SECTION B

The News - Journal

THURSDAY, JULY 1, 1976

# Food, Cars Pace Sales In Hoke County Area

How much are Hoke County families spending per year? Where are they spending it and for what? According to a market report, just released, consumer outlays in local stores -- for food, automo-biles, wearing apparel and other products -- were at a relatively high level in the past year. Most retailers in the area were able to report increases over the previous year. increases over the previous year.

#### **CP&L** Names **Hoke Native**

Joseph F. McMillan, Jr. has been promoted by Carolina Power & Light Co. to district engineer in Jacksonville.

McMillan joined CPacL in 1907 as a junior engineer in Sanford where he subsequently was pro-moted to electrical engineer and McMillan joined CP&L in 1969 senior engineer.

A native of Hoke County, Mc-Millan was graduated from Hoke County High School and North Carolina State University with a bachelor of science degree in

engineering operations. He is married to the former Gwendolyn Anne Moore of Raleigh.



With most local families enjoying bigger incomes than before, they were in a position to spend more and were willing to do so, despite the fact that their gains were offset to a considerable extent by rising costs

The facts and figures, showing just how the consumer dollar was spent locally, are contained in the new market study, made by the Standard Rate and Data Service. Comparable data is included for the service of the new first study of the standard for

other sections of the country. In Hoke County, according to the findings, a large part of the dollar went to stores selling food and automotive equipment. Between them, they garnered 53 percent of all retail business in the area area.

In other parts of the United States, they got 37 percent of the total and, in the State of North

Carolina, 41 percent. The amount spent for food alone, in local supermarkets, butcher shops, bakeries, delica-tessens and the like totaled more than 55 706 000 than \$5,796,000.

This expenditure covers only food bought for home consump-tion. It does not include money spent in restaurants and in other

spent in restaurants and in other eating and drinking places. The report shows, also, that business was good in the auto-motive field, where sales of cars, motorcycles, trailers, boats and related equipment reached \$3,019, 000

Market strength was also in evidence in the local area in most other retail lines.

Department stores and variety

bepartment stores and variety shops carrying general merchan-dise chalked up \$401,000. Those specializing in coats, dresses, shoes and other articles of apparel grossed \$1,051.000. Sales of furniture and home furniture and due to \$002,000

furnishings added up to \$992,000. As for the near future, most economists are optimistic. With employment rising and income and savings at a peak, they forsee a period of good times ahead.

.Tretorns - S.R.O.'s - Clarks of England - Bandolinos - Sandler





FIRE DAMAGE—Fire damaged a home in the Scurlock School area late Monday night. Hillcrest Volunteer Fire Department responded and saved all but two rooms of the house. The family was not at home at the time and no injuries were reported.

#### **Hoke ASCS** By Thomas R. Burgess

Marketing Flue - Cured Tobacco

The 1976 marketing season for

flue - cured tobacco will be underway very soon. As farmers market their 1976 crop, there are certain precautions they need to observe to assure that their tobacco is properly identified. When

farmers use their marketing cards correctly, they can save time, trouble, and possible payment of penalties.

When the marketing card is issued to the farmer, we suggest that he use the following simple guides to assure proper handling of his tobacco: 1. Upon receiving the card examine it carefully to see that it is correct. Check to see that the name, address, farm serial num-

## **Farm Items**

#### By Agricultural **Extension Agents**

Extension programs for tobacco in Hoke County include the various production practices that will in-crease yields and quality of the tobacco sold. Two important phases of this program is to get provers to use multi - purpose phases of this program is to get growers to use multi - purpose chemicals for nematode and disease control and to use contact chemicals along with MH30 to completely control suckers. This information is available from the extension agent or is discussed in the 1976 Tobacco Information booklet.

A demonstration has been set up on the Bobby Strother farm just beyond Five Points to show farmers the value of using the different types of chemicals as compared to no chemicals at all. Growers are invited to visit these plots and see the results. Signs will be displayed at each plot to let you know the type of chemicals used. This is a good teaching tool to help in your production next season.

Growers that have been having problems with soybeans filling out completely or that have pods with no beans in them at harvest should consider using one or two sprays to control pod and stem blight. Several growers in the county carried out tests this past year and increased production 5 to 6 bushels

materials should first be applied when the majority of the pods are 1/8 to 1/2 inch in length. The second application should follow in two or three weeks. These extra soybeans could mean \$16.00 to \$20.00 in profit per acre of beans that you have planted. Growers should remember that it is sometime the one step that you forgot that causes your production to be poor.

In order for swine producers to react properly to changes in the price of hogs it is important for the producer to know exactly where he stands as far as cost of production.

Several management practices producers should consider are: Use producers should consider are: Use a simple markings system so that each animal can be identified. This will aid in selecting breeding animals and also cutting of animals not as productive as producer wishes. Preparing farrowing facili-ties to enable as efficient care for now littee and mothered particle.

management with good records.

new litter and mother as possible. At farrowing times, if possible be present to clear breathing channels, clean and dry pigs, clip ears and tail and needle teeth. Make sure heat is available as pigs do not chill. These are just a few managing practices that can aid in swine production.

Is water the cheapest or costliest livestock nutrient? Compared to other nutrients essential for livestock growth gains and repro-duction, water must be considered

duction, water must be considered the least costly to provide. Here are some water require-ments for animals in hot weather which would be ample in winter. Bred cows of gilts - 1 - 1/2 gal., Growing - finishing pig, 1 - 11/2 gal., Nursing sows, 4 - 5 gal., Beef Cattle in feed lots - 7 - 10 gals. Beef Brood Cows, 10 - 12 gals., Dairy Calf, 3 - 5 gal., Dairy heifer - 5 - 8 gal., Dairy cow in production 10 -40 gal.

### Bookmobile Schedule

MONTROSE - July 5 (Monday) Josephine Parks, Katie Cameron. - Josephine Parks, Katie Cameron, Elizabeth Lide, Lenora Thompson, Carole Brown, Venetia Walters, Rita Baker, Donald Wilson, Gas-ton Shaw, Doris McAllister, Val-erie Hollmond, Shirley Potts, James McLaughlin, Dorothy Mon-roe and Betty Mims.

ASHELY HEIGHTS - July 7 (Wednesday) -- Linda Soper, Prison, Mamie McNair, Linda Schuchard, Margaret Inman, Mary Murphy, Jean Vanhoy, Lillian Smith, Diane Williams, Sue Hagan, Kathy Shields, Linda Sim-mons, Ethel Carol, Gail Ellis and

