

TRENCH AND CAMP

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FOR ARMY MEN
AND
THEIR HOME FOLKS

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WILL HELP LICK KAISER BY COOKING FOR KAISER

School for Cooks and Bakers
Being Conducted to Teach
How and What to Cook.

One very important part of the fighter's anatomy is his stomach, therefore Uncle Sam, who is now training a considerable number to lick the kaiser is seeing to it that the stomachs are kept in good repair and comfortably filled with well prepared food. To the end that this may be accomplished, the war and navy departments are laying great stress on the proper selection and preparation of food for the soldiers. The mess shack has come to be regarded as almost as important a training place for the soldier as the drill ground or target range. Army cooks are being trained by experts, as are also the mess sergeants, who have to do with the arrangement of the menu and the purchasing of the food.

One of the most interesting spots at Camp Greene at the present time is the aeronautical cooks' and bakers' schools, which is being conducted for the instruction of the men in the aviation regiments stationed here. This school which at present has 163 pupils is commanded by Capt. W. J. Baker, who is teaching the men how to bake cakes, pies, etc. All of the bread used in camp is cooked by the camp bakery. Sergeants Appgar, Gruder and Pucinni are the instructors in the other cooking subjects.

The course which is given these cook candidates extends over a period of 90 days. At present the period of daily instruction is only for the morning. Later, the period will be extended to last through the day. The school for mess sergeants also will continue through the 90 days. Scientific methods are being taught. There will not only be an effort made to teach the men how to prepare edible foods, but a study will be made of food values and food selection.

When the students graduate they will be given the rank of cook. Their pay is rated between that of a sergeant and a corporal. They are men of a fine type. Though they may not take an active part in the actual fighting at the front, the stamina of the cooks as a class was well demonstrated in the early days of America's participation in the war, when a number of cooks performed valiant service in the defense of a sector that was stormed by the German troops.

SOLDIER FAMILIES ARE GIVEN MUCH MONEY

More than 3,200,000 government checks have been sent out to date by the bureau of war risk insurance.

Most of these have gone in the form of allotment and allowance payments to the families of the enlisted men in the army and navy.

The grand total disbursements of the bureau up to June 10 aggregate more than \$98,000,000, of which \$97,000,000 is for allotments and allowances.

Checks are going forward at the rate of more than \$50,000 a month.

About 38,000 checks for May allotments, which are payable in June, have already been mailed.

Approximately 35,000 are going forward every day.

Payments under the war risk insurance act are being rushed to the limit by a force of more than six thousand employes, working on night and day shifts.

Under the terms of the war risk insurance act, allotments made from June pay, together with the government allowances added thereto, cannot be paid until July.

The first checks for June allotments and allowances will go forward on July 1, just as the first May payments began on June 1. Under the law, these payments cannot be started any sooner. Relatives of soldiers and sailors are urged to remember this fact and thus save themselves unnecessary worry.

NEW COMMANDER OF CAMP GREENE.



COL. L. M. KENNON.

Col. Kennon was a brigadier general of the national army until a few weeks ago, when he was found, after undergoing a physical examination, to be physically incapable of enduring the heavy strain required of generals under present methods of warfare. He later was returned to his previous rank of colonel in the regular army and sent to Camp Greene from Camp Grant, Rockford, Ill. Since his arrival, the presumption among army officers at the camp has been that Col. Kennon will be commander of the camp during its existence or until transferred. Col. Kennon is known to be an enthusiastic advocate of good roads, and is a strict disciplinarian.

CHRISTIAN ENDEAVOR SOCIETY INVITES SOLDIERS

The Christian Endeavor society of the West Avenue Presbyterian church extends a cordial invitation to the soldier members of the Christian Endeavor society and their friends to attend the meetings on Sunday evenings at 7:15. Meetings held in rear of church, which is located on the corner of West avenue and South Cedar street, one block west of Southern station.

This society has a social hour following the regular church service on Sunday nights and following prayer service on Wednesday nights, to which you are cordially invited. Every effort will be made to make the soldier members and their friends feel perfectly at home; and the society is anxious to promote the social as well as the religious life of the soldiers. Please feel that you are welcome at all times.
Y. M. C. A.

DETENTION CAMP ATHLETICS.

Interest in all forms of athletics is very keen at the Camp Greene detention camp. An athletic committee composed of Messrs. Peterson, Compton, Tewell, White and Wolf was recently appointed, whose duty it will be to maintain and direct the activities at this camp. A strong baseball team was organized some time since, and it has met and defeated a number of the strong teams in camp.

Captain McGeehan, who is the athletic and welfare officer at the detention camp, is greatly interested in all forms of sport. (By the way, Captain McGeehan was in private life the sporting editor of The New York Tribune). One kind of exercise that the men of this camp get is quite unique in military circles. As was stated some time since in Trench and Camp, farming operations on rather an extensive scale are carried on by the soldiers. The work on the farm not only furnishes good exercise for the men, but they are aiding materially in the production of the food which they will consume.

CAMOUFLAGE UNIT HAS INTERESTING HISTORY

Comprises Men Who in Private
Life Were Painters, Sculptors,
Etc.—Pioneer Organization.

Camp Greene now houses what is perhaps one of the most unique bodies of men in the army service today in the Camouflage unit, which recently arrived from Waco, Tex. The personnel comprises men who in civil life were artists, cartoonists, scene painters, stage directors, moving picture directors, sculptors, architects, landscape gardeners, mining men, newspaper men, construction workers of various lines, and many others too numerous to mention here. Most of these men were among the highest salaried of their respective professions and trades, and have been selected from army camps all over the United States.

The first American camoufleurs were amateurs and volunteers—artists and sculptors who saw the possibilities in applying their knowledge and skill to the conduct of our war. Less than a year ago, Berry Faulkner, a New York artist, and Sherry Frey, a New York sculptor, started a volunteer organization of 19 men who trained in a studio in Greenwich village, the Latin quarter, so to speak, of New York city.

Opportunity soon knocked at the door of the little band of camoufleurs. Soon General Pershing was cabling back to the war department for camoufleurs, to the perplexity of the men in Washington, for camouflage was then but little more than a mysterious word to us who were still unfamiliar with the ways of modern war.

At this moment, however, Faulkner and Frey and their 19 men offered their services to Secretary Baker, and were accepted in a body. Recruiting was started in earnest and soon the little band of camoufleurs was expanded to a full company, with many of America's widely known illustrators represented in the roll call. This company was attached provisionally to the Twenty-fifth U. S. Engineers at Fort Meyer, Va.

Since then camouflage experimenting and training has forged ahead in leaps and bounds, the American university at Washington being the chief center of activities in this country. American ingenuity has had an opportunity to display itself in our new camouflage art, and already it is reported that Homer Saint Gaudens, son of the great sculptor and a first lieutenant in the first camouflage company organized, has invented a machine that converts old newspapers into blankets that can be tinted like the surrounding grass and used as a cover for a body of men going up to the front.

The camouflage unit at Camp Greene is the pioneer camouflage outfit provisionally attached to the aviation section, and with its present officers and personnel promises to make a place for itself in the history of this most interesting branch of service.

COLONEL KENNON GUEST OF HONOR AT DINNER

Col. L. M. Kennon, commanding Camp Greene, was the guest of honor at a delightfully appointed dinner at the Myers Park Country club on Thursday evening of the past week, given by the board of directors of the Charlotte chamber of commerce. The dinner was informal, and those present made the occasion most enjoyable by informal talks.

Officers who were invited guests at the dinner were Colonel Miller, Colonel Register, Colonel Renn, Major Greene, Major Kaempfer, Captain White, Captain Huffman, and Captain Wright. The following named civilians were present: Mayor McNinch, John M. Scott, David Owens, R. A. Dunn, W. A. Wheatley, C. A. Bland, Robert Lassiter, Franklin B. Green, Clarence O. Kuester, A. Morris McDonald and C. A. Williams.

