

GASTONIA DAILY GAZETTE

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 14, 1919.

GERMANY ORGANIZING STATE POLICE FORCE.

WITH THE AMERICAN FORCES IN GERMANY, Sept. 15.—Correspondence of The Associated Press.—Organization of the new state police force of Germany is progressing rapidly, say German newspapers. It is upon these forces that the German nation will rely to a larger extent than formerly to preserve order, after a fiction of the army is called for by the treaty of peace is accomplished.

The new plan of government in Germany puts the police force under the Minister of the Interior instead of under the War Minister as formerly but the war ministers of the separate states are in many cases having a hand in the organization of the new police system.

An outline for forming a police corps in Wuertemberg as drawn up by the Wuertemberg war ministry says: "The corps must be composed of young men, not married and thoroughly versed in military drill, use of hand grenades, flame throwers, etc."

Another paragraph, excerpted in the newspapers, says: "The organization is to have as much of a military character as possible in order that no suspicion will be excited abroad by its military nature."

The Wuertemberg force will consist of about 2,000 men who must be taken from army regiments which are being dissolved. Control of the organization will be vested in a central committee composed of members of the organizations responsible for public safety.

NEW JAP AMBASSADOR REGARDED MOST CAPABLE

TOKIO, Sept. 11, (Correspondence of The Associated Press).—Kijuro Shidehara, vice-foreign minister, who was appointed today Ambassador at Washington, is regarded here as one of the most capable of Japanese diplomats. He has climbed rapidly in the service and at the comparatively early age of 47 is entrusted with the post at Washington which Japanese now regard as their most important foreign diplomatic post.

Mr. Shidehara married Miss Masako Iwasaki, sister of Baron Kyuya Iwasaki, a member of the great Japanese Iwasaki family which shares with the Mitsui family industrial and financial leadership in the Japanese Empire.

Mr. Shidehara has served in China and England and was for some time councillor at the Embassy at Washington, being transferred from there to London and subsequently named minister to Holland. Shortly after the outbreak of the war he was recalled to be vice foreign minister, and during the war he has handled all international problems which were developed by the war. He speaks English and French with facility.

DENIES ENORMOUS GERMAN LOSS AT VERDUN

BERLIN, Sept. 10, (Correspondence of The Associated Press).—In defense of his administrative career as chief of staff of the German armies in 1915 and 1916, General Erich von Falkenhayn denies that German losses at Verdun were excessive. He declares they were under those of the enemy.

German defensive operations at the Somme, he declares, were effective under his direction whereas only limited results previously had been achieved. The successes of the English and French at the Somme, he claims, were possible only because of the Austrian collapse which necessitated the despatch of heavy reinforcements to the eastern front.

Von Falkenhayn declares the swift success of the Rumanian campaign which he commanded after his dismissal as chief of staff was due primarily to exhaustive preparations of the General Staff before his retirement. Rumania's declaration of war, he states, was the external pretext for his retirement although this move on his part was primarily due to the machinations of other persons in the German military circles who had been plotting his overthrow for a long time.

RUSSIAN STEAMER IS HELD UP AND ROBBED.

(By The Associated Press)

BATUM, CAUCASIA, Aug. 28, via Paris, Sept. 10.—B. M. S. Nax liners, travelling as passengers, commandeered the Russian steamer Constantine on her latest trip between this port and Constantinople, and robbed a selected list of wealthy passengers of enormous riches. The robbery was conducted with the daring and finish of an American train hold-up.

The Constantine carried merchants from Tiflis, Baku, Bagdad and Erivan, proceeding to Constantinople to purchase goods, with cash in gold and Romanoff rubles for the purpose. There was nothing to indicate the character of the robbers until the ship was within 12 hours of the Bosphorus, when the captain and crew, at the point of pistols, were ordered forward and the engines stopped. The leading merchants were lined up, as their names were read from a list, and their persons and baggage searched. It was a case of all firearms on the deck and arms aloft. The crew and the humbler passengers were not molested.

The captain was ordered to navigate his ship close to shore, the pile of firearms was tossed into a lifeboat, and the robbers moved to land. They immediately disappeared in the hills of Anadolie. The members of the crew who rowed them ashore received a handsome tip. Robberies around the Black Sea become bolder and of daily occurrence. Forty persons were rounded up on the high road outside Sonchi yesterday and the valuables and better clothing of the party taken. The affair of the Constantine however, is the first time that bandits have transferred their activities to the water.

PRINCE LEOPOLD LEARNS HOW TO BESTOW HONORS

(By The Associated Press)

NEW YORK, Oct. 13.—Prince Leopold, now apparent to the Belgian throne, was given his first lesson while crossing the ocean on the steamer George Washington in what is likely to become an important duty when he is called to power in the presentation of honors. The monarch whom he bestows the marks of his favor were American soldiers and sailors who were victors in the games held on board in the Prince's honor. The Prince is visiting America with his parents, the King and Queen of the Belgians.

The scene was staged at the foot of the circular staircase, leading from the deck on which are the Prince's apartments, the soldiers and sailors forming a line across the ship. The Prince was accompanied by Admiral A. T. Long, United States naval aide to the king while he is in the United States, Major W. W. Hoffman, military aide; Captain McCauley, commanding the George Washington, Count d'Oultremont, adjutant of the Belgian court, and a number of other Belgian dignitaries.

The Prince, who is only 18 years old and very much a boy, being still a student in an English school, quickly lost his embarrassment when he saw the eager line of admirers before him. He was followed by a sailor bearing a tray which was a present for each of the victors. Taking his place at the head of the line and directly in front of it, the Prince signalled the sailor to "stand by."

The young naval officer, commanding the "detachment," read the name of the first winner, and the sailor, a lad not out of his teens, stepped briskly forward.

The Prince received him with a smile and hearty handshake, congratulating him, in perfect English, on his success. He then took a scarlet Morocco case from the tray, handed it to the sailor and again shook his hand. The sailor thanked him, saluted smartly, and marched back to his place, neglecting the formality that one is not expected to turn his back on royalty.

When the winners of such events as the wheelbarrow race, the obstacle race, and the "boom-boxing" were called, the Prince smiled at the recollection of the fun those contests had produced, and as a rule the victors smiled with him.

At the conclusion of the ceremony the naval officer marched off his men and the Prince went off to the moving picture show with Count d'Oultremont, in the officers' mess, where he was seen many times during the voyage.

The presents were cigarette cases, in solid silver with the royal monograms, and enamel pins made by a famous Brussels goldsmith. They were of solid gold, the Lion of Flanders, rampant within a circle set in jewels showing the Belgian national colors.

Prince Leopold, who also bears the title, Duke of Brabant, is a keen sportsman, and during the entire voyage kept himself in excellent physical condition. Not a day went by when he failed to box a given number of rounds, and he was seen frequently on deck playing "slip tennis." At the games he occupied a ringside seat, and was particularly interested in the boxing bouts.

GERMANY LACKS RAW MATERIALS AND FOOD.

LEIPSIK, Sept. 13.—(Correspondence of The Associated Press).—Robert Schmidt, Germany's Food and Economic Minister, in a speech at the Leipzig Fair said Germany was "sick with two diseases, lack of raw materials and fuel."

"During my visit to the Fair buildings," he said, "I heard constant complaints about the lack of coal. We have the workers and we have the orders in plenty, we can easily get millions, even billions of orders. But when I asked each individual exhibitor why he did not accept orders he replied invariably that he lacked raw material and fuel. It is true that every effort is being made to force Germany back into an inferior place, not in the usual way of competition but through political methods. German trade however, will build its way in world trade for no power can prevent the hunger for goods where it can be advantageously satisfied."

"People are accusing us of again having recourse to the 'dumping system.' We do not merit this accusation, and I must deny it most energetically. I have the hope that in spite of all hindrances we will soon come up to prosperity if work and constructive labor, raw materials and coal are placed at our disposal in sufficient quantities."

"We need the world market. The excess will be removed from Germany, and we will get credit abroad. We must be convinced that we are again to climb. This people is not to be destroyed economically. If all energies revive I hope that we are not at the end of our rope, but that the German people will overcome these sad days and that the joyful times will come again. I am building on the never failing creative power of our industry, our technique, art and science."

RATS DIE

So do mice, once they eat RAT-SNAP. And they leave no odor behind. Don't take our word for it—try a package. Cats and dogs won't touch it. Rats pass up all food to get RAT-SNAP. Three sizes. 25c size (1 cake) enough for Pantry Kitchen or Cellar. 50c size (2 cakes) for Chicken House, coops, or small buildings. \$1.00 size (5 cakes) enough for all farm and out-buildings, storage building, or factory buildings. Sold and guaranteed by Standard Hardware Company, J. H. Kennedy & Co., Gastonia; Mt. Holly Hardware & Furn. Co., Mt. Holly; J. R. Lewis Co., Dallas; W. H. & O. P. Stowe, Belmont.



Loyal Americans! Get Together on National War Savings Day.

WAYS OF EARNING MONEY DURING SUMMER VACATION

Many Opportunities Open to Children Who Wish to Encourage Habits of Thrift and Saving.

A great many questions about how children may earn money in order to purchase Thrift and War Savings Stamps during the summer vacation period have come into the War Loan Organization at Richmond, and it is to answer these inquiries that the present article has been prepared.

The suburban or country child probably has the best opportunities for making money, though selling papers and magazines, running errands and doing chores offer several ways for the city child to earn the where-with-all for Thrift Stamps.

In the country there is first of all the garden, and at this time growing food stuffs should receive special attention. It is not too late to plant fall crops which may be marketed with profit. Lettuce and radishes are easily grown and always find good markets, especially in the late summer and fall. There will probably be more of some kinds of vegetables in the garden than can be eaten or canned. These should be sold.

On almost every farm there is a time when much of the fruit ripens at once, and the problem of disposing of it arises. Some of it is eaten, some preserved. A quantity of it not infrequently rots. This should be sold if there is a market near enough, but if such is not the case the children can put it up and sell the canned stuff in the fall.

Pigs, chickens, turkeys or rabbits are easily raised in the summer vacation, and all of them will bring in large returns for the time and labor. Berry picking is another way of making money that children should enjoy, and this year there is a plentiful crop.

Many mothers and fathers will be glad to pay the children for taking care of the yard, cutting wood, running errands or doing daily chores. In fact there are so many ways of earning money during the summer that the list might be indefinitely lengthened. But of course the object of any and all of these ways is not simply to make money, but to make and save money; in other words, enough to buy War Savings Stamps which will bring in four per cent interest, compounded quarterly.

You can do this, every boy and girl in this big country.

A. B. C. OF IT

AGITATORS and BOLSHIEVIKI howl CONTINUALLY. DENOUNCING EVERYTHING they FIND in the GOOD old System. HANDED down to us, INTACT JUST as our KIND forefathers LEFT it to MAKE the young NATION OPULENT and Free, PROTECTOR of all in QUEST of Liberty. RIGHT and Equality! SMITE down THESE vile efforts to UNDO our Blessings! VINDICATE AMERICA! WAR SAVINGS STAMPS EXTERMINATE "Reds!" YOU can help. Put BEST into your WAR SAVINGS SOCIETY.

HOW ABOUT IT?

Someone is saving the money you waste. Who is depositing your dollars? Save them and deposit them yourself. Sing a song of Savings Stamps. The cost of living's high. But have you counted all the things these Savings Stamps will buy?

BEN FRANKLIN EARLY LEARNED FRUGALITY

Great American Exemplar of Thrift Knew Value of Regular and Systematic Saving For Future.

Thrift is not stinginess. In fact it is more often than not that the thrifty man is the one who is truly generous. Benjamin Franklin, our national exemplar of thrift, was, from boyhood up, always liberal and unselfish. Rene Bache, his great-great-grandson, gives an instance of this characteristic of his ancestor in a story he tells:

"The price of bread two centuries ago was a penny a loaf. Thus it happened that Benjamin Franklin, a boy of seventeen, on arriving in Philadelphia, was able to buy three loaves for three-pence; and with them he walked up Market Street from the wharf, holding one under each arm and eating the third. An hour later he gave two of them to a woman and her child who had been fellow voyagers up the Delaware."

Rene Bache goes on to say of Franklin: "Where his own expenditures were concerned he was always frugal, saving what he could out of his wages as printer, while his fellow-workers spent theirs as fast as they got them, or faster. In this way it came about that, while a mere youngster in a printing office, he lent them money every week."

"Though the earnings of most of them were greater than his, he was capitalist. By the middle of each week they were penniless, and came to him for loans to carry them over until payday. He would accept no interest, but each Saturday, on getting their money they gave back to him what they borrowed—only to repeat the borrowing a day or two later."

The secret of Franklin's success was systematic and persistent saving, from the time he first began to earn money. And always having a savings fund he was ever ready to grasp his opportunities—those of lending a helping hand as well as those of self-betterment.

Let Benjamin Franklin be your exemplar—start saving today. Thrift Stamps are an easy beginning and pave the way to a certain future.

THRIFT

Without me no man has ever achieved success nor has any nation ever become great. I have been the bedrock of every successful career, and cornerstone of every fortune.

All the world knows me and most of the world heeds my warning. The poor may have me as well as the rich.

My power is limitless, my application boundless. He who possesses me has contentment in the present and surety for the future.

I am of greater value than pearls, rubies and diamonds. Once you have me no man can take me away.

I lift my possessor to high planes of living, increase his earning power, and bring to realization the hopes of his life.

I make a man well dressed, well housed and well fed. I insure absolutely against the rainy day.

I drive want and doubt and care away.

I guarantee those who possess me prosperity and success. I have exalted those of low degree, and those of high degree have found me a helpful friend.

To attain me you need put out no capital but personal effort, and on all you invest in me I guarantee dividends that last through life and after.

I am as free as air. I am yours if you will take me. I am THRIFT.

War Savings Stamps are better than money because they earn more money.

McNEELY'S Clever Styles In Ladies' Ready-to-Wear Apparel DRESSES of The BETTER KIND If you have been in quest of an Autumn Frock of practicability, smartness and moderate price you needn't look further, for we have scores of modes which will answer each and every one of your requirements. Satins, Georgettes and combinations of both are by no means the only fabrics represented, for Tricotines, Twills, Serges, Tricolettes and other weaves also are here to entice one's fancy. COATS and SUITS We have a great array of Coats and Suits. Our line interprets the smartest effects in styles and materials that have been developed for the season. The clever designing and excellent workmanship are characteristics of each offering. Come in and see the attractiveness of the modes featured and the reasonableness of their markings. An early visit to our store will be profitable to you. McNeely Company STYLE — QUALITY — SERVICE

EXPERT REPAIRING TRY US AND BE CONVINCED WE CONSIDER YOUR REPAIRING work just a step to your jewelry trade. Consequently, all our repair work is done at the lowest possible cost consistent with the high grade of workmanship involved. When you bring us a bit of repair work you run no risk. Our reputation backs every job. EXPERT REPAIRING PHONOGRAPHS RECORDS WHEN YOU THINK OF JEWELRY—THINK OF WINGET JEWELRY CO. PHONE 92 GASTONIA, N.C.

UNITED STATES RAILROAD ADMINISTRATION ANNOUNCES REDUCED ROUND TRIP FARES VIA SOUTHERN RAILROAD LINES TO CHARLOTTE, N. C. ACCOUNT THE FAIR OF THE CAROLINAS OCTOBER 14TH-17TH, 1919 Round-trip tickets may be purchased from Greensboro, Winston-Salem, Taylorsville, Columbia, Camden, Spartanburg and all intermediate stations to CHARLOTTE, N. C., AND RETURN Dates of sale October 13 to 17, inclusive. Final limit Oct. 19, 1919. Minimum excursion fare 25c. Splendid train service and convenient schedules. For detailed information call on Local Ticket Agent. Subscribe To The Gastonia Daily Gazette.