

GASTONIA DAILY GAZETTE

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READ THE WANT ADS ON PAGE 5

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GASTONIA'S POPULATION IS 12,871--GAIN OF 123 PER CENT

WILSON'S NOTE COMES AS SHOCK TO ALLIES

(By The Associated Press.)

CONSTANTINOPLE, April 3.—President Wilson's note to the allies intimating that the Turks must get out of Europe came as a shock to all Turkish parties. Several brief despatches asserting Mr. Wilson adhered to that position had been printed here under Paris and London date lines, but until part of the actual text of the note appeared in local newspapers Turks were unwilling to believe it. Mr. Wilson's note appeared in a slightly censored form which made the position of the United States seem harsher on the Turks than it appeared in the full text of the communication.

The note was equally displeasing to the Greeks, who were much offended at the American president's apparent unwillingness to grant their claims to a large district about Smyrna and his insistence that Adrianople be given to the Belgians.

American business men here are apprehensive over the effect of the president's stand and there is considerable uneasiness as to the effect it will have in Asiatic Turkey, where 500 American-born teachers and relief workers are considered to be in considerable danger if the protection of Turkish forces should be withdrawn.

TOLEDO IS AGAIN WITHOUT CAR SERVICE

TOLEDO, O., April 3.—This city again is without street car service for the fourth time in less than four years. Following refusal of city council to ratify an agreement reached between Mayor Cornell Schreiber and officials of the Toledo Railways and Light Company, providing for an increase in fares to take care of the wage demands calling for a maximum of sixty cents an hour, the men voted to strike.

All transportation ceased at 4 o'clock this morning, the cars being sent into the barns. There will be no attempt to operate them with non-union men, officials of the company said.

Last night's meeting of city council was a stormy one in which Mayor Schreiber appealed to the aldermen to grant the fare increase in order to keep the cars moving. Sixteen councilmen voted for and ten were against ratifying the amendment.

The strike will put the traction question back into jurisdiction of the United States court. Judge John M. Killets, who was responsible for restoration of service 28 days after Henry L. Doherty took the cars into Michigan last November when an ouster ordinance was adopted by a vote of the people, returned from Cleveland this morning and is expected to take some action today.

WON'T TURN MEN OVER TO CIVIL AUTHORITIES.

WASHINGTON, April 2.—The war department announced today that it had refused to surrender Lieutenant Talbert E. Fowler, Corporal Edmund F. Maston, Private Roy E. Sanders and Private Roy Jamieson, of Camp Jackson, S. C., to civil authorities for trial for the alleged killing of William S. Chaplin in January.

The men will be brought to trial immediately before a general court-martial. According to the records, Chaplain was killed by a shot fired by a military patrol looking for an escaped garrison prisoner. Automobiles were being searched for the man and the car in which Chaplin was a passenger was alleged not to have halted when requested, or, if it did, to have proceeded on its way before being inspected, according to the war department's announcement.

"It is the established policy of the war department," the announcement said, "to defer to civil jurisdiction, if that may properly be done, when offenses against the criminal law of a state are alleged to have been committed within its borders by members of the military establishment. This is not a case in which the office and enlisted men concerned were on leave, each acting as an individual upon his own responsibility, but a case in which the officer and each of the enlisted men were charged with the performance of a military duty pursuant to military forces.

"Under the circumstances first mentioned, the responsibility for any act alleged to be a violation of state law is primarily an individual one and the military aspects are incidental only, making it entirely proper to leave the determination of such a case primarily to the civil courts. The Camp Jackson case clearly belongs to the second category and calls for reference to a military tribunal."

N. AND W. STRIKE AT ROANOKE SETTLED

(By The Associated Press.)

ROANOKE, VA., April 3.—The strike of members of fourteen organized crafts on the Norfolk & Western Railway, involving approximately 12,000 employees was settled early today under an agreement reached between officials of the railroad and local and international representatives of the unions. Officials of both sides refused to discuss the terms of adjustment but it was learned from reliable sources that members of the Brotherhood of Railway Clerks who walked out would be reinstated "without discrimination" and that two non-union clerks whose dismissal was demanded by the clerks' brotherhood would be transferred to another department.

The strike had its inception March 22 when company officials refused to dismiss the two non-union clerks, who, members of the clerks' brotherhood charged, had insulted a woman employe, the officials having declared that an investigation had developed nothing that would warrant such action.

Other crafts, including shop workers, walked out in sympathy with the clerks and members of the trainmen's brotherhood announced they would not handle trains under conditions which they believed to be unsafe.

SOME INTERESTING FACTS ABOUT THE BANKS OF GASTONIA COMPILED FROM PUBLISHED STATEMENTS.

The banks of Gastonia in the period from November 1915 to March 1920 have had a phenomenal growth both in resources and deposits, as shown in the following:

RESOURCES.
Citizens National Bank, November 1915, \$917,088.34, February 1920, \$1,080,363.32, increase 344 per cent.
First National Bank, November 1915, \$1,143,614.97, February 1920, \$4,138,466.07, increase 262 per cent.
Gaston Loan & Trust Co., November 1915, \$101,318.10, February 1920, \$376,587.01, increase 271 per cent.
Third National Bank, February 1920, \$802,494.31.
Total, November 1915 \$2,162,021.41, February 1920 \$9,397,910.71, increase 335 per cent.

DEPOSITS.
Citizens National Bank, November 1915 \$509,215.84, February 1920 \$3,669,393.36, increase 620 per cent.
First National Bank, November 1915 \$715,542.19, February 1920 \$3,209,124.17, increase 348 per cent.
Gaston Loan & Trust Co., November 1915, \$71,819.62, February 1920, \$320,927.73, increase 347 per cent.
Third National Bank, February 1920, \$468,856.54.
Total, November 1915, \$1,296,577.65, February 1920, \$7,668,301.80, increase 491 per cent.

As soon as the new ten-story building of the Citizens National Bank is completed, Gastonia will have two of the finest bank buildings in the state. The purchase of the Kennedy corner by the Third National Bank puts one of the best locations in the heart of the business district in their hands.

The phenomenal growth of the banks in Gastonia is but an indication of the town's industrial expansion. Gastonia's fame as a cotton manufacturing center is now widespread, and compared with its present growth, greater things will come in the future.

PROMINENT VIRGINIA WOMAN ARRESTED FOR EMBEZZLEMENT RICHMOND, Va., April 3. Miss Anna L. Jones, prominent Virginia woman who was executive secretary of the state food administration in 1918, was taken to Lynchburg today following her arrest in Norfolk and released on bond to await trial April 12 on the charge of embezzlement of \$7,000 from Miss Elizabeth Padelford Blackford, of Washington. Both the defendant and the prosecution formerly lived in Lynchburg.

To Preserve Furs.
Insects dislike pennyroyal; the smell of it destroys some, and drives others away. Take oil of pennyroyal, pour some into a saucer, steep it in small pieces of new cotton or wadding, and place where required. It is also well to place some between the mattresses, etc. When putting furs aside for the summer, fold carefully, with a little pennyroyal, and then wrap thoroughly in newspapers, gumming down the edges. Place in closely shutting drawers with a little camphor.

FIRST PHOTO OF VON KAPP, UNSUCCESSFUL GERMAN LEADER



First photo to reach here of Dr. Wolfgang von Kapp, leader of the late unsuccessful revolution in Germany, who, according to some reports, has committed suicide.

CHEVROLET WINS RACE FROM BUICK

Latter Car Hit Post Not Far From Atlanta and Was Put Out of Running—Chevrolet Drives 288 Miles in 11 Hours and 45 Minutes With Two Changes of Tires and Slight Engine Trouble—Roads Are Almost Impassable.

Messrs. Yancey D. Moore and Press McArver, two of the principals in the much talked of automobile race between the Chevrolet of Mr. Grier Love and the Buick belonging to Mr. McArver, returned to Gastonia this morning on train No. 42. Both cars were left in Atlanta, the Buick to undergo repairs on account of a collision in the night with a post, presumably a railroad crossing sign post, somewhere in Georgia this side of Atlanta, and the Chevrolet to find a new home for itself. It was sold in Atlanta Friday.

As was stated in The Gazette yesterday, the Chevrolet, driven by Mr. Moore arrived in Atlanta at 12:45, Eastern time Friday morning, having left here at 1 o'clock Thursday afternoon. The time was accordingly 11 hours and 45 minutes.

"Two tire changes were necessary," said Mr. Moore this morning telling about the trip, "and also we had to change a cylinder-head gasket. We had our first puncture this side of Kings Mountain, and here the Buick passed us. It was reported in Gastonia that the Buick was ahead in Greenville, but we afterwards found out the Chevrolet was ahead. We had to change tires again in Georgia, somewhere near Hardwick, I think. Our biggest delay was caused on account of having to replace the cylinder head gasket. To do this, of course, we had to remove all radiator and hood connections, drain out oil and water, and remove the top of the motor. It was all done and we were back on the road in 25 minutes."

"We kept in touch with each other fairly well until we got to Anderson. The Buick took one road from there to Commerce, Ga., and we took another. It was somewhere between Anderson and Commerce that we passed them. Of course, we did not know but what the Buick would be sitting up in Atlanta waiting for us when we got there at 12:45. But it so happened that at about that time they met with their accident. If it had not been for their accident and from the rate they were going and the distance mentioned from Atlanta, they would have been only 50 minutes behind us."

"It was some trip," continued Mr. Moore. "Such roads you never saw—red hills, deep mudholes, mud, mud, mud. The 'lit ole' Chevrolet, however, pulled out under her own power every time. We never did have to be towed out. The only trouble we had was these two punctures and when this gasket blew out. I think the Buick folks had two punctures, too."

Standard Weights and Measures.
The idea of adopting scientific measurements as a basis of a system of weights and measures, was suggested as early as the seventeenth century, particularly by the French astronomer, Jean Picard, who lived from 1629 to 1682. The system was worked out and taken up by the national assembly of France in 1790. It was adopted and its use made compulsory in 1801.

SOUTH STREET PROPERTY SELLS FOR \$40,000

F. M. Francum Sells For Messrs. R. C. McLean and George Glenn Property on South Street to Messrs. Johnson and Phillips—New System Bakery to Occupy Part of Building—Other Real Estate Deals.

Another big deal in Gastonia real estate was transacted yesterday afternoon when Messrs. R. C. McLean and George Glenn, sold the site on South street now occupied by the Gastonia Plumbing and Heating Company, to Messrs. R. E. Johnson and J. E. Phillips for a consideration of approximately \$40,000. The deal was handled by F. M. Francum.

The property sold by Messrs. McLean and Glenn has a frontage of 25 feet on South street and runs back to a depth of 120 feet. It adjoins Michael and Bivins on the one side and the city hall property on the other. The price per front foot paid for the property was \$1,600.

Messrs. Johnson and Phillips stated that they had bought the property simply for purposes of investment and had no present plans for its disposition. It is understood that New System Bakery, of Spartanburg, has leased the front of the building on the ground floor and will open for business some time within the next month or six weeks. The knitting mill operated by the Messrs. Glenn and McLean in the rear will be moved out. The Gastonia Plumbing and Heating Company will occupy the basement of the building and part of the ground floor made vacant by the removal of the Knitting Mill.

Messrs. Johnson, Phillips and J. V. Harper have also purchased through Mr. Francum the Turner Williams place on the New Hope road, consisting of 45 acres at a consideration of \$200 per acre.

Mr. S. B. Johnson has sold to J. W. Hayley, of Rock Hill, a house and lot on the corner of Columbia and Second avenue, for the sum of \$6,500.

KNIGHTS TEMPLAR TO HEAR SERMON SUNDAY

Excellent Musical Program Prepared for Annual Event Knights Templar at First Presbyterian Church Sunday Afternoon.

The annual sermon before Gastonia Commandery, Knights Templar, will be delivered Sunday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock in the First Presbyterian church by the pastor, Dr. Jas. H. Henderlite. All Sir Knights are requested to meet at Kirby-Warren's store at 2:30 to march to the church in a body. They will be dressed in their regulation uniforms. The program of services at the church is as follows:
Hymn, No. 374, "Onward Christian Soldiers."
Invocation.
Anthem.
Scripture Reading.
Quartet—"Remember Me"—Mrs. J. Holland Morrow, Miss Marian Harvey, Mrs. H. Rutter, Miss Edmee Smith.
Hymn, No. 422, "Faith of our Fathers."
Sermon, Dr. Henderlite.
Solo, "The Old Rugged Cross," Miss Ruth Mason.
Prayer.
Duet, "Crossing the Bar," Messdames Morrow and Rutter.
Hymn, No. 157.
It will be seen from the above program that an elaborate musical treat is in store for those who attend these services tomorrow at the First Presbyterian church.

OPEN SEASON ON JANITORS.

NEW YORK, April 3.—The "open season" on janitors was ushered in in the Bronx today with the arrest of Rudolph Hornikel, janitor of a large apartment house, on a charge of stealing milk from the doors of tenants.
Hornikel was held on complaint of Frank Scott, a tenant, who declared he "trapped" the janitor by aid of a string, a broom and a dust pan. He tied the string to his milk bottle and attached the other end to a broom so that when the bottle was moved the broom would fall, banging to the floor a dust pan which was placed on top of the broom. He says he thus caught Hornikel departing with the bottle after the trap had been sprung.

The many friends of Mrs. George A. Gray will be extremely sorry to learn of her sudden illness at the Tranquil Park Sanatorium in Charlotte. Mrs. Gray was found in an unconscious condition in her room in the hospital yesterday and has since been in a critical condition. All her children are at her bedside today.

THROUGH COURTESY OF SENATOR OVERMAN GAZETTE IS FURNISHED FIGURES

Senator Overman Furnishes Figures of Gastonia Population When Associated Press Is Unable to Give Them—Gastonia People Well Pleased at Showing Made By City—Rate of Increase Is Considered Remarkable—123 Per Cent of Gain Over 1910 Figures of 5,769.

Gastonia Gazette, Gastonia, N. C. "Population Gastonia, 12,871, about 121 per cent increase. Congratulations."

LEE S. OVERMAN.

The above telegram, laconic in its wording, but full of interest to all Gastonians was received by The Gazette this morning shortly before noon, and came as the denouement to a morning of impatience and restlessness for fear that the figures would not be given out in time to be used today. In fact The Associated Press had previously wired at 9:38 this morning that it would be impossible to give out the figures until tonight: "Gazette, Gastonia."

"Census bureau sorry but says impossible give out Gastonia census before 9 p. m. Will send special soon as announced. Can be used in extra when received." "A. P."

However, in response to an appeal made to Senator Overman, the story of which is carried below and which was written early this morning, the figures were obtained and the junior Senator is due the thanks and appreciation of the entire city.

The figures, 12,871, are entirely satisfactory to Gastonia. The rate of increase, 123.5 per cent, as was figured out in this office basing the 1910 census at 5,769, is a phenomenal record, and is not surpassed in the South.

Knoxville, Tenn., shows an increase of 114 per cent. Certain localities in Kansas, and other Western states show increases of over 200 per cent, according to the summary of census returns, so far received and released by the bureau, published below. It will be seen that the average in North and South Carolina, judging from Columbia and Charlotte is from 30 to 50 per cent increase. The 123 per cent gain is, therefore, peculiarly gratifying to Gastonia.

A wire from Congressman Clyde R. Hoey, received at 12:15 stated that he had conferred with Director Rogers and that Mr. Rogers was unable to furnish the figures before four o'clock this afternoon and that the Associated Press would release the figures tonight.

Had it not been for the prompt action and efficiency displayed by Senator Overman in securing the figures the greater part of the people of Gastonia would not have known the result of the figures until Sunday morning.

The census figures for Gastonia will be announced at 9 o'clock tonight, according to the information obtained in the following wire received Friday afternoon at 4 o'clock in The Daily Gazette office from the Associated Press:
Washington, D. C., April 2, 1920. Gazette, Gastonia, N. C.

"Census Gastonia be announced nine p. m. Saturday."

THE AP.

Immediately upon receipt of this message The Gazette wired the A. P., the Census Bureau, "Red Buck" Bryant, Congressman Hoey and Senator Overman to use their best endeavors to have the figures released by noon today in order that they might be given to the readers of The Daily Gazette in this afternoon's paper. A copy of the telegram is as follows:

"Please use your efforts to have census bureau announce Gastonia census figures by noon Saturday in order that Gastonia public may have figures in our paper of Saturday afternoon. Do not issue Sunday morning paper. Will appreciate anything you can do for us."

The telegrams to Messrs. Hoey and Overman were signed by The Gazette, the Gastonia Rotary Club, the Chamber of Commerce, Mayor Cherry, Col. C. B. Armstrong and other prominent citizens of the town. It is the earnest hope of The Gazette that the figures will come through today in time to be released in this afternoon's issue of the paper. However, it is hardly likely that such will be the case, as the iron-clad rules of the census bureau are hard to break. In the event the figures are not published in The Gazette this afternoon they will be released tonight at 9 o'clock and The Gazette will post the figures on the bulletin board in front of the office as soon as they are received.

Estimates of the population of the city run all the way from 11,000 to 18,000. It is evident that Gastonia has a trading population of 20,000 to 25,000, but the city limits stop short of including several of the larger mills. Conservative estimates place the figures between 12,000 and 14,000.

SUMMARY CENSUS FIGURES TO DATE

WASHINGTON, April 3.—To date, population of 253 of the approximately 14,000 incorporated cities, towns and villages in the country have been announced by the census bureau. Practically all show increases and some have more than doubled in size. Portfolios containing the returns of the various districts are flooding into the census director's office. Some of the larger cities, including Chicago and New Orleans, are being prepared for announcement, while New York's portfolios are almost all in.

Figures for only ten of the cities of the group having 100,000 or more inhabitants in 1910 thus far have been made public. The others ranged: Washington, 32.1 per cent; Dayton 31.1; Syracuse 25.1; Milwaukee 22.3; Albany 18.1; Cincinnati 10.3; St. Paul 9.2; Nashville 7.2, and Louisville 4.9.

Of the 59 cities having 50,000 to 100,000 inhabitants in 1910, six have been announced. Schenectady, N. Y., leads the increase in this group with 21.8 per cent. The other increases are: Harrisburg, Pa., 18.3 per cent; Springfield, Ill., 14.5; Peoria, Ill., 13.7; Wilkes-Barre, Pa., 10.0; and St. Jose, Mo., 0.4.

Population of 28 incorporated places of the 119 which in 1910 had from 25,000 to 50,000 inhabitants, have been announced. Knoxville, Tenn., leads in this group with an increase of 114.1 per cent. Growth of the other cities of this size was: Shreveport, La., 56.6 per cent increase; Madison, Wis., 50.3; Columbia, S. C., 42.6 per cent; Cedar Rapids, Iowa, 38.9; Binghamton, N. Y., 37.9; Charlotte, N. C., 36.2; Waterloo, Iowa, 35.7; Lima, O., 35.4; Davenport, Iowa, 31.8; Chattanooga, Tenn., 29.8; Macon, Ga., 29.2; Fossilton, Pa., 26.8; Aurora, Ill., 21.7; Danville, Ill., 21.1; Lewiston, Me., 20.2; Lexington, Ky., 18.3; Sheboygan, Wis., 17.3; Lancaster, Pa., 12.5; Hamilton, O., 12.4; Bloomington, Ill., 11.1; Joliet, Ill., 10.7; Amsterdam, N. Y., 7.3; Elgin, Ill., 5.6; Colorado Springs, Colo., 1.7; and Oshkosh, Wis., 0.3. In this group Kingston, N. Y., showed a decrease of 0.1 per cent.

(Continued on page 8.)