

GASTONIA DAILY GAZETTE

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 11, 1919.

PROMINENT AMERICANS ISSUED ARMISTICE MESSAGES

President Wilson, General Pershing and Secretary Baker Send Out Statements to American People Today—Day Should Fill Us With Pride Says Wilson.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 10. — President Wilson, General Pershing and Secretary Baker today issued statements to the American people on the occasion of the first anniversary of the signing of the armistice.

The President said to Americans the reflection of Armistice Day would be filled with solemn pride in the heroism of those who died in the country's service and with gratitude for the victory both because of the thing from which it has freed us, and because of the opportunity it has given America to show her sympathy with peace and justice in the councils of the nations.

The exercise by the American people of practical patriotism during the war, General Pershing said, was an avowal of free government that will continue to have great influence upon the progressive thought throughout the world.

Secretary Baker said that while mourning its dead, the nation was grateful for their achievement and for that of their living brothers and that "in the name of both we may hope for an early accomplishment of the terms of peace that shall complete their work upon the battle fields of France."

A year ago today our enemies laid down their arms in accordance with an armistice which rendered them impotent to renew hostilities, and gave to the world an assured opportunity to reconstruct its shattered order and to work out in peace a new and juster set of international relations. The soldiers and people of the European Allies had fought and endured for more than four years to uphold the barrier of civilization against the aggressions of armed force. We ourselves had been in the conflict something more than a year and a half. With splendid forgetfulness of mere personal concerns we remodeled our industries, concentrated our financial resources, increased our agricultural output, and assembled a great army, so that at the last our power was a decisive factor in the victory. We were able to bring the vast resources, material and moral, of a great and free people to the assistance of our associates in Europe who had suffered and sacrificed without limit in the cause for which we fought.

Out of this victory there arose new possibilities of political freedom and economic concert. The war showed us the strength of great nations acting together for high purposes, and the victory of arms foretells the enduring conquests which can be made in peace when nations act justly and in furtherance of the common interests of men. To us in America, the relations of Armistice Day will be filled with solemn pride in the heroism of those who died in the country's service, and with gratitude for the victory both because of the thing from which it has freed us, and because of the opportunity it has given America to show her sympathy with peace and justice in the councils of nations.

WOODROW WILSON, The White House, 11 November, 1919.

General Pershing made this statement:

On this first anniversary of the Armistice that brought fighting to an end on the Western Front, we recall with gratification the services of the army and the country in the war. The great army of young manhood known as the American Expeditionary Forces was hurriedly raised, equipped and trained to meet a grave world crisis. Composed of youth, selected for their physical and their mental fitness, it was developed into as fine a body of men as the world has ever seen. This force played a decisive part in the war and demonstrated that, while we are not a military nation, the American boy has in him those qualities that go to make up a perfect soldier. The achievements of our troops on the battlefields of France have become a part of our history, and need not be again recounted here. Their patriotism prompted a spirit of self-sacrifice unequalled; their services have prompted a spirit of self-sacrifice unequalled; their services have preserved our ideals and our institutions.

Our armies have been demobilized, and our citizen-soldiers have returned again to civil pursuits with assurance of their ability to achieve therein the success they attained as soldiers, thus bringing a new asset to the nation. With broadened visions they return not only with pride in the high standards of American manhood, but with a new conception of its relations to the duties of citizenship.

As we pay tribute to our fighting men, we remember that solidly behind them stood the American people with all our resources and our determination. This common service has welded together the future of America, and enables us to look forward confidently to the development of a stronger nationality and a deeper sense of the obligations that rest upon us. The exercise by the American people of practical patriotism during the war was an avowal of our firm adherence to the principles of free government that will continue to have great influence upon the progressive thought throughout the world. These

are things which make this day significant.

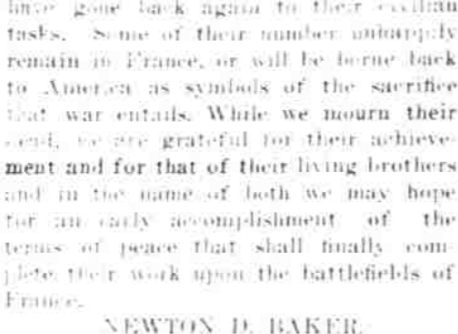
JOHN J. PERSHING, General U. S. A.

Secretary Baker's message was as follows:

It is a year ago today that the armistice was signed, ending the four years of the most terrible struggle in the history of the world. The American people have had a chance to see the results of their own courage and sacrifice. They have seen the American Expeditionary Forces, trained in the most rigorous manner, sent to France to fight for the principles of democracy and for the peace of the world. They have seen the American people, in their own homes, supporting the men who were fighting for them, and in their own hearts, making sacrifices and enduring hardships. They have seen the American people, in their own homes, supporting the men who were fighting for them, and in their own hearts, making sacrifices and enduring hardships.

NEWTON D. BAKER.

SEEK JOBS FOR CONVICTS



Dr. E. E. Dudding, founder and head of the Prisoners' Relief society, and his assistant, Miss Evelyn Abbott.

Dr. E. E. Dudding, founder and head of the Prisoners' Relief society, and his assistant, Miss Evelyn Abbott, are in the picture. The society has organized a campaign to raise a million dollars from a million people. One of its chief activities is the placing of ex-convicts in suitable jobs, 5,000 having been placed last year. The headquarters of the society are in Washington. Doctor Dudding is himself an ex-convict, who has devoted his life to prison relief work without pay.

TRAVELS TWO MILLION MILES

Massachusetts Drummer for Fifty-Three Years Claims World's Long-Distance Record.

Worcester, Mass.—Edmund R. Ware of Worcester lays claim to having traveled more miles, or at least as many, as any man now alive.

He has been a traveling salesman most of the eighty-five years of his life. Mr. Ware has been up and down and across the North American continent literally hundreds of times and estimates that he has covered more than 2,000,000 miles.

Most of Mr. Ware's traveling has been done in the interests of various firms which he represented as salesman, but he made extensive trips in Mexico. While in Mexico Mr. Ware traveled on a personal pass from President Diaz, whose friend and admirer he was.

Mr. Ware made an extensive tour through the Canadian northwest, and he was in the party which located the stations of the now famous Canadian mounted police, then just beginning their career.

Mr. Ware began his career as a traveling salesman when he was twenty and continued in it steadily for 53 years. In this period he says he passed half of his nights in sleeping cars and saw every city on the North American continent.

STEAMER PORLAR LAND SUNK OFF CAPE BRETON

By The Associated Press.

NEW YORK, Nov. 10. — The shipping agent reported today that the British mail steamer Porlar Land, reported yesterday from Halifax as abandoned 75 miles off Cape Breton, has sunk and another ship that responded to the wireless calls for help is endeavoring to rescue the crew from the life boats, according to a wireless message received by the agents here today. The rescue ship is presumed to be the British steamer Kanawa.

The Porlar Land was operated by the West India Steamship Company.

Advertise in The Daily Gazette.

A Rat That Didn't Smell After Being Dead For 3 Months.

"I swear it was dead at least three months," said James Sykes, butcher, Westfield, N. J. "We saw this rat every day. Put a cake of RAT SNAP in a barrel. Months later my wife asked about the rat. Remembered the barrel, looked behind it. There was the rat—dead, not the slightest odor." Three sizes, 25c, 50c, \$1.00. Sold and guaranteed by:

Standard Hardware Co., J. H. Kennedy & Co., Gastonia; Mt. Holly Hardware & Furniture Co., Mt. Holly; J. R. Lewis Co., Dallas; W. H. & D. P. Stowe, Belmont.

GET GOLD FROM SUNKEN VESSEL

Laurentic, Torpedoed During War Carried \$35,000,000 in Ingots.

IS RETRIEVED BY DIVERS

British Salvage Ship Conducts Operations Off Shore of Ireland—Precious Metal Brought Up in Buckets.

Portsalon, Ireland.—Salvaging \$35,000,000 worth of gold ingots and bullion the White Star steamship Laurentic is reported to have carried when she was sunk the night of January 25, 1917, off Fanad Light, one of the northernmost headlands of Ireland at the entrance to Lough Swilly, is being conducted by the salvage ship Racer.

The princely cargo lay at a depth of 22 fathoms. The gold and bullion were contained in the strong chamber amidships, rendered almost impregnable by its thick steel walls and heavily bolted doors. At first portions of the Laurentic's decks were blasted away and a passage was made clear for the divers. On June 20, the retrieving of the treasure began.

Gold Brought Up.

The first bucket sent up contained only copper pennies and a few silver coins. Then for several days, bucket after bucket containing three or more gold bars, each worth more than \$5,000, were hoisted to the surface and dumped on the deck of the Racer. The first of these bars brought lusty cheers from the crew of the salvage ship, but tossing fortunes about soon came to be merely another form of manual labor to these seafarers.

Most of the gold bars were 9 inches long, 2 inches thick and 4 inches wide and weighed about 28 pounds. For days not one was found, as many of them were buried clear of the wreck by the blasting necessary to make the strong chamber accessible. Several feet of sand have now been washed over these scattered bars beneath masses of twisted steel and it frequently requires hours of patient labor to pry them loose. The record day's haul so far had been 47 bars—worth approximately \$350,000. Thus far several million dollars' worth of treasure has been salvaged.

Divers Work in Shifts.

The Racer carries eight divers. Their "tricks" are so arranged that one diver is at work throughout the day. Each works half an hour and then must spend 30 minutes in coming to the surface as otherwise the sudden relief from the tremendous deep-water pressure might cause partial or complete paralysis. They are brought up in ten-fathom "hauls," with ten-minute "rest" intervals.

When the day's work is over, the day's "catch" if considerable, is dispatched to London with an armed convoy.

When first built the Racer was a square rigger man-of-war—one of the "Wooden Walls of England," as the ships of the British navy at that time were known—a century ago.

MELON HAS YELLOW CORE

Senator New, After Ten Years, Able to Tell Wife, "I Told You So."

Washington.—Ten years ago Senator Harry New happened to mention to his wife, while they were eating watermelons, that he had once seen and tasted a watermelon with a yellow core.

Mrs. New said that all she had ever seen were red. The senator declared he would prove his veracity by showing his wife, some time, a watermelon with a yellow heart.

Since that time Senator New has been continuously on the watch. He even tipped off his friends and they have looked long and carefully for a yellow melon. Recently an express package came to the senator's home here. It contained a watermelon, just as green as any watermelon on the outside, but when cut, the meat was pure golden, without a streak of red.

Thanks to one of his Hoosier friends, the senator now says to his wife, "I told you so."

PARROT ARRESTED BY ENEMY

Germans Complain Liege Bird Shouted, "Down With the Boches."

Liege.—One of the humorous incidents of the German occupation of this city is that of the arrest by German police of a parrot on the complaint that it had repeatedly called out, "Down with the Boches."

According to the story the parrot was kept prisoner for a month. The woman who owned it finally convinced the German authorities that the parrot could not pronounce "B," and the bird was released.

Clairvoyant Barred.

Los Angeles.—A new "spook" law is in effect in Los Angeles. While clairvoyants may not "locate" gold, silver and diamond mines, or recover stolen property, or make any prophecies as to what shall take place in the future, it is perfectly right to assist in finding lost loved ones, lost relatives and lost friends.



WHY TAKE CHANCES OF a family quarrel, besides a severe test of your patience and religion in trying to use an old stove and a lot of old, bent, rusty pipe? You can probably save money, too, by getting a new stove now, and you're sure to save a lot of muss and dirt and trouble. And besides, think of the happiness and satisfaction that comes from nice new equipment.

Then, too, there is the saving in fuel—an important item. Keep the family warm and they won't eat so much. Heat is food in the winter time.

Call or phone 252

Standard Hardware Co.

TIME TO BUY

COTTON MILL STOCKS ADVANCING

There has recently been a marked advance in cotton mill stocks at Greenville and other points and Gastonia stocks are due to follow.

New mills now cost \$70 to \$80 per spindle, whereas many stocks of successful mills can still be purchased at prices that figure from \$15 to \$25 per spindle because of low capitalization and accumulated surplus.

Subject to previous sale we offer—

- 25 ACME 10 GLOBE 20 CRESCENT
25 MYRTLE 10 MYERS 50 DUNN
10 RIDGE 30 TRENTON 50 REX
20 HIGH SHOALS

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