

# THE REIDSVILLE REVIEW.

VOL. XII. NO. 50.

REIDSVILLE, N. C., TUESDAY, AUGUST 21, 1900.

\$1.00 PER YEAR.

## WRITE US QUICK!

We will have your suit shipped by return express. All our suits are shipped on approval and when not just exactly as desired they are to be returned at our expense.

### OUR MID-SUMMER LINE

is made up from the leading fabrics of the season and in all the very latest cuts, Stylish, Nobby and Neat.

# Checks, Plaids, Solids and Stripes

are to be found with us in abundance

Double-Breast Vests are popular. Round and Square Cut Sacks are good sellers, but as you are to wear the Clothes, write us the style desired and we will have them to you at once.

### OUR PRICES ARE GUARANTEED.

We will tell you anything that you wish to know about good Clothes, if you write us.

**RANKIN, CHISHOLM, STROUD and REES,**  
FINE CLOTHING AND FURNISHING.

300 South Elm St., Greensboro, N. C.

## HOW LITTLE

To the cost and how much to the beauty of an apartment if proper

### TILES

are selected for the Mantel Openings. Our stock is one of the most complete, and we are prepared to fit a house complete in every place where Tiling is desired. How many uses are now found for TILES, and how many places made beautiful and wholesome which were formerly eyesores! Vestibules, halls, bath rooms, hotel offices, store-rooms, laundries, etc., are floored and wainscoted to their great improvement. Submit your plans and we will arrange the colors and patterns for you and surprise you with the low cost of same laid in place.

## McCLAMROCH BROTHERS,

220 South Elm Street., GREENSBORO, N. C.

Long Distance Phone 61.

### IT CAN TRUTHFULLY BE SAID.

That a nursery is known by its fruits. I introduced the Connet's Southern Early Peach, 15 years ago, and after getting reports from them over a large extent of country, I feel proud of the fact that I introduced them. There are quite a number of new peaches introduced every year. After the first announcement the majority of them are never heard of, as they were probably introduced for the purpose of selling a new variety at an advanced price, and were either some old variety with a new name, or else not adapted to general cultivation. I would be pleased for my friends and patrons to look out for the Greensboro and Connet this year and let me know how they succeed in their section.

JOHN A. YOUNG,  
Prop. Greensboro Nurseries,  
GREENSBORO, N. C.

### A Big Man All Around.

Lieutenant General Sir Arthur Palmer, K. C. B., who is spoken of as the new commander-in-chief in India, is over six feet in height and is broad in proportion. He is of a powerful physique, and is extremely popular with the troops, especially the Sikhs. His manners are pleasant, good natured and jovial, but he has a strong undercurrent of satirism, which is not always appreciated by his brother officers.

### Bryan Their Only Hope.

Indianapolis, Ind., Special.—The Liberty Congress of the American League of Anti-Imperialists emphatically endorsed the candidacy of William Jennings Bryan for President. The resolutions to that effect were adopted by the Congress with the greatest enthusiasm, every mention of Bryan's name being greeted with applause.

The mosquito is always ready to present a bill for damages.

### THE BAPTISTS AT LENOIR.

#### Enthusiastic Gathering of Sunday School Workers.

Lenoir, Special.—The eighth annual session of the North Carolina Baptist Sunday School Chautauqua was held last week. The crowd at the first meeting was much larger than had been expected. Every seat in the center row, and many others were filled. They kept coming.

The addresses of welcome were unusually pleasing and hospitable. Not one word too much was said, for a kinder, better people could not be found.

The Rev. A. T. Howell in a most eloquent address welcomed the Chautauqua in behalf of the Baptists. He is a beautiful and impressive speaker.

Mr. J. L. Nelson's words of welcome were in behalf of the other denominations of Lenoir. He spoke of the origin and history of the Chautauqua, and said that it was first held on Lake Chautauqua, New York, and that the word originated with the Indians, and meant a bag tied in the middle; that it was given to this lake because of its close resemblance to a pair of saddlebags.

Col. Edmund Jones, who welcomed the Chautauqua in behalf of the town, stubbornly refuted the argument that Chautauqua meant a bag tied in the middle. He said that it meant no such thing—it meant Baptist. He said that the word came from the words, chat and aqua; that chat meant to talk, and aqua meant water, and the word meant to talk water. "Saddlebags, indeed," said he. He is humorous and sensible, and brought forth rounds of applause.

Dr. Marshall, pastor of the First Baptist church of Raleigh, in the absence of Rev. Mr. Richards, of Hendersonville, delivered the response of welcome. Eloquent, amusing, instructive, a few more such speakers with hearts so brave and true would soon bind, inseparably the hearts of the Eastern and Western sections of North Carolina. He said that he had begun to feel so much at home that he was happy. "Indeed," said he, "all things about here are mine, and I am 800 feet nearer heaven than when I left Raleigh."

The music was great. The orchestra is composed of the best musicians that could be induced to come—every one, an artist. Following are the members of the orchestra: J. W. Cheek, Skull, Carlyle, W. F. Blount, Wilson, Peele.

A more desirable place could not have been selected. It is a beautiful village. No places of vice to lure people from the meetings, and they all came. This is the county seat of Caldwell county.

At the Wednesday morning session Senator-elect N. B. Brroughton, President of the Chautauqua, delivered his address. Nothing need be said. Everybody knows him. I reckon. If they don't they ought to. He is a good man, and a friend to everybody. He said he believed in organization, but too much of it would murder a Sunday school. He said that people needed Jesus—that if we would take Him as our friend, we would be good and the world would be better. The message was flashed to many hearts, and could be plainly read in the faces of good and strong men. This means much.

Dr. Marshall, of Raleigh, concluded a Bible lesson. Many verses of Scripture were read by members of the "class," and each one was commented upon by the learned doctor. We got a sheaf of golden wheat every time in which not a tare was found, and all were bound in ties of love and good counsel.

Rev. H. C. Moore, of Newbern, delivered an address on the Bible by Heart, which has had no parallel since the foundation of the Chautauqua. Not the entire Bible, but a sword and dagger for every trial, every temptation, every sorrow.

## THROUGH GATES OF PEKIN.

### Triumphal Entrance of the Allied Forces Into the Celestial Capital.

#### FOREIGNERS FOUND TO BE SAFE.

#### Official Confirmation of the News of the Capture Received in Washington City.

Washington, D. C., Special.—The allied armies have captured and entered Peking in the face of obstinate resistance and the members of the foreign legations are safe. Official confirmation of the fall of the Chinese capital came to the United States government Friday night, in the shape of two cables, one from Admiral Remy and the other from Consul Fowler, at Che Fu. The cablegram from Admiral Remy came to hand first early in the evening, followed very soon after by that from Consul Fowler, and the officials, realizing the great public interest in the events, which it was believed had happened in Peking, at once made them public. Admiral Remy's dispatch is as follows:

"Taku, Aug. 17, 1 a. m.  
"Bureau Navigation, Washington:  
"Just received a telegram from Tientsin, dated 16th, 10 p. m., saying: 'Peking was captured on August 15. Foreign legations are safe. Details follow shortly.'"

That from Consul Fowler, giving important details of the occurrences at the time of the capture of the city, was given out in the subjoined official statement:

"Che Fu, Aug. 17, 1900.  
"(Received 7:55 p. m.)  
"Secretary of State, Washington:  
"17th Japanese admiral reports allies attacked Peking, east, 15th. Obsolete resistance. Evening, Japanese entered the capital with other forces. Immediately surrounded legations. Inmates safe. Japanese lost over 100; Chinese 300. FOWLER."

Previous information, which has been received here, showed that the allied armies took possession of Tung Chow on the 12th inst. From that city to Peking the distance is not very great, not more than a dozen miles. It seems evident, therefore, that the armies halted for a time at Tung Chow, probably for the purpose of giving the men a rest and to prepare for the attack on the capital city in force, after waiting until the rear of the advancing host should arrive at the front. Possibly also the delay was the result of negotiations inaugurated by the Chinese officials, looking to the delivery of the ministers with a Chinese or other escort. If negotiations were attempted they must have failed, as the army continued on its march and attacked the capital three days after reaching Tung Chow.

#### Quarreling Among Themselves.

London, By Cable.—Whatever of interest might attach to the events reported in the night dispatches is destroyed by the capture of Peking, as most of the messages relate to matters preceding the leading up to the capture of the Chinese capital. Gen. Linvitch, commander of the Russian troops in Peking, reports to St. Petersburg that on August 12 the Chinese seemed to give battle at Che Su, where were concentrated 50 battalions of the best Manchu troops, commanded by Gen. Tung Fuh Shag, but that losing courage they retreated hurriedly, not waiting for an attack to be made.

The eyes of the world, which have been fixed hitherto on Peking, are turning to Shanghai, where an imbroglio resulting from the jealousy and sus-

picion of the powers will possibly shortly assume a serious aspect. The British landed Gurkas and Bombay regiments on Friday and France is hurrying 1,700 Tonkin troops thither, some of whom are reported to have arrived already.

The situation in the valley of the Yang Tse Kiang, at Wu Chang, is serious. Chang Chi Tung's troops mutined, but the outbreak was quelled.

Russia's campaign in Manchuria seems to be progressing satisfactorily. Gen. Orloff, chief of staff of the Russian forces in China, reports on Aug. 14 that he attacked the Chinese at Meduchel on August 12 and subsequently advanced to Yak Shi and captured an abundance of stores. The Chinese are said to be gathering in force in the neighborhood of Kobdo, from which place the Russian and Tartar residents have departed.

A Berlin dispatch dated Sunday morning says the German marine battalions arrived at Tien Tsin on Thursday.

#### Waiting for Report.

Washington, D. C., Special.—The government now fully satisfied by the advices in hand that the international troops have entered Peking and that the legations are saved, is calmly awaiting detailed statements from its own officers on the ground. Dispatches were received Saturday from Gen. Barry at Chefoo and Consul Goodnow at Shanghai, repeating the main fact of the capture and relief. Neither Gen. Chaffee nor Admiral Remy was heard from, however, and it is to them, particularly to the American commander at Peking, that the government looks for advices not only on what has occurred but on the local developments from which an intelligent determination can be made of what still remains to be done.

#### The Fall of Peking.

Berlin, by Cable.—The news regarding the entrance into Peking was further confirmed by two telegrams received by the Japanese legation in Berlin, one dated August 14, saying that the allied forces were only ten miles from the capital and the other briefly announcing that they had entered. The German press accepts the fall of Peking as a fact.

#### Senator Ingalls Dead.

Las Vegas, N. M., Special.—Former United States Senator John J. Ingalls died at East Las Vegas at 2:25 a. m., Thursday. He was surrounded by his family. The funeral will be held in Atchison, Kan. Senator Ingalls' illness dated from March, 1899, when at Washington his throat began troubling him. He worked steadily, writing political articles for newspapers throughout the country. He was treated by several specialists, but received no relief, and on their advice, returned with his family to Atchison. At home he grew no better. Ten months ago he sought another change of climate, traveling through New Mexico.

#### A Dip In The Deep Blue Sea.

A good breath of salt air and a dip in the surf will make any one lose that tired feeling which the hot weather causes. The seacoast resorts of Virginia and the Carolina are easily and quickly reached via the Seaboard Air Line, and anyone taking a little trip down to the sea will feel invigorated and well paid for the expense. The Seaboard's polite conductors and porters aid in making the journey one of pleasure.

#### News Items.

The salmon catch will be short from 500,000 to 750,000 cases this year.

New York's Episcopal Archdiocese will probably be divided for the eighth time.

The United South African Breweries Company, founded by Barney Barnato, will erect an immense brewery at Cape Town with American machinery, costing \$500,000.

The Japanese Consul in New York denies that his country will seek a war loan here.

Anson Phelps Stokes, the young millionaire pastor, is preparing for his first pastorate in New York.

Because he advised a comrade not to engage in a duel, the Austrian military Court of Honor has demanded the resignation of Captain Count Ledochowski.

The tax rate of Boston, Mass., has been fixed at \$14.70, as against \$13.10 last year. This is the largest rate since 1885.

A celluloid collar worn by Nathan Clausen of Hempstead, L. I., caught fire from a cigar and terribly burned him.

The Best! The Best! THE BEST! The Best! The Best! The Best!

Lincolnton, N. C., July 23, 1900.  
A year ago last March I was taken with muscular rheumatism in my right arm, and the pain was severe the physician would have to resort to hypodermic injections of morphine in the arm, to give me relief. I was not able to dress myself or comb my hair, in fact, I could not raise my arm to my head. I had heard of Mrs. Joe Person's wonderful Remedy and determined to try it. It did me so much good, I was glad when the time came to take it. I took eight bottles and it made a perfect cure of me. I recommend it to everybody and I cannot say too much for it. It will CURE, so try it.

MRS. L. J. RHYNE.

The Best! The Best! THE BEST! The Best! The Best! The Best!

## Always Special!

Special sales seem to be the order of the day, but if you have ever stopped to think of it our sales are always special so far as quality of goods and price is concerned. The fact is you can buy at special sale prices all the year round. We buy in such immense quantities that we can sell very cheap and still preserve a good bank account. But what do you care about our bank account if you get more goods for less money than you can buy elsewhere.

Do You Wear Shoes?  
We Can Fit You.

Our grocery department is filled with the choicest edibles and we will be pleased to serve you with the best to be had in the land. You want to visit us whether you buy or not.

## WOOTTON BROS.

Guilford Nurseries, 

Vandalia, N. C.

NEAR GREENSBORO.

You can find all kinds of Fruit, Shade and Ornamental

## TREES

Small Fruit, Nut Bearing Trees, Etc.

Trees graded to high standard, and at as

REASONABLE PRICE

as such trees can be grown.

CATALOGUE FREE.

G. L. ANTHONY,  
PROPRIETOR.

## BLOOD POISON.

In some cases the external signs of Contagious Blood Poison are so slight that the victim is firmly within the grasp of the monster before the true nature of the disease is known. In other cases the blood is quickly filled with this poisonous virus and the swollen glands, mucus patches in the mouth, sores on scalp, ulcers on tongue, sore throat, eruptions on skin, copper colored spots, and falling hair and eyebrows leave no room for doubt, as these are all unmistakable signs of Contagious Blood Poison.

Doctors still prescribe mercury and potash as the only cure for Blood Poison. These poisonous minerals never yet made a complete and permanent cure of Contagious Blood Poison. They drive the disease back into the system, cover it up for a while, but it breaks out again in worse form. These powerful minerals produce mercurial rheumatism and the most offensive sores and ulcers, causing the joints to stiffen and finger nails to drop off. Mercury and potash make wrecks, not cures, and those who have been dosed with these drugs are never after free from aches and pain.

S. S. S. acts in an entirely different manner, being a purely vegetable remedy; it forces the poison out of the system, and instead of tearing down, builds up and invigorates the general health. S. S. S. is the only antidote for this specific virus, and therefore the only cure for Contagious Blood Poison. No matter in what stage or how hopeless the case may appear, even though pronounced incurable by the doctors, S. S. S. can be relied upon to make a rapid, permanent cure. S. S. S. is not a new, untried remedy; an experience of nearly fifty years has proven it a sure and unfailing cure for this disease. It is the only purely vegetable blood medicine known.

Mr. H. L. Myers, 100 Mulberry St., Newark, N. J., says: "I was afflicted with a terrible blood disease, which was in spots at first, but afterwards spread all over my body. These soon broke out into sores, and it is easy to imagine the suffering I endured. Before I became convinced that the doctors could do me no good I had spent a hundred dollars, which was really thrown away. I then tried various patent medicines, but they did not reach the disease. When I had finished my first bottle of S. S. S. I was greatly improved, and was delighted with the result. The large red spots on my chest began to grow paler and smaller, and before long disappeared entirely. I regained my lost weight, became stronger, and my appetite improved. I was soon entirely well, and my skin as clear as a piece of glass."

Send for our Home Treatment Book, which contains valuable information about this disease, with complete directions for self-treatment. Our medical department is in charge of physicians who have made a life-time study of blood diseases. Don't hesitate to write for any information or advice wanted. We make no charge whatever for this. All correspondence is held in the most sacred confidence. THE SWIFT SPECIFIC COMPANY, ATLANTA, GA.

Mercury AND Potash Make Wrecks, Not Cures