

Stamped above you'll find a date... It shows you clear and plain... The day your time is out and when it's time to pay again.

Are you getting GAZETTE news... We know about it? Write for the catalog. Phone 88 or call.

JAS. W. ATKINS, Editor and Manager.

Devoted to the Protection of Home and the Interests of the County.

VOL. XXVII.

GASTONIA, N. C., TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 6, 1906.

\$1.50 a Year in Advance.

NO. 89

THE CITIZENS NATIONAL BANK GASTONIA, N. C. Accounts of Merchants, Manufacturers, and Farmers Invited. Liberal Dealing along Conservative Lines. SAVINGS We have added a Savings Department, in which we pay 4 per cent., compounded every three months.

\$3,000,000 FOR NEW SITES.

Southern Power Company to Develop Two Fresh Powers, One at the Ninety-Nine Islands, Near Blacksburg, S. C., on the Broad River, and the Other at Great Falls on the Catawba—Development Will Give Approximately 50,000 of Electrical Horse Power.

Official announcement has been made by the Southern Power Company of its plans shortly to commence work on two fresh power sites, one at the Ninety-Nine Islands on the Broad river, six miles south of Blacksburg, S. C., and the other at Rocky Creek, two miles below the Great Falls station, on the Catawba river.

Attention was made a few days ago of the addition of \$2,500,000 to the capital of the Southern Power Company. That corporation now has the largest capital of any having headquarters in Charlotte. It owns the water rights for 110 miles along the Catawba river and controls the following named power sites: At the Catawba falls, near Rock Hill, S. C.; at Mountain Island, near Charlotte; at the Lookout Shoals, near Newton; at the Horseford Shoals, near Hickory; at Landford, near Lancaster, S. C.; at the Ninety-Nine Islands, near Blacksburg, S. C.; at Great Falls, near Fort Lawn, S. C., and the Wateree power, near Camden, S. C.

The Catawba falls development near Rock Hill, S. C., was the first finished. Its 10,000 of electrical horse-power was disposed of very shortly after it had been placed upon the market. The big development at Great Falls, 10 miles below Fort Lawn, S. C., was then begun. Its 40,000 of electrical horse-power will be available early in January. Already between 15,000 and 20,000 horse power, or about one-half of this supply, has been sold. Negotiations are pending for the remainder.

Realizing this, the officials of the company met some time ago and agreed to begin a development which would meet the demands of this territory for some time to come. They determined to open up as quickly as possible, not one power station, but two, capable of producing between 45,000 and 50,000 horse-power of electrical energy.

When work was commenced on the Great Falls station last

year, a portion of the current generated there was intended to be transmitted to the mills about Gaffney, Blacksburg, Spartanburg and Greenville, S. C. The demand of the mills, about Rock Hill, S. C., Gastonia and Charlotte, however, were so insistent that practically all of the current was disposed of there. In order then to satisfy the demands of the mills about Spartanburg, Gaffney and Greenville, S. C., it was decided to begin the development of the power at the Ninety-Nine Islands, six miles from Blacksburg and about 32 miles from Spartanburg. The plans and specifications for the work there have already been drawn. Some of the contracts for the machinery will be let within 30 days. The building of the tenant houses for the workers and the clearing away of the land will be begun at once. The 16,000 of electrical horse-power which will be generated at that plant will go to supply the needs of the mills in the adjacent cities.

The power which is to be developed on the Catawba, two miles below the Great Falls station house, which will be known as the Rocky Creek power, will produce 30,000 horse-power. Transmission lines will connect this station with the one just above it, and the current will be carried to the distributing center at the Catawba station, near Rock Hill, S. C. Power will be supplied the mills in Chester, Lancaster, Union, S. C., and elsewhere in the territory where needed.

The work on the Rocky Creek power has already commenced. A quantity of material has been moved from the Great Falls station and the erection of the store houses, tenant houses, etc., will commence at once. The clearing of the stream and the work of preparation for the actual development is already under way.

HAVE YOU CATARRH?

Breathes Hyomei and Get Relief and Cure. Sold Under Guarantee.

If you have catarrh, with offensive breath, burning pains in the throat, coughing, raising of mucus, difficulty in breathing, sneezing, huskiness, discharge from the nose, tickling and drooping at the back of the throat, especially at night, coughing spasms, etc., begin the use of Hyomei, at once.

Its healing medication will give relief in a few days and its continued use will completely drive all catarrhal germs from the system. Hyomei contains Nature's healing oils and balsams, the germ-killing properties of the pine-forests, and goes with the air you breathe to the most remote cells of the respiratory organs, searching out and killing all catarrhal germs and soothing and healing any irritation there may be in the mucous membrane. It is easy and pleasant to use Hyomei, pleasant than most of the stomach dosing, as its healing air is breathed through a neat pocket inhaler, which can be carried in the purse or vest-pocket, and carries medication to just the spot where relief is needed.

The complete Hyomei outfit costs but \$1. extra bottles, if needed, 50 cents, and J. H. Kennedy & Co. give their personal guarantee with every package that money will be refunded unless the treatment cures. This shows their faith in the power of Hyomei to cure catarrh.

An interesting rumor is afloat in railroad circles to the effect that Mr. P. L. McManus, formerly of Charlotte, but now of Greenville, S. C., will be promoted to the position of district superintendent, recently made vacant by the resignation of Mr. C. S. McManus, who goes into the coal mining business in Tennessee.

TEXTILE MEN ORGANIZE.

A Hundred or More Owners and Managers of Cotton Mills Meet at Charlotte and Form the North Carolina Cotton Manufacturers' Association—More Than a Million and a Half Spindles Represented.

About 100 prominent cotton mill men of North Carolina met at the court house on Oct. 30th and organized the North Carolina Cotton Manufacturers' Association, with Mr. R. M. Miller, Jr., of Charlotte, as president. This meeting was held pursuant to a call made by the mill men of Charlotte two weeks ago, asking that an association be formed in order to promote closer relations with the manufacturers of the State and to get in line with organizations in other Southern States.

Other officers were elected as follows: S. B. Sargent, first vice president; Charles Iacman, of Monroe, second vice president, and S. F. Patterson, of Roanoke Rapids, third vice president. A secretary and treasurer will be named later. The following executive committee was appointed: Messrs. D. Y. Cooper, W. A. Erwin, Caesar Cone, A. A. Thompson, J. W. Cannon, E. A. Smith, S. B. Tanner, B. S. Robertson, J. P. McKee, W. C. Rufin, J. P. Leak, B. F. Mebane, S. Bryant, David Clark, R. R. Ray, J. S. Carr, Jr., A. S. Hanes, Frank Wood, D. B. Coltrane, C. W. Johnston, R. S. Reinhardt, F. J. Murdock, W. C. Heath, D. A. Tompkins, Wm. Entwistle, Ed Williamson, T. H. Battle, Eugene Holt, T. E. Moore, R. L. Molt, George B. Hiss, J. M. Odell, H. F. Schenck, F. Dilling and Allen Rufin.

ONE WAY TO KEEP OOGK.

Some One Must Invent a Pot Scrubber, Says Professor.

"The average schoolteacher is not as well paid as the average servant girl," says Professor J. M. Robinson in the Journal of Political Economy issued from the University of Chicago Press. He explains, according to a Chicago dispatch, that servants are at a premium because women dislike to be domestic.

The population has increased twice as fast as the number of servants. The total number of women employed in gainful occupations has increased 300 per cent, but the number of women servants and waiters has grown less than 50 per cent.

He thinks invention might solve the problem. "The genius who shall invent an automatic dishwasher and pot scrubber will be a true benefactor of mankind," he asserts.

Calls Prodigies Idiots.

"Infant prodigies are no better than idiots," declared Professor F. E. of the chair of nervous diseases at Drake university before the Iowa Mothers' Congress the other day, says a Des Moines dispatch. A chorus of "Oh's" and "Ah's" from the lips of half a hundred dotting mothers whose children were prodigies and who didn't believe a word the doctor said greeted the remarks. "It is better to be the sluggish, plodding man with the hoe than the long haired, whimsical man with the bow," continued the doctor.

Rev. R. Z. Johnston the well and favorably known pastor of the Presbyterian church at Lincolnton, has resigned after a pastorate of more than 35 years. His resignation has not yet been accepted. Mr. Johnston is 72 years of age.

A Columbia, S. C., dispatch of the 29th says: Friends throughout the State of Dr. Epp Foster, of Union, will be profoundly shocked to learn that he attempted suicide at Union Monday afternoon just after returning from Columbia, where he had spent fair week. Dr. Foster walked into the Union Hardware Company's store and, immediately after purchasing a revolver, turned it on himself and fired. The bullet entered at a point over his heart but was deflected by a rib. Dr. Foster is a tall, handsome young man and, having inherited large means, has spent money freely and was prominent socially. He attended the State and assembly balls in Columbia last week and seemed to be in the best of spirits. At times he drank heavily.

YORK AND YORKVILLE.

What's Doing Among our Neighbors Just Across the Line. Yorkville Recorder, 2d.

Miss Jessie Baber has been visiting Miss Wilma Plexico at Sharon.—Miss Maggie Barnett is with J. L. Williams & Co., as a saleslady.—Mrs. H. H. Beard left Tuesday evening for a visit to her sister, Mrs. Neal McLean at Lumberton, N. C.

We will have to take it back about the treasurer being required to canvass the county for the collection of taxes. York county, it seems, is exempt from such a requirement, and Treasurer Neely makes the rounds voluntarily, purely as a matter of convenience to the taxpayers.

A number of prominent citizens of Bethel township have begun to talk up the idea of levying a special tax for road building purposes. Some are out-spoken in advocacy of the issuance of township bonds in sufficient amount to do the work in first-class style and at once. Bethel is not now paying any special tax of any kind, and she is in good shape to set an example to the balance of the county in road building.

There was an old time corn shucking at the home of Mr. T. J. Nichols about six miles northeast Yorkville last Wednesday night. Quite a large number of shuckers had been invited, including numerous ladies. The shucking commenced in the afternoon and although the corn pile included some seven or eight hundred bushels the work was finished in the early evening. Then there was a splendid supper. There was pork, mutton, chicken, turnips, potatoes, everything that was good. It was a great occasion to all the participants.

The King's Mountain Chapter of the Daughters of the American Revolution has done itself proud in the entertainment of the State conference of that order this week. Though not the most exclusive perhaps, the D. A. R. is easily the most representative and distinguished woman's organization in South Carolina. It includes among its membership a large per centage of distinguished families, and its average of wealth, culture and intellect is high. Its representatives also are women who are acquainted with and accustomed to all that is best and highest in the social development of the State. The creditable entertainment of people of this kind calls for thorough acquaintance and familiarity with requirements of good usage, and it is an open secret that all of the visitors are thoroughly delighted. They have said so and not a few of them are disposed to emphasize the fact that the present conference has been even more successful and enjoyable than any of the thoroughly successful and enjoyable conferences that have gone before. The King's Mountain chapter is getting a large share of the praise.

Travels Like Yellow Fever.

The successful rioting of Philadelphia negroes, led by their preachers, against the production of "The Clansman" in that city, seems to have stirred up the Washington negroes in general, particularly in regard to what they term their treatment in the public schools. This reminds us how the Atlanta anti-negro excitement spread to neighboring cities. Acute racial feeling is a moral infection which seems to travel like yellow fever.

A MATTER OF HEALTH

ROYAL BAKING POWDER Absolutely Pure A Crown of Tartar Powder, Free from alum or phosphate acid. HAS NO SUBSTITUTE

PRESIDENT'S VISIT TO PANAMA

First Time a Chief Magistrate Will Have Set Foot on Foreign Soil. Washington Dispatch in The New York World.

President Roosevelt's visit to the Isthmus of Panama will present several novel features. For the first time in history the President of the United States will set foot on foreign soil and be the guest of a foreign ruler at dinner. At the time of his visit to New Orleans President Roosevelt was technically outside the jurisdiction of the United States, as the vessel conveying him to the Queen City went outside the three-mile limit.

Many interesting incidents will mark the visit, ranging from a reception in honor of President Roosevelt at the palace of the President of Panama to a ride on the Chagres river on a casco, the native water craft, and plunging through the sticky mud of Culebra Cut in rubber boots and a mackintosh. President Roosevelt has had many unusual experiences, but his trip to Panama will furnish him with several new thrills.

Mr. Roosevelt will spend only four days in Panama, but they will be busy ones. His only opportunity to rest will be on Sunday, November 18, the last day of his stay. The three preceding days are to be crowded with sight-seeing, excursions and social functions.

The President will make two speeches, one at the Fiesta, then he will respond to an address of welcome by President Amador, and later at a reception on Pier 11 at Cristobal.

The President will go to Panama on the magnificent battleship Louisiana, which will be conveyed by its sister ships, the Tennessee and the Washington. He will be accompanied by Mrs. Roosevelt, Ethel Roosevelt, Dr. Rixey, surgeon general of the navy, the President's physician, and a secretary.

President Roosevelt will return from Oyster Bay after election, and will leave Washington on November 8. He will board the Dolphin at the Washington navy yard, and will remain on board this ship until it reaches Wolf Trap Light, in the Chesapeake Bay, where he will transfer to the Louisiana, and start immediately for Colon. The distance from Wolf Trap Light to Colon is 1,788 miles, and the voyage will take six days. The Louisiana will reach Colon on Thursday morning, November 15.

President and Mrs. Amador, Chairman Sboats, of the canal commission, and Mrs. Sboats, who will leave for Panama so as to be there when Mr. Roosevelt arrives, and Chief Engineer and Mrs. Stevens will go aboard the battleship before President and Mrs. Roosevelt go ashore.

Immediately after landing the party will be taken aboard a train and run slowly across the isthmus to La Boca, giving the President a casual view of the town, the canal and a parade of the native school children.

At La Boca there will be an inspection of the terminus of the old French canal and of the Panama Railroad. The entire plan of the canal will be explained to President Roosevelt, and he will be given information regarding sites and plans for the proposed dam, lock and lake at La Boca. There will be a trip in a launch to the islands of Perico, Naos and Flamenco, thus giving President Roosevelt a view of the actual deepwater southern end of the canal, the approaches, the harbors of La Boca and Panama and the surrounding country.

Luncheon will be served at Ancon, followed by a trip around Ancon Hill and a visit to the hospital. The remainder of the day will be given by President Roosevelt to the government of Panama, and while the programme has not been finally arranged, enough of it has been prepared to show that it will be a busy day for the President. It will be a gala day, and the dirt is not expected to fly on this occasion. The city of Ancon will be decorated elaborately and illuminated brilliantly in honor of President Roosevelt.

Some time during the afternoon the executive party will be met by officials of the Republic of Panama, and conducted by them and escorted by a hundred young Panamanians mounted, the President will drive about the city. The drive will end at a stand to be erected in one of the plazas, from which President Amador will deliver an address

New Dress Goods

A shipment of new dress goods arrived today. They come in patterns only, no two alike, and are of the latest weaves and shades. We have the New Fluid Waft Patterns in the latest colorings.

COATS: COATS: COATS: A New Shipment Just Received Never before have we had a bigger or finer stock of Ladies' Coats and Rain Coats than we are showing this season. Every style for every size and every taste. Come at once and make your selection. Prices from \$2.50 to \$25.00

Jas. F. Yeager LADIES' FURNISHINGS

of welcome, to which President Roosevelt will respond. If there is time, the presidential party will review a parade.

SANTA FE TRAIL SIGN

First Bowlder to Mark the Historic Highway.

IT WEIGHS ABOUT 5,000 POUNDS

The huge stone placed between Sterling and Lyons, Kan., was brought from western Oklahoma freight free by the Santa Fe Railroad—Trace of Old Road and First Disappearance.

The first bowlder to mark the Santa Fe trail has been placed in position on the main road between Sterling, Kan., and Lyons, Kan., a mile from Lyons, says a Sterling correspondent of the Kansas City Star. It is a bowlder weighing about 5,000 pounds. It was found in western Oklahoma and was brought to Sterling freight free by the Santa Fe railway. While other bowlders are being purchased with money contributed by the school children of the state of Kansas, this one is paid for by the people of Rice county. The legislature has appropriated \$1,000 to mark the trail, but no application was made for a part of it.

The Daughters of the Revolution, seventeen women, started the movement, and Mrs. W. C. Sawyer, secretary, was instrumental in securing the



FRY'S BOWLDERS ON THE SANTA FE TRAIL. The cliffs of Rice county, the county seat of the county, and the school used in the construction. The men who drove the stone for putting in the monument foundation for the bowlder Daniel Bull, was the first man married in Rice county. That ceremony took place on the trail itself.

The work of marking the trail is being taken up with interest by the communities through which the almost obliterated roadway passes, but counties removed from the course are indifferent. The legislative appropriation is far too small to place markers that will not be moved or destroyed. In Rice county the location of the first marker will be the center of a small park. In Harrison, Oklahoma county, the trail course is directly through the yard of the principal public school. It is planned there to place a bowlder in the schoolyard, that it may be a lesson to the children on the pioneer history of the state.

For many years the trail was clearly identified wherever it led through the southwest, but with the coming of the railroads and the planting of the prairie to grain this is fast passing away, and the signs showing that are known in the exact location, landmarks, hence, pieces of guns and furs and there a mound, telling of the travelers of the evening journey have made the trail obsolete in local tradition. There are fast passing away.

STEAM PLOUGH IN KANSAS.

Farmers Able to Plow More Wheat Than They Can Cut Nowadays.

The steam plough has become a familiar object in Western Kansas. Managers of the big implement houses here say that about 250 outfits have been sold in the past twelve months and that about 600 are in use on the Western and Central Kansas plains wherever fields are large enough and the ground level enough to permit their operation.

All through the western portions of the wheat belt big traction engines, with which tires nearly a yard wide, are at work pulling the gang ploughs and turning up the soil at the rate of thirty acres a day, with two men working each outfit. These two men, working in the old way, could plough only about six acres a day, so that the steam plough has increased the efficiency of labor five-fold in this one character of farm work.

These outfits cost about \$1,900, but the expense of ploughing averages only about 40 cents an acre, as compared with an expense of 75 cents to \$1.50 an acre when the work is done by a man with a team. Therefore, a farmer who owns 1,000 acres of wheat land can save enough money in a few years to pay for a steam plough.

Kansas City dealers say that about half the steam ploughs in the West are owned by large farmers and the remainder belong to thrashing machine men who run the ploughs in the spring and the late fall, when they are not thrashing grain.

The rush to get the fall ploughing finished while the ground is in good condition has prompted some farmers to run their steam ploughs at night, with a great glaring headlight gleaming across the fields, as well as in the day-time.

The only objection to the steam plough is that it enables farmers to plant more wheat than they can harvest. In portions of central and western Kansas, where the farms are large and the population is comparatively sparse, a favorable fall for ploughing and planting and a steam outfit at hand result in such large areas of wheat that when the harvest season comes the task of gathering the crop must wait on the incoming of hundreds of strangers to labor for a few weeks in the harvest fields.

Mr. W. S. Jones, a foreman, and Mr. A. A. Anthony of J. H. Wearn & Co., engaged in a fierce fight in the new Selwyn Hotel at Charlotte Thursday afternoon. During a leg in the fight Jones struck Anthony with a window weight, fracturing his skull. Jones was placed under a bond of \$300.

The News, of Columbia, Polk county, says: A report is in circulation to the effect that Tom Davis and Bob Hagerman, two Polk county boys who left the county a few years ago, had been lynched or hung in Mississippi, but we are unable to verify the report and give it for what it is worth.

Subscribe for THE GAZETTE.

Subscribe for the GAZETTE.