# THE TIMES-VISITOR

No. 9,044. RALEIGH, N. C., FRIDAY EVENING, DECEMBER 15, 1899. 25 Cents a Month.


## "GOD SAVE KRUGER"

### Royal Irish Fusileers Loudly Cheer the Boers

### THROW THEIR RIFLES AWAY

**All Ireland in a Ferment of Excitement Over the Action of the Reserve Fusileers on Embarking for Africa**

Cork, Dec. 15.—All Ireland is in a ferment on account of the remarkable action of three hundred and sixty members of the reserves of the Royal Irish Fusileers, who embarked yesterday at Waterford on their way to Africa to fill the gaps made in their regiment now in service in Transvaal by the recent battles there. On their way to the transport the reserve Fusileers broke out from their military formation and gave three cheers for the Boers. Scores of the Fusileers threw their rifles and accoutrements into the river. Pickets were sent out and they gathered the recalcitrants together and carried them aboard. As the transport was leaving the whole company joined in singing "God Save Ireland" and "God Save Kruger."

### CANNON APPEALS TO MISS GOULD

New York, Dec. 15.—George Q. Cannon, the Mormon leader has written several letters to Miss Helen M. Gould, pleading eloquently for his church. The friends of Miss Gould say that Cannon is wasting his efforts. Several scurrilous letters from other Mormons have been received.

THE "AMERICAN CITY."

London, Dec. 15. The American Line Steamship Company has arranged with the underwriters for extensive repairs to the "Paris," ready in service for a year. She will be called afterwards the "American City."

WOODWARD-WARREN COMPANY.

This well-known and justly popular company will fill a week's engagement at the Academy commencing Monday December 25th. Everywhere that this company is playing they are winning the highest praise from the press and public. The following is taken from the Greensboro Telegram of December 7th:

"Why Jones Left Home" was the play at the Academy of Music last night, and it was a hummer. It was fun from start to finish. It is taken for granted that every one was satisfied, as Mr. Woodward proposed to make any one a present say it was the $1, $2, $3, $4, $5 of a five dollar bill who was not willing to say it was the funniest thing they ever saw, and we have heard of no one claiming the money.

This writer was not present, but after asking a large number how they liked the show and get for the same answer from all "best thing I ever saw" we are convinced that it was rich, rare and rollicking, and that Jones had good reasons for leaving home.

A WELCOME NOTICE.

We are pleased to call the attention of our readers or at least those who have coupons to the notice of coupon payment, and sale of coupon stock, by the Mechanics' and Investors Union of this city. The notice states that the December 20th coupons will be paid on presentation at the Commercial and Farmers Bank on and after Saturday, the twenty-third instant.

This is one of Raleigh's successful investment companies, nearly seven years old, and is well known throughout the State. The conservative and prudent management of its officers has given to it a good financial reputation, and The Times-Visitor is pleased to know of its continued success. If you have no coupons, read the notice and you will see how to obtain them. The combination and work of such men as Drewry, Wynne, Jerman, Allen, Primrose and Latta as officers and directors means success in any enterprise.

MR. NORRIS TO MOVE HERE.

**His Handsome Residence Near the City Nearing Completion.**

The beautiful brick residence which Mr. Herbert E. Norris, of Apex, is building on his acres on the Louisburg road, just beyond the city limits, is rapidly nearing completion. It is an elegant structure and presents an imposing appearance from any point of view. The grounds have been graded and around the building are terraces and the natural beauty of the place makes it an ideal and picturesque home.

Mr. Norris, who is a prominent young lawyer and enjoys a large practice in the courts here, will open an office in this city the first of the year and shortly after will move his family here from Apex, and they will occupy the residence now under course of construction. The many friends of Mr. and Mrs. Norris will be pleased to welcome them as residents of the capital city.

CONTINUED.

The trial of F. A. Sutton and Arthur Sutton for assault upon Thomas S. Stone on Sunday last and which was set for hearing yesterday before the mayor, was continued until Thursday next. One feature of the case was, however, disposed of, Thursday, before Justice Barber, by the trial of Stone for assault on F. A. Sutton, alleged to have been committed at the same time. After hearing the evidence the court dismissed the case, finding the defendant not guilty. Mr. Stone was represented by Messrs. W. C. Douglass and M. N. Amis.

## REPUBLICANS MEET

### National Committee in Session Today

### CITIES CONTESTING FOR CONVENTION

**Payne Resolution to Cut Down Southern Representation—Philadephia Leads—The Deleware Factional Fight**

Washington, Dec. 15.—The National Republican Committee met this morning at the Arlington Hotel. The attendance is large.

A hot fight is being waged by several cities for the next national convention. Delegations are here from New York, Philadelphia, Chicago and St. Louis. These delegations will be given a hearing after the examination of credentials. The claims of New York for the convention will be presented by Senator Depew and Lieutenant Governor Woodruff of that State. The representatives of Philadelphia's interests will follow, then comes Chicago and last St. Louis. After the delegation are heard it is expected that the committee will take a ballot in executive session. There appears to be an open fight now on the city question.

While the place for the convention is being mooted the resolution of Committeeman Payne of Illinois to change the method of representation in the national convention will come up. This is aimed at the Southern States and is an attempt to make the number of delegates from a State depend entirely upon the Republican votes cast. It will be fought by the Southern committeemen. It is reported that the Pennsylvanians have made a deal with the Southern members to oppose the Payne resolution in return for their support of Philadelphia's claims for the convention.

After the Payne resolution the committee will take up the Delaware factional fight.

### COLORED MASON

**Grand Lodge Refused to Reinstate Isaac Smith.**

Jas. H. Young and the other colored men from Raleigh who attended the Grand Lodge at Goldsboro, which adjourned night, returned home Friday. They report that Isaac Smith presented an appeal asking that he be reinstated in the lodge. This was referred to a committee and the committee reported that the proceedings omitting Isaac were regular and he will have to remain out in the cold. Isaac's attorney in the matter was E. Havens, of Newbern.

The Grand Lodge elected the following officers: Grand Master J. J. Worth; Grand Secretary, B. S. Stevens; Grand Treasurer, A. R. Middleton; Grand Senior Warden, M. P. Hunter; Grand Junior Warden, E. W. Baker; Grand Deputy Grand Master, J. H. Young. The lodge meets at Asheville next year. The lodge now has 1800 members. The total collections were $1,226, the colored orphanage was given $80, widows $200. A balance on hand of $1,500 was reported. The lodge provided a fund for widows by which the wife of a member upon his death will receive from $50 to $75.

The Goldsboro Argus of yesterday says:

"The Grand Lodge of colored Masons now in session in this city closes today. This is the thirtieth session of the Grand Lodge, and is constituted of the leading colored men of the State.

"Dr. J. J. Worth, of Raleigh, is Grand Master. Last night a lodge of sorrow was held in memory of Steward Ellis, a past Grand Master, who died recently. This lodge was conducted by James B. Dudley, president of the A. and M. College, Greensboro.

"This afternoon the annual address was delivered by Col. J. H. Young, R. S. Stevens of this city is Grand Secretary.

"The parade through the city today showed a fine body of colored men, and every member showed the highest order of self-respect."

THE PRESBYTERIAN BAZAAR.

The Presbyterian bazaar opened yesterday with great success. There were a large number of callers till late last night. The lunch room which was presided over by a bevy of charming ladies was liberally patronized. Oysters were served in every style, turkey, chicken salad, etc., cream and cake.

The main room of the bazaar is fitted up with handsome booths filled with pretty things suitable for Christmas presents, and there are pretty young ladies to sell you these pretty things.

The Klondyke booth is fitted up specially for the children. You are not liable to pick up a gold mine there, but you find it interesting.

The bazaar will continue till late Saturday night. Drop in tonight and get your supper and tomorrow both dinner and supper.

WASHINGTON CELEBRATION.

At the exercises in honor of George Washington, which Mr. J. C. Drewry and ten other Masons from North Carolina, attended yesterday Grand Master Noble made the response from North Carolina:

"Grand Master of Virginia: My brother, the Grand Master of North Carolina, what testimonial do you bring?

"Grand Master of North Carolina: His memory is green today as the verdure of our pine trees. His fame as enduring as our everlasting hills. Cowpens and King's Mountain and Guilford. We brought him these. We bring him today the love of sons as faithful as their sires."

## BOER LOSS HEAVY

### Boer Account of the Modder River Fight

### BRITISH OUTNUMBERED THEM

**They Were Surprised at the British Retreat—Boers Came Near Being Surprised by British.**

London, Dec. 15.—The War Office today announced the appointment of Gen. MacDonald to command the Highland Brigade with Methuen. He is now in command at Sirhind, India.

REINFORCE WHITE.

Pretoria, Dec. 15. Firing with 28 guns opened today at Colenso. The Boers have been doubling the mountain opposite Chieveley where the Boers have a very strong position. The heliographers last night signaled "Stand fast, Buller reinforcements."

FIGHTING AT MAFEKING.

Pretoria, Dec. 15. There is sharp fighting at Mafeking. The Boers attempted to capture the post, but were repulsed.

BOERS NUMBERED ONLY 800.

Stormberg, Dec. 12. The Boers attacked their force which defeated Gatacre at Stormberg numbered only eight hundred. They were surprised at the British retreating, but if the British had arrived half an hour earlier the Boers would have been surprised.

BOER LOSSES

London, Dec. 15. A dispatch from Modder river places the Boer losses at the Macfarlane fight at seven hundred. The dispatch adds that the British retired because of lack of water. The central news says that the Boer losses amount to two thousand.

CRONYE'S ACCOUNT.

Pretoria, Dec. 15. The following official account, relating to the battle at Modder river, is made:

Cronye reports that yesterday there was a lull in fighting till six o'clock, when heavy cannonading was resumed. The Scandinavians suffered a difficult retreat but the Boers became untenable and they suffered severely. I was unable to send help. The British had overwhelming force but must have lost two thousand killed and wounded.

### NOISE MUST CEASE

**Chief Mullin Says Fuss is soo Previous—Depredation to Shade Trees.**

Chief of Police Mullin did some emphatic talking this morning. He said: "All this Christmas noise is entirely too previous. Such a fuss cannot be permitted here a week before the holidays." Chief Mullin then added that the officers had been instructed to break up the firing of crackers, tooting of horns and other noise tonight. He called attention to the fact that the punishment for such is fine of $50 or 30 days' imprisonment.

By the end of this month 2,000 sugar maples will have been set out on the streets here. All are nursery-grown trees and are as straight as arrows. Unless they are boxed so as to protect them from the sun, most of them will be ruined in two years. Maples must be protected from the hot sunshine in cases where they stand alone. But even where these trees have been boxed they are being injured. A number of the boxes have been torn and broken and in some instances the boxes have been torn down. This should not stop. Mayor Powell is determined to make an example of the first one caught. The punishment is $25 fine and it will surely be imposed.

### THREE KILLED

Brooklyn, N. Y., Dec. 15. A tenement house was burned early this morning. Luke Freeman was burned to death and Mrs. Dessler and Mrs. Susan Symtine were suffocated. Four were seriously injured and one will probably die.

### COLDER.

For Raleigh and vicinity: Fair and cold tonight, Saturday, Sunday and probably Monday.

The storm yesterday central near the mouth of the Mississippi river moved with extreme rapidity to the New England coast, where it appears this morning. Small amounts of precipitation occurred at scattered points in the south and from the Lake region to the Atlantic coast. An extensive area of high barometer, central over Missouri and Illinois, dominate the weather, which is clear and cold throughout the central section. The unexpectedly rapid movement of the storm indicates that the transition between fall and winter conditions has just taken place.

COUPON NOTICE.

Mechanics' and Investors' Union.

The owners of Full Paid Certificates in the Mechanics' and Investors' Union, can have their semi-annual coupons paid on presentation at the Commercial and Farmers Bank, on and after Saturday, the 23rd day of December.

Owing to the large demand for loans on Residence property, the Directors of the Company have authorized the further sale of Full Paid $100 shares of Dividend Paying Stock, at Eighty Dollars per share cash. This gives to the purchaser an eight per cent investment, of which $4.50 is paid in cash each year, and a profit of $20.00 at maturity.

This stock is amply secured by First Mortgages on Residence property in Raleigh and other prosperous cities and towns in North Carolina. The dividends are paid promptly in June and December. For further particulars, address B. S. Jerman, treasurer, or George Allen, Secretary, Pullen Building, Raleigh.

## GOV. RUSSELL WRITES

### He Discusses North Carolina's Development

### EDUCATION LABOR NEEDED

**Upon Invitation of the Manufacturer's Record he Presents an Important Survey of the Condition in the State**

Upon invitation of The Manufacturer's Record Governor Atkinson of West Va., Gov. Johnson of Minnesota and Gov. Russell of North Carolina have furnished articles on their respective States. Gov. Russell's article follows:

VAST RANGE OF NORTH CAROLINA'S RESOURCES.

In terrain and climate and minor resources North Carolina is exposed to surprising misrepresentation. Extremes as large as the two nations now within its borders. It is in fact the epitome of Massachusetts. Its extreme breadth would reach from its northern to its southern boundary as the crow flies.

North Carolina embraces a great variety of soil and climate and yet there is not a foot of land in the State that does not grow within its borders. Its mineral belt is rich in minerals, possessing a greater variety of these than is perhaps possessed by any other State in the Union. Its western division of the State, far-famed known as the "Land of the Sky," where the mountains attain elevations as the Appalachian chain of mountains. In North Carolina is the highest land east of Lake Tahoe. Its mineral belt is unsurpassed in the resting place and playground of thousands of tired workers from the different sections of the country. Its watering places of the mountains are supplied with modern hotels, and the people are prepared to meet the requirements of modern civilization and luxurious living. Their climate is this great mountain range which is world. North Carolina is perhaps the most picturesque in its as the most exalted of the entire chain.

The undeveloped water power of the State is enormous. It is estimated that it would be sufficient to manufacture even twice as many bales of cotton as the entire country produces. Tale, Mr. W. C. Kerr, State geologist, estimates the country's water power equal to 2,000,000 horse power. A large part of this water power has not been utilized. But it soon will be, because the time is coming when the skilled operatives in cotton manufactories, of Old England and New England must come to the source of the supply of the raw material, to the Carolinas, also the Dominion, I think, cheaper and cheaper land.

The State's present debt is $[illegible] and is decreasing. The credit of this, and this only, [illegible] passing New York, [illegible] in population, wealth and prosperity. In the Union, Kansas [illegible] is making wonderful progress. In 1870 the State had thirty three cotton mills with 10,000 spindles, all of them, perhaps, 100 horse power, and most of them very small. Five in machinery, does the same production and dividend as twelve on an old model, the delight of the New England manufacturers, who only called in consent at the suggestion that from this period there could come a competition according to their accustomed. The spindles have increased from 10,000 to 1,200,000. Counting the new mills now in course of construction, there are more than 1,200,000 spindles in the State.

The State's cotton crop this year is estimated at about 700,000 bales. Of this cotton the mills in the State will work up about 100,000 bales. This raw cotton is probably four times as much as the 18 mills made in 1870. But the price then was fifteen cents a pound. Recently it was five cents. But happily it is five cents only for the 700,000 bales not manufactured in the State. The 100,000 bales turned into cloth is worth more than fifteen cents a pound. Thus we have 5 cent cotton in 1870 gave North Carolina $8,200,000. Five cent cotton in 1899 yields in raw cotton $750,000 bales, $30,000,000, and in manufactured cotton seventeen cents a pound $32,000,000. Fifteen cent cotton yielded $8,000,000; five cent cotton gives us $35,000,000. Of course, it will be remarked that these figures look well as comparisons on the aggregate; for they mean not prosperity, but poverty for the producer of raw cotton. It may be said that as compared with the crop of 1870, the cotton manufacturers expend 10 per cent more in labor and land and material on the present crop and get only 40 per cent more money. This is an apparent but not an actual fact. The farmer makes this cotton with proportionately less labor and less land than he did in 1870. The cotton seed are more valuable. If he is close to the oil mill, and these are increasing rapidly in the State, he has for this product a ready cash sale or an exchange into meal and hulls with which to feed his stocks and fertilize his fields. Besides, every mill brings to his door a ready market for the small industries of the farm. Milk, cream, butter, eggs, poultry, meats, foodstuffs of all sorts can be made along with the cotton. Even now cotton is frequently worth more to the farmer who is near to the mill. Factories by the farms will furnish many compensations for low-priced cotton. And, repulsive as the thought may be, it is as well to face the fact that this country must give the world cheap cotton or surrender its supremacy in that domain to Asia and Africa and South America.

TOBACCO.

There has also been in this State an enormous increase in the production and manufacture of tobacco. Latest statistics show 173 plug and smoking and thirty-four cigar and cigarette factories, producing about 34,000,000 pounds of plug and smoking tobacco, 8,000,000 cigars and 300,000,000 cigarettes.

Towns and cities like Durham are now busy hives of industry, where only a few years since were primitive forests and broom-sedge fields. In the central and eastern portion of the Commonwealth is located what is known as the "Bright Tobacco Belt," sometimes called the "Golden Belt." The special series of tobacco which these lands produce are grown in the since state of perfection nowhere else in the country, and the good prosperity of North Carolina farmers are those who are engaged in the culture of tobacco.

TRUCKING.

The eastern section of North Carolina is admirably adapted to the growth of garden vegetables, and the time has come to be quite an industry in this section. The best truck lands are found in the neighborhood of Wilmington, Goldsboro, Maxton and City, New Bern, Elizabeth City, Edenton, Plymouth and Washington. This is bound to grow extensively as it should too. It would be greatly encouraged if a few years liberally some way could be found to some rapid and cheap transportation to the great cities of the country.

The lowlands of the City, Pear and other rivers produce a sweet potato of to the good quality, the quality of which is second to any in the world.

FISHERIES.

The fishing industries of North Carolina are extensive and very valuable. It is in fact the largest fishery in the world located on the waters of Albemarle sound. Within the past year it has become a very considerable industry and the shad fishery alone. The growth in such extent and importance.

The eastern portion of North Carolina are particularly favored in the matter of naval stores, the manufacture of tar, pitch and turpentine being one of the leading industries of the section.

MINES.

Reverting again to the mineral resources of the State, it may be said that the State is particularly favored. Its mineral wealth, this great source of mineral wealth, and where it is being developed, are Franklin, Nash, Montgomery, Stanly, Davidson, Rowan and Cabarrus to the central part of the State, while in the western division Macon and Haywood and the western Cherokee. While it is true that these counties are rich with the richest of metals, it is not true that there are other [illegible] RUSSELL TWO [illegible] these are found. And it is [illegible] that a more exhaustive of [illegible] districts would disclose wonderful [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] the gold in [illegible] of North Carolina is located in [illegible] which make it very difficult to [illegible] But it is hoped that with the steady [illegible] and [illegible] thousand [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]