

THE GASTONIA GAZETTE. THURSDAY, OCTOBER 30, 1919.

THE WEATHER

Special to The Daily Gazette. CHARLOTTE, Oct. 30.—Forecast for GASTONIA and vicinity: Partly cloudy tonight and Friday with probable showers; warmer tonight.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 30.—Forecast for North and South Carolina: Showers probable tonight and Friday; warmer in the interior tonight.

SHORT LOCAL ITEMS

—Gastonia Chapter No. 66, Royal Arch Masons, will do work in the Most Excellent degree tonight at 7:30 o'clock.

—Attention of Gazette readers is called to the list of fair prize-winners on page six of today's issue.

—The county teachers will meet Saturday at 9:30 o'clock at the courthouse. Mr. D. F. Giles, of the State Board of Examiners, will be present.

—Mr. Samuel New underwent an operation yesterday at the Gaston Sanatorium for appendicitis. His many friends will be glad to know that he is getting along nicely.

—All members of Gastonia Lodge No. 188, I. O. O. F., are urged to be present at the regular meeting at 7:30 tonight to witness the conferring of the initiatory degree upon a class of candidates.

—The fall communion service at Pisgah A. R. P. church will be held on the second Sunday in November. Services will be held two days before communion, namely on Friday and Saturday, November 7th and 8th. Rev. M. L. Gibson, of Kannapolis, will be in charge of these services.

Born

To Mr. and Mrs. L. O. Henry on Wednesday, October 29, 1919, a son, Leonard O., Jr.

SYNOD HEARS REPORTS BARIUM SPRINGS REGENTS.

(By The Associated Press.) RALEIGH, Oct. 30.—The report of the regents of Barium Springs orphanage was the principal business disposed of at the morning session of the North Carolina synod of the Southern Presbyterian Church, which is holding its 106th annual convention here. Dr. H. G. Hill, of Maxton, the oldest member of the synod, presided.

Home missions and the subject of the Sabbath and family religion were the main discussions at the afternoon meeting. The report of the committee on systematic beneficence, through its chairman, Rev. R. A. Lapsley, of Tarboro, will be presented tonight.

CAROLINA AND CLEMSON MEET TODAY AT S. C. STATE FAIR.

(By The Associated Press.) COLUMBIA, S. C., Oct. 30.—The University of South Carolina and Clemson will meet in their annual football clash at the state fair today at noon under favorable weather conditions and before an expected large crowd in which both teams will be well supported. The two teams are well prepared for the fray and appeared to be evenly matched in the technique of the game. Clemson outweighed Carolina by several pounds.

GENEVA, Wednesday, Oct. 29.—The Budapest police have arrested Leander Battik, reported to be an American citizen, and a friend of Bela Kun, former dictator of Hungary, in connection with the theft of the Hungarian royal jewels, valued at millions of marks, according to a Prague despatch. Battik is said to have told the police that he had been commissioned by Bela Kun to sell the jewels in the United States and to accept nothing but gold in payment for them. Most of the jewels, which included a crown, have been recovered. It is learned here that the Austrians are closely guarding Bela Kun, whose extradition and trial are considered assured.

Madrid, Oct. 29.—The syndicalists of Barcelona have issued a manifesto declaring the lockout, decided upon by the employers several days ago, is designed to break up the workers' organization. The syndicalists maintain the workmen's organization has a perfect right to exist, as proved by government support of its social policy and the promise of the government to maintain order during the lockout. The newspaper A. B. C., one of the few papers supporting the lockout, denies the employers are divided and says the lockout will be successful.

STEEL MILLS GOING BACK TO WORK.

YOUNGSTOWN, O., Oct. 30.—Following resumption of more departments at three steel mills here last night, the Ohio workers of the Carnegie Steel Company today blew in another blast furnace, making a total of nine furnaces out of 19 working in the four big mills of Youngstown proper.

AT THE THEATERS

The Ideal Theatre today presents Alce Brady in "Red Head" a Select Production; also Mr. and Mrs. Carter H. De Haven in "Close To Nature," a very funny two-reel comedy.

TODAY'S COTTON MARKET

GASTONIA COTTON. (Corrected daily by D. M. Jones & Co.) Good Middling 37 cents

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

(By Associated Press.) NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 30.—Cotton opened steady. December 36.45; January 35.85; March 34.88; May 34.20; July 33.70. Good cables caused a rise of 3 to 4 points on the near months during the first call in cotton today, but the distant months were slightly lower and after the opening there was heavy selling on the unsatisfactory situation in the coal industry. At the end of the first half hour of trading prices were 34 to 32 points under the close of yesterday.

NEW YORK COTTON FUTURES

(By The Associated Press.) NEW YORK, Oct. 30.—Cotton futures opened steady. December 36.45; January 35.55; March 34.75; May 34.17; July 33.45.

WEATHER CONDITIONS UNFAVORABLE TO COTTON.

(By The Associated Press.) WASHINGTON, Oct. 29.—The weather generally was unfavorable for cotton during the week ending yesterday, according to the National Weather and Crop Bulletin review, issued today. Unseasonable high temperatures and moderately heavy rainfall characterized the weather of the week in nearly the whole of the cotton belt, although rainfall was light in some extreme easterly localities and in parts of Texas. Picking was suspended in some localities, although good progress was made in South Carolina. More or less damage resulted to cotton in all except the more easterly states by too much rain and cloudy weather, causing bolls to decay, seed to sprout and discoloration in open unpicked cotton.

STOCKS.

(By The Associated Press.) NEW YORK, Oct. 30.—Selling of stocks was resumed at the opening of today's session, the further reactions being largely influenced by latest developments in the impending coal strike. Declines of 2 to 8 points marked the early dealings in various leaders, notably steels, equipments, oils and motors, the two last-named groups displaying greatest weakness. Shippings and rails also were under pressure.

A few stocks rallied sharply within the first half hour, Texas Company gaining 5 points over yesterday's close at the new high record of 344.

FIUME DIFFICULTY NOT YET SETTLED.

(By The Associated Press.) PARIS, Oct. 30.—Notification has been given the peace conference by a representative of Italy here that the proposal made by Foreign Minister Tittoni for the settlement of the Fiume problem had not been accepted by the United States. It is declared by authoritative Italian quarters, however, that although the reply of Secretary of State Lansing was unfavorable as a whole, a considerable portion of the Tittoni proposal was accepted and that the exchanges with the United States on the subject will be continued.

As soon as the extreme concessions the United States is willing to make are known to the representatives of Italy here, the Italian government will be put in possession of all the elements of the problem as they have been developed by the delegation in Paris, and Italy's position will be definitely made known.

EXTEREMISTS IN FRANCE MAY CALL STRIKE.

PARIS, Oct. 30.—The absence from Paris of Leon Jouhaux, president of the general federation of labor, who is on his way to the United States to attend the international labor conference at Washington, has caused the extremists in the federation of labor to make an attempt to organize a general strike for November 7. Circulars now are being sent to unions throughout France asking the opinion of the local committees as to the advisability of all organizations starting a general strike in protest against intervention in Russia and conking a commission to examine the proposition.

PROMOTING INTERESTS MISS. VALLEY ASSOCIATION.

MEMPHIS, TENN., Oct. 30.—Delegates from more than a score of cities and towns in Mississippi, Arkansas, Alabama, North Carolina and Tennessee, attended a zone meeting here today of the Mississippi Valley Association, called to perfect plans to solidify the zone organizations and discuss means of promoting the commercial interests in the valley states. More than 100 delegates, including general officers of the association, attended the opening session of the conference.

NORTH RUSSIAN ARMY REPORTS FURTHER ADVANCES

(By The Associated Press.) ARCHANGEL, Oct. 29.—A further advance of the north Russian army is reported by the general staff today. Its statement claims that the anti-bolshevik forces have reached Birumcheff, 150 versts south of Omega, where they have formed a junction with the forces operating on the railway front. In the Omega sector the capture of 2,000,000 cartridges, 1,000 shells and other booty is reported. The road along the Omega river, the statement adds, was found strewn with the bodies of soldiers and horses and with vehicles which had been mired and abandoned, the bolsheviks having dropped everything and fled into the forests.

ATTACK CONSTITUTIONALITY VOLSTEAD PROHIBITION ACT

Series of Riots Follow Spectacular Raids by Internal Revenue Men — Similar Suits to be Instituted in Other States. (By The Associated Press.)

NEW YORK, Oct. 30.—Constitutionality of the Volstead prohibition enforcement act as it applies to war time prohibition, is attacked in a suit which counsel for New York brewers and restaurant men were preparing today for filing in the federal court. The petition will ask that agents of the government be restrained from enforcing the act. Similar suits, it was stated, will be brought in various other states.

Decision to attack the constitutionality of the measure was reached at a conference of brewing and restaurant interests last night, which convened at about the same hour that the effectiveness of the Volstead law began to be felt in a series of spectacular raids by internal revenue agents in the course of which two men were shot.

There were nine raids during the evening and twenty arrests. Revenue agents visited scores of other saloons but found no evidence that they were not complying with the law.

The shooting occurred in connection with a raid on a cafe in West Forty-second street, near Eighth avenue, known in the old days of the Tenderloin as "The Red Mill."

Revenue agents declined to discuss the shooting which spectators said was done by one or more of the agents.

Colonel Daniel Porter, supervising internal revenue agent for the New York district, who has charge of the liquor enforcement campaign here, declared that his six hundred men would wage a steady drive until the sale of any thing stronger than "half of one per cent" has been stopped.

SUPREME COUNCIL DISCUSSES ARMISTICE CONDITIONS

Also Consider Possible Dates For Putting German Peace Treaty Into Effect — Germany May Have to Pay For Ships Sunk at Scapa Flow. (By The Associated Press.)

PARIS, Oct. 30.—The supreme council today discussed possible dates for putting the German peace treaty into effect, but postponed a decision in the matter until Saturday.

The council also discussed the armistice conditions which the reports of Marshal Foch and others have shown Germany has violated. The violations are covered for the most part by the terms of the peace treaty and it seems unlikely that any steps to punish Germany will be taken outside those provided for in the treaty.

The payments Germany must make for the warships sunk at Scapa Flow was again discussed by the council and it was proposed that floating dry docks and similar property be exacted from her in payment for the destroyed warships. There is some question, however, as to whether this property does not already fall under the control of the reparations commission. Consequently, no decision can be made until the conference experts make a report.

The British government apparently has accepted in principle the responsibility for the destruction of the fleet and is willing to guarantee France against any loss from this cause, of warships that might have been awarded to her. While the United States and Great Britain were understood sometime ago virtually to have agreed to sink whatever warships they might receive from Germany, there are indications now that the British view has changed.

The supreme council has assured France that her share of the German warships will not be reduced as the result of the destruction of the Scapa Flow units, for which the German government and not German officers, individually, is to be held responsible.

MAYOR HYLAN ATTEMPTS TO SETTLE STRIKES.

(By The Associated Press.) NEW YORK, Oct. 30.—Mayor Hylan today made another effort to arrange a conference with shipping authorities here in the hope of settling the longshoremen's strike now in progress more than three weeks. The attempt to reopen negotiations was made after he had received word from the insurgent faction in the longshoremen's union that they would consider a compromise on the wage controversy.

The insurgents, who claim a membership of 22,000, proposed a schedule calling for 85 cents an hour, \$1.25 for overtime and an eight hour day. They originally demanded one dollar an hour and two dollars for overtime. The award of the national adjustment commission from which the men took issue gave the longshoremen seventy cents an hour and \$1.10 for overtime. Shipping authorities reported today that more men were gradually returning to work, but it was admitted the situation was serious. The strike is costing \$1,500,000 daily, according to unofficial estimates, and 625 vessels, mainly steamships, are tied up in the harbor.

Elaine Negroes Indicted.

HELENA, Ark., Oct. 30.—Official announcement was made today that the Phillips county grand jury had returned 109 indictments charging night-riding and murder against negroes accused of participation in the racial uprising at Elaine, Ark., several weeks ago. Trials will begin next Monday.

It is easier to avoid debt than it is to dodge a creditor.

WAR-TIME RESTRICTIONS.

(Continued from page 1.)

zens" to aid public officials during the coal strike scheduled to open at midnight tomorrow.

In his communication to the city and county executives the governor called attention to "the dangers to which the state and organized society may be suddenly subjected," and added that he had "information as to the accumulation of arms and ammunition in this state of which the public does not know."

The governor, in referring to the munitions, said there was no state law to deal with the matter, but indicated that his "knowledge of the temper and purposes of some within the state and the possibility of an economic and industrial crisis," led him to suggest the formation of the citizens' committees.

Duties of such committees would be to alleviate suffering incident to the strike and to help in preserving order and in protecting lives and property, said the governor.

SPRINGFIELD, ILLS., Oct. 30.—Mining of 85,000,000 tons a year will cease in Illinois, third largest bituminous coal producing state in the Union, and 90,000 miners will be idle, when the miners' strike order becomes effective at midnight tomorrow.

These figures were furnished here today at miners' state headquarters and at the Illinois department of mines and minerals. Reports reaching the capital from various parts of the state indicate that efforts of industries, particularly smaller consumers and individuals to obtain coal before the shut-down have reached almost panic proportions in some localities.

Dealers, swamped with orders, it is said, are refusing to take on more business, and drivers who go to the mines to haul away coal by the load are forced to wait for hours for a turn at the chutes.

At Springfield, where there are 18 mines in or near the city, long lines of wagons can be seen leading up to the shafts, the consequence being that teamsters are able to make only one or two trips a day.

It is related at Pana a farmer drove 32 miles for a load of coal and was required to spend the part of two days in getting back home with his fuel, most of the time having been consumed in waiting at the mine.

State institutions are stocked with a reserve supply of coal that will last two months, according to information given out at the department of public works and buildings today.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 30.—The curtailment list used by the war industries board during the war would be taken as the basis for the industries to be supplied, Mr. Lane said, and plants engaged in manufacturing munitions might be cut off altogether.

The current supply of coal from non-union mines is sufficient to meet domestic demands and supply the needs of railroads and public utilities, Mr. Lane said. New England has stored away a two months' supply.

ALABAMA MINERS READY TO GO OUT.

(By The Associated Press.) BIRMINGHAM, ALA., Oct. 30.—The lull before the storm was apparent in the Alabama district today with the operators making preparations to resist the strike and the miners holding meetings throughout the district to fuse their strength.

No statement was to be had from the operators or miners, other than the reiterated of the miners that practically all miners in the district will obey the strike order Saturday morning. Membership of the United Mine Workers in the district was placed at approximately 15,000 by union leaders.

Meanwhile, although little is being said, increased activity is noted among the state militia. Adjutant General Hartley A. Mason, on leave from the army hospital in New Jersey, where he is being treated for wounds received in the Argonne, was in Birmingham yesterday, conferring with national guard leaders.

CONTRACTS BEFORE STRIKE HELD INVOLATE.

(By The Associated Press.) YOUNGSTOWN, O., Oct. 30.—The National strike committee at Pittsburgh has endorsed the stand taken by the Amalgamated Association of Iron, Steel and Tin Workers that contracts with steel plants made before the strike, shall be held inviolate, and all Amalgamated men under such contract have been ordered to return to work, it was announced today by D. J. Davis, vice-president of the Amalgamated, who is here to see that the orders are carried out.

Washington, Oct. 30.—Advice to the state department from Vladivostok reports that the Omsk government bank has negotiated a loan of 20,000,000 yen from a Japanese banking syndicate to cover purchases of supplies. Officials here believed this to be the loan recently sought by the Omsk government in the United States.

BUBONIC PLAGUE CLAIMS VICTIM AT NEW ORLEANS

(By The Associated Press.) NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 30.—Henry R. Dussenderfer, aged 33, a fruit handler employed at the banana docks, died late yesterday from what was diagnosed chemically and microscopically as bubonic plague. The facts in the case were telegraphed by Dr. Oscar Dowling, president of the Louisiana board of health, to Surgeon General Rupert Blue, of the United States Public Health Service. No other cases were reported.

STATE COUNCIL.

(Continued from page 1.)

aged community house and Gastonia's big-hearted mill men received their just quota of praise.

WEDNESDAY EVENING SESSION.

The Wednesday evening session of the council opened promptly at 8:15 with prayer by Prof. W. P. Grier. A beautifully rendered violin solo by Mrs. F. C. Michael followed, after which Mrs. Hook presented Mrs. Hugh Murrill, of Charlotte, former literature chairman for the federation who, in turn, introduced the first speaker of the evening, Mr. Joseph H. Separk, of Gastonia. Mrs. Murrill spoke of Mr. Separk as a man of extraordinary education, exceptional culture, a liberal patron of fine arts and one of Gastonia's most public-spirited men. She referred to his presentation to the federation of the handsome loving cup, known as the Separk Poetry Cup, as one of the most pleasurable incidents of her career as literature chairman.

Mr. Separk's subject was "Community Welfare" and he handled the subject most ably. He expressed himself as honored in being asked to address the council and voiced his belief in the capability of women by declaring himself heartily in favor of woman suffrage. This was accorded hearty applause. Mr. Separk spoke of the wonderful growth of Gastonia during his residence of 19 years and said that its church life and moral life is unequaled by any city of its size, this being due in a large measure, to the efforts of the women of the city. He also spoke of the sympathy which should exist between the employer and the employee by which much trouble might be avoided and talked briefly of many things which tend to bring about the best in community life.

Following, Mr. Separk, Miss Ruth Mason gave a vocal solo, her personal charm and richness of voice being much appreciated by her audience.

Mrs. Hook then introduced Mrs. Clarence Johnson of Raleigh, director of the board of child welfare, whose subject was "Child Welfare." Mrs. Johnson spoke of the method being used by juvenile courts in the state, under which youthful offenders are not treated as criminals, but as if they were mentally, morally or physically sick, and said that youthful delinquents usually come from homes where love, sympathy and understanding were not accorded them. She said that for proper development children should be trained in work, recreation and the higher life and that, in dealing with children, one should always expect to give more than one receives in return. She closed with a very beautiful plea for a more sympathetic attitude toward the erring children of our state.

Mrs. Eugene Reilly, director of the thrift campaign for the state, introduced Mrs. Eulora Ramsey Richardson, of Greenville, S. C., whose subject was "Thrift." Mrs. Richardson said that thrift was not popular with Americans because it was a negative and not an aggressive thing. Her address was splendidly interesting and practical.

With Mrs. Chase of Chapel Hill, at the piano, "America" was sung, after which Miss Clara Cox introduced Dr. Dudley D. Carroll, of the extension department at Chapel Hill, who made a very splendid address on the subject of "Americanization," stressing the fact that being born in America does not make an American. Dr. Dudley was heard with peculiar pleasure as club women throughout the state are studying Americanization through the extension department of the University.

At the conclusion of Dr. Carroll's address the session adjourned.

The page for the evening was Miss Lois Torrence and the ushers were Mrs. George B. Mason, Mrs. George Marvin and Miss Gaynelle Boone.

Following conferences of district presidents, chairmen of departments and standing committees, called at 2:30 p. m., the afternoon session was opened with a beautifully rendered duet by Mesdames H. B. Moore and Holland Morrow. Reports of standing committees were continued. Before these reports came up Mrs. Hook spoke briefly of efforts to be made by the Federation through the Home Economics and Social Service departments to bring about a much needed dress reform among women, and also of the great need for a better class of moving pictures, and of the work which the Federation expects to do along this line.

The following resolution was offered by Miss Lowry Shuford and adopted by the Council: "Resolved that the Council of North Carolina Federation of Women's Clubs now in session assembled heartily endorse the Red Cross roll call and urge the members to continue their support of this cause." Miss Nellie Robertson, chairman of the Woman's Club department of the Bureau of Extension at Chapel Hill, spoke of her work along this line and urged the clubs to avail themselves of the privilege of using the University library which this department places at their disposal. Mrs. V. J. Guthrie, chairman of the State Federation program committee, and president of the Charlotte Woman's club spoke most charmingly of the plans being made by Charlotte for the entertainment of the State Federation in session there next April. The coming 1920 convention will be the first occasion on which delegates to the Federation will entertain themselves at hotels, the paying plan having been adopted by the Federation at the Hendersonville session last June. Mrs. J. S. Williams then made the report of the Sallie Southall Cotten Loan Fund. This is a fund loaned by the Federation to worthy young girls for the purpose of educating themselves, and which is repaid by the girls after leaving school. The council then adjourned for an auto ride and tea at the Loray Community house.

Resolutions Adopted.

Recognizing the need of psychological clinic in the state both as a preventive,

FOCH INVITES GERMANY TO PARTICIPATE IN BLOCKADE

(By The Associated Press)

PARIS, Oct. 30.—The text of the note sent by Marshal Foch to General Nudant for transmission to the German government inviting Germany to participate in the blockade of bolshevist Russia is similar to that sent to the neutral states, with the exception of the last paragraph. The note follows:

"The president of the peace conference has been requested by the conference to inform the neutral governments of a decision taken by the supreme council of the allied and associated powers in regard to economic pressure which is to be exerted on bolshevist Russia.

"The German government is asked to take measures similar to these indicated.

"The avowed hostility of the bolshevists toward all governments and their international program of revolution, which they are spreading abroad, constitute grave danger for the national security of all powers. Every increase of strength of the bolshevists would increase the danger and would be contrary to the desire of all people who are seeking to re-establish peace and social order.

"It is the spirit that the allied and associated governments, after studying the commercial relations with bolshevist Russia, find these relations indeed could only be effected through the agency of the chiefs of the bolshevist government, who, disposing at will of the products and resources which commercial liberty would bring them, would thereby achieve considerable increase in their tyrannical strength which they are exercising over the Russian populations.

"Under these conditions the allied and associated governments request the Swedish, Norwegian, Danish, Dutch, Finnish, Spanish, Swiss, Mexican, Chilean, Argentinian, Colombian, and Venezuelan governments to be good enough to make an immediate agreement with them in measures to prevent their nationals from engaging in any commerce with bolshevist Russia and to assure that this policy will be rigorously executed.

"To refuse clearance to every ship going to Russian ports in the hands of bolshevists or coming from said ports.

"To establish similar measures for all merchandise destined to be sent into bolshevist Russia by any other route.

"To refuse passports to all persons going to bolshevist Russia or coming from the allied and associated governments.

"It is the disposition as far as possible to request refusal by each government to its own nationals of facilities for correspondence with bolshevist Russia by post, telegraph or wireless."

The note sent to Germany contains the following final paragraph:

"The British and French warships in the Gulf of Finland shall continue to change the route of ships bound for ports of bolshevist Russia."

and corrective measure; and realizing that a large number of our delinquents are defective, be it resolved that the Council of the Federation of Clubs asks the state to provide a psychological clinic.

WHEREAS One of the most constructive lessons learned during the war is the effect of exercise in the open air and regularity of life upon men in training camps, and believing that such training would be equally beneficial to women, there be it Resolved; that the council of the North Carolina Federation of Women's Clubs endorse the United States Training Corps for the promotion and maintenance of the health of women and urge upon Congress the passage of a bill now pending, to establish a camp for women at Asheville, and that a copy of this resolution be sent to Miss Susanna Crockett and Lieutenant Wadsworth, chairman of the committee.

Resolved, That the Council of the State Federation of Women's Clubs, assembled at Gastonia October 29-30 do hereby endorse the sale of the Red Cross Christmas Seals and urge the club women of North Carolina to enter into the sale wholeheartedly, realizing this to be the greatest opportunity for doing anti-tuberculosis work, and for making money for public health work, to be used in their own community.

Recommendation offered by Mrs. Jas. M. Gulger, of Asheville, Resolved. That the North Carolina Federation of Women's Clubs in council assembled, go on record as favoring a higher standard of requirements for teachers of our state and that we endorse a movement looking to higher salaries.

Many Arrests Expected.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 30.—Many new arrests in a number of states for violation of the food and fuel control law are expected soon by the department of justice.

Dixieland Sundae Is Good Today. Try One SWEETLAND.

OLD PAPERS FOR SALE.

Several hundred pounds at the ridiculously low price of 75 cents per hundred pounds if taken in quantities at once. Good for packing furniture, to put under carpets, on pantry shelves, to build fires with and many other things. Help conserve paper by using old newspapers in every way possible.