themes of current interest. They will be taken from public addresses, books, magazines, newspapers, in fact wherever we may find them. Sometimes these selections will accord with our views and the views of our readers, sometimes the opposite will be true. But by reason of the subject matter, the style, the authorship, or the views expressed, each will have an element of timely interest to make it a conspicuous atterance.

Way to Utah's Heart.

Salt Lake Heruld.

If, as suggested, the Republicans should adopt "the full baby carriage" as the campaign slogan, the Democrats will concede

Just Asking a Question.

Statesville Lundmark It is announced that Judge Clark, who last year listed his salary for the income tax amid a blare of trumpets, did not list it this year. Judge Clark was a candidate last year; he is not this year. Has that anything to do with it?

The Auduben Society.

New York Times.

Charlotte Observer

The Aububon Society in North Carolina has branches in eight towns and cities, including Raleigh and Wilmington. It has 280 members, who pay \$5 each per year. The society employs men on the coast at \$45 to \$50 a month to look after violations of the law against killing birds, and these coast warden's activity already shows good results.

Three Jobs that Held to a Fellow.

The average American citizen dearly loves an office and therefore the wonder that one resigns after baving realized his ambition. Holding office, working on a newspaper and running on a railroad are three things that men will do when they might do better and it is always a matter of surprise when a man quits any of the three except when he is obliged to.

Truthfulness Desired as a Trade Mark.

James Lane Allen in The Mettle of the Pasture.

I wish * * * * that some virtue, say the virtue of truthfulness, could be known through out the world as the unfailing mark of the American, the mettle of his pasture. Not to lie in business, not to lie in love, not to lie in religion-to be honest with one's fellow-men, with women, with God-suppose the rest of mankind would agree that this virtue constituted the characteristic of the American! That would be fame for ages.

Lord Salisbury.

New York Times. It is a great historical figure that is withdrawn by the departure of Lord Salisbury, one of the greatest of the later Victorian era, distinctly the most illustrious of the statesmen who survived their mistress. He started upon a political career with every adventitions advantage, and such adventitious advantages as he had are nowhere in the world of more account than in British politics. What a striking exemplification of the unity of British history it is that a direct descendant of the Prime Minister of Elizabeth should become, after three centuries, the Prime Minister of Victoria.

A High National Ideal Worth Striving for-

C. G. Spencer, in New York Times Saturday Review.

Yes, let our mettle ring true, and let us raise so high au ideal that nothing low can smirch its fairness. We in our generation may fail, may fall, but so long as the ideal be lifted up there is hope. As an illustration take New York and Paris. We are told the former is just as bad, on the moral plane, as the latter; true perhaps, but Paris accepts her shame, shrugs her shoulders, and gilds her vice. New York strives for better things, mistakenly sometimes, foolishly often, but still the ideal is there, and if we do not arrive ourselves, at least we have "set a pace" and kept unsullied something worth while for our children and children's children to work for. An ideal high and great enough to be worthy mighty endeavor is to a nation as the individual, incentive to life, life more abundant, now and forever.

Some North Carolina Lambs Were Fleeced. Baltimore Herald

The number of persons all over the country who are induced to "take a fiver" in the stock market when things are booming is larger than many think. A large part of them are unsuspected by those who do not meet them in brokers' offices, for they are rather shy of being known as speculators. Who would presume that the people of such a State as North Carolina were risking their savings ruinously in the stock market? Yet their losses in the slump are by some estimates placed at \$10,000,000 and by others as high as \$20,000,000. And the cotton corner in which, if any specialty, they might be expected to be plungers, has not been broken yet. If such is the state of affairs in North Carolina, there are few States where the game has not been played with at least as much daring. Well, if men will buy stocks that represent no real value, but simply fictitious capital, fast capital, the inside workers of trusts, promoters, and underwriters will pocket their money smilingly, and some time, perhaps repurchase their holdings for less than they are worth.

On Getting the Negroes Away.

mond News Leader, 20th.

As a matter of fact, judging from all past experience, the one difficulty would be that of transportation. The negroes would go as fast as they could be carried. We have seen 5,000 of them swarm to a South Atlantic port fighting for passage on a ship bound for Liberia, which could carry about two hundred. Time after time we have seen counties and sections of States depleted by emigrant agents using a few lithographs and highly decerated pamphlets and doing some smooth talking. Old Peg Leg Williams, of the Southern railway, can stampede a dozen countles of negroes any time with a couple of weeks' work. He has done it. Down in Georgia on several occasions farmers have tried to lynch him to prevent him from carrying away all their help, and sheriffs have had to protect him by laying him up in jail. * * *

The negro's interest is to leave here and it can be proved to bim. His inclination is to leave and he will prove it if given the opportunity. The interest of the white man is to have him leave, The conditions and the needs of the country demand separation. The country is abundantly able to bring it to pass and the sooner we get at it the better for all concerned.

WAR-TIME RECOLLECTIONS.

and the Hardship of Hunger-A Weman Fleeing in Terror-A Comrade's Dying Request. To the Editor of the Gazette:

In accordance with your suggestion at our reunion I will jot down a few war-time recollec-tions. Your humble servant was a member of Company H, 49th Regiment of North Carolina troops and belonged to Ransom's Brigade.

First, I will write about some

of the hardships the Confederate soldier was called on to endure. I was in the forced march from Richmond to Sharpsburg, forty-two years ago, which oc-cupied twelve days and nights, for a good part of it lapped over into the night. To engage in a commissary wagons were left three days behind. As the wag-ons hauled our provisions, we had to go three days and nights without a bite to eat. And when we finally got our rations, which consisted of stale cornbread and a little bacon, the bread was literally covered with mildew and so bitter that, as for my part, I could not eat it. Al-though we had had nothing for three days, I threw my bread away and went without. To tell the truth, I had gone so long without food, and was so worn out with marching and fighting, that I did not feel like eating when the opportunity was offered. expect that there are others of Company H, who felt pretty much the same as I did. Now a-days, Mr. Editor, we think three days and nights is a long time to do without anything to eat, even if we are doing nothing at all, and when it is taken into consideration that we were on a forced march and then went into the fight at Sharpsburg and fought all day and came out of the fight before we got any rations, it seems almost incredible. But we actually did it, as others of Company H. can testify. The fight at Sharpsburg occurred on the 16th and

17th of September, 1862. I will now relate two incidents of the battle; one occurred just before we entered battle, the other occurred during the fight. As we were marching along the road in single file, we met one lone woman, running as if for dear life, bare-headed, out of breath, and apparently fright-ened out of her wits. Well she might be, for the shells from the enemy's guns were flying thick overhead, while frigurents from those that exploded were falling all around us. My sympathy went out to the dear woman driven from her home by the indriven from her home by the invading armies to go not where, and the scene lives in my recollection to-day.

The other incident I have in mind occurred in battle My dear comrade, William Ratch-ford, son of Joseph Ratchford, then living in South Point township, was fighting by my side. Presently he was shot down, mortally wounded. He lived but an hour or two. He told me that he was dying, and then handed me his pocket book and what money it contained and also his pocket Bible. "Take these," he said as a dying request, "to father and mother." I told him that I would do the best I could with them, and reminded him that I too might fall before the fight was over. But I promised him that if I fell and had the chance I would try to get some one else to carry out his request.

But, Mr. Editor, a kind Providence brought me safely through that fight and through the entire war without the mark of a bullet, and His care and protection are still over me. I will now close. If you think this worthy of printing, you can do with it as seems best to you.

Yours respectfully, W. D. HANNA. Gestonia, Aug. 22, 1903.

In Charlotte 176 persons return incomes for taxation and the incomes aggregate \$171,311 in excess of the \$1,000 allowed each person by law.

The Statesville Landmark says that the report that the building at Rock Springs camp-ground had been burned proves to be an error. It is thought the report originated from a remark made by a preacher, to the effect that if they could not have a better meeting than the one just closed it would be well to burn down the arbor and other buildTHE OLNEY PICNIC.

The Ferced March to Sharpsburg Annual Gathering Greatly Enjoyed by All-Good Music, Good Speaking, and Good Things to Eat.

deported for The Gasette.

It is the custom of the good people of Olney church to hold Sabbath school picnic annual ly. Thursday, the 20th instant, was set apart for this year's celebration.

Through the kindness of Mr. J. E. Falls, of Gastonia, your scribe was driven to the church behind Joe's two hundred dollar

horse. The morning was very threatening, bidding to be a rainy day but to the contrary the clouds held up, the sun shone out, and it was an ideal day for a picnic. into the night. To engage in a forced march for so long a time was of course hard business, but what added still more to our hardships was the fact that we had to travel so fast that our to Dallas, N. C., they were out force, and from the mountains of the west even to the direction of the sea shore in the east.

The exercises were opened with devotional services conducted by the pastor, Rev. G. A. Sparrow, with Miss May Quinn at the organ. After an appropriate talk from the pastor on the social part of man's nature, followed by song and prayer, Mr. W. I. Stowe was called to the front and made a short talk on the future. Au interval for dinner was announced, and in due time the large crowd gathered around the weighted down tables forming a three-fourths square. You can guess what followed next. Such a bountiful table! So characteristic of old Olney! The crowd was large, supply bountiful, and all were satisfied, there being several baskets full gathered up. After an interval of suitable length, the tap of the bell caused the reassembling in the church. After singing a few pieces with Miss Cora Wilson at the organ, Mr. W. I. Stowe was again called to the front and gave a talk to the children. One or two pieces of music were snug and the exercises of the Olney picnic closed.

A noticed fact of the day was the number of strangers present to grace the occasion. A very pleasant day was passed, all seemed to enjoy themselves, everybody was in a good humor, and the best of order prevailed. VISITOR.

PAID BILL AND SLEPT.

Account that Had Been Standing Since 1877 Kept Weman Awake Nighta.

dem York Herald.

After suffering from insomuia for twenty-seven years because her conscience was burdened with an unpaid grocery bill, an Englewood N. J. woman deter mined to obtain sleep even if it cost her \$30. After handing over a check for that amount she retired early and slept soundly until 10 o'clock the next morn-

The woman once lived in Rast Orange, N. J., and had an account with E. B. Gonzales, who conducted a large grocery business. When he died in 1877, he had many accounts outstanding on his books, and the bill against this woman was one of them His widow moved to Illinois and the debtor to another New Jer sey town. But the latter was not happy. If she dropped into a doze, round packages of tea and firkins of butter seemed to lie like scale weights upon her troubled breast. The pungent smell of spices that she had not paid for was ever in her uose, and she became the prey of dull and morbid fancies. A pang pierced her at the sight of a grocery wagon.

Finally she confessed to a law-yer. He told her the road to absolution lay through a bank. The Gonzales heirs were not lying awake nights over debts owed the estate for thirty years, but they were willing to accept a check, and tendered a wish for sound slumber along with a re-

Edmond J. Smith, the defaulting discount clerk of the Merchants' National Bank of Newark, N. J., was arrested in West Virginia. Smith is 47 years old and has been employed in the bank for 27 years, beginning as a messenger boy. His crime was embezzling \$29,000 of the funds of the bank. He said he began borrowing money from the bank for speculation, and had the usual experience, losing money and keeping on using funds that did not belong to him, when discovery was inevitable he fled.

Ghost

Apparition That Startled Children In a Scotch

Strange Experience of a Young Woman In the Same Turret Chamber -- Queer Figare In Black,

It is only seldom that ghostly visions can be verified by and are traceable to events which are known to have occurred or to persons of whom history bears a record. For the large majority of guestly appearances there are no explanations.

Of such a nature are the two stories past-remains unknown. They are both



seen in the same place, the turre chamber of a certain well known Boottish castic.

It was on Bunday morning and the family had all gone to church with the exception of the children. They were playing quietly together when a sound as of wood blocks being thrown from some considerable height attracted come consideral

Staggering seroes the floor was a lit-tle man, kilted and bearing a heavy d on his back. That was all. The was no one casting blocks into the area. There was no one like this little

"Did you not see her?" said the sister who called. "She went into you

to move her arm as though backening.
She was well dressed in black. Too
must have seen or beard her."

No, nothing had been seen or heard.
An affair no less strange than the esse
just recorded occurred not long signs
in one of the royal palaces near Lem-

Now, one day not long age a woman in the service of a lady staying at the palace came to ber mistress with a curious tale. She had seen, she said, when quite enoughly entering her mistress? room, a most extraordinarily dramed person. At first sie thought of inquiring what the intruder was defing in another person's room, but then, thinking she might be some one who had a right to be there, she retired, "What was she like?"

"Oh, such an odd looking person," replied the maid, "and so qualistly dressed! She were a high dark cap with a long scarf falling from the top

Nothing more was said to the maid. But the explanation of her story is a

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Castle.

here cointed. Their origin—for, after all, if we take these appearances to be true, they must have some origin in the



So the children, rather pervous-for they were practically alone in the house-started off on a tour of investigation. Arriving at the turnet chamber from which the sound proceeded, they found the door ajar. But, no one having an experience of the control of the contro having sufficient courage to enter, a billiard cue was brought into requisition and the door was cautiously

pushed open.
A sudden panic seized them, They a hasty retreat; but, arriving at what they considered a safe distance, they turned and looked through the What did they see?

area. There was no one like this little man in or about the eastle, and though his appearance had nothing either frightful or mystecious about it the sight of him seined the children with unwanted terror. They turned about and fled screening away.

Years later a young lady in the best of health steeping in a bedroom close to the turrer chamber was awak and by a call from her sister, also & healthy girl, who was alsoping in the stipolating room.

"Did you not see ker?" said the significants.

"A dark women," was the answer.
"I thought she came with a message, the shook my shoulder till I woke and then shook looking at me and seemed

strange one, for in another part of the palace there is the picture of the "add looking person" she daw in her mis-trees room, and the picture represents the name of King Bilward VI.

¶ Our stock of spring and summer trimmed hats must go to make room for fall stock. Cleansweep prices are moving them out. Prices, 50c, 75c, \$1.00 and up. TEMBROIDERIES-Swiss Sets to match beautiful designs. ¶ WHITE GOODS Regular 25c goods going at the re-markably low price of 15c. ¶ COLLARS— Ladies' low collars—newest out. ¶ RIBBONS AND SILKS-Our line of ribbous and allks cannot be surpassed. Examine them before



JAMES F. YEAGER.

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