

THE ENTERPRISE.

MOORESVILLE, N. C.
SOUTHERN INDUSTRIAL
New Enterprises That Are Enriching
Our Favored Section.

New Industry For North Carolina.

And now comes the fact that China can no longer claim to be the only country that produces the rush from which the famous "Chinese matting" is manufactured. This great monopoly can no longer be held exclusively to the Flowery Kingdom. Along the banks of the Trent and Neuse rivers and their tributaries and marshes, beginning about 15 miles above Newbern there grows a beautiful rush from three to seven feet high, samples of which were lately submitted to a Boston expert and declared by him to be the identical species of the Chinese variety and from which the Chinese matting is made. The supply of this rush in this State is positively inexhaustible. It is a perennial, exceedingly hardy and a vigorous, rapid grower. In its original green state the stalks are from the size of a knitting needle to that of a lead pencil. It is conservatively estimated that about 300,000-600 yards of Chinese matting are shipped into the United States annually from North Carolina. It will therefore be seen that the discovery of this North Carolina rush really means to the commercial world, and its importance to the men who will engage in its manufacture. Truly the great and diversified wealth of the Old North State is a constant and continual surprise. "The half has never been told."—Raleigh News and Observer.

A Southern Bleachery.

One of the most important announcements ever made in connection with the Southern textile industry has appeared during the current week. It is the announcement of the completion of the \$300,000 bleachery at Clearwater, S. C., the first of its character in this section to cater to the general mill trade. There are two other bleacheries in the South, but they are operated in conjunction with cotton factories. The plant just completed will print, bleach and dye sheetings, drills, ducks and satens, and its weekly capacity is 100 tons of goods. The operators have been chosen from the leading plants in New England, and the company owning the bleachery expects its plant to be the initial step that will ultimately result in the South in the production of bleached and dyed all of the cotton goods. The establishment of this bleachery is due to the efforts of Thomas Barrett, Jr., of the Clearwater mill, and is identified with the interests of the mill.

Crop.

During J. H. Biggs' report on the crop of the county will be as follows: Cotton, 10,000 bales; corn, 100,000 bushels; wheat, 100,000 bushels; rice, 100,000 bushels; sugar, 100,000 bushels; tobacco, 100,000 bushels; and other crops, 100,000 bushels.

South Carolina Mills.

Preliminary figures regarding cotton mill property in South Carolina given out by the State board of assessors are as follows: Capital stock, \$1,000,000; value of plant, \$2,500,000; number of bales annually consumed, 544,236; number of spindles, 2,000,000; number of looms, 71,157; number of employees, 48,088; estimated population mill settlement, 69,420; assessed value for taxation, \$14,295,311.

Textile Matters.

It is rumored that John K. Garnett of Glenn Springs, S. C., will build a cotton factory.

It is rumored that a company will be organized to build another cotton mill at Harmony Grove, Ga.

The Board of Trade at Charleston, W. Va.

has under consideration a proposition of Philadelphia parties for establishing a brewery building mill to employ 250 hands.

A dispatch from Victoria, Texas,

states that a shipment of 250 round bales of cotton from the Goldman Ginnery & Mills Co. to Bremen on the 15th of August will probably be the first cotton in any large amount from the new crop to be landed in Bremen.

The Pennant Knitting Co. of 2112 Hope street, Philadelphia, Pa.,

has removed to Shepherdstown, W. Va., its plant and commenced operations producing cotton seamless hosiery.

Messrs. T. N. Dulin, B. M. Dulin, J. W. Smith and T. J. Patrick of Bowling Green, S. C.,

lately reported as organizing a knitting company, have secured subscriptions to the amount of \$15,000, and will arrange for an operating plant. It is proposed to manufacture underwear, gloves, etc. Robert M. Dulin will be secretary.

The Bonnie Cotton Mills.

The Bonnie Cotton Mills of Kings Mountain, N. C., which completed its plant some months ago, started operations with 4500 spindles on twist yarn from 8s to 40s. It has now decided to add 1000 spindles this fall and more spindles later on to fill the building. The whole cost will be about \$1,000,000. Seventy-five hands are employed, which will be increased to 175 in a few months. All the tenement houses are nearly completed. J. S. Mauney is president.

Apriest Pulp Shipped Westward.

A recent pulp to the amount of twenty-eight tons was recently ordered from California by a single London jam-making firm.

PRESIDENT MCKINLEY SHOT

A Cowardly Attempt to Assassinate Him At Buffalo, New York.

AN ANARCHIST'S BLOODY DEED.

The President Was Holding a Reception When His Assailant Advanced With Covered Weapon and Fired Two Shots, Both Taking Effect—Mr. McKinley's Condition Thought To Be Favorable For Recovery.

Buffalo, N. Y., Special.—President McKinley was shot and seriously wounded by a would-be assassin while holding a reception in the Temple of Music at the Pan-American Exposition a few minutes after 4 o'clock Friday. One shot took effect in the right breast the other in the abdomen. The first is not of a serious nature and the bullet has been extracted. The latter pierced the abdominal wall and has not been located.

It was a few moments after 4 p. m. while President McKinley was holding a public reception in the great Temple of Music, on the Pan-American grounds, that the cowardly attack was made, with what success time alone can tell. Standing in the midst of a crowd numbering thousands, surrounded by every evidence of good will, he was struck by a bullet which, showered with expressions of love and loyalty, bearded by multitudes, and eager to clasp his hand, amid these surroundings and with the ever-recurring plaudits of an admiring army of sight-seers, ringing in his ears, the blow of the assassin fell and in an instant pleasure gave way to pain, admiration to agony, folly to fury, and patriotism to indignation.

Down at police headquarters, surrounded by stern-faced inquirers of the law, sits a medium-sized man of common-place appearance with his gaze fixed on the floor, and listens with an air of assumed indifference to the persistent stream of questions, arguments, obligations and admonitions with which his captors seek to confuse or compel him to talk. The daily organ recital in the Temple of Music witnessed the dastardly attempt.

Another Virginia Ship-Yard.

Norfolk, Va., Special.—It was announced that another shipbuilding concern, with a capital of \$3,000,000, would apply for a charter at once under the Virginia laws, to erect a plant at the Elizabeth river, where they have secured options on over 1,000 acres of water front at \$750 per acre. The concern will be known as the Norfolk Shipbuilding and Dry Dock Company.

Cleveland Can See No Reason.

Wineford, Conn., Special.—Ex-President Grover Cleveland was fishing at Darling Lake in Tyingham, Mass., when he received the news regarding the shooting of President McKinley. Mr. Cleveland was horrified at the news and said: "With all American citizens I am greatly shocked at this news. I cannot conceive of a motive. It must have been the act of a crazy man."

Postoffice Clerks.

Milwaukee, Special.—The National Postoffice Clerks' Association adopted a classification bill. It asks that the minimum salary for clerks in first and second class offices be \$900 and that the maximum be \$1,200 with a yearly increase of \$100 until the salary shall have reached \$1,400 per year. It further asks that bill clerks receive as a minimum salary \$500 with yearly advances of \$100 until they shall receive \$1,000. This applies to all clerks.

\$500 To \$400.

New York, Special.—The news of the election of the Columbia to meet Shamrock II, when received at the stock exchange, apparently caused no great amount of Shamrock money to be advanced. Nor did it affect the odd-job market. But little betting, however, was recorded during the day. One share of \$500 on Columbia to \$400 on Shamrock was made. An offer of \$1,000 was made on Columbia was made with no takers shortly before the exchange closed.

Brief Mention.

At Lexington, Miss., Monroe Hitchcock and Spencer Wright, colored fought a duel with shotguns, and both were killed.

Robert T. Wilcox, postmaster at Jacksonville, Ga., has been arrested in the charge of using official envelopes for private purposes.

The purchase of mules for the British army in South Africa has been resumed at Kinross City, Mo., after an interval of three months.

District Attorney Philbin, at New York, will appeal from the decision of Recorder Goff in the case of Police Captain Herlihy, whose indictment for neglect of duty was recently dismissed.

Deputy Commissioner of Police Devery, of New York, has preferred charges against Policeman Edward O'Neil for utterances at his trial on charges of misconduct last Thursday, when he said he would not stand for a "shake down."

The man who covets his neighbor's house would change his mind if he knew what was in the closets.

THE ASSAULT.

Leon Czolgozka, the would-be assassin has signed a confession covering six pages of foolscap, which states that he is an anarchist and that he became an enthusiastic member of that party through the influence of Emma Goldman, whose writings he had read, and whose lectures he had listened to. He denies having any confederate and says he decided on the act three days ago and bought the revolver with which the act was committed in Buffalo. He had seven brothers and sisters in Cleveland, and the Cleveland directory has the names of about that number living on Hosmer street and Ackland avenue, which adjoin. Some of them are butchers and others in different trades. He is now detained at police headquarters pending the result of the President's injuries.

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THE ASSAULT.

FORMER ASSASSINATIONS.

Review of the Killing of Lincoln and Garfield.

Three times in the history of this country has an assassin attacked its chief officer.

In the first two instances the murderer succeeded in compassing the death of his victim. In the third instance the President has been seriously wounded and his life now trembles in the balance.

The first assassin was an American whose mind had been unbalanced by the events and results of the Civil War. The second assassin was a Frenchman who was crazed by the desire for office, and the third is a Pole, who claims to be an anarchist.

Mr. Lincoln Assassinated.

The first Presidential assassination occurred just after the close of the Civil War, when President Abraham Lincoln was shot and almost instantly killed in a Washington theatre by John Wilkes Booth, an obscure actor.

President Lincoln had been frequently warned of the danger of assassination, as well as threatened with it in anonymous letters, but had never taken any precaution against it, believing on the one hand that it was not likely to be attempted, and on the other that if it were contemplated no precaution could protect one who was so accessible as the President of the United States.

Shooting of President Garfield.

The next Presidential assassination was the killing of James A. Garfield by Charles J. Guiteau, a disappointed and mentally unbalanced office-seeker. It was on July 2, 1881 that Guiteau shot at Garfield twice in the ladies' waiting room of the Baltimore and Potomac railroad in Washington, as he was about leaving the city to join his wife on a New England pleasure trip. One of the balls took effect in his back and he sank unconscious to the floor. He was at once conveyed to the White House and there attended by the best medical skill till September 19th, when he was removed to the seashore at Elberton, N. J. Blood-poisoning appeared on the 15th and four days later he died.

Conditions Satisfactory.

Buffalo, Special.—The following bulletin was issued by the President's physicians at 10:40 p. m.:

"The President is rallying satisfactorily and is resting comfortably; 10:50 p. m., temperature 100.4 degrees, pulse 124, respiration 24."

At 1 a. m. Saturday the physicians issued a bulletin saying that the President suffered no pain.

The News in Washington.

Washington, D. C., Special.—The streets are thronged with people who are eagerly seeking the latest news from the President. Announcements through the magazines at the Post and Star buildings that the wounds are not necessarily fatal were cheered loud and long. The crime is contemplated with horror. Much sentiment is expressed against foreigners and anarchists, but more especially the latter.

Emma Goldman to Be Arrested.

Buffalo, Special.—It is reported here that Emma Goldman, anarchist leader, was here last Monday, and that she occupied a house a few doors from where Czolgozka lived. Superintendent Bull is said to have a key New York to arrest her. The police are said to be investigating the case at the request of Governor Odell.

Seven Men Killed.

Jamestown, N. D., Special.—Five men were killed and six others seriously injured, two of whom have since died, in a collision that occurred early Sunday. A mixed train on the Northern Pacific Railroad came in from Oakes, carrying 17 men on a flat car. The train passed the station, a road engine was struck, and the force of the collision caused the flat car to collapse. The names of the dead and injured could not be learned. They were harvest hands who had boarded the car at Lamoure.

Briefs By Wire.

The movement to end the great strike of street workers is regarded as practically dead, and the strikers seemed to lose ground.

James Fleming was hanged at Deer Lodge, Mont. for the murder of an old man whose estate he hoped to get.

Lena Schillinger, 18 years old, was married to Frederick Smith, aged 80 years, at Meyerstown, Pa.

The York County Traction Company has decided to change its route to skip Red Lion.

A carriage once owned by General Grant is in use at Carlisle, Pa.

Burglars robbed the postoffice at Amery, Wis.

Senator A. J. Beveridge, of Indiana, and Brigadier General Kobbie left Manila yesterday on the trans-Atlantic Thomas for the United States.

A Pekin dispatch states that the foreign Ministers have arranged to sign the peace protocol.

The Yellow Fever Board at Havana has submitted a report declaring that Dr. Caid's serum is immune to persons against fever is a failure.

IS STILL IMPROVING

The Wounded President's Condition Grows More Hopeful

STEEL STRIKE STILL NOT SETTLED

No Compromise Seemed Possible at the Conference—All in the Hands of President Shaffer.

Milburn House, Special.—After the 9:30 p. m. bulletin had been issued from the Milburn residence Monday night announcing a continuance of the favorable conditions of the President, there were many indications that the bulletins were but meagre indications of the real improvement of the distinguished patient.

At 9:45 o'clock Miss McKinley, a sister of the President, Dr. and Mrs. Herman Baer, the latter a niece of the President, and the Misses Barber, nieces of the President, left the house and taking carriages, announced their intention of returning to their homes. Abner McKinley accompanied them to the station and to the Associated Press telegraph office. He informed the nearest relatives of the President are so confident of his recovery that they have no hesitation in leaving.

Postmaster Fresse, of Canton, a warm personal friend of the President, who came Monday, said: "I go back because I have the most positive assurance that the President is going to make a rapid recovery." In fact at 10:30 o'clock the entire temper of everybody about the Milburn residence seemed to have undergone a radical change. The police did not stop wagons from going by the nearest corner at high speed. The regular army guard street. The newspaper men did not maintain the quiet that has prevailed for the past three days. Even those who came from the mansion, where the wounded man lay, stopped on the corner to laugh and chat. From suddenly forboding, the feeling has suddenly turned to joyful confidence that the nation's ruler is to be spared.

At 10:50 the lights in the mansion, except those dimly shining in the sick room, were extinguished and by 11 o'clock peaceful quiet reigned about the Milburn home. On the dark corner opposite the house a biller, policeman and newspaper men kept vigil, however, sheltered beneath their umbrellas. The 9:30 bulletin, as was promised, was to be the last of the night and while it was brief attention was called to the fact that the pulse was exactly the same as in the morning—112, and that the temperature was eight-tenths of a degree lower, as highly favorable symptoms.

The President is Hopeful.

At 11:40 Monday morning Dr. McKinley's bedside. He informed Mr. McKinley that he had a good fighting chance. To this the President replied: "Then I will recover."

S'cel Strike Not Settled.

Pittsburg, Special.—The last effort to settle the steel strike has failed. The general executive board of the Amalgamated Association adjourned Monday evening without date and without either accepting any of the peace propositions, which have come indirectly from the United States Steel Corporation, or making counter propositions, according to the official statement. The semi-official report is that the proposition secured for the Amalgamated Association through the intervention of the representatives of the National Civic Federation was unsatisfactory and that the entire matter of arranging for a settlement was left with President Theodore J. Shaffer. The board in its sessions of three days has been clamoring for a settlement, but satisfactory terms and means were not at hand and the assiduous resolved themselves into an informal discussion of the situation.

The Czir Congratulate.

Milburn House, Buffalo, Special.—The following message has been received from the czar of Russia:

"To President McKinley, Sept. 9. 'I am very happy to hear you are feeling better after the ignominious attempt on your life. I join the American people in the universal world in hope for your speedy recovery.'"

"NICHOLAS."

To Reward Parker.

Savannah, Ga., Special.—There is a movement afoot among the colored population to present a substantial testimonial to James B. Parker, the negro who caught and bore down Czolgozka, the assassin of the President, thus preventing further shooting. It is believed that the testimonial will be presented to the President's life. Parker's mother was born and raised here, and he was himself a magistrate's constable in this city for several years. He is well remembered as a faithful officer by Collector of the Port Devez, Superintendent of Fire Department MacGulre and others. Many of his relatives still reside here. It has not yet been decided what form the testimonial shall take.

The Dry Goods Market.

New York, Special.—Print cloth continues strong and regulars have sold at 2 7/8, an advance of 1/8 yard. Wide grey goods are firm at previous prices. Broad cloth, drills and drills are firm with steady demand for immediate requirements but not much doing for forward deliveries. There are occasional advances in plaids and cotton chevrons and coarse colored goods are generally firm. Prints are firm.

J. Gordon Coogler Dead.

Columbia, S. C., Special.—J. Gordon Coogler, the post, died Monday.

Coogler, who resided in Columbia, where he conducted a small printing business, was in some reports a remarkable man. He wrote poetry by the amount, as it were, and although much fun was made by the press of his style of rhyme, he never took it as such. Coogler published his works in book form and doubtless made money on them in his death South Carolina loses one of her best known citizens.



PRESIDENT WILLIAM MCKINLEY