

# The Reidsville Review

VOL. XXVI, NO. 49. \$1. PER YEAR.

REIDSVILLE, N. C., SEPTEMBER 2, 1913.

ISSUED TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS

## PIE FOR DEMOCRATS

### Senators Against The Fake Civil Service.

Republican attack on the tariff bill in the Senate Friday centered about the provision that would permit civil service laws to be disregarded in employing inspectors, deputy collectors and agents to administer the new income tax laws. The Democratic majority was charged freely with trying to break down the civil service laws and open up new jobs to "political favoritism."

Republican senators of all factions united in their efforts to have civil service extended over the new employees, but on a close vote they were defeated, 37 to 32, on an amendment offered by Senator Lodge. Senator Hoke Smith, who defended the bill for the Democrats, declared it was impossible under the present civil service examinations to get men qualified to administer the income tax law. "A bright boy out of high school could pass the examination," he said, "but men of 40 or 45, equipped from business experience to do the work, probably would fail."

As it was left by the Senate the bill authorizes the Collector of Internal Revenue and the Secretary of the Treasury to employ men outside the civil service, for the first two years after the income tax goes into effect.

Upon the suggestion of Senator La Follette, the bill was amended so as to allow State officials to have access to the income returns of corporations. By a vote of 28 the Senate rejected Senator Jones amendment to permit Alaska to retain the income tax collection in that territory.

Another outburst of Democratic "in-surgency" came when Senator Hitchcock, Democrat, denounced the methods of the party caucus that framed the tariff bill. He declared the binding rule of the caucus had "made a farce of debates" in the Senate.

Mr. Hitchcock introduced an amendment which the caucus had rejected, for a penalty tax on trusts. It was defeated 31 to 30.

The Democratic members of the finance committee began sessions to readjust the income tax to meet the demands of insurgent Democrats who have asked for an increase in the additional tax on larger incomes. Other contested subjects also will be disposed of.

It is expected that a Democratic Senate caucus will be held to settle all questions on the tariff bill. Senator Simmons, chairman of the finance committee, asserted his belief that the measure will be passed before the end of this week.

The administration currency bill, as adopted in the Democratic caucus was re-introduced by Chairman Glass, of the banking committee. The committee will formally report it to the House in its present shape early this week and House leaders figure on probably ten days consideration in the House when the bill will be passed and sent over to the Senate.

An insurgent movement among Democratic senators that threatened to break party lines on the income tax was stopped by Democratic leaders by an agreement to revise the tariff bill, so as to levy a heavier tax on the incomes from large fortunes.

## MR. GLENN'S PLACE MAY BE PHILIPPINE COMMISSIONER

Parker R. Anderson, Washington correspondent of the Greensboro News, sends that paper the following concerning ex-Governor Glenn's appointment:

"I cannot say positively what job Mr. Glenn has been offered," said a high official of the federal government tonight. "I do know, however, that the former governor has been offered a good job. I have been told that the place offered Mr. Glenn is on the Philippine Commission. There is no doubt, however, that he will land a good berth."

It is not at all improbable that the Philippine commission is what has been offered the former North Carolina governor. A Philippine commission pays a salary of \$11,000 a year and with commissions and allowances for rent, etc., it is said the job runs up to nearly \$16,000 a year. Such a place, Mr. Glenn's friends say, would suit him very well.

Mr. Anderson in his correspondence Sunday, stated that it is also said that ex-Governor Glenn will be nominated early in December as a member of the commerce commission to succeed Judge Judson G. Clement.

## REIDSVILLE SEMINARY'S OPENING WEDNESDAY FOR THE FALL TERM

The session of 1913-14 of the Reidsville Seminary will begin Wednesday, Sept. 3d. The prospects are most encouraging for a large attendance. The present session bids fair to be the best in the history of the school.

It is gratifying to announce that two new departments have been added—the department of expression and the department of art. The former will be in charge of Miss Mary E. Blair, a graduate of the Emmerson School of Oratory of Boston, and a teacher of years of successful experience.

The department of art will be in charge of Miss Larlie May Taylor, a graduate of Elon College, and a young artist of decided talent.

Arrangements are being made whereby it is hoped that a teacher of voice will be added to the faculty. As soon as arrangements are completed announcement will be made.

The following will comprise the faculty for the present session:

Miss Annie K. Payne, Miss Linda Lee Clift, Miss Frances Soales, Miss Sarah Walker, Miss Nellie E. Hinet, Miss Hazell Albright, Miss Ada Guthrie, Mrs. Robt. Mitchell, Miss Mary E. Blair, Miss Larlie May Taylor.

Everything within and about the Seminary is in perfect order for the opening and no session has ever opened with more encouraging prospects than the present one.

It is hoped that all students who can possibly do so will present themselves on the opening day, as regular work will begin Thursday morning, and all pupils present will be assigned to their regular classes.

The Southern Furniture Manufacturing company, of High Point, withdrew its complaint with the interstate commerce commissions asking for a reduction of furniture rates to eastern territory. The complaint was withdrawn because the Southern Railway and connecting line have asked to put into effect rates on furniture lower than those originally asked for by the High Point Furniture company.

## A CURE FOR LUNGERS

### Said That Treatment with a Drug is Successful.

Declaring that so far as he had been able to ascertain there has not been any reference in literature for the last thirty years of phosphorus being administered in the pure state as a therapeutic measure in the treatment of diseases of the lungs, Dr. Ferguson Lemon of Melbourne, Australia, details some of his experiences with the use of phosphorus for tuberculous sufferers and acute pneumonia in the New York Medical Journal.

"During the last eleven years," writes Dr. Lemon, "this drug has been exhibited by me in all classes of cases in lung disease, acute, subacute and chronic, and the result leads me to the belief that in pure phosphorus a most potent agent exists for the restoration of patients suffering from these diseases."

"On entering the profession I became a partner in a large suburban practice, and during the first six months, owing to my partner's absence in Europe, I personally conducted the practice. Before his departure we had an incidental talk over treatment of different kinds, and he gave to me, among others, a hint that in all cases of acute lobar pneumonia the administration of pure phosphorus in small doses—that is, from one one-thousandth to one twelve-hundredth of a grain, at fairly close intervals—would bring about an almost marvelous shortening of the crisis. He was specially referring, while on this subject, to a particular patient very far advanced in pulmonary tuberculosis who had a special symptom of recurrent hemorrhages at three month intervals."

Responds Quickly to Treatment. "These hemorrhages gave rise to an acute form of pneumonia, and he had found in his experiences that phosphorus in one five-hundredth grain doses had a wonderful effect in bringing the patient back to his normal condition. It was not many weeks before the patient referred to had one of his recurrent hemorrhages. After the initial dose of morphine had been injected phosphorus in one five-hundredth grain doses was administered every alternate hour, and it was rather remarkable to see how rapidly the patient recovered from the posthemorrhagic condition.

"For some years he had been treated in the orthodox fashion for phthisis—that is, by nourishment, principally in the form of large quantities of milk, creosote, etc. He was little more than skin and bone, and to the casual observer he was past all possible hope of improvement. He had always resolutely refused to sleep in the open air. Seeing the wonderful effect that phosphorus had on his condition, the question arose, Would the prolonged exhibition of this drug give rise to any further improvement? He was asked if as an experiment he was prepared to carry on a course of treatment, say, for three months. He eventually consented.

"Nothing was changed as regards the ordinary way of living, but he was advised for the first month at least to give himself up to the treatment and rest instead of going back to work. This he did, taking notes of his case and keeping a chart."

Marked Improvement Shown. Dr. Lemon says that at the end of the third month the patient's condition was greatly improved and he appeared to have gained at least fourteen pounds. He looked well, it is said, and very different from his dying appearance of three months before. The patient returned to his work, the physician writes, taking one dose of one five-hundredth grain of phosphorus daily for the next three months, and only very rarely in the next three years, after which Dr. Lemon ceased to attend him, was the patient attended for hemorrhages. Several years afterward the physician met the patient, who was looking very well. He told the physician that he had not had to see a physician since his treatment.

"He is now sixty years old," says Dr. Lemon, "and though probably he has not more than half a sound lung he is comparatively healthy and still able to carry on his work."

Dr. Lemon cites many other instances of patients that have taken the same treatment as well as others where phosphorus was administered for acute pneumonia.

Argentina's Mission of Thanks. Senator Benito Villanueva, the head of the special mission which will proceed to Washington to thank the United States government for its participation in Argentina's centennial celebration, will leave Buenos Aires at the end of September. He will travel by way of Chile and will then visit the Panama canal before going to Washington. Afterward he will go as special envoy to the Asiatic nations.

Now is the time to subscribe.

## LOCAL AND PERSONAL NEWS AS REPORTED FROM RUFFIN

On Thursday evening Aug. 21, Miss Evelyn Worsham, assisted by her sister, Mrs. Wm. R. Johnston, of Atlanta, gave a most delightful "At Home" in honor of her house guest, Miss Mary White, of Greensboro, N. C.

Interesting games, interspersed with music, rendered by Miss White and Mrs. Johnston with Miss Worsham as accompanist furnished the enjoyment of the evening.

Delicious refreshments consisting of a salad course, cream and cake were served.

Those enjoying Miss Worsham's hospitality were, Misses Mary White, of Greensboro, Rebecca Bradley, of Scotland Neck, Eleanor Stacey, of Reidsville, Annie Stacey, Lynette Hudson, Sue Chandler, Lelia Chandler, Sue Lee Carter, Price Gibson, Mamye Ferrell and Janie Ferrell, Messrs. P. B. Stokes, Dick Stokes, A. E. Worsham, William Wright, Ernest Rawley, of Pelham, Preston Harrelson, Chas. Worsham, Benton Stacey, Harry Ferrell, David Wright and Earl Blackwell.

The young men of the town gave a stew complimentary to the visiting girls at Mr. Earle Worsham's barn Tuesday evening. A most enjoyable evening was spent around the camp fire with songs and jokes, besides the delicious stew and watermelon feast which followed, all departed at a late hour declaring the "boys" most entertaining hosts.

Mrs. Ralph Tucker and son Ralph, Jr., of Winston, and Miss Corinne Tucker, of Milton, spent the week-end with Miss Mollie Hanes.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Walker, of Reidsville, made a short visit to the latter's daughter, Mrs. Robert Wright last week.

Miss Cornelia Wright has returned home after a pleasant visit to relatives in Danville and Ringgold, Va.

Miss Nettie Blackwell, of near Quick, is visiting Miss Marjorie Worsham.

Miss Agnes Warriner, of Leaksville, is visiting Mrs. W. H. Warriner.

Mrs. Wm. R. Johnston left Friday for a visit to Charleston, S. C.

Miss Mary White returned to her home in Greensboro Friday.

Miss Eleanor Stacey, of Reidsville, is visiting Miss Annie Stacey.

Miss Louise Keehin is visiting Miss Janie Ferrell.

## UNITED STATES' POSITION AND THAT OF MEXICO CONTRASTED

President Wilson, through John Lind presented to Huerta these conditions as essential to a satisfactory settlement:—An immediate cessation of fighting throughout Mexico, a definite armistice solemnly entered into and scrupulously observed;

Security given for an early and free election in which all will agree to take part;

The consent of Gen. Huerta to bind himself not to be a candidate for election as President of the republic at this election; and

The agreement of all parties to abide by the results of the election and co-operate in the most loyal way in organizing and supporting the new administration.

Senor Gamboa, Minister of Foreign Affairs, replying for President Huerta, rejected the American proposals and suggested the alternative policy for the United States:

Reception of a Mexican Ambassador in Washington.

That the United States send a new Ambassador to Mexico without restraints.

Strict observance of the neutrality laws and "see to it that no material or monetary assistance is given to the rebels."

Unconditional recognition of the Huerta Government.

President Wilson yesterday announced to Congress the position of the United States Government to be.

No armed intervention.

Strict neutrality, "forbidding the exportation of arms or munitions of war of any kind from the United States to any part of the republic of Mexico."

Under no circumstances to "be the partisans of either party to the contest that now distracts Mexico, or constitute ourselves the virtual umpire between them."

To urge all Americans to leave Mexico at once and to assist them to get away in every way possible.

To let every one in Mexico who assumes to exercise authority know plainly that this Government "shall vigilantly watch the fortunes of those Americans who cannot get away, and shall hold those responsible for their sufferings and losses to a definite reckoning."—New York World.

## ROBBERY AT PELHAM

### Diamonds, Liquor and Shoes Taken—Other News.

Although officers are making every endeavor to find the robber who broke into Pelham depot on Thursday night and stole much, they have been unable to get hold of the negro whom they suspect.

The robbery was discovered on Friday morning by Mr. R. W. Duncan, the Pelham ticket agent, who upon entering his office found that one of the windows had been broken out and that the office was in a state of indescribable confusion. The money drawers had been broken open, and a few coppers taken, tickets were littered all over the floor, two gallons of liquor were missing, and a lady's trunk had been broken open, and it was later discovered some valuable jewelry stolen therefrom.

The load of liquor was evidently too heavy for the robber for at various distances from the depot bottles were discovered. Still the marauder managed to make away with a good deal.

The trunk which was robbed was the property of Mrs. Walker and it contained a diamond brooch and several stick pins which were easy prey to the robber. Some shoes were also stolen.

Suspicion lighted first upon an unknown negro who tried to dispose of a coat in the Pelham vicinity the day following the robbery. Special Agent Pierce and Deputy Sheriff Thomas Pierce are working on the case.

On August 27th an electrical storm of some fury passed here, killing a large hog for Jule Bigelow, a colored man. The hog was worth at least twenty dollars. During the same storm, Mr. Rufus Durham was in his barn hoisting tobacco and was severely shocked, but did not fall and although shocked all over was not hurt. Another man in the barn was shocked but not knocked down.

Mr. and Mrs. Woodfin, two children, and Miss Annie Bernard, of Selma, Ala., who have been visiting Mr. and Mrs. J. O. Fitzgerald and Mr. J. C. Barnard, have left, southbound, in their touring car, in which they have been visiting the mountainous section of North Carolina during the summer.

We are in the midst of the tobacco harvest now and about half the crop has been housed and cured and the report comes up all around that there is a good article here. Corn is also in good condition and the prospects are for a very large crop.

A hail storm passed over us Friday; big rain and some wind. We have heard of no damage so far.

Dr. and Mrs. James O. Fitzgerald, of Richmond, Va., are visiting his parents here.

Miss Stella Swann has returned from a trip to the seashore and Washington.

A novel suit has been brought against the Seaboard Air Line, in which W. F. Castleberry, a farmer near Apex, demands \$10,000 damages because of afflictions brought on himself and family through mosquitoes generated by defective drainage under the track of the Seaboard at his farm. He alleges great suffering through the onslaughts of the mosquitoes and malarial fever and big doctor's bills, these and mental anguish and some damage to lands and crops amounting to the \$10,000 damages demanded.

## WALKER'S MILL KNOCKED OUT TO W. B. AND J. F. WRAY

Ira R. Humphreys, receiver, conducted a re-sale of the mill of J. H. Walker & Co., bankrupts, Saturday, the court refusing to confirm the sale made thirty days ago when the property was knocked out at \$15,000.

The highest bid Saturday on the mill proper was by ex-Sheriff W. B. Wray. The property offered a month ago and knocked out at \$15,000, brought \$20,500. It is understood that the purchase was made by ex-Sheriff Wray for himself and Mr. J. F. Wray.

Immediately after the sale there was a meeting of the creditors and it was decided that the sale be confirmed at once. The new owners have already taken possession and are making some repairs and overhauling the property, making the mill strictly modern and serviceable.

The new firm will continue a general flour, corn and lumber mill business.

H. W. Hines, received of the A. H. Motley Co., has had a five per cent, bid placed on all the property sold at auction Thursday except two small lots and the factory building. There were fifteen lots sold at auction in all, and only three have not had a five per cent, bids put on them. Reidsville real estate is again on an up-grade.

Three shares of Citizens bank stock, belonging to the estate of the late D. E. Wootton were sold at public auction Saturday, Mr. Cosme Benson being the purchaser at \$154.50 per share.

## MR. R. L. SAUNDERS DIES AFTER LINGERING ILLNESS

Mr. R. L. Saunders, a well known farmer who resided between Reidsville and Lawsonville, died Sunday morning, after a long illness. Mr. Saunders recently suffered a second stroke of paralysis. His death, therefore, was not unexpected.

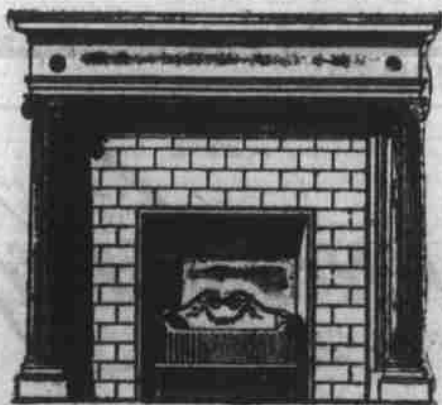
He is survived by his second wife, who was Miss Bennett, daughter of Mr. J. H. Bennett.

The funeral services were conducted yesterday morning at 10 o'clock. Members of the Masonic lodge of Reidsville, of which deceased was a member, attended the funeral in a body and laid the remains away with the service of the order.

Rev. J. P. Hornbuckle, a former pastor of the churches on the Ruffin circuit, conducted the services. The following named gentlemen acted as pall bearers: Messrs. James Robinson, Otis McCollum, James W. Dilworth, J. H. Walker, J. N. Watt, Wm. Young, J. S. Pinnix, A. P. Sands.

September 8 is set by the Co-operation Commission for investigation of the receiver's sale and partition of the Cape Fear and Yadkin Valley or Atlantic and Yadkin Railroad, through which the Atlantic Coast Line took over the division from Wilmington to Sanford and the Southern the division from Sanford to Mount Airy. The investigation is in compliance with a requirement of an act of the recent legislature directing the investigation and report the findings to the attorney general who is to determine whether there are grounds for procedure looking to revoking the sale and partition, alleged to have worked injustice to people served in not providing through service under present conditions.

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## Advice to Money Savers

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Keep your savings where you can convert them into cash should an emergency arise.

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Protection to depositors is more than One Hundred and Ninety Thousand Dollars.

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