

THE TIMES-VISITOR.

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RALEIGH, N. C., MONDAY EVENING, JANUARY 16, 1899.

25 CENTS A MONTH

AGAINST POLAGAMY

Mr. Patterson Wants Congressman Instructed Not to Seat Roberts of Utah.

TO REDISTRRICT THE STATE

Senator Brown Says Legislature Has too Many Employees—Public Printing in Committee's Hands—School Tax.

SENATE.

The Senate met at 10 o'clock, and prayer was offered by the Rev. Dr. J. W. Carter.

Bills to make inquiry as to payment of money out of the State treasury and to repeal chapter 510, laws of 1897, were favorably reported by the committee.

The following bills were introduced: By Senator Speight, to revise, amend and consolidate the insanity laws of North Carolina. By Senator Ward, to place the name of W. S. Barnes on the pension list. By Senator Skinner, to protect the bridges across the Perquimans river in Hertford county. By Senator Wilson, to give free transportation to freight, officials and employes to and from the old Battle Ground. By Senator Lowe, to place the name of P. A. Fisher on the pension list. By Senator Miller, to repeal chapter 51, laws of 1897. By Senator Whitaker, to change the name of the South Atlantic Insurance Company. By Senator Thomas, to repeal chapter 421, laws of 1897, concerning the special school tax. By Senator Murray, to create additional commissioners in Madison county.

The calendar was next taken up, and the following bills passed final reading: To abolish the chain gang system of Madison county; to amend the charter of Bingham's School; to amend sections 832 and 833 of the Code, relating to the extension of power of Justices of the peace.

By leave, Senator Bryan introduced a bill to repeal the charter of the city of Newbern, and Senator Lowe, a bill to extend the time for working the roads as provided in chapter 364 of the laws of 1893.

A bill giving permission to Bagley Monument Association to erect a monument in the capitol square was placed upon immediate passage, and upon a motion of Senator Brown, was passed by a rising vote.

Senator Brown rose to protest against the number of employes now engaged by the Senate. He said that authority had been given to employ only six pages and five laborers, and that he noticed that there were now on the pay-roll twelve pages and eleven laborers; that these were more than were needed; and that it was now just as it was in 1893—one could not walk around the capitol anywhere without running up against a servant. Senator Brown said that unless some sort of action explanation was vouchsafed he would introduce a bill tomorrow to reduce the working force and to put the expense of having these employes upon the person responsible.

Sensors Smith, Brown and Williams were appointed a committee to investigate the matter and report to the Senate.

The Senate adjourned at 11:30 a. m. HOUSE.

At 10 o'clock the House met and was opened with prayer by Rev. Dr. Levi Branson.

Patterson of Caldwell introduced a resolution of instructions to North Carolina Congressmen to vote against seating B. H. Roberts, polygamist from Utah. This was referred to the Committee on Federal Relations, after Winston had caused a laugh by suggesting a reference to the Committee on Marital Relations.

The following bills were introduced: By Brown of Stanly, to reduce the price of Supreme Court Reports to \$1.50. By Moore, to amend stock law in Jackson county and to repeal chapter 353 acts 1897, which requires that 50 qualified voters must reside in territory for which a stock law is asked. By McFarland, for relief of ex-sheriff Robertson of Polk. By Davis of Franklin, to protect buyers and sellers of leaf tobacco. By Wilson, to regulate the holding of courts in the 12th district.

By Welch, to repeal the act of 1897 against fishing certain nets in Albemarle Sound and its tributaries also to amend the charter of Edenton by dividing it into 4 wards. By Davis of Haywood, for relief of A. J. Holcombe. By Justice, to amend the charter of the graded school at Hendersonville. By Williams of Graham, to provide for the equal distribution of the school fund. By Leigh, for the relief of ex-sheriff Wilcox of Pasquotank. By Winston, to amend the Code, as to trespass on lands after being forbidden.

By Davis of Franklin, to amend the charter of Franklin. By Thompson of Onslow, to repeal the law of 1897 requiring annual election school taxes in aid of schools. (Which last year cost

\$30,000 and raised only \$1,500.) By Williams of Graham, to provide for the turning into the State treasury of all school funds, these then to be paid out to the counties on the basis of their school population.

By Leatherwood, to take Mitchell county from the 9th district and restore it to the 8th district. By Boushall, to repeal chapter 543 acts 1897, which forbade persons to be directors of public institutions who dealt in articles such as were purchased by such institutions. (The law of 1897 was procured by a bank agent and a dealer in school furniture.) By Allen of Columbus, to repeal chapter 224 acts of 1897, and restore the act of 1893 which provided a uniform rate for limitation of actions against railway companies for damages for or on account of occupation of lands. By Robinson, to allow Fayetteville to receive 25 per cent of last year's taxes in full settlement.

By leave Leatherwood introduced a resolution creating a committee to have in charge changes of Congressional districts, and Boushall a resolution allowing payment of drug bills due by the penitentiary to New York firms.

Bills passed amending the charter of Fayetteville; to allow Reidsville to issue improvement bonds, and to give the town of Columbia, Tyrrell county, authority against hogs.

By request of Williams the bill to provide for the better government of Hertford county was recommitted.

Bill passed repealing charter of the Chapel Hill graded school.

Hoey made a report for the joint committee on printing, recommending that the joint committee be given authority to contract for the printing and binding at a rate not in excess of that of 1893-94.

None of the public printing to be done outside the State; this to be done until the legislature passes a law regulating the public printing. Hampton called for the year and says on the adoption of the resolution. The resolution was adopted yeas 69, nays 23. Republicans and Populists voted no, except Smith of Craven, colored, who voted aye.

A resolution, introduced by Winston, was adopted giving the use of the hall to the N. C. Confederate Veterans on the evening of January 25.

Nicholson, Thompson of Onslow, and Carraway were appointed a committee of arrangements for the lecture before the legislature by Rev. Dr. J. B. Aivrett on Lee's birthday.

Patterson of Caldwell, and Thompson of Onslow, were added to the committee on education.

Davis, of Haywood, Leatherwood, Council, Kerr and Clarkson were appointed as the committee on agricultural districts.

REPORT OF WAR INVESTIGATION

Their Verdict Blames All The Officials.

ALGER CENSURED

Report Scores Miles But is so General That no One in Particular Can Be Court-Martialed.

By Telegraph to the Times-Visitor. WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—The verdict of the war investigating commission will be in the hands of President McKinley within a few days. The verdict will place the blame on every department of the army and Secretary Alger will be included. Such blanket report will be made that no one person can be singled out for court martial.

A high official in the army gave out today the following forecast of the findings:

Secretary of War Alger for weakness in administration in permitting General Miles to go to Santiago.

General Miles for his conduct before and during the war, for the selection of Chicomanga for a camp, for snubbing Secretary Alger, also for bringing unfounded charges of bad beef.

General Shafter for certain admissions in his testimony.

Inspector General Breckenridge for leaving the department to go to Santiago and for neglecting inspections.

General Brooke for the condition at Camp Thomas.

The medical department for the neglect of proper inspections and lack of sanitary precautions.

Congress for failing to make appropriations for smokeless powder.

The verdict also exonerates Secretary Alger from responsibility for camp horrors.

ROSE SWORN IN.

By Telegraph to the Times-Visitor. WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—After the funeral services both Houses of Congress adjourned. Senator Rose, of Vermont was sworn in as Senator this morning.

EAGAN-MILES ROW

McKinley Orders an Investigation of Meat Scandal.

EAGAN'S REPLY

He Has His Statement Ready for Transmission to the War Investigating Board Will Court-Martial Eagan.

By Telegraph to the Times-Visitor. WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—General Eagan, United States Commissary General, has the substance completed of his revised statement replying to the charges of General -GGGGGGComm as long as his statement read before the war investigating commission last week. He goes very much into detail into the conduct of the commissary department during the war with Spain. General Eagan has not decided whether to send the statement back to the commission with a formal letter of transmittal or appear in person and read it as he did before.

Referring to the resignation of De Caidry, his chief clerk, Eagan remarked today that too much importance was attached to the matter.

President McKinley today ordered a court of inquiry to investigate the meat scandal with the special purpose of ventilating the Eagan-Miles controversy. The inquiry will develop whether or not, according to military regulations General Eagan was justified in using the language he employed before the war investigating commission.

COURT MARTIAL EAGAN.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—(4 p. m.)—General Eagan sent an apology to the war investigators for the harsh language he used.

The War Department decided this afternoon a court martial General Eagan. General Merritt will be president of the court, which will sit at Washington.

WATAUGA CLUB COMMITTEE.

A very important meeting of the Textile Committee of the Watauga Club will be held this evening at 8 o'clock in the office of Mr. George Allen, 22 Pullen Building. It is hoped that every member will be prompt.

A LAUGHING ATTRACTION.

The attraction at the Academy of Music on Wednesday, January 15, will be that laughing success, "Side Tracked," presented by a capable company and adequately if not gorgeously staged. The play is a comedy drama, bordering on the farce, chuck full of fun and bristling with just enough sensation to balance the mirth of effects. The principal character is a tramp. The tramp has done a great deal of bringing out the humor of many plays of late, but it is rarely that he acts both as comedian and hero; but the one in "Side Tracked" is a very realistic tramp; he does many laughable things rescues the heroine, foils the many schemes of the villain, prevents the other hero from being hanged, makes love to the soubrette and altogether works himself into the hearts of his auditors, as a genial kind hearted fellow, even if his clothes are ragged.

Mr. E. H. O'Connor, who assumes the part of the tramp, is a capital actor and a clever singer and dancer; he is ably assisted by a strong company. Reserved seats are now on sale at King' drug store.

BOUTELLE'S FATHER DEAD.

By Telegraph to the Times-Visitor. WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—Lewis Henry, father of Representative Boustelle, of Maine, died here today.

DIET OPENED.

By Cable to the Times-Visitor. BERLIN, Jan. 16.—The Prussian Diet was opened today. The Kaiser personally reading his speech from the throne. His Majesty declared the financial situation favorable, that the basis of political and national life was soundly established, that the prosperity of the country was visibly growing. He regarded the future with the utmost confidence. Among the bills considered were measures for the extension of the State railway system, and the construction of canals leading from the Dortmunden canal to the Rhine, Wester and Elbe.

GOVERNOR'S REASONS.

Governor Russell's message to the General Assembly setting forth his reasons for the removal of the Wilsons as railroad commissioners would have been submitted to the legislature today but for the early adjournment of the Senate. However, it will be sent to that body tomorrow.

Miss Mary Love of Memphis, Tenn., is the guest of Mrs. W. A. Withers on Hillsboro street.

WIFE MURDERED

Grand Jury Finds True Bill Against Alex Allen

MURDER 2ND DEGREE

Hinton Case—Judge Brown Serves Notice on Members of the Bar to Be Prompt—While Boy Sent to the Roads

The Superior Court convened again this morning, Honorable George H. Brown, Jr., presiding. Soon after court convened one case was called and the defendant's lawyer was not present, and the sheriff had to send for him. Judge Brown then turned to clerk Royster and said: "Mr. Clerk I now give notice through you, and instruct you to have it published by the press of the city that members of the bar will not be sent for in future when cases are called in which they appear. They must be in the court room ready when the case is called."

One of the first cases this morning was State vs. Parish Smith for assault with a deadly weapon on Jake Jones, the negro who shot Deputy Sheriff Oaks some time since. It seems that Saturday night before last Smith met Jones on the street and ran up against him, nearly knocking some bundles out of his hands, and when Jones asked him what he meant Smith pulled out his pistol and fired. Smith is a white boy only 17 years old and has never been in trouble before. He was sent to the roads for 30 days.

State vs. Cleora Cheek, colored, charge assaulting an officer. Trial by jury. Verdict guilty. Judgment 90 days on roads. Cheek has served a term in the State prison and was indicted last summer for carrying a pistol.

State vs. Roberta Hodges, colored, charge larceny and receiving. Trial by jury. Verdict guilty. Judgment eight months in work house. Roberta stole some clothing from the residence of Major Grimes on North Wilmington street.

State vs. Gus Lee, colored, charge larceny and receiving. Trial by jury. Verdict guilty. Judgment 12 months on the roads.

State vs. Annie Richardson, colored, charge larceny and receiving. Trial by jury. Verdict not guilty. The defendant was discharged.

State vs. Poss Smith, white charge with assault with a deadly weapon. Pleads guilty. Judgment 90 days on roads.

State vs. Poss Smith, white, charge c. e. w. Pleads guilty. Judgment suspended, sentence having been pronounced in another case.

State vs. Andrew Rowland, colored, charge with assault with a deadly weapon. Trial by jury. Verdict guilty. Judgment suspended on payment of costs.

State vs. Will Jackson, colored, charge assault with deadly weapon. Pleads guilty. Judgment suspended on payment of costs.

State vs. Joe Smith, white, larceny and same defendant, charge with carrying concealed weapons. The defendant was called and failed. Judgment nisi, sc. fa. and capias.

State vs. Mary E. Jackson, colored, charge practising profession without license. Called and failed. Judgment nisi, sc. fa. and capias.

Mary is the negro conjurer who faked so many negroes.

State vs. Effie Green, colored, charge, a. and b. Trial by jury. Verdict not guilty. Defendant discharged.

State vs. E. D. Clark, white, seduction. Continued to March term, 1899.

State vs. E. D. Clark, white, bastardy, continued to March term, 1899.

State vs. Joseph Alston, colored, charge failing to provide adequate support for wife and children. On trial as we go to press.

ALLEN CASE.

This afternoon the Grand Jury returned a true bill against Alex. Allen, the negro who murdered his wife at his home in Watson's field recently, for murder in the second degree. The fact that the bill is for murder in the second degree is rather a surprise as the opinion seems to prevail that Allen would be tried for his life. The evidence was not sufficient for murder in the first degree, so Allen will, if convicted, be sent to the penitentiary for a long term of years or for life.

HINTON CASE.

The trial of Alonzo Hinton for the killing of Lucien Mial will consume very little time of the court. The case may be disposed of after 4 o'clock this evening or it may come up in the morning. It is said that Hinton's attorneys will submit to a verdict of either manslaughter or murder in the second degree, and a heavy sentence is not anticipated. The evidence could not justify a trial for murder in the first degree, it is said.

MOORE CASE.

Great interest is felt in the trial of Millard Moore, the convict, who is charged with killing a guard named

Thomas Shaw. The case comes up Thursday and it is rumored that some sensational evidence will be introduced by the defense. This will prove a most interesting case. Messrs. W. B. Snow and H. M. Simms represent the defendant and Solicitor POU has Mr. Browne Shepherd assisting him this week.

EXECUTION OF BOOKER.

The scaffold has been erected for the execution of Jim Booker. The rope has now been stretched and every thing has been put in readiness for the hanging Wednesday.

FUNERAL OF DINGLEY.

Remains Were Sent to His Home at Lewiston, Maine.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—The body of Congressman Dingley, of Maine, was taken into the hall of Congress, inclosed in a casket of plain black, with silver handles at noon. The public funeral was conducted by Rev. Newman of the Congregational church, subsequently by the remains were taken to Lewiston, Maine, this evening. Thousands of people passed through and viewed the remains. The galleries, where admission was by card, were filled by the families of members and other prominent persons who were invited.

SULTAN ORDERS GUNS.

By Cable to the Times-Visitor. CONSTANTINOPLE, Jan. 16.—Imperial order has been issued ordering a purchase of 162 Krupp field guns and 30,000 shrapnel shells. This undoubtedly is the outcome of the presentation of the Sultan of Turkey by the Emperor on his return from the orient, of a perfect model of the most modern Krupp field gun in the German army. German newspapers comment approvingly on the Emperor's shrewdness, which is predicted as a result of Turkey sending this large order for guns.

DREYFUS CASE.

By Cable to the Times-Visitor. PARIS, Jan. 16.—Lewy, President of the criminal branch, in an interview published in the Journal today estimates that three weeks will elapse before the Court of Cassation will hold a public hearing of the Dreyfus case. The judge declared the statement that the court is in possession of documents furnished by Maj. Count Esterhazy incorrect.

BURNED TO DEATH.

By Cable to the Times-Visitor. MONTAGNET, ONT., Jan. 16.—The house of Paul Rivelle was burned last night. Mrs. Parker and her two children were burned to death. Their bones were found this morning.

NEGROES TO PICK COTTON.

Pegleg Williams Emigrating Them to Arkansas.

Low Price Makes Cotton of Little Value to Farmers and Negroes Will Do Work of Picking.

Atlanta Constitution.

R. A. Williams, better known among his friends as "Pegleg" Williams, is engaged in transporting negroes from North Carolina to Mississippi, Texas and Arkansas to pick the large amount of cotton that still remains in the fields of the extensive plantations in these sections. It is said that owing to the low price paid for the crop this year that the farmers have not picked all of the crop, and great quantities remain on the stalks, and if this can be picked at a low price, a good profit will be made from it.

Mr. Williams has been engaged in the emigration business for many years, but since the movement of negroes several years ago from the Carolinas to the Mississippi valley States, no such emigration of negroes has been known. Two hundred families have already been sent to plantations in the Mississippi valley, and in a few days 200 more will be placed on trains and sent to Arkansas, near Little Rock, Pine Bluff and other places.

The money to move this labor from these sections has been placed on deposit for Mr. Williams. He is now operating in North Carolina, near Goldsboro, Wilmington, Raleigh, Lenoir and Charlotte, and it is probable that he will have no trouble in securing the families to go with him.

These people are wanted to work in the Mississippi States from now until the middle of March, in picking out the over-crop. Fifty cents per hundred pounds of cotton is the price paid, and free transportation is given to the negroes from their homes.

It is expected that many bales of cotton will be obtained from the picking done by these emigrants. It is considered a large undertaking, but it is believed that it will prove profitable when all the cotton is gathered. The fields where the crops now are will soon be plowed up for new planting, and the cotton must be picked at once.

The attendance at the Christian church yesterday was unusually large. Several members enrolled in the Sunday school. This little but faithful band of Christian workers starts out for the New Year with the bright prospects, and friends rejoice with them.

LOCAL NEWS ITEMS

Familiar Faces in the Passing Through

SHORT STATEMENTS

Movement of People You Know—Cleanings in and About the City—Snatches of Today's Street Gossip.

Mr. Victor Boyden spent Sunday at Durham.

Miss Ruth Wingate is taking music at Peace Institute as a parlor boarder.

Mrs. W. J. Hawkins is in the city visiting her daughter, Mrs. Sherwood Higgs on North Blount street.

The scaffold for the execution of Jim Booker, alias Jim Chavis, is being erected in rear of the jail today by Mr. M. R. Haynes.

The Young Ladies' Afternoon Tea Club will be entertained by Miss Frances Hoke at her home on Wednesday afternoon from 4 to 6.

The morning services in all the churches yesterday were largely attended. The day was bright and the churches were well filled.

The Capital Club will give a purely informal reception to the members of the General Assembly this evening from 8:30 to 11. The reception will be entirely informal.

Miss W. Timberlake who has been visiting Misses Hattie and Rosa Terrell of this city, has returned to her home in Nagsville.

The stockholders of the Carolina Cotton Mills held their annual meeting at the Mayor's office today. The company is now in excellent condition and its stock is a favorite. The shareholders were re-elected.

The condemned felon Booker, who will be executed Wednesday for the murder of Mahala White, requested paper yesterday upon which to write his confession.

Bishop Cheshire is in New York. He was announced to make addresses in behalf of missions at St. George's church and the Church of the Holy Communion in that city yesterday.

Prof. W. A. Withers will leave tomorrow for Washington to attend the sessions of the National Pure Food Congress. He will read a paper on pure food before the body.

Postponement of meeting of the Monday Evening Literary Club, on account of the inclement weather the meeting which is appointed for tonight will be held one week hence.

The flag of Second North Carolina Regiment in the Confederate Army is now in the Adjutant General's office. The flag has just been returned from Massachusetts.

Remember the recital of "Enoch Arden" tomorrow evening in lecture room at Central Church. Miss Kelly will entertain us, as she tells this story with much pathos and magnetism. Local talent will assist also. Admission 25c., children 15c.

Rev. T. Herbert Argo was advanced to the priesthood of the Episcopal church in the Church of the Holy Nativity, Rockledge, Pa., on the feast of the Epiphany, January 6th. Bishop Whitaker officiated at the ordination services. Rev. Mr. Argo is a son of the Hon. Thos. M. Argo, of this city.

Mr. E. T. Richs, of Eion College came to Raleigh yesterday to take a position on the Raleigh and Cape Fear Railroad. Mr. Richs entered upon his duties today. Mr. Richs has been with the Christian Sun for some years, but he now leaves the Sun. Mr. Richs has many friends in Raleigh, and they are glad to welcome him back to Raleigh.

AN INTERESTING LECTURE.

Prof. J. Y. Joyner, of the State Normal and Industrial School at Greensboro, will lecture before the Young People's Union of the Baptist Tabernacle on Tuesday (tomorrow) evening at 7:30. His subject is, "The Other Side of Life." Professor Joyner is an interesting speaker and a treat is in store for all who may be so fortunate as to hear him. No admission will be charged but a collection will be taken.

MOORE RAIN.

For Raleigh and vicinity: Rain tonight and Tuesday.

A barometric depression of considerable extent occupies the Lake region and covers the entire central valley. Cloudy, generally threatening weather prevails almost everywhere, except over western Texas. The largest amounts of rain occurred in the Southern States, a heavy fall of 2.2 inches being reported at Galveston. The temperature is quite high in the South and East, and is above freezing everywhere except in the extreme Northwest, where a temperature as low as 19 degrees above zero is reported at Es-marck.