

## WILLIAM G. M'ADOO DOES NOT WANT HIS NAME USED IN PRESIDENTIAL PRIMARY

### Thinks That All Delegates Should Go to Democratic National Conventions Uninstructed - Says Next National Convention Ought to Be a Place Where Utmost Freedom of Action Should Prevail.

(By The Associated Press.)  
NEW YORK, Feb. 18.—William Gibbs McAdoo announced today that he would not permit his name to be used on presidential primary ballots in the various states and he advocated the sending of uninstructed delegates to the democratic national convention. The former secretary of the treasury said he believed the highest constructive leadership can best be obtained if the national interest is not submerged in a contest of individual candidacies.

"Personally," Mr. McAdoo continued, "I would be delighted if the next national convention might actually be a great democratic conference where the utmost freedom of action should prevail, and where the motive of high service alone should control."

The obligations of citizenship in a democracy are supreme, he said, and therefore he should regard it as the imperative duty of any man to accept a nomination if it should come to him unsolicited.

"I am not seeking the nomination," the letter read, "and am reluctant to do anything that would create the appearance of a candidacy."  
Mr. McAdoo's views were expressed in a letter sent to Miller S. Bell, mayor of Milledgeville, Ga., in response to a telegram saying the citizens of his boyhood home had placed his name on the presidential preferential ticket.

The letter follows:  
"Your telegram informing me that the citizens of Milledgeville have entered my name in the democratic primary of the state of Georgia for president of the United States duly received. I am deeply moved by this manifestation of the confidence of my friends who live in the city of my boyhood and in the state of my nativity. It is indeed an honor to be considered by them worthy of such high station. I feel, however, that I should candidly state my position. I am not seeking the nomination and am reluctant to do anything that would create the appearance of a candidacy. I cannot help feeling that this is peculiarly a time when we should fight for principles and not for individuals."

"The momentous years through which we have just gone have brought to the fore great human problems which go to the very roots of our social and economic life and insistently demand settlement. The destiny of the human race will be profoundly affected by things we do and by the wisdom we show during the next four years. Patriotism and constructive leadership of the highest order are necessary and I am convinced that we are most likely to secure them if the supreme consideration of the national interest is not submerged in a contest of individual candidacies for the presidential office. Therefore I should like to see the next democratic national convention composed of untrammelled men and women bound to no particular candidate and allowed to express their preferences freely through the abolition of the unit rule."

"While I realize that under the primary laws uninstructed delegates from some states are impossible, nevertheless I think it highly desirable that every effort should be made to send uninstructed delegates from every state where possible. Personally, I should be delighted if the next national convention might actually be a great democratic conference where the utmost freedom of action should prevail and where the motive of high service alone should control. If in such a convention a platform is adopted and a candidate is selected representing the great constructive, progressive and spiritual forces of the day, the favorable opinion of the country would be enlisted at the very outset. The issue then would be sharply drawn between us and the forces of standpatism and reaction which are already overreaching themselves and claiming with presumptions confidence the victory in November next."

"Holding these views, you can readily understand why I prefer not to be entered in the Georgia primary and why I must beg of my good friends to withdraw my name. I cannot consistently enter the primary in any state when it is my earnest conviction that the delegates from every state should go to the convention without instructions save to use their power and opportunity for the best service of the country."

"No greater honor than a nomination for the presidency can come to any man short of election to the presidency itself."

In a democracy like ours, the obligations of good citizenship are supreme and I should, therefore, regard it as the imperative duty of any man to accept a nomination if it should come to him unsolicited. I say this at the risk of being charged with harboring a candidacy, notwithstanding the explicit statements in this letter, but I am sure that, on the whole, I shall not be misunderstood.

"Please accept my warm thanks for your generous support and be good enough to assure my friends of my sincere gratitude for the honor they have done me."

## NO PROGRESS IN PEACE TREATY FIGHT

(By The Associated Press.)  
WASHINGTON, Feb. 19.—Progress in the peace treaty ratification fight was not visible today after two days of vigorous debate, since the pact was brought back from committee to the floor of the senate.

In fact, the situation apparently was so muddled that even the most ardent ratificationists seemed disheartened over the prospects of settlement, although others professed to see a way out of the wilderness of original and substitute reservations. After another attempt to get republican support for modifying the reservation to article ten, Minority Leader Hitchcock said it looked as though the opposing sides "might come out of the same hole" they went in.

The alternative reservations to article ten presented by Senator Hitchcock are said to have been pledged the support of forty democrats, with the possibility of obtaining the vote of one or two more. A majority of forty-nine is required to substitute one of these reservations for that drawn by the republicans, and another fifteen votes would be needed to assure final ratification.

## WOMEN MAY ALIGN WITH POLITICAL PARTIES

(By The Associated Press.)  
CHICAGO, Feb. 18.—Alignment of women voters with existing political parties and abandonment of efforts to inaugurate a political organization of their own today had the support of leaders of the League of Women Voters, successor to the National American Woman Suffrage Association. Republican and democratic members of the league and Mrs. Chapman Catt, retiring president of the suffrage association, urged the women to affiliate with their respective parties, but not to become "regulars" and go to the polls as mere endorsers of platforms others had written.

The League of Women Voters today discussed methods to increase its membership to secure funds for the league's support and to "disseminate information concerning proposed legislation."

The convention will adjourn today.

## PROHIBITION PREVENTS HIM FROM MAKING LIVING

(By The Associated Press.)  
MINEOLA, N. Y., Feb. 18.—Police Justice George A. Little announced today that he had resigned because prohibition prevented him "from making a living." Since the ban went into effect last month his revenues from the office dwindled more than fifty per cent, the justice stated, while there has been not a single case of intoxication and only a few minor assault cases to be tried.

## BELMONT BUDGET

Correspondence of The Daily Gazette.  
BELMONT, Feb. 18.—The Woman's auxiliary of the Presbyterian church met Tuesday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock with Mrs. Haywood Johnston. Plans were made for the coming Spring study classes which they will hold in a short time.

Mrs. G. M. Gullick entertained at an elegant dinner Friday evening. The decorations were typical of the Valentine season, with Valentine place cards,

## DR. A. C. DIXON SPEAKS HERE TONIGHT

### Noted Baptist Minister of World - Wide Reputation to Preach at First Presbyterian Church Tonight - Will Preach "Victory" Sermon.

Through an arrangement made last night in Charlotte by Rev. W. C. Barrett, pastor of the First Baptist church, Dr. A. C. Dixon, one of the most noted preachers in the world today, will preach in Gastonia tonight at the First Presbyterian church at 7:30 o'clock. The usual prayer meeting services at the several churches will be dispensed with in order that all those who desire to do so may attend the services at the Presbyterian church and hear Dr. Dixon.

Dr. Dixon is in Charlotte in attendance on the Union Bible Conference, and kindly consented to come to Gastonia and preach tonight. Dr. Dixon is a member of the famous Cleveland county Dixon family and a brother of Thomas Dixon, the author and playwright. He was for eight years pastor of the Metropolitan Baptist Tabernacle in London. As a divine he ranks with Spurgeon and Moody.

Concerning Dr. Dixon, The Charlotte News of Sunday says:

Dr. A. C. Dixon, native of Cleveland county, this state, member of the famous Dixon family, for eight years pastor of Metropolitan Baptist Tabernacle in London and perhaps the most widely known Baptist minister of the world, arrived in Charlotte Saturday night. He came from Columbia to take part in the Union Bible conference, which is to be held this week at the First Baptist church. Dr. Dixon has a conspicuous place on the program.

"I recall the first visit I ever made to Charlotte," Dr. Dixon said, "I came with my father on a wagon from our home in Cleveland with a load of lime and I remember we crossed the Catawba river somewhere up at a ford, the wagon nearly upset and the water got into the unslacked lime and caused a fire. I think I shall never forget that. At Charlotte I saw my first building four stories in height. It was the Central hotel and a wonderful building I thought it was. I do not suppose the place had more than 3,000 or 5,000 people in it at that time. My first preaching in a town was at the small Baptist church here soon after I entered the ministry."

Dr. Dixon was in London through out the war period and was in the city during every air raid made by the German Zeppelins. One raid resulted in 140 pupils being killed in one school building and half of the damage done, both in the casualties and of material nature was not published in the papers.

Speaking of Dr. Dixon's services Sunday in Charlotte, Mrs. J. P. Caldwell in Monday's Observer says:

The coming of Charlotte of Dr. A. C. Dixon, always marks an epoch in the religious world of the city, for Dr. Dixon is esteemed here, as throughout the world as one of the greatest men and preachers of his day. He belongs to this section of North Carolina, being a native of Shelby. He is here to take part in the big Bible conference which began yesterday.

He was heard twice yesterday, in the morning at the First Baptist church, and in the evening at the First Presbyterian church. His subject in the morning was "Victory." His text was, "God is our refuge and strength, a very present help in trouble; therefore will we not fear."

There were six distinctive points elaborated by Dr. Dixon:

- "Victory Over Things that Pursue."
- "Victory Over Things that Weaken."
- "Victory Over Things that Trouble."
- "Victory Over Things that Threaten."
- "Victory Over Things that Hinder."
- "Victory Over Things that Destroy."

and the enjoyable meal was served in five courses. The guests were Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Stowe, Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Puett, Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Howe, Miss Melva Gullick and Mr. Floyd Gullick.

One of the most enjoyable affairs given here recently took place Saturday evening, when Miss Melva Gullick was hostess to the three newly married couples at an elaborate Valentine dinner. The table was lovely with its red and white decorations and Valentines. Those who enjoyed this happy occasion were Mr. and Mrs. Wayne Fite, Mr. and Mrs. Lester F. Crenshaw, Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Gullick and Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Hall.

## FRENCH WAR MEMORIALS TO BE PRESENTED

### At Memorial Service to be Held Sunday Afternoon at First Presbyterian Church Here Memorial Diplomas Will Be Presented From French Government.

On next Sunday, February 22, which has been designated as American Legion Day in the United States, at 3 p. m. in the First Presbyterian church in Gastonia the local post of the American Legion will present a French Memorial Diploma to the nearest surviving relative of every Gaston county man who died in the service in France. The details of the program to be followed will be published in a later issue of The Gazette.

Post Commander Stephen B. Dolley of Gaston Post, American Legion, requests that if there are any names omitted from the appended list, the proper person notify him before Sunday, so that due correction might be made.

The list to whom memorials are to be presented is as follows:

- George Bowen, McAdenville, brother.
- E. E. Summey, Route 1, Dallas, father.
- Pink Petty, Bessemer City, not specified.
- John T. Oats, Bessemer City, father.
- D. J. Stroup, Dallas, father.
- Carrie Macking, R. F. D. Kings Mountain, sister.
- J. W. McFadden, Dallas, brother.
- Mrs. Matilda Parker, Route 3, Kings Mountain, mother.
- John Johnson, McAdenville, father.
- Mrs. Maggie A. McArver, 616 Franklin avenue, Gastonia, mother.
- J. A. Auten, Belmont, father.
- C. Mooney, Gastonia, father.
- Lydia Merrill, 224 E. Long avenue, Gastonia, mother.
- Beulah Rainey Miller, Gastonia, wife.
- Florence Terry, Bessemer City, wife.
- Sidney C. Hinkle, Mount Holly, father.

- Benjamin W. Spratt, Belmont, not specified.
- Joshua M. Teague, Lowell, father.
- Lydia Jenkins, Belmont, mother by adoption.
- J. M. Allen, Bessemer City, not specified.
- Mr. Andrew K. Falls, Box 598, Kings Mountain, father.
- Thomas Green, Kings Mountain, father.
- Neal B. Bess, Lowell, father.
- J. A. Johnson, Mt. Holly, father.
- Mark H. Rhyne, R-2, Gastonia, father.
- Mrs. Armanda Mauney, Leader St., Gastonia, mother.

- Osborne P. Stowe, Belmont, father.
- James L. Bynum, McAdenville, uncle.
- Willie Lineberger, 408 Sullivan St., Gastonia, brother.
- Sidney Wray, R. F. D., Kings Mountain, father.
- Julia Beam, R-1, Bessemer City, mother.
- Ida Huffstetler, R-3, Gastonia, mother.
- Mrs. B. F. Dixon, Gastonia, mother.
- O. J. Houser, Cherryville, brother.
- Carrie Good, R. F. D., Grover, mother.
- Alfred Johnston, R. I. Stanley, father.

## WILL GIVE MEMORIALS TO DEAD HEROES' FAMILIES.

The government of France, as a mark of its deep gratitude to those who gave their lives that democracy might live and as an expressing of sympathy toward those who have been bereaved, is distributing to the next of kin of each soldier who made the supreme sacrifice during the World War an engraved memorial diploma bearing the name of the deceased and an inscription of which the following is a translation:

To the memory of (name) of the United States of America who died for liberty during the great war the homage of France the President of the Republic R. Poincare

The diplomas, properly engrossed, have already been received by the Army Recruiting Officer for the State of North Carolina and are now being distributed.

It is the intention, wherever practicable to have the actual delivery of each diploma effected by the nearest post of The American Legion and it has been deemed most fitting that religious services signaling not only our own respects but those of our sister republic be held on Washington's Birthday which appropriately falls this year on Sunday, February 22nd.

It is quite possible that with the thousands of names that adorn the honor roll of our country, there being 2,370 in North Carolina alone, clerical errors may arise and mistakes made in addresses. All those entitled will however eventually be furnished with diplomas. The plan of distribution followed by the War Department is to award the diploma to the person named by the soldier as the one to be notified in the event of an emergency. Where no post of The American Legion exists within a reasonable distance the diploma will be mailed direct.

Colonel Anderson, recruiting officer for North Carolina, requests that he be informed (addressing army recruiting officer, Greensboro, N. C.) in case any

## MRS. EMMELINE PANKHURST, NOTED SUFFRAGE LEADER, COMES TO CITY FRIDAY

### Famous English Suffrage Leader Will Speak Under Auspices of Gaston County Woman Suffrage League - "The Woman Voter Versus Bolshevism" Is Subject of Her Address.

## WOMAN SOCIALIST ANNOUNCES FOR CONGRESS

(By The Associated Press.)

CHICAGO, Feb. 18.—Mrs. Rose Pastor Stokes, brought here from New York to answer a charge of "advocating the overthrow of the United States government by force or other unlawful means" today announced her candidacy for congress to succeed Representative F. H. A. Guardia, republican, of the fourteenth New York district. Mrs. Stokes, former socialist, and now a member of the communist party, was indicted on January 23 with 166 other communists and radicals. She is at large on bond pending appeal from a sentence to serve ten years in a federal prison for obstructing the draft.

"Not only do I intend to be a candidate to succeed Representative La Guardia, but I think there is a great likelihood that I will win," said Mrs. Stokes. "There is a great constituency of my people there."

## DESCHANEL BECOMES 10TH PRESIDENT FRANCE

(By The Associated Press.)

PARIS, Feb. 18.—Paul Deschanel today became tenth president of the French republic, succeeding Raymond Poincare, who laid aside the robes of office after one of the most critical periods in the history of the country. The formal transfer of the old to the new regime occurred at the palace of the Elysee this afternoon.

The inauguration of the French president is a formal ceremony, arrangements for which are made long in advance of the event. Precedents having historic approval are closely followed and the number permitted to witness the transfer of authority is limited to the presidents of the senate and the chamber of deputies, committees from each house and members of the cabinet.

Premier Millerand offered President Deschanel the resignation of the cabinet as is customary upon the accession of a new president. M. Deschanel refused to accept the resignation and asked the premier to remain in office.

The ceremony was favored by brilliant, spring-like weather and Paris wholeheartedly improved the occasion to pay homage to both the incoming and outgoing executives, between whom to all appearances the honors were impartially divided.

A sweeping grant of amnesty will be granted by Paul Deschanel upon assuming the functions of president of the French republic today. Civil and military offenders will be included, the only exceptions being persons convicted of treason against the State.

## GASTONIA BUICK COMPANY BUYS NEW HOME

Through F. M. Francom, real estate dealer, the Gastonia Buick Company has purchased from Mrs. Jennie I. Boyce, of Due West, S. C., the vacant lot on East Franklin Avenue between the residences of Dr. T. A. Wilkins and Mr. W. T. Love. The consideration was approximately \$10,500.

Ultimately it is the intention of the Gastonia Buick Company to erect a modern automobile display room and show place on this property. For the present, however, a huge tent is to be utilized for this purpose. Within a very short time The Gastonia Buick Company, Jno. C. Rankin, President, W. P. Moore, secretary and treasurer and F. L. Wilson, manager, will move from the quarters they are now occupying, Holton's Garage on West Main Avenue to their new location.

family entitled thereto, has not received a diploma by March 1st, 1920. Colonel Anderson also requests that Posts of The American Legion and the clergy of the state call upon the representatives of his state who are scattered throughout the state, for any assistance they may be able to give in connection with the solemn ceremonial of February 22nd.

The stellar attraction for this week is the lecture "The Woman Voter Versus Bolshevism" to be given by Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst, of Manchester, England, Friday evening at the Central school auditorium under the auspices of the Gaston County Woman Suffrage League. Tickets will go on sale Thursday afternoon at Kennedy's drug store, admission being 75 cents for adults and 50 cents for children. Tickets will be reserved as for the lyceum attractions. Those who have already bought tickets can have them reserved by presenting them at Kennedy's. The P. and N. car will be held until after the lecture for the benefit of out of town people.

To miss what Emmeline Pankhurst has to say on Bolshevism as she saw it in Russia, as she has seen its shadow crossing Great Britain and the United States, is to miss hearing one of the greatest speakers of the time, and one of the few real orators living in the world. To call Mrs. Pankhurst an orator is by no means to describe her manner in speaking. She is not grandiloquent. She is gentle, appealing, logical, and beyond words convincing. Hundreds who have gone out of curiosity to hear the "militant Mrs. Pankhurst" have been won to a life-long allegiance to her, not only as a great speaker but as a woman, in the truest sense, fascinating and enthralling.

Her speaking tours have been highly successful from every standpoint and this, perhaps her last lecture tour in America, will surpass them all in the amount of territory covered and the number of people addressed.

The subjects of Mrs. Pankhurst's addresses are: "The Woman Voter Versus Bolshevism," "What I Saw in Russia," "How Women Helped to Win The War," "Woman's Part in Politics," "Civilization in Danger; How Women Can Help To Save It," "Class Cooperation Versus Class War," "Women and Post War Problems."

Previous to 1914 Mrs. Pankhurst might fairly have been introduced to an American audience as the "English Suffragette Leader," the woman who, when all constitutional means had been denied the suffragists of Great Britain, had again and again stormed the historic House of Commons at the head of an army of women demanding votes. This description of Mrs. Pankhurst, even previous to August, 1914, would have been incomplete, to those who know her best. For many years before the suffragette agitation began Mrs. Pankhurst was a striking figure in the social and political life of her native city of Manchester.

In national politics, Mrs. Pankhurst was well known before she had passed her first youth, her sympathies with the masses at first leading her to join the Labor Party on the executive board of which she served for several years. In her maturity Mrs. Pankhurst became a member of the Liberal Party, but always a critical member, preaching a practical democracy to which the majority of the voters of her party had never attained.

## ALLIED COUNCIL'S REPLY TO WILSON RECEIVED

(By The Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, Feb. 18.—The reply of the allied supreme council at London to President Wilson's note on the Adriatic situation was received today at the state department from Ambassador Davis and was decoded as fast as it came in.

It was announced officially that the reply would not be made public at this time and it was indicated that not even a summary of it would be given out. Publication of the reply has been left by the council to President Wilson, according to London despatches, but the council expected to give the press a summary of its contents.

While waiting for the note to be decoded officials noted from the London despatches that the reply was prepared last Saturday.

ATLANTA, GA., Feb. 18.—Because of the limited number of articles and amounts of surplus property now available, sales over the counter and through parcels post will be discontinued at the army zone supply stores in Atlanta and Charleston on February 28. In making this announcement today, Colonel Jack Hayes, assistant zone supply officer, stated that municipal sales and sales to state, county and charitable institutions would be continued until further notice.