

### WEDDING PRESENTS FOR FALL BRIDES

The demand for handsome Cut Glass and dainty STERLING SILVER is growing larger with every season.

We have a striking line of these goods and invite your inspection.

We also have a complete line of Hand Painted China, Bric-a-Brac and Art Goods, which will make an Elegant Present for the Fall Bride.

## Torrence-Morris Co.

Leading Jewelers & Opticians  
Expert Repairing      Artistic Engraving

### Never Thought of Insuring Your Horse's Life, Did You?

All good business men protect their buildings and stocks of goods with insurance. The same should apply to all who own good stock. Live stock insurance is also a great protection to the man buying stock on time, protecting both himself and the seller.

We represent the Southern Live Stock Insurance Co. of High Point, N. C., a company having a paid in capital of \$50,000.00 managed by successful business men.

This company writes two forms of policies, one granting indemnity in case of death from any cause, the other from disease only. The rates are reasonable and the company reliable.

This is a new line of insurance in this field and we have succeeded beyond our expectations in introducing it.

**IF INTERESTED, CALL OR WRITE.**

### Gastonia Insurance & Realty Co.

## Mr. Advertiser, Read This

(An Unsolicited Testimonial)

Richmond, Va., Sept. 5, 1907.

Gazette Publishing Co.,  
Gastonia, N. C.

Gentlemen:

You will find enclosed check to pay for our advertisement in your paper. This ad. brought us some good business, and we find The Gazette a bright and live paper.

Truly Yours,  
PALMORE'S COLLECTING AGENCY,  
911 Main St., Richmond, Va.

## Mr. William Dollar, Good Citizen.

In a certain western town lives a gentleman whose name is William Dollar. They call him Dollar Bill when they get funny. But Mr. Dollar is a dignified, enterprising, good citizen.

Not every Dollar Bill is a good citizen. Many of them are prone to ignore the claims of their own community and run away to a big city to be spent. Many millions of Dollar Bills have left the smaller towns for the overgrown cities this present year of our Lord.

How many Dollar Bills have gone out of THIS TOWN—left home and gone to some big city, never to return? Every time a Dollar Bill leaves town it takes a two-cent stamp with it, for it goes to a Mail Order Store. That helps the postmaster a little, but it doesn't help the local merchant. It means just so much less trade for him.

Which means just so much less cash circulating in this community.

Which means just so much more social and business stagnation.

Which means the stunting of the town's growth just to that extent.

If you could figure up the Dollar Bills that leave town in this secret manner, like taking French leave—which you can't—you would know just how much the town is stunted by indulgence in this mail order stunt.

If these Dollar Bills were really good and enterprising citizens they would stay at home and circulate around, helping things along.

How many of YOUR Dollar Bills take the midnight express out of town on the Envelope Route?

## THE SACRED GANGES.

### Bathing at Sunrise of the Hindoo Worshipers.

### A MOST CURIOUS SPECTACLE.

Tens of Thousands of Religious Zealots Lave Themselves in the Frigid Waters of the Polluted Stream—The Ghoulis at the Crematory.

One of the greatest human spectacles in the world—a most amazing and complete exhibition of religious zeal—is the sunrise bathing of Ganges worshippers along the river bank at Benares, India. Eliza R. Skidmore, foreign secretary of the National Geographic Society, made a study of these religious observances of believers of Hinduism at Benares and wrote a comprehensive article for the National Geographic Magazine.

The author in recounting her experiences says: "Sightseeing begins at Benares before daybreak, and one drives through two miles of uninteresting streets in the twilight and gray gloaming across to the boats at the river bank. In midwinter, the cold weather months of Indian travel, it is bitterly cold at that hour—hoarfrost on the ground, blue and lilac frost haze in the air. One needs all the fur wraps and rugs one can get to drive down to the river, yet is glad for the shelter of a sun umbrella before noon.

"Every one at that hour was hurrying in the one direction, and when we had passed the great steps and the bank all the river front was before us like a theater stage lighted by the rising sun striking full upon it.

"As the sun shone red, orange and yellow through the thick frost haze a great murmur of voices rose from the length of the ghats, the tens of thousands of fervent worshippers, standing on platforms built over the water and standing waist deep in the water, repeating in muttered chant the ancient Vedic hymn.

"They dipped themselves beneath the swirling mud flood; they lifted the water in jars and poured it over their heads; they lifted it in their hands and let it trickle through their fingers or run down their arms, and they dipped tufts of sacred grass in the water and sprinkled themselves; they pressed their nostrils, they twisted their fingers and did all manner of motions as they chanted and muttered to themselves, each one rapt, intent, absorbed entirely in the long religious recitals.

"At the woman's ghats every woman carries a brass lota, or water jar, or a still larger and heavier jar of red pottery, and the unending procession of gracefully draped figures going up and down the broad ghat is an unending delight. Swathed head and all in their winding saris, they wade into the river and pray, one is sure, to every Hindoo deity which the ten fingers represent to let them come into the world again in some human form less ignoble than a woman's.

"They go back to shore and deftly envelop themselves in fresh saris and drop the wet ones to the steps without once uncovering the face or exposing more than the feet and hands. They scour their brass lotas with Ganges mud, they wash their hair with sacred mud, they lift the jars to take home at the very mouths of the city sewers.

"The devotees show no fastidious choice in dipping the water they drink. All is Ganges water, and all is sacred, even when the surface is afloat with city refuse discharging from the drainpipes at their very elbows.

"The cremation ground is only a waste space of gray sand and gravel between two stone terraces, a neglected bank killed by rains, with pyres, building and half consumed, scattered irregularly, and ghoulis poking among the ashes for coins or jewels. More systematic ghoulis carry pans of ashes to the water's edge and wash this pay dirt like any placer miner.

"Alongside this revolting sequel to yesterday's burnings lie fresh bodies, wrapped in white sheets and garlands of marigolds. The bodies are dipped in the Ganges and laid in rows, with the sacred stream laving their feet and profane ghoulis washing pay dirt from yesterday's pyres between and beside them, shaking grime and clinders over the hapless flower wreathed bodies.

"This crude open air crematory is the monopoly of the domri, lowest caste of all peoples, who charge extravagantly for their services, for the wood, the oil and the flame which lights the funeral torch for touching off the pyre.

"The earlier in the morning the burning occurs the greater merit and certainty of paradise for the dead one, and the domri's charges run from extravagant sums for burning the rich and noble at sunrise and decrease toward noon and afternoon, when the very poor and the jail criminals are hurriedly burned or half burned for a few annas and the rubbish and bones shoveled down the bank.

Pretty Near It.

"Uncle Zeb," cautioned his city nephew, pointing to the flinger bowl, "you are not expected to drink out of that, you know."

"Gosh!" said Uncle Zeb. "You'll be telling me next that it's to wash my hands in!"—Chicago Tribune.

A Tender Foot.

Awkward Nephew—Uncle John, what's a tenderfoot? Gosh Uncle (glaring)—Mine, and don't you forget it!—Baltimore American.

A man's hair usually turns gray five years sooner than a woman's.

A Contrast.

That was a vivid and popular bit of description in which the vaudeville performer on the stage referred to the official at the front entrance of the theater as the "eight-dollar-a-week man at the door who wears a thousand dollars' worth of gold buttons."

Cause For Celebration.

Mrs. De Style—I met Mrs. Schopper at a bargain sale today; and she was celebrating her silver anniversary. Mrs. Gunbusta—Is she married twenty-five years? Mrs. De Style—No, but her husband gave her \$25.—New York Press.

## CENSUS BUREAU REPORT.

### Number of Bales of Cotton Taken by All American Manufacturers.

Washington, Sept. 24.—The census bureau reported today that for the year ending August 31st last, 5,296,783 running bales of cotton were taken by all American manufacturers, compared with 4,820,990 for last year. The manufacturers' stock at the close of the year was 996,279 bales, compared with 688,312 last year. Active cotton spindles numbered 26,242,407, compared with 25,260,096 last year.

The report says: "The statistics of cotton taken, consumed and of stocks are for all establishments using raw cotton, including cotton mills, woolen mills, hosiery and knit goods establishments, those engaged in the manufacture of mattresses and the like; statistics of a c t i v e cotton consuming spindles include those which consumed cotton only during the year, and do not include those which consumed cotton mixed with other fibers. The totals of cotton consumed in 1907 include foreign cotton amounting to 6,018 bales and 5,231 bales consumed by manufacturers in the cotton growing States, and 130,389 bales taken and 103,854 bales consumed by manufacturers in all other States."

### They are Badly Treated.

Statesville Landmark.

The Bad Debt Collection Agency is causing more or less of a stir in Statesville and those who have been in the habit of paying when they got ready, and too frequently not paying at all, are much perturbed. They complain bitterly against this new and unusual method which is imposed to make a man pay his just debts, whether he wants to or not, or stand exposed in the community. The mental anguish on account of this new and unusual method of doing business is sufficient for several days suits.

It is all right to eat a man's rations, wear his clothes, take his medicine, read his newspaper or otherwise use the product of his brain and labor of the other fellow for your comfort and convenience and let him suffer—if any body is to suffer. He may have to scrimp and economize to pay his own bills, if he is honest while you owe him, but that's all right. It doesn't break your rest. He may buy goods on 30 days' time but if you pay him in 12 months or five years he ought to be thankful for your business. He may have to pay his bills whenever they are due, pay his labor at the end of every week, but you can owe him for years—and never give a moment's thought to how strained he may be for the money. You can tell him a dozen lies about the payments, but if finally, in desperation, he puts the screws on, you feel outraged. Your honor (?) is impugned and you are very badly treated; and if you can do the man any harm you're going to do it. Why? Because he is trying to get what belongs to him and you have compelled him to force it out of you.

The whine about forcing people who have been unfortunate, etc., is but a cloak. Not one business man in 100 will oppress a debtor who is really unfortunate. Ninety-nine per cent of those who obtain credit usually get more consideration than they deserve. The force method is for those who show no disposition to pay and make no effort to do it. Everybody knows that and the talk about oppressing people deceives nobody.

The Landmark holds no brief for any collection agency; it has no accounts with them (but it may have); but it is submitting some general remarks on the general proposition which no honest man can gainsay. And business men who have lost hundreds and thousands by dead-beats are more or less amused and pleased to note the alacrity with which people are responding to statements who do not as a rule pay any attention to them.

## HIS TWO BOYS.

One the Hero, the Other the Black Sheep of the Family.

"Let's see," said the man who had been away a long time, "you had two boys, didn't you?"

"Yes," replied Pat. "They would've been three at that, but one was born a girl."

"I remember now. Tom and Andy you named them, after Thomas Jefferson and Andrew Jackson, didn't you?"

"Yes."

"As I remember Tom he was a very bright little fellow. I never knew so much about Andy."

"Ab, but that Andy! He's the boy! He led the big league twist in battin', and now he's managin' a club in Missouri and has a contract for five years at a terrible big salary. Me and his ma can't get over bein' glad we never made Andy go to school, but let him play ball in all the corner lots of the neighborhood. And all the neighbors have his pitcher in their parlors. They are proud of him."

"That's fine, I am glad to hear that Andy is doing so well. But what about Tom? I always had an idea that he was going to turn out well."

"No; Tom ain't amountin' to much. He was more for wastin' his time goin' to college and that. He's only the chief l't'y adviser or something like that for one of these concerns that prints books. But then, you know, they say there's a black sheep in nearly every family."—Kansas City Independent.

## A FISH'S TAIL.

The Wonderful Power It Develops in Its Strokes.

A fish's tail is its wings. Thanks to the machinery of muscle set along its spine and to its cleaving form, a trout or salmon can dart through the water at a tremendous pace, though its rapid flights, unlike the bird's, are not long ones. It is soon dead beat. The water is not so friendly to flight as the air. The stroke of the fish's tail is one of great power, and by means of it and the writhing, snake-like flexion of the body, high speed is reached. The strength behind this speed is shown in the way a fish or sea mammal out of the water will raise its tail and strike the ground or boat. A fisherman told the writer he once had a red proof of this power. He caught an old, with aid, got into his boat a whale thresher. After lying still awhile as if spent or dying, the creature, on its caper or approach, suddenly lashed furiously up and down. The startled men and their captives between them nearly upset the boat. It was an experience they wish never to repeat. The slapping stroke of a helpless and landed fish may be often a spasm and no more, but when a large and naturally aggressive fish—or mammal like this thresher—lashes on the enemy approaching, it does look like conscious fight.—George R. Dewar.

Two Apiece.

Baillie Craig, the magisterial authority of a small town in Scotland, had six stout sons, with whom he loved to parade the market place, says Dr. Kerr in his "Memories." They furnished him the basis of a mathematical joke.

"A fine family you have," strangers would often say. "Is this the whole of it?"

"No, indeed," the baillie would reply. "I have two sisters at home for each and every one of them."

"What?" the visitor would exclaim, rapidly counting the sons. "Twelve daughters?"

"No, indeed. Just two."

Cromwell and Foolscap.

The triumph of Cromwell! What is foolscap? Everybody the world over recognizes that paper foolscap size means a standard measurement of thirteen inches by sixteen, yet how few can give the reason why. In England the paper mark was originally a crown, and when the commonwealth was set up Cromwell was approached as to what mark should be used in the future. He, with characteristic contempt for crowns, replied, "A fool's cap," and so it became and remained, for at the restoration the matter was overlooked until too late to act upon the ultimate discovery.—London Chronicle.

Dr. Parr's Sarcasm.

"Dr. Parr," said a young student to the celebrated linguist, "let's you and I write a book." "Very well," replied the doctor. "Put in it all that I know and all that you don't know and we'll make a big one."

Once to a volatile and vain young man who said in his presence, "I make it a point to believe nothing I cannot understand." Dr. Parr said, "Then, young man, your creed will be the shortest of any man's I know."

Destiny of the Stuarts.

The figures "88" play a weird part in the rise and fall of the Stuarts. James III, was killed in flight near Bannockburn in 1488, Mary Stuart was beheaded in 1588, James II of England was dethroned in 1688, Charles Edward died in 1788, and James Stuart, the "Old Pretender," was born in 1688, the very year that his father abdicated.

—Work begins October 1st on Gastonia's sixteenth cotton mill.

## Opening Rock Quarry.

The following is from The Charlotte News of Wednesday: "Mr. Fred Oliver has opened a large rock quarry two miles west of Mount Holly and in a few weeks will be prepared to remove from eight to ten car loads per day. Mr. J. E. Snell, the contractor, is grading for a side track to be run to the quarry from the Seaboard's main line and when this is done work will be carried on in earnest.

The rock is a pure white flint variety and is in great demand for road bed ballasting and other such purposes. The enterprise promises to be a great success."

The strength of every community is dependent upon the average of the intelligence of that community, and this intelligence is dependent upon the education of the entire mass and not of the few.—Charles B. Aycock.

## Notice to Creditors of Vermont Mills, Incorporated.

Pursuant to an order or decree of the Superior Court of Gastonia county, North Carolina, made at September Term, 1907 in the action pending wherein D. A. Garrison is plaintiff and said Vermont Mills, Inc., is defendant, I hereby notify all persons having claims against said Vermont Mills, Inc. incorporated to present the same to me at my office in the Court House in Dallas, Gastonia county, N. C., on or before the 28th day of October, 1907, duly proven. Claims which heretofore have been presented to the Receiver, Mr. L. L. Jenkins, and allowed by him, need not be filed and proven before me by such creditors, but exceptions to any and all such claims may be filed with me by any one in interest.

Those claimants whose claims have been presented to or filed with such Receiver and disallowed, or not allowed by him, are notified to file their claims with me in order that parties in interest may file exceptions thereto if they elect so to do.

The Southern Railway will afford excellent passenger service to Gastonia from Norfolk on account of this occasion.

For further information, and Pullman reservations address any Agent Southern Railway or write to R. L. VERNON, T. F. A. Charlotte, N. C. W. H. TAYLOR, G. P. A. Washington, D. C.

## Commissioner's Sale of Land.

By virtue of a decree of the Superior Court of Gastonia county, North Carolina, this day made in the special proceeding to sell land for partition entitled "R. M. Berry vs. W. P. Berry et al.," I will sell to the highest bidder at public auction at the court house door in Dallas on

Monday October 21, 1907, at noon, all that tract of land situated in South Point township, Gastonia county, North Carolina, adjoining the lands of J. W. Riddle, W. W. Wilson, J. M. Huffstetter, J. M. Nolen and others, formerly known as the Edwin M. Berry tract and more recently known as the Nancy J. Berry tract and containing one hundred and ninety six (196) acres more or less. This land will be divided and sold in three separate tracts and then sold as a whole and the sale which brings the most money will be confirmed. On and after the 1st day of October, 1907, plans and descriptions of these separate tracts may be seen at the office of S. B. Sparrow, in Dallas.

Terms of sale: One-half of purchase money to be paid on day of sale, balance on credit of six months, deferred payment to bear interest from date of sale, title to be reserved until entire price is paid with privilege to purchaser to pay all cash at any time.

OSCAR F. MASON, Commissioner.  
This 21st day of September, 1907.

## NOTICE OF SALE.

By virtue of a decree of the Superior Court of Gastonia county, North Carolina, made at September term, 1907, in the action therein pending entitled "D. A. Garrison vs. The Whitestone Cotton Company," I will sell to the highest bidder on the premises in Resner City, Gastonia county, North Carolina, on

Tuesday, October 22, 1907.

All the property and tangible effects of The Whitestone Cotton Company, consisting of real estate, machinery, etc., which is more particularly described as follows:

Real Estate: Lots numbered 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45 and 46 in Block No. 119 in Section No. 7, as per W. R. Richardson's map of Bessemer City, made in 1890, which is situated on a mill building containing the following rooms of the dimensions stated, viz: Weave room, 60x100 ft.; Cloth Room, 25x30 ft.; Rinsing Room, 20x30 ft. with 10x20 ft. driveway; Roller Room; 24x30 ft.; Steam Power; 2 Boilers, 100 horse power each; 1 Engine, 125 horse power; Dynamo, Electric Lights, etc. Equipment; 40 Jacquards; Looms 60" wide; 8 Jacquard Looms, 72" wide.

This machinery has been in operation about 20 months and is now in good condition; and has been and inspected at any time upon application to the undersigned or to the Superintendent in charge. Terms of sale: One-third of the purchase money to be paid in cash upon the confirmation of the sale by the Court; one-third in six months and one third in twelve months thereafter; the deferred payments to bear interest from the date of the confirmation of the sale, with the right to the purchaser to anticipate said payments; the purchaser to deposit with the Court, on the date of sale the sum of \$2,000.00 to guarantee compliance with the terms thereof upon confirmation by the Court; and upon confirmation of such sale and payment of one third of the purchase money, in case the purchaser does not wish to pay all the purchase money in cash, the Receiver will turn over to the purchaser the property and effects so purchased to be operated by said purchaser at his own risk and upon his own responsibility until the balance of the purchase money shall have been paid, but the purchaser will be required to keep said property insured in the same amount it is now insured for, in the name of the Receiver, so as to fully protect the parties interested in said corporation from loss of damage, arising out of the operation of said machinery, until the purchase money has been paid.

The bidings will be opened at the price of \$17,600, that sum having been offered for this property.

This 19th Sept. 1907.

L. L. JENKINS, Receiver

## Commissioner's Sale of Land.

By virtue of a decree of the Superior Court of Gastonia county, North Carolina, this day made in the special proceeding to sell land for partition entitled "William H. Smith and John H. Smith, administrators of the estate of Israel R. Stroup, deceased," I will offer for sale to the highest bidder at the COURT HOUSE DOOR in Dallas on

Saturday, October 12th, 1907, that tract of land situated in Cradwell Mountain Township, Gastonia county, North Carolina, on Moore's branch of Crowder's Creek, adjoining the lands formerly owned by A. H. Falls, James Ferguson and others, containing 102 acres, be the same more or less, known as the William C. Beatty lands, and which were conveyed to him by James Quinn by deed dated February 20th, 1899 and registered in said county in Deed Book No. 3 at page 133, to which reference is made for metes and bounds.

THIS LAND IS WELL TIMBERED Terms of sale: One-half of the purchase price to be paid in cash and the balance on credit of twelve (12) months, deferred portion of the price to bear interest from date of sale till paid, and title to and possession of the land reserved until the entire price is paid, with privilege to the purchaser to anticipate payment of the credit portion of the price.

This, September 7th, 1907.  
O. F. MASON, Commissioner.

## Commissioner's Sale of Land.

By virtue of a decree of the Superior Court of Gastonia county, North Carolina, this day made in the special proceeding to sell land for partition entitled "William H. Smith and John H. Smith, administrators of the estate of Israel R. Stroup, deceased," I will offer for sale to the highest bidder at the COURT HOUSE DOOR in Dallas on

Monday October 21, 1907, at noon, all that tract of land situated in South Point township, Gastonia county, North Carolina, adjoining the lands of J. W. Riddle, W. W. Wilson, J. M. Huffstetter, J. M. Nolen and others, formerly known as the Edwin M. Berry tract and more recently known as the Nancy J. Berry tract and containing one hundred and ninety six (196) acres more or less. This land will be divided and sold in three separate tracts and then sold as a whole and the sale which brings the most money will be confirmed. On and after the 1st day of October, 1907, plans and descriptions of these separate tracts may be seen at the office of S. B. Sparrow, in Dallas.

Terms of sale: One-half of purchase money to be paid on day of sale, balance on credit of six months, deferred payment to bear interest from date of sale, title to be reserved until entire price is paid with privilege to purchaser to pay all cash at any time.

OSCAR F. MASON, Commissioner.  
This 21st day of September, 1907.

## WANTED

\$80,000 Flat pieces to launder this week. Prices right; work the best.

Snowflake Steam Laundry  
Phone 113

## Commissioner's Sale of Land.

By virtue of a decree of the Superior Court of Gastonia county, North Carolina, this day made in the special proceeding to sell land for partition entitled "D. S. Sellers vs. M. S. Sellers and others," I will sell to the highest bidder at public auction at the Court house door in Dallas on

Saturday October 19th, 1907, at noon all that tract of land situated in Cherryville Township, in Gastonia county, adjoining the lands of H. S. Sellers, John Kiser, J. P. Kiser and others and known as a part of the M. S. Sellers land, containing (28 1/2) Twenty-eight and one half acres more or less.

Terms of sale: One-half of the price to be paid in cash and the balance on credit of two months, deferred payment to bear interest from date of sale, and title reserved until the entire price is paid, with privilege to the purchaser to pay all cash at any time.

JOHN G. BREND, Mortgagee.  
This 14th day of September 1907.

## Commissioner's Sale of Land.

By virtue of the power of sale contained in a certain Mortgage Deed, dated April 15th 1907, and registered in the office of the Register of Deeds of Gastonia county, in Book No. 68 at page 65, default having been made in the payment of the debt secured thereby, I will sell to the highest bidder for cash at the Court House door in Dallas, N. C., at Noon,

on Wednesday, October 23rd, 1907, all the land contained in Blocks Nos. 26, 27, 28, 29 in Section two (2) as laid down on plat or map made by W. R. Richardson, surveyor, in 1891, of the town of Bessemer, North Carolina, and being the lands conveyed to C. A. Davis, E. D. Bullard and C. B. Whitney by the Ormand Mining Company, Inc., on

This September 21, 1907. O22clm.

## The Southern Soldier Boy

A Thousand Shots for the Confederacy.

By JAMES CARSON ELLIOTT, Company F, 50th Regiment N. C. T., C. S. A. 1861-65

Shelby, N. C.

77 pages of interesting and instructive Confederate History.

Now on sale at

## GAZETTE OFFICE

Price 25 cents, post paid.

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Three-week Edition.

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THE THIRICE-A-WEEK WORLD'S regular subscription price is only \$1.00 per year and this price for 156 papers. We offer this unexcused newspaper and THE GASTONIA GAZETTE together for one year for \$2.00.

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This offer will be open till January 1st. Send orders to Gazette Publishing Co. The Gazette for first-class printing.