

# The Reidsville Review.

Semi-Weekly

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REIDSVILLE, N. C., MAY 31, 1910

ISSUED TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.

**A Policy Issued by**  
**The Equitable**  
**Life Assurance**  
**Society . . .**  
Prevents the Shipwreck of the family  
**W. L. Clark, Agt.**  
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We want you to remember that we have a definite object in view, and that is that every customer who comes into our store shall believe that every statement is warranted to be so in every way.

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The Dependable Druggists  
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Estimates given on short notice. All work guaranteed. I also make store window and porch awnings.  
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Fertilizers for grain and grass. Cylinders Incubator and Brooders. Garden Seed a Specialty.  
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Nothing you offer her will please her half so much as the announcement that you have found a laundry where she can have all the linen laundered and returned to her with immaculate whiteness free from all spots and blemishes. This is the place.  
**THE STAR LAUNDRY,**  
WILBUR WOMACK, AGT.

## POLITICS IN THE NATION

Hot Political Talk From the National Capital.

Washington, May 29.—One hundred and thirty-three millions of dollars!

Try to comprehend the magnitude of this sum if you can, and then pause and reflect over the fact that it is the amount the Senate has voted to spend on the navy IN A SINGLE YEAR, and in a time of profound peace. Then consider that only 12 years ago, in 1898, the naval appropriation was but \$33,003,234, or one hundred millions less than the amount appropriated for the coming year.

A fact in connection with this awful increase which the public seldom hears is that every penny of this \$100,000,000 which is to be spent in excess of the amount used in 1898 comes from the people; not from the rich, but largely from the working men and women.

It is the ultimate consumer who pays the battleship bills, who maintains an ever-increasing army of officeholders in Washington, and who meets the one-hundred-and-one extravaganzas of the government. He does it by paying excessive prices for the things he buys.

The government raises practically all of its funds through the customs houses and the internal revenue offices, where taxes are levied on things eaten, worn or used by the people. When the consumer purchases a protected article—and practically all of the necessities of life are protected—he pays the real or natural value of the article and in addition thereto the amount of the tariff tax.

The more battleships constructed, the greater the amount the government must raise through the tax on consumption, and the greater the cost of living.

Thus it is not so strange that under the Taft administration, which is spending more than twice the sum used by Cleveland to run the government, the cost of living is 50 per cent. greater than under the Cleveland administration.

While the hat, coat and shirt of the masses are taxed almost 71 per cent. to build \$11,000,000 battleships and keep an extravagant government in spending money, Messrs. Rockefeller, Morgan, et al. are not asked by the Federal government to pay any tax whatever on their swollen fortunes.

Wealth escapes bearing its just share of the burden of taxation because of the absence of a Federal income or inheritance tax, such as were long ago adopted by Great Britain, Germany, France, Japan, Holland, Austria, Denmark, Switzerland, Australia and New Zealand.

A majority of both branches of Congress were in favor of tacking an income tax clause to the new tariff law. Such legislation would now be upon the statute books had not President Taft and Senator Aldrich defeated the project by substituting a corporation tax. That the necessary three-fourths of the State Legislatures will not vote to amend the Constitution is now practically certain, which means that an income tax can only be secured at the hands of a Democratic administration.

**Death of John Howerton.**  
John Howerton, aged 22, died at the home of his mother in the Carmel section Thursday night after an illness of several months' duration with consumption.

Young Howerton had been living in Indiana for several years, and soon after it was known that he was afflicted with the terrible malady in an incurable form he returned to his home. He lived in Reidsville when a boy and was known to a number of our people.

The funeral services were conducted by the Rev. A. L. Aycock and the remains were buried Friday. The deceased was never connected with any church, but those who visited him during his last days say that he expressed a perfect willingness to die.

## WENT THE WHOLE HOG.

Reidsville Took Both Games From Cones' Proximity.

The local team is like wine—the older it gets the better. The games Friday and Saturday were certainly above amateur playing.

**First Game.**  
Thacker seems to have better control this year than ever before. He is doing some extraordinary pitching and he is getting almost perfect support along with it. Smith, recently released from the Greensboro League team, was in the box for Proximity. He was pounded unmercifully, the local landing on him for five clean singles, three doubles and a triple.

Thrasher and McKenzie, also lately with the Champions, were in Proximity's line-up.

The visitors made their only runs in the third inning when hits by McKenzie, Freddy and C. Loman and E. Loman's pass to first on four bad ones brought in three.

The locals scored in the first, third and eighth innings.

In the first Grubb was walked, galloped to second on wild throw, and came in on Wynne's two-bagger. Jim Poole reached first on bad balls and followed Wynne to the home rubber on Staples' beautiful hit for a couple of sacks.

Two runs were chalked up in the third. Sharp safe at first on sacrifice, coming home on hit by Poole and Staples' sacrifice. Poole beat Utley's bunt out to home.

In the sixth Thacker was walked, and crossed the rubber on Duncan's lovely three-bagger. Duncan came in on catcher's pass.

Hits by Duncan and Wynne completed the score-making contest.

By innings:	R H E	
Reidsville	302 002 02*—9 9 2	
Proximity	003 000 000—3 7 3	
The box score:		
Reidsville—	AB.R.H.E.	
Duncan, 3b	5 2 2 1	
Grubb, 1b	5 2 0 0	
Wynne, ss	4 1 3 0	
Sharpe, c	4 1 0 0	
Poole, cf	4 2 2 0	
Staples, 2b	4 0 1 1	
Utley, if	4 0 0 0	
Richardson, rf	4 0 0 0	
Thacker, p	4 1 1 0	
Totals	40 9 9 2	
Proximity—		
C. Loman, cf	4 1 1 0	
McKenzie, 3b	4 1 1 1	
Thrasher, ss	4 0 1 0	
Howell, ss	4 1 1 0	
Pipkin, if	3 0 2 0	
Flint, 2b	3 0 1 1	
Efrown, 1b	4 0 1 0	
Smith, p	4 0 1 0	
Totals	30 3 7 3	

**Summary:** Struck out by Smith 7, by Thacker 7; three-base hit, Duncan; two-base hits, Wynne, Poole, Staples.

**Second Game.**  
Saturday's game was featured by brilliant fielding, especially Poole's running catch in deep center, and a catch of a foul in the bleachers and a pick-up of a bunt at first, shutting out runner at third, by Grubbs.

Proximity scored in the second, seventh and ninth innings. In the second Howell hit out a nice one and walked in on a couple of wild throws and Honeycutt's hit to left. Staples made a beautiful play and broke up Brown's hit, retiring the side.

Armstrong lined out one in the seventh advanced to second on wild throw, third on Poole's failure to handle C. Loman's hit. Armstrong tagged third and landed safe on Thrasher's fly to right.

In the ninth Thrasher hit to center; to third on Poole's error; home on McKenzie's hit to the right garden.

Reidsville's runs were made in the second, fourth and sixth.

Staples started it off with a two-bagger; advances to third on wild throw; home on Broome's bunt. Richardson's sacrifice advanced him to second; third on Howell's error, and home on Duncan's pretty single.

Broome hit again in the fourth, second on catcher's pass; third on Richardson's hit; tagged third and shot home on Duncan's fly.

In the sixth Richardson was sent to first on four bad ones; stole second; third on second's error; scored on Duncan's fly to left.

By innings:	R H E	
Reidsville	020 101 00*—4 10 5	
Proximity	010 000 101—3 10 6	
The box score:		
Reidsville—	AB.R.H.E.	
Duncan	3 0 3 3	
Grubbs, 1b	4 0 1 0	
Wynne, ss	4 0 1 0	
Sharpe, c	4 0 1 0	
Poole, cf	4 0 2	
Staples, 2b	2 1 1 2	
Broome, rf	4 2 2 0	
Richardson, lf	2 1 1 0	
Utley, p	4 0 1 0	
Totals	31 4 10 6	
Proximity—		
C. Loman	5 0 0 0	
Thrasher	3 1 1 0	
E. Loman	5 0 0 0	
McKenzie	5 0 1 0	
Freddy	5 0 1 0	
Howell	5 1 4 2	
Honeycutt	4 0 2 2	
Smith	4 0 0 0	
Armstrong	4 1 1 2	
Totals	40 3 10 6	

**Summary:** Earned runs, Reidsville 3, Proximity 1; two-base hits, Utley, Staples; struck out by McKenzie 7, Utley 5; umpire, E. Staples.

## WHICH IS WHICH, KING OF ENGLAND OR CZAR OF RUSSIA?



The striking similarity of Great Britain's new ruler, George, and the czar of Russia has been frequently commented upon, and a glance at the portraits of the two monarchs leaves the average person in doubt as to which is which.

The beards worn by both men are chiefly accountable for the similarity. They both seem to have the identical expression of reserve or repression, both being serious minded men, upon whom the weight of responsibility does not rest lightly.

There is a strong hereditary reason for a similarity of appearance, the mother of the czar and the mother of the king being sisters, daughters of the late king of Denmark.

Close study of these two men from original photographs and not retouched shows many facial characteristics totally dissimilar. The eyes in portrait No. 1 are round and bulging, the upper part of the head is round, and the under lip is heavy. There are traces in the face of the comfortable, placid German type. In portrait No. 2 the eyes slant a trifle, suggesting the craftiness of the Asiatic; the upper lip is heavy, the nostrils broad and thick.

Portrait No. 1 is that of the king of England, No. 2 is that of the czar of Russia.

**All is Not Serene.**  
The Republican party in North Carolina seems to be between two fires in making nominations for officers. The leaders feel that if they choose old-line Republicans who have been closely identified with the party in this State in the past they will only be able to command the support of the regular dyed-in-the-wool Republican voters, while on the other hand if they select "business Republicans" or "near-Democrats," men who have never been active in party work they will lose the support of many of the old-timers.

As evidence of the fact that this kind of thing is "cutting some figure" the following comment of the Asheville Gazette-News on the candidacy of Mr. McNinch, of Charlotte, for Congress is significant, to say the least: "We may be wholly mistaken in this, but we have somehow got the idea that Mr. McNinch is one of those Republicans, if he has got to the point of admitting his affiliation with that party in State matters, who would take the first train to Washington the day after his election, along with John Motley Morehead, and use the prominence acquired through Republican support to push along the impression in Washington that the only way to build up a respectable Republican party in the South in general and in North Carolina in particular, is to kill off all the old-time Republicans who had the hardihood to acknowledge their Republicanism at a period when to do so was not popular."—Winston Sentinel.

**Whiskey Kills Boy.**  
The six-year-old child of Mr. James Smith, who lives near the Buck Island ford, four miles Northwest of Danbury, died yesterday morning from the effects of a large drink of whiskey. The particulars of this sad affair as told to the Reporter are as follows:

Mr. Smith went to the field to work, carrying along a bottle of whiskey, from which he drank freely, and then lay down and fell asleep. The little boy came along some time later in the evening, finding his father asleep, and by his side the bottle of liquor. The child drank a good deal from the bottle, and was immediately taken seriously ill from the violent effects of the intoxicant. After suffering until 10 o'clock Tuesday, death came to its relief.—Danbury Reporter.

The Review and The Danville Reg later \$1.75 per year.

## PLANS OF CHILD CONFERENCE.

Effort to Provide a Central Source of Information.

The second general meeting of the National Child Conference For Research and Welfare is being planned for the last days of June and early July. This meeting will be at Worcester, Mass., where the conference came into existence nearly a year ago. Leaders in various forms of effort for the betterment of juvenile citizens will address the sessions. The conference will last five days. This organization aims to be a central clearing house for information and for definite action for the welfare of children in all departments. Instead of taking some one phase of child nature, such as gardening or playgrounds or health, the conference regards the coming citizen as a unit and attends to the unit's needs in their relation to one another and to the community.

Speaking on this peculiarity of the organization, Henry S. Curtis, the secretary, said that thirty-three child helping organizations were represented at the first meeting in July, 1909.

"It is expected that there will be a still more general representation this year," he added. "At these meetings matters of general interest are discussed and methods that might apply to different fields are considered. It is the purpose of the conference to bring the different organizations closer together, so that there may be less wasted and misguided effort."

"We all know the results of organization in the commercial world and the increased business efficiency that follows. We want to secure some such results for philanthropic movements. We want to make it easy for various kinds of social workers in different but allied fields to become acquainted with each other, with each other's troubles and methods, and to provide them with a central source of information and assistance when needed."

### Plan For Centralization.

"Further, this centralizing idea is going to offer the general public an easy way to keep in touch with progress in the whole field. In these busy days not many men or women have time to look into the work of hundreds of organizations scattered all over the United States. But when we get a central clearing house—all in a 'philanthropic trust' if you like—then any person can find out in not much trouble what is being done in any given line of effort."

Another benefit aimed at in this unity of purpose is the bringing together of the scientific students and the practical workers. The theorists and the field workers have not always advanced in step. The conference in tends to assist each class to understand the other and thus benefit the general purpose for which both are striving by different but equally important methods. The Child Conference has its eyes fixed on Washington and wants some day to secure a federal children's bureau. Resolutions have already been adopted favoring bills before congress for that purpose.

"The time has come, in the opinion of this conference," a last year's resolution ran, "when all efforts for the amelioration of the conditions of childhood of a charitable and philanthropic nature should be based upon and so far as practicable guided by the results of scientific child study, and only thus may the various lines be given a more scientific and workers a more professional character."

In other words, this organization in tends to kill off a lot of haphazard work that has been going on with the avowed purpose of helping children and substitute work that is more in telligently directed and more beneficial to those who do it, to those who are the subjects and likewise to those who support it by money or personal interest.

### A National Organization.

Dr. G. Stanley Hall, president of Clark University, who is also president of the Child Conference, approves this sort of conservation of organized energy. There is "a crying need to correlate" the societies of the country, says he. "We could present an interesting list of overlapping and lack of co-ordination. Some committee of a general scope which would not be local or connected with any one institution and which could also comprise and make contact with and have every one of the child welfare societies represented on it—that is the thing that we chiefly desire."

To get at its work the Child Conference has established a national organization, which will meet in Worcester, Mass., June 28 to July 2, inclusive. It is planned to have local conferences in various centers throughout the United States which will attend to unifying local organizations and interests for local purposes. A start has already been made in this direction. A local conference has been organized in Worcester.

### Years of Suffering

**Catarrh and Blood Disease—Doctors Failed to Cure.**  
Miss Mabel F. Dawkins, 1214 Lafayette St., Fort Wayne, Ind., writes: "For three years I was troubled with catarrh and blood disease. I tried several doctors and a dozen different remedies, but none of them did me any good. A friend told me of Hood's Sarsaparilla. I took two bottles of this medicine and was as well and strong as ever. I feel like a different person and recommend Hood's to any one suffering from catarrh." Get it today in usual liquid form or chocolate tablets called Sarsaparilla.

## NEWS OF THE NATION

Happenings of General Interest Since Our Last Issue.

Greensboro gets the next State convention of the Republican party. This was easily decided.

Claude T. Powell, 18 years old, was shot and fatally wounded in Danville by Otis Webb, a youth about the same age. The unfortunate and deplorable tragedy seems to have had its origin in objections on the part of the slain youth to the attentions paid his 16-year-old sister, Miss Caro May Powell. Webb is in jail pending a preliminary hearing on the charge of murder.

Mr. S. E. Hall is being groomed for the Republican nomination for Solicitor for the Eleventh district. An endorsement by several well known Republican lawyers of Winston is being circulated, addressed to the voters of the Eleventh district. It is interesting to note that the endorsement begins with the statement that "It seems reasonably certain, with proper effort, that the Republicans will elect a Solicitor for the Eleventh district this fall."

The exposure of Ballinger's secret relations with George W. Perkins, of J. P. Morgan & Co., in Alaskan matters, has started reports that the usefulness of the present Secretary of the Interior to even the land grabbers has been destroyed. It is anticipated that as a compromise the investigating committee will not only whitewash Ballinger, but will enamel him as white as the lady of spotless town, and that in acknowledgement of this courtesy he will hand in his resignation.

President Taft, in an interview printed in the June McClure's, praises Aldrich to the skies and says "there were not a few reductions in the tariff schedules which were introduced at his instance, or with his consent." In other words, concessions in legislation which was to affect the cost of living to 90,000,000 Americans could only be had with the "consent" of a political boss, and that political boss the acknowledged representative of the tariff trusts and Wall street millionaires!

The Common Council of Danville, after a lengthy session, has adopted an ordinance fixing the liquor license in the city. The license for a retail liquor establishment was fixed at \$1,500, for a wholesale liquor house, \$2,500; for a retail house with shipping and express privileges, \$3,000, and for a wholesale malt dealer, \$1,000. The city license is in addition to the State and Federal license, which will make it very expensive to go in the liquor business there. The Common Council fixed the opening hour for saloons at 6 a. m. and the closing hour at 8 p. m.

"We all know that Taft will be renominated. That is inevitable," says the Washington Post, which in the National Capitol is considered by many to be an administration mouthpiece. There is a little doubt but that the standpatters still seriously consider Taft the logical candidate in 1912, and if they are in the majority in Congress after the approaching Congressional elections are over, the President will have little or no difficulty in securing a renomination if he desires it. It is understood in many quarters that the promise of a renomination was the price paid by the powers-that-be for the Presidential signature to the upward revision tariff bill.

It is estimated that in 1908 the cost of living was nearly 12 per cent. higher than it would have been without a tariff. Hence, calculating that the average family consumed \$941 of supplies per annum, its increased payment on account of the tariff was \$111. Of this \$111, \$16.50 went to the government in collections, and \$94.50 went to the trusts in high prices. Of this \$94.50, \$9.25 was on woollens, more than \$17 on other clothing, \$6.25 on furniture, \$4.25 on beef and mutton and pork, \$10.25 on building materials, and so on. In 1910, the cost of living being 15 per cent. higher than in 1908, the average family pays \$1,080, of which 10 per cent., or \$108, is tribute to the trusts and other protected industries.

At Raleigh the jury in the case of J. A. Malone, the young Pearson county farmer on trial in Federal court for sending obscene letters in the mail, returned a verdict of not guilty after having the case under consideration for a very short time. The acquittal came as a surprise to many. The case was hard fought. The defense set up was that while the letter in evidence was mailed by the defendant, he received it from a negro woman whose identity he did not know, but was later discovered. She was present in court as a witness insisting, however, that she knew nothing of the authorship of the letter, which was considered too vile to be read in court. It was addressed to Miss Effie Riggs. It appeared that a similar letter had been received by her sister.

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**Johnston, Ivie & Dalton, Attorneys at Law.**  
Office in rear of Bank of Reidsville. Same as formerly occupied by Johnston & Ivie. Julius Johnston and A. D. Ivie will continue their usual visits to Reidsville, the latter on every Thursday. Practice in State and Federal Courts.

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